# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION

For the year ended April 30, 2010 and INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

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## WEST & COMPANY, LLC-

#### **MEMBERS**

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Mayor and City Commissioners City of Mattoon Mattoon, Illinois 61938

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mattoon, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Mattoon, Illinois' management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mattoon, Illinois, as of April 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Member of Private Companies Practice Section

Mayor and City Commissioners City of Mattoon Page 2

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 11, 2011, on our consideration of the City of Mattoon, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 15, budgetary comparison information on pages 100 through 102, pension plans' Schedules of Funding Progress on pages 96 through 98, and post-employment healthcare benefit program's Schedule of Funding Progress on page 99 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Mattoon, Illinois' basic financial statements. The major fund schedule, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and the combining and individual component unit statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The major fund schedule, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the combining and individual component unit statements, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The computation of legal debt margin has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Want + Congry, LLC

March 11, 2011

#### CITY OF MATTOON, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the City of Mattoon is intended to provide an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2010. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information as furnished in the financial statements, which begin on page 16.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City of Mattoon has total assets of \$93,931,955 and liabilities of \$43,823,799, resulting in net assets of \$50,108,156 as of April 30, 2010. Total assets increased from April 30, 2009 by \$566,197, total liabilities increased from April 30, 2009 by \$369,005 and net assets increased from April 30, 2009 by \$197,192. Of the net assets as of April 30, 2010, \$46,209,295 represents the City's investment in capital assets, net of related debt, \$2,001,831 is held for restricted purposes, and \$1,897,030 is unrestricted and available to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors. The City's cash position in the governmental activities decreased by approximately \$650,000, from \$14.15 million to \$13.5 million. The City's cash position in the business-type activities decreased by approximately \$700,000, from \$4.0 million to \$3.3 million.
  - The following table shows the changes in major revenue sources from 2009 to 2010.

#### City of Mattoon, Illinois Changes in Major Revenue Sources April 30, 2010

Source	2010	2009	Change		
Intergovernmental Shared Revenues	\$ 8,664,548	\$ 9,586,859	\$ (922,311)		
Property Tax Revenues	\$ 3,821,484	\$ 3,660,332	\$ 161,152		
Utility Tax Revenues	\$ 1,189,618	\$ 1,284,807	\$ (95,189)		
Hotel Tax Revenues	\$ 238,048	\$ 259,715	\$ (21,667)		
Water Fund Charges for Services	\$ 2,918,141	\$ 2,849,573	\$ 68,568		
Sewer Fund Charges for Services	\$ 3,412,385	\$ 3,333,547	\$ 78,838		
Cemetery Fund Charges for Services	\$ 105,023	\$ 115,722	\$ (10,699)		
Table Totals	\$ 20,349,247	\$ 21,090,555	\$ (741,308)		

• During FY 2010, due to budgetary concerns, the City of Mattoon did not resume its plan for the replacement of aging infrastructure and the continuous replacement of the City's aging vehicle fleet. The City has continued to upgrade the technology used in operations and the improvement of utility services. The City still has not put in place a long-term capital budget and a long term plan for the purchase of vehicles. In the past the City has funded capital improvements on a year-to-year basis with little planning for future fiscal years. The continued tightening of the City's budget has made the lack of a capital plan a significant issue. The City Council has made a capital plan a priority for the 2011 - 2012 fiscal year.

• Illinois statutes restrict municipality general obligation debt to less than 8.625% of equalized property value. As most of Mattoon's debt will be retired from revenue sources other than property taxes, the City's general obligation debt is well below the statutory limit.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This section serves as an introduction to the City of Mattoon's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements for the City of Mattoon are comprised of three components:

- government-wide statements,
- fund financial statements, and
- notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The two government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to private-sector business entities. The *Statement of Net Assets* presents information on all of the City of Mattoon's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 16 through 18 of this report.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish those functions of the municipality that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, known as governmental activities, from other functions that are intended to recover all, or a significant portion, of their costs through user fees and services charges, called business-type activities. The governmental activities of the City of Mattoon include general government, public safety, public works, health and welfare, culture and recreation, economic development, capital outlay, debt service and other miscellaneous activities. The business-type activities of the City include the water and sewer utility services and Dodge Grove Cemetery.

In addition to these various direct operations of the City, or primary government, the financial statements also include financial information related to legally distinct entities for which the City has financial responsibility and accountability, known as component units. The City of Mattoon's component units include the Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund, Mattoon Police Pension Fund, Mattoon Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Account and the Mattoon Public Library. These entities are described in note 1 following the financial statements.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Mattoon, like other governmental entities, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with various finance-related legal requirements. Some funds are required by law, while others are established internally to maintain control over a particular activity. All of the funds of the City of Mattoon can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of current spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources that can be converted to cash and balances available at the end of the fiscal year for future spending. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Governmental funds include the general, special revenue, and capital projects funds. On the *Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds*, the General Fund, Capital Projects Fund and Broadway East Business District Fund are shown as separate columns and data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single column for aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. Reconciliations follow the *Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds* and *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures*, and *Changes in Fund Balances-Governmental Funds*. The reconciliations show the adjustments that are needed to convert the governmental funds' financial statements to the government-wide *Statement of Net Assets* and *Statement of Activities*.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary funds maintained by the City of Mattoon are of two different types: enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report those functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for activities that provide supplies and services to the general public. Proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The City's fund financial statements present separate enterprise fund information for the water and sewer utilities and Dodge Grove Cemetery. The proprietary fund financial statements begin on page 24 of this report.

Internal service funds are used to account for enterprise-like operations that provide services, on a user fee basis, primarily or exclusively to departmental customers within the governmental entity itself, rather than to external customers. The City of Mattoon uses internal service funds to account for its employee and retiree health and life insurance and to account for the City's general liability, casualty and workers compensation insurance. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The City does not have any fiduciary funds, but it does include the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and the Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund, both of which are fiduciary type discretely presented component units. Financial information for the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund can be found in the *Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules* on pages 123 through 124 of this report.

#### **Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional detail that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found beginning on page 33 of this report.

#### **Additional Supplementary Information**

Following the basic government-wide and fund financial statements and accompanying notes, combining statements are included for the non-major governmental and fiduciary component units.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The *Statement of Net Assets* for the City of Mattoon is summarized in the table below. As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's assets exceeded liabilities by over \$50 million as of April 30, 2010. The majority of these net assets reflect the City's investment in capital assets, including land, land improvements, buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress, net of depreciation and related debt. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

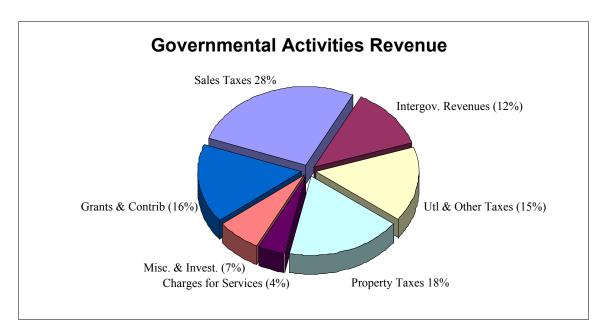
	<b>Governmental Activities</b>		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	
Current & Other Assets	\$24,315,428	\$24,139,787	\$3,587,341	\$4,140,018	\$27,902,769	\$28,279,805	
Capital Assets (net)	\$25,333,411	\$23,079,684	\$40,695,775	\$42,006,269	\$66,029,186	\$65,085,953	
Total Assets	\$49,648,839	\$47,219,471	\$44,283,116	\$46,146,287	\$93,931,955	\$93,365,758	
Current Liabilities	\$8,518,804	\$7,361,438	\$952,611	\$573,674	\$9,471,415	\$7,935,112	
Non-current Liabilities	\$16,028,364	\$15,808,262	\$18,324,020	\$19,711,420	\$34,352,384	\$35,519,682	
Total Liabilities	\$24,547,168	\$23,169,700	\$19,276,631	\$20,285,094	\$43,823,799	\$43,454,794	
Invested in Capital Assets,							
Net of Debt	\$23,048,081	\$20,489,568	\$23,161,214	\$23,004,805	\$46,209,295	\$43,494,373	
Restricted	\$1,942,135	\$1,739,614	\$59,696	\$58,975	\$2,001,831	\$1,798,589	
Unrestricted	\$111,455	\$1,820,589	\$1,785,575	\$2,797,413	\$1,897,030	\$4,618,002	
Total Net Assets	\$25,101,671	\$24,049,771	\$25,006,485	\$25,861,193	\$50,108,156	\$49,910,964	
Total Net Assets as a % of Total Liabilities	102%	104%	130%	127%	114%	115%	
Unrestricted Net Assets as a % of Total Liabilities	0.5%	8%	9%	14%	4%	11%	

A small portion of the City's net assets (4%) represents resources that are subject to other restrictions as to how they may be used. The remaining \$1.9 million of total net assets may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors. It is important to note that \$1.8 million, or about ninety-four percent (94%), of these unrestricted net assets are related to the City's business-type activities. Consequently, they generally may not be used to fund governmental activities. As of April 30, 2010, the City is able to report positive balances in net assets for the governmental activities as well as business-type activities.

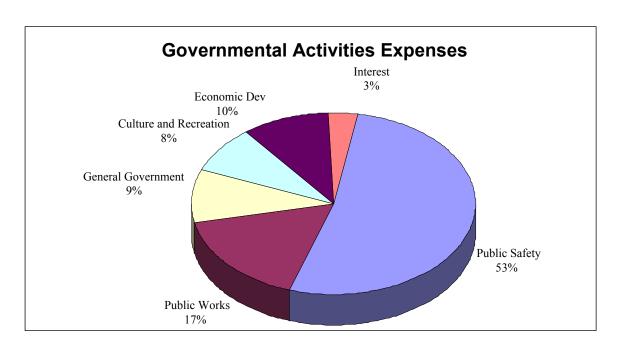
An examination of the *Statement of Activities* provides a concise picture of how the various activities of the City are funded. The following table summarizes the City's governmental and business-type activities.

	Government	al Activities	<b>Business-Type Activities</b>		<u> </u>	
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009
Revenues						
Program Revenues Charges for Services	\$872,011	\$764.224	¢6 425 540	¢6 200 042	\$7.207.560	\$7,062,066
_		\$764,224	\$6,435,549	\$6,298,842 \$0	\$7,307,560	\$7,063,066
Operating Grants & Contr.	\$387,777	\$679,370 \$705,125	\$14,890 \$0	\$41,638	\$402,667 \$2,907,646	\$679,370 \$746,762
Capital Grants & Contr. General Revenues	\$2,907,646	\$705,125	\$0	\$41,036	\$2,907,040	\$746,763
Property Taxes	\$3,681,530	\$3,530,875	\$0	\$0	\$3,681,530	\$3,530,875
Sales Taxes	\$5,527,716	\$5,972,861	\$0	\$0	\$5,527,716	\$5,972,861
Utility Taxes	\$1,189,618	\$1,284,807	\$0	\$0	\$1,189,618	\$1,284,807
Telecommunication Taxes	\$917,779	\$928,246	\$0	\$0	\$917,779	\$928,246
Other Taxes	\$1,058,813	\$630,937	\$0	\$0	\$1,058,813	\$630,937
Intergovernmental Rev.	\$2,568,198	\$2,913,973	\$0	\$0	\$2,568,198	\$2,913,973
Investments Income	\$67,494	\$128,601	\$58,012	\$97,221	\$125,506	\$225,822
Miscellaneous Income Gain (Loss) on Sale of	\$728,643	\$774,995	\$0	\$0	\$728,643	\$774,995
Assets	\$652,637	\$7,682	\$50,646	\$486,767	\$703,283	\$494,449
Total Revenue	\$20,559,862	\$18,321,696	\$6,559,097	\$6,924,468	\$27,118,959	\$25,246,164
Expenses						
Program Expenses						
General Government	\$1,806,456	\$2,002,435	\$0	\$0	\$1,806,456	\$2,002,435
Public Safety	\$10,268,697	\$10,246,377	<b>\$</b> 0	\$0	\$10,268,697	\$10,246,377
Public Works	\$3,282,600	\$3,384,667	\$0	\$0	\$3,282,600	\$3,384,667
Health and Welfare	\$37,928	\$39,338	\$0	\$0	\$37,928	\$39,338
Culture and Recreation	\$1,609,875	\$1,608,933	\$0	\$0	\$1,609,875	\$1,608,933
Economic Development	\$1,963,581	\$1,002,296	\$0	\$0	\$1,963,581	\$1,002,296
Interest on Long-Term Debt	\$674,062	\$190,269	\$0	\$0	\$674,062	\$190,269
Water	\$0	\$0	\$3,199,543	\$3,159,394	\$3,199,543	\$3,159,394
Sewer	\$0	\$0	\$3,904,877	\$3,567,006	\$3,904,877	\$3,567,006
Cemetery	\$0	\$0	\$174,148	\$176,686	\$174,148	\$176,686
Total Expenses	\$19,643,199	\$18,474,315	\$7,278,568	\$6,903,086	\$26,921,767	\$25,377,401
Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers	\$916,663	(\$152,619)	(\$719,471)	\$21,382	\$197,192	(\$131,237)
before transfers	\$710,003	(\$132,017)	(\$717,471)	\$21,362	\$177,172	(\$151,257)
Transfers	\$135,237	\$93,012	(\$135,237)	(\$93,012)	\$0	\$0
Changes in Net Assets	\$1,051,900	(\$59,607)	(\$854,708)	(\$71,630)	\$197,192	(\$131,237)
Net Assets - May 1	\$24,049,771	\$24,109,378	\$25,861,193	\$25,932,823	\$49,910,964	\$50,042,201
Net Assets - April 30	\$25,101,671	\$24,049,771	\$25,006,485	\$25,861,193	\$50,108,156	\$49,910,964

The following chart illustrates how governmental activities are funded. Sales taxes provided twenty-eight percent (28%) of the revenue for governmental revenues. Intergovernmental revenues (state shared taxes) provided twelve percent (12%) of the revenue for governmental revenues. Property taxes provided eighteen percent (18%) of the revenue for governmental activities. Utility taxes and other taxes provided fifteen percent (15%) of the revenue for governmental activities. Taxes, in one form or another, comprised seventy-three percent (73%) of the revenue for governmental activities. The remaining twenty-seven percent (27%) came from Charges for Services, four percent (4%), Miscellaneous and Investment Revenue, seven percent (7%), and Grants and Contributions, sixteen percent (16%).



The following chart illustrates the expenditures of the governmental activities. Public Safety (fire and police protection) comprised fifty-three percent (53%) of the total expenditures of the governmental activities. Public works comprised seventeen percent (17%) of the total expenditures of the governmental activities. General government comprised nine percent (9%) of the total expenditures of the governmental activities. The remaining twenty-one percent (21%) came from expenditures for culture and recreation, eight percent (8%), economic development, ten percent (10%) and interest, three percent (3%).



Business-type activities, water and sewer utilities and Dodge Grove cemetery, depend on charges for services as their primary revenue sources. Approximately ninety-eight percent (98%) of revenues are generated from user charges.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S MAJOR FUNDS

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information regarding near-term inflows, outflows, and spendable resources. Such information can be useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

As of April 30, 2010, the City of Mattoon's *Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds* reported combined ending fund balances of \$14,123,665, a decrease of \$1,260,195 from April 30, 2009. Of the ending fund balances total, \$782,415 is reserved for specific legal requirements and other commitments, leaving total unreserved governmental fund balances of \$13,341,250 available for meeting future budget requirements. The \$13.3 million is broken down as follows: \$1.4 million in the general fund, a decrease of \$600,000 from April 30, 2009, \$5.6 million in special revenue funds, a decrease of \$300,000 from April 30, 2009, and \$6.3 million in the capital projects fund, a decrease of \$300,000 from April 30, 2009. The decreases in the special revenue funds and the capital projects fund are directly attributable to the expenditures of the funds provided by the bonds issued by the City in late April of 2009. Those expenditures include the redevelopment agreement with the owners of the Cross County Mall and the various capital projects such as the sidewalk replacement plan.

The General fund is the primary operating fund used to account for the governmental operations of the City of Mattoon. The largest revenue sources for the General fund are taxes and intergovernmental revenues which account for ninety percent (90%) of revenues. Public safety and public works are the primary operations of the General fund. Approximately sixty-one percent (61%) of the General fund expenditures of \$15.6 million are allocated to the public safety sector. Another twelve percent (12%) of the General fund's costs are derived from the operations of public works. Over ten percent (10%) of the General fund's costs are derived from general governmental expenditures.

The General Fund has an undesignated fund balance of \$1,381,778, a decrease of \$628,299 over the balance as of April 30, 2009. The Capital Projects Fund has a fund balance of \$6,364,934, a decrease of \$299,813 over the balance as of April 30, 2009. The Broadway East Business District Fund ended the year with a balance of \$3,743,103, a decrease of \$472,613 over the balance at April 30, 2009. The General Fund's undesignated fund balance is available to be applied in a future year's budget to one-time capital projects or to reduce outstanding debt. The Capital Project Funds may be used to fund the City's various infrastructure projects. The majority of the balance is due to the bond issuance for capital projects that have yet to be constructed. Those projects to be constructed include the YMCA Parking lot, south side detention basin and the Public Works building. The Broadway East Business District's fund balance is generally available to pay for eligible redevelopment costs and expenses related to projects within the district. The majority of the balance is due to the bond issuance for the redevelopment project at the Cross County Mall.

With regard to the Other Governmental Funds, the Motor Fuel Tax fund had a total fund balance of \$1,356,749, and the Revolving Loan fund had a total fund balance of \$1,062,474. The Motor Fuel Tax fund balance primarily reflects the amounts designated to pay for new bridges, resurfacing and construction of new streets. The Revolving Loan fund balance is primarily monies to be pledged for expenditure on loans to assist in the economic development of Mattoon. The remaining special revenue funds included in the Other Governmental Funds column in the balance sheet are the Hotel and Motel Tax Fund, Festival Management Fund, Home Rehabilitation Grant Fund, Midtown TIF District Fund, I-57 East TIF District Fund, South Route 45 Business District Fund, I-57 East Business District Fund, Broadway East TIF District Fund and the South Route 45 TIF District Fund. These remaining funds have a total fund balance as of April 30, 2010 of \$214,627. The total accumulated fund balances of all the Other Governmental Funds increased by \$140,530 during 2009-2010.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The City's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in greater detail. The detail of the City's proprietary funds can be found from page 24 to page 30. The net assets of the enterprise type proprietary funds at the end of 2010 totaled \$25,006,485, a decrease of \$854,708 from the previous year. The Water fund net assets decreased \$234,945, the Sewer fund net assets decreased \$553,363 and the Cemetery fund net assets decreased \$66,400.

For the year ended April 30, 2010, revenues in the Water fund totaled \$2,918,141 (an increase of \$68,568 from 2009), operating expenses totaled \$2,919,222 (an increase of \$70,993 from 2009) producing operating loss of \$1,081 (a decrease of \$2,425 from 2009). Non-operating revenues, expenses and transfers netted a decrease of \$233,864, leaving a loss of \$234,945 in the Net Assets of the Water fund. The City Council has implemented a series of water rate increases beginning May 1, 2010.

For the year ended April 30, 2010, revenues in the Sewer fund totaled \$3,427,275 (an increase of \$93,728 from 2009), operating expenses totaled \$3,581,258 (an increase of \$359,352 from 2009) producing an operating loss of \$153,983 (a decrease of \$265,624 from 2009). Non-operating revenues, expenses and transfers netted a decrease of \$399,380, leaving a loss of \$553,363 in the Net Assets of the Sewer fund. The Sewer Fund is in a better position than the Water Fund because the Sewer Fund has had a series of increases over the last five years.

For the year ended April 30, 2010, revenues in the Cemetery fund totaled \$105,023 (a decrease of \$10,699 from 2009), operating expenses totaled \$174,148 (a decrease of \$2,538 from 2009) producing an operating loss of \$69,125 (a decrease of \$8,161 from 2009). Non-operating revenues totaled \$2,725 leaving a loss of \$66,400 in the Net Assets of the Cemetery fund. Due to its inability to function without a continuing and substantial annual subsidy from the General Fund, beginning with the fiscal year ending April 30, 2011, the operations of Dodge Grove Cemetery will be included in the General Fund.

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Required Supplementary Information section contains the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual for the General Fund on pages 100 & 101. The original 2010 General fund budget authorized expenditures and other financing uses of \$15,831,512 funded by anticipated revenues and other financing sources of \$15,800,235 leaving the amount of revenues and other financing sources under expenditures and other financing uses of \$31,277. The actual amount of expenditures and other financing uses over revenues and other financing sources was \$628,299, a negative budget to actual variance of \$597,022.

This negative budget variance can be attributed to numerous factors. The first, and most significant, is a reduction in all categories of revenue with the majority of the reduction coming from state shared revenues/taxes collected. After removal of one time revenues, FutureGen contributions and police seizures, revenue was \$1,316,499 under budget. Taxes and state shared revenues were \$1,031,695 under budget for the year and \$632,415 less than the previous fiscal year. The only two categories that were over budget were the aforementioned "Fines and Forfeitures" and "Contributions and miscellaneous." Both of those were over budget due to unbudgeted and unscheduled contributions from the FutureGen project (used to pay on the FutureGen debt) and forfeitures from law enforcement activities. With regard to expenditures, after accounting for the ERI and the significant payment on the FutureGen debt, the expenses for the fiscal year were \$25,292 over budget. To account for the Early Retirement Incentive (ERI), offered to employees who participate in the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (See note 21 on page 80), the General Fund recorded an expense of \$289,974. This is a one time charge for the three General Fund employees that retired during the 2009-2010 fiscal year. A large part of the positive variance for the expenditures is a reduction in the costs of health insurance not covered by premium charges. The City had budgeted \$800,000 for this expenditure, but only expended \$621,535 or a positive variance of \$178,465. With the reduction of revenues leaving a large hole on the City's budget the City Council closed half of that deficit by selling off farm land that was no longer necessary for the operation of the City and with a one time payment from AmerenCIPS for the cleanup of the old town gas plant at the corner of 14<sup>th</sup> and Richmond. These two items generated \$672,585 of revenues to close the budget deficit to \$597,022. Even though the dollar amounts are large, the General Fund revenues were under budget by 4.9% and the expenditures were over budget by 4.8%.

The Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual for each of the Non-major Governmental Funds can be found in the Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules, beginning on page 109.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT**

#### **Capital Assets**

In accordance with the implementation requirements of GASB No. 34, the City has recorded historical costs and depreciation expense associated with all of its capital assets. In accordance with the implementation requirements of GASB No. 34, the historical costs and depreciation expenses associated with all City infrastructure is reported in the financial statements for the period ending on April 30, 2010. As summarized in the table below, the City's reported investment in capital assets for governmental and business-type activities as of April 30, 2010 totaled \$145.4 million. Forty-seven percent (47%) of this total cost was related to the business-type activities, with the City's sewer collection and treatment system and water distribution system comprising the most significant component. The governmental activities comprised approximately fifty-three percent (53%) of the total, with the most significant portion being the infrastructure (roads, bridges and sidewalks) of the City.

Total accumulated depreciation was calculated to be over \$79.4 million, or approximately fifty-five percent (55%) of the historical asset cost. Net of accumulated depreciation, the City's investment in capital assets is \$66 million.

# City of Mattoon, Illinois Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation April 30, 2010

Classification	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Land	\$ 3,359,287	\$ 588,555	\$ 3,947,842
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 6,208,496	\$ 12,920,940	\$ 19,129,436
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	\$ 5,839,502	\$ 3,242,136	\$ 9,081,638
Improvements other than buildings	\$ 745,448	\$ 213,861	\$ 959,309
Infrastructure	\$ 58,983,804	\$ -	\$ 58,983,804
Treat. collect. and distrib. systems	\$ -	\$ 50,695,734	\$ 50,695,734
Construction in Progress	\$ 2,574,162	\$ 97,509	\$ 2,671,671
Subtotal	\$ 77,710,699	\$ 67,758,735	\$145,469,434
Less Accumulated Depreciation	\$(52,377,288)	\$ (27,062,960)	\$ (79,440,248)
Total	\$ 25,333,411	\$ 40,695,775	\$ 66,029,186

#### **Long-Term Liabilities**

On April 30, 2010, the City of Mattoon had \$34,352,384 of long-term liabilities outstanding (a decrease of \$1,167,298 from April 30, 2009), as summarized in the following table:

City of Mattoon, Illinois General Obligation Bonds, Notes Outstanding and Other Long-Term Liabilities April 30, 2010

Classification	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 12,416,278	\$ 5,939,249	\$ 18,355,527
Notes Payable	\$ 270,589	\$ 11,605,729	\$ 11,876,318
Capital Leases	\$ 611,225	\$ 25,654	\$ 636,879
Compensated Absences	\$ 807,143	\$ 260,736	\$ 1,067,879
Post-Employment Healthcare	\$ 1,923,129	\$ 492,652	\$ 2,415,781
Total	\$ 16,028,364	\$ 18,324,020	\$ 34,352,384

During the year ended April 30, 2010 the City did not issue any new debt. The existing debts decreased by \$2,217,184 over April 30, 2009 and the Post-Employment Healthcare Benefits debt increased \$1,049,886 during this fiscal year. Detailed information regarding specific debt can be found in notes 11, 12, 13 14 and 15 beginning on page 67.

### **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. The City of Mattoon provides the Financial Statements on our web page (www.mattoonillinois.org). If anyone has any questions about this report or needs additional financial information about the City of Mattoon, please contact the Finance Department at 208 North 19<sup>th</sup> Street, Mattoon, Illinois, 61938. Finance Department staff can also be reached at (217) 235-5483.



## STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS April 30, 2010

		Primary Government					Component Unit Mattoon	
	G	overnmental Activities		Business-type Activities Total		Public Library		
ASSETS:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,339,125	\$	1,885,959	\$	15,225,084	\$ 21,189	
Certificates of deposit				1,139,285		1,139,285		
Investments, at fair value		108		458		566	3,036	
Receivables		9,418,767		354,419		9,773,186		
Internal balances		282,967		(282,967)				
Due from primary government							37,027	
Due from component units		19,021				19,021		
Prepaid items		124,267		6,250		130,517		
Long-term receivables		722,532				722,532		
Restricted assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents		145,025		279,350		424,375		
Certificates of deposit				8,270		8,270		
Investments, at fair value							25,000	
Deferred bond issue expense		263,616		135,665		399,281		
Cemetery development				60,652		60,652		
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):								
Land		3,359,287		588,555		3,947,842		
Buildings and								
building improvements		3,979,701		8,766,658		12,746,359	1,888,979	
Improvements other than								
buildings		745,448		97,432		842,880		
Treatment, collection and								
distribution systems				29,684,144		29,684,144		
Infrastructure		13,874,828				13,874,828		
Equipment, furniture and vehicles		799,985		1,461,477		2,261,462	8,829	
Construction in progress		2,574,162		97,509		2,671,671	 	
Total assets	\$	49,648,839	\$	44,283,116	\$	93,931,955	\$ 1,984,060	

# STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (CONTINUED) April 30, 2010

	Primary Government							
	vernmental Activities		isiness-type Activities		Total	Mattoon Public Library		
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable	\$ 705,981	\$	132,854	\$	838,835	\$	13,071	
Cash overdraft	26,725		<b></b>		26,725			
Payroll liabilities payable	210,727		79,232		289,959		89	
Early retirement incentive payable	289,974		439,825		729,799		35,269	
Other accrued expenses	493,020		182,500		675,520			
Due to primary government							19,021	
Due to component units	37,027				37,027			
Deferred revenue	4,055,620				4,055,620			
Short-term note payable	1,998,084				1,998,084			
Retainage payable	230,829				230,829			
Liabilities payable from restricted								
assets:								
Other payables			118,200		118,200			
Advances from component units	470,817				470,817			
Non-current liabilities:								
Due within one year	926,091		1,818,500		2,744,591		3,685	
Due in more than one year	15,102,273		16,505,520		31,607,793		14,739	
Total liabilities	 24,547,168		19,276,631		43,823,799		85,874	
NET ASSETS:								
Invested in capital assets, net of								
related debt	23,048,081		23,161,214		46,209,295		1,897,808	
Restricted for:	, ,		, ,		, ,		, ,	
Public safety	130,499				130,499			
Highways and streets	1,356,749				1,356,749			
Culture and recreation	156,273				156,273			
Economic development	298,614				298,614			
Other purposes	·		59,696		59,696			
Permanent endowment:			,		,			
Nonexpendable							25,000	
Unrestricted	 111,455		1,785,575		1,897,030		(24,622)	
Total net assets	\$ 25,101,671	\$	25,006,485	\$	50,108,156	\$	1,898,186	

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended April 30, 2010

			Program Revenues	<b>i</b>	Net	Assets		
					1	Primary Governmen	nt	Component Unit
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Mattoon Public Library
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS:								
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 1,806,456	\$ 200,334	\$ -	\$	\$ (1,606,122)	\$	\$ (1,606,122)	
Public safety	10,268,697	333,472	130,492	70,300	(9,734,433)		(9,734,433)	
Public works	3,282,600	34,650	18,041	2,453,613	(776,296)		(776,296)	
Health and welfare	37,928				(37,928)		(37,928)	
Culture and recreation	1,609,875	303,555	29,244	383,733	(893,343)		(893,343)	
Economic development	1,963,581		210,000		(1,753,581)		(1,753,581)	
Interest on long-term debt	674,062				(674,062)		(674,062)	
Total governmental activities	19,643,199	872,011	387,777	2,907,646	(15,475,765)		(15,475,765)	
Business-type activities:								
Water	3,199,543	2,918,141				(281,402)	(281,402)	
Sewer	3,904,877	3,412,385	14,890			(477,602)	(477,602)	
Cemetery	174,148	105,023				(69,125)	(69,125)	
Total business-type activities	7,278,568	6,435,549	14,890			(828,129)	(828,129)	
Total primary government	\$ 26,921,767	\$ 7,307,560	\$ 402,667	\$ 2,907,646	(15,475,765)	(828,129)	(16,303,894)	
Component Unit:								
Mattoon Public Library	\$ 591,053	\$ 21,916	\$ 32,344	\$				\$ (536,793)
	General revenues:							
	Property taxes				3,488,485		3,488,485	
	TIF property to	ax increment			193,045		193,045	
	Telecommunio				917,779		917,779	
	Utility taxes				1,189,618		1,189,618	
	Business distri	ct taxes			387,669		387,669	
	Other taxes				671,144		671,144	
	Payments fron	n primary governmer	nt		·		·	455,925
	Sales taxes	1 ,0			5,527,716		5,527,716	·
	Income and us	e taxes			1,629,811		1,629,811	
	Other intergov	ernmental revenues			938,387		938,387	
	Investment inc				67,494	58,012	125,506	6,713
	Miscellaneous				728,643		728,643	490
		f capital assets			652,637	50,646	703,283	
	Transfers	1			135,237	(135,237)		
		ral revenues and tran	sfers		16,527,665	(26,579)	16,501,086	463,128
		in net assets			1,051,900	(854,708)	197,192	(73,665)
	Net assets, beginn				24,049,771	25,861,193	49,910,964	1,971,851
	Net assets, end of	year			\$ 25,101,671	\$ 25,006,485	\$ 50,108,156	\$ 1,898,186

## BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS April 30, 2010

	General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Broadway East Business District Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Totals
ASSETS:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,180,24		6,002,836	\$	4,030,317	\$	2,047,190	\$	13,260,589
Investments, at fair value	10								108
Receivables	7,944,53		740,939		83,490		527,521		9,296,486
Due from other funds	317,91	6	235,224				40,540		593,680
Due from component units	18,50	0							18,500
Prepaid items	-	-					39,261		39,261
Long-term receivables	-	-					722,532		722,532
Advances to other fund	-	-					20,622		20,622
Restricted assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	144,08	4							144,084
Total assets	\$ 9,605,39	0	6,978,999	\$	4,113,807	\$	3,397,666	\$	24,095,862
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$ 105,27	7 \$	28,761	\$	343,487	\$	125,659	\$	603,184
Payroll liabilities payable	209,02	4					1,703		210,727
Early retirement incentive payable	289,97	4							289,974
Due to other funds	527,34	5	70,948				1,676		599,969
Due to component units	33,90	2							33,902
Deferred revenue	4,898,56	7	283,527		27,217		299,109		5,508,420
Short-term note payable	1,668,08	4					330,000		1,998,084
Accrued interest expense		-					5,669		5,669
Retainage payable	-	_	230,829						230,829
Advances from other funds	20,62	2							20,622
Advances from component units	470,81							_	470,817
Total liabilities	8,223,61	2	614,065		370,704	_	763,816		9,972,197
Fund balances:									
Reserved for:									
Prepaid items	-	-					39,261		39,261
Advances	-	-					20,622		20,622
Long-term receivables	-	-					722,532		722,532
Unreserved, reported in:									
General fund	1,381,77	8							1,381,778
Special revenue funds:									
Undesignated	-	-			3,743,103		1,851,435		5,594,538
Capital projects fund			6,364,934						6,364,934
Total fund balances	1,381,77	8	6,364,934		3,743,103		2,633,850		14,123,665
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 9,605,39	0 \$	6,978,999	\$	4,113,807	\$	3,397,666	\$	24,095,862

# RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES April 30, 2010

Total fund balances, governmental funds	\$ 14,123,665
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, not reported in the funds.	25,333,411
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	1,452,800
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.	443,894
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(16,252,099)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 25,101,671

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended April 30, 2010

	General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Broadway East Business District Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Totals	
Revenues:	<u> </u>	inci ai i unu		ojects Funu	<u>D1</u>	strict Fund		Tunus		Totals
Taxes	\$	6,018,665	\$		\$	348,378	\$	468,570	\$	6,835,613
Licenses and permits		178,343								178,343
Intergovernmental revenues		7,504,124		2,511,190				671,611		10,686,925
Charges for services		424,798								424,798
Fines and forfeitures		233,196								233,196
Investment income		18,408		11,769		12,541		24,776		67,494
Contributions and miscellaneous		-,		,		<b>,</b> -		,		,
revenues		585,163		49,674				165,678		800,515
Total revenues		14,962,697		2,572,633		360,919		1,330,635		19,226,884
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government		1,638,929		6,313						1,645,242
Public safety		9,505,914								9,505,914
Public works		1,890,590		109,954				173,844		2,174,388
Health and welfare		37,928								37,928
Culture and recreation		1,182,533						340,088		1,522,621
Economic development		473,660		1,322		812,426		676,173		1,963,581
Capital outlay		104,030		3,490,379						3,594,409
Debt service:										
Principal		581,553								581,553
Interest and fiscal charges		227,053		1,106		1,106				229,265
Bond issuance costs				20,000		20,000				40,000
Total expenditures	\$	15,642,190	\$	3,629,074	\$	833,532	\$	1,190,105	\$	21,294,901

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the year ended April 30, 2010

	Ger	neral Fund	Pr	Capital ojects Fund	Ea	Broadway ast Business strict Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds		Totals
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		(650, 402)	Φ.	(1.056.441)	Φ.	(450 (10)	Ф	1.40.520	Φ.	(2.0(0.015)
over (under) expenditures	\$	(679,493)	\$	(1,056,441)	\$	(472,613)	\$	140,530	\$	(2,068,017)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers in		135,237		756,628						891,865
Transfers out		(756,628)								(756,628)
Proceeds from sale of assets		672,585	_							672,585
Total other financing sources		51,194		756,628						807,822
Net change in fund balances		(628,299)		(299,813)		(472,613)		140,530		(1,260,195)
Fund balances, beginning of year		2,010,077		6,664,747		4,215,716		2,493,320		15,383,860
Fund balances, end of year	\$	1,381,778	\$	6,364,934	\$	3,743,103	\$	2,633,850	\$	14,123,665

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended April 30, 2010

Net changes in fund balances, governmental funds	\$ (1,260,195)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.	2,273,676
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales and donations) is to increase net assets.	(19,948)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds and some amounts reported as revenues in the funds were reported as revenues on the statement of activities in the prior year. This is the net effect of these differences in revenue recognition.	680,341
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued; whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	621,552
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(1,243,526)
Changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 1,051,900

## STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS April 30, 2010

	Busine	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
			Other -						
			Cemetery		Internal				
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Fund	Totals	Service Funds				
ASSETS:									
Current assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 298,147	\$ 1,400,873	\$ 186,939	\$ 1,885,959	\$ 78,536				
Certificates of deposit	718,499	420,786		1,139,285					
Investments, at fair value	458			458					
Receivables	147,570	202,197	4,652	354,419	122,281				
Due from other funds					289,256				
Due from component units					521				
Prepaid items		6,250		6,250	85,006				
Total current assets	1,164,674	2,030,106	191,591	3,386,371	575,600				
Noncurrent assets:									
Restricted assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	227,924		51,426	279,350	941				
Certficates of deposit			8,270	8,270					
Deferred bond issue expense	91,227	44,438	·	135,665					
Cemetery development			60,652	60,652					
Capital assets:				ŕ					
Land	378,724	208,431	1,400	588,555					
Buildings and building									
improvements	12,036,305	796,808	87,827	12,920,940					
Improvements other than buildings	202,859	11,002		213,861					
Treatment, collection and									
distribution systems	12,256,290	38,439,444		50,695,734					
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	1,641,747	1,485,049	115,340	3,242,136					
Construction in progress	97,509	, , , , <u></u>	, <u></u>	97,509					
Less accumulated depreciation	(9,213,788)	(17,723,375)	(125,797)	(27,062,960)					
Total noncurrent assets	17,718,797	23,261,797	199,118	41,179,712	941				
Total assets	\$ 18,883,471	\$ 25,291,903	\$ 390,709	\$ 44,566,083	\$ 576,541				

### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS April 30, 2010

	Busine	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds Other -							
			Cemetery		Internal				
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Fund	Totals	Service Funds				
LIABILITIES:									
Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$ 39,135	\$ 92,753	\$ 966	\$ 132,854	\$ 102,797				
Cash overdraft					26,725				
Payroll liabilities payable	28,349	47,132	3,751	79,232					
Early retirement incentive payable	236,441	203,384		439,825					
Accrued interest	99,400	83,100		182,500					
Due to other funds	16,708	19,027	247,232	282,967					
Due to component units					3,125				
Compensated absences payable	98,903	45,063	5,668	149,634					
General obligation bonds - current	490,000	305,000		795,000					
Capital lease obligation - current	6,243	6,243		12,486					
Notes payable - current	403,731	457,649		861,380					
Payable from restricted assets:	,	,		,- ,-					
Other payables	118,200			118,200					
Total current liabilities	1,537,110	1,259,351	257,617	3,054,078	132,647				
Noncurrent liabilities:									
Long-term debt payable:									
General obligation bonds payable									
(net of unamortized discounts									
and premiums and deferred									
amount on refunding)	2,685,929	2,458,320		5,144,249					
Capital lease obligation	6,584	6,584		13,168					
Notes payable	4,135,654	6,608,695		10,744,349					
Compensated absences payable	61,334	27,098	22,670	111,102					
Post-employment healthcare benefits obligation	255,107	237,545		492,652					
Total noncurrent liabilities	7,144,608	9,338,242	22,670	16,505,520					
Total liabilities	8,681,718	10,597,593	280,287	19,559,598	132,647				
NET ASSETS:									
Invested in capital assets, net									
of related debt	9,707,576	13,374,868	78,770	23,161,214					
Restricted for other purposes	7,101,370	13,3/4,808	59,696	59,696					
Unrestricted Unrestricted	494,177	1,319,442	(28,044)	1,785,575	443,894				
Ontestricted	474,1//	1,319,442	(20,044)	1,/03,3/3	443,094				
Total net assets	\$ 10,201,753	\$ 14,694,310	\$ 110,422	\$ 25,006,485	\$ 443,894				

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended April 30, 2010

	ъ.		<b>D</b> 4		Governmental Activities
	Business	-type Activiti	es - Enterpri Other -	ise Funds	Activities
		Sewer	Cemetery		Internal
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Fund	Totals	Service Funds
	water runu	<u>runu</u>	runu	Totals	Service Fullus
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 2,918,141	\$ 3,412,385	\$ 105,023	\$ 6,435,549	\$
Fund charges and employee					
contributions					3,013,649
Insurance reimbursements					31,357
Miscellaneous operating revenues		14,890		14,890	80,747
1 2					
Total operating revenue	2,918,141	3,427,275	105,023	6,450,439	3,125,753
Omerating expenses					
Operating expenses: Reservoirs and sources of supply	00.014			00.014	
** *	80,014			80,014	
Water treatment plant	956,026			956,026	
Water distribution	594,403			594,403	
Sewer collection system		637,929		637,929	
Sewer lift stations		117,849		117,849	
Wastewater treatment plant		1,084,048		1,084,048	
Accounting and collection	234,726	239,617		474,343	
Administrative and general	441,238	462,261		903,499	143,117
Insurance					971,523
Health claims and uninsured judgments					2,011,164
Personnel services			134,548	134,548	
Repairs and maintenance			5,717	5,717	
Supplies			3,743	3,743	
Purchased services			6,769	6,769	
Utilities			11,461	11,461	
Depreciation	612,815	1,039,554	11,910	1,664,279	
Total operating expenses	2,919,222	3,581,258	174,148	6,674,628	3,125,804
Operating loss	\$ (1,081)	\$ (153,983)	\$ (69,125)	\$ (224,189)	\$ (51)

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the year ended April 30, 2010

		Busines	unds	Governmental Activities						
						Other -				,
					(	Cemetery				Internal
	W	ater Fund	S	ewer Fund	_	Fund	Totals		Service Funds	
Non-operating revenues										
(expenses):										
Investment income	\$	30,226	\$	25,061	\$	2,725	\$	58,012	\$	51
Interest expense		(266,545)		(317,472)				(584,017)		
Gain on sale of		, , ,		, , ,				, , ,		
capital assets		63,142		(12,496)				50,646		
Bond issuance costs		(13,776)		(6,147)				(19,923)		
Total non-operating										
revenues (expenses)		(186,953)		(311,054)		2,725		(495,282)		51
revenues (expenses)		(100,755)		(311,031)	_	2,725		(173,202)		
Loss before contributions										
and transfers		(188,034)		(465,037)		(66,400)		(719,471)		
		, , ,		, , ,		, , ,		, , ,		
Transfers out		(46,911)		(88,326)			_	(135,237)		
Change in net assets		(234,945)		(553,363)		(66,400)		(854,708)		
Change in het assets		(234,743)		(333,303)		(00,400)		(654,700)		
Net assets, beginning of year		10,436,698		15,247,673		176,822		25,861,193		443,894
, E 5 J		, , ,		, , -		,	_	, , -		
Net assets, end of year	\$	10,201,753	\$	14,694,310	\$	110,422	\$	25,006,485	\$	443,894

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended April 30, 2010

	Busine	ss-type Activiti	es - Enterpris	e Funds	Governmental Activities
		55 tj pt 11tt1 (11	Other -	<del>c i unus</del>	
			Cemetery		Internal
	Water Fund	<b>Sewer Fund</b>	Fund	Totals	Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING					
ACTIVITIES:					
Receipts from customers and					
users	\$ 2,836,040	\$ 3,323,745	\$ 104,537	\$ 6,264,322	\$
Receipts from interfund services			,		
provided					2,369,076
Receipts from component units					44,880
Receipts from employees and					
retirees					453,280
Payments to employees	(846,313)	(849,092)	(100,334)	(1,795,739)	
Payments to suppliers	(930,552)	(1,072,575)	(41,669)	(2,044,796)	(1,226,461)
Payments to claimants					(2,057,482)
Payments for interfund services used	(255,151)	(290,723)	(20,142)	(566,016)	
Other receipts		14,890		14,890	102,177
Net cash provided by (used for)					
operating activities	804,024	1,126,245	(57,608)	1,872,661	(314,530)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Operating transfers out	(46,911)	(88,326)		(135,237)	
Loans from other funds	(40,711)	(88,320)	245,698	245,698	
Repayment of loans from other funds	(78,209)		(186,709)	(264,918)	
repayment of found from other funds	(70,20)	-	(100,707)	(201,510)	
Net cash provided by (used for)					
noncapital financing activities	(125,120)	(88,326)	58,989	(154,457)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND					
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Purchases of capital assets	(297,154)	(69,126)		(366,280)	
Proceeds from capital grants	42,549			42,549	
Principal payments on debt	(873,292)	(741,488)		(1,614,780)	
Interest and fiscal charges	(263,028)	(315,430)		(578,458)	
Proceeds from sale of assets	63,142			63,142	
Net cash used for capital and					
related financing activities	\$ (1,327,783)	\$ (1,126,044)	\$	\$ (2,453,827)	\$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the year ended April 30, 2010

		Busine	ss-t	type Activiti	es -	Enterpris	e F	unds	G	overnmental Activities
						Other -				_
					(	Cemetery				Internal
	W	ater Fund	S	ewer Fund		Fund		Totals	Se	rvice Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Investment income received (net of expense)	\$	16,239	\$	17,039	\$	2,496	\$	35,774	\$	51
Net cash provided by investing activities		16,239		17,039		2,496		35,774		51
Net increase (decrease) in cash		(632,640)		(71,086)		3,877		(699,849)		(314,479)
Cash, restricted and unrestricted, beginning of year		1,158,711		1,471,959		234,488		2,865,158		367,231
Cash, restricted and unrestricted, end of year	\$	526,071	\$	1,400,873	\$	238,365	\$	2,165,309	\$	52,752
PER STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS	- PR	OPRIETAR	Υ]	FUNDS						
ASSETS: Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	298,147	\$	1,400,873	\$	186,939	\$	1,885,959	\$	78,536
Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents		227,924				51,426		279,350		941
LIABILITIES: Current liabilities: Cash overdraft										(26,725)
	\$	526,071	\$	1,400,873	\$	238,365	\$	2,165,309	\$	52,752

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the year ended April 30, 2010

	Business	s-type Activitie	s - Enterpris	se Funds	Governmental Activities
	W-4 F I	Sewer Fund	Other - Cemetery Fund	Totals	Internal Service Funds
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	<u> Funa</u>	Totals	Service Funds
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:					
Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	\$ (1,081)	\$ (153,983)	\$ (69,125)	\$ (224,189)	\$ (51)
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in	612,815	1,039,554	11,910	1,664,279	
receivables (Increase) decrease in due	(81,361)	(88,640)	(486)	(170,487)	(122,281)
from other funds (Increase) decrease in due					(146,547)
from component units (Increase) decrease in prepaid					(101)
items Increase (decrease) in accounts		500		500	7,307
payable Increase (decrease) in payroll	(24,947)	25,717	(1,409)	(639)	(49,620)
liabilities payable Increase (decrease) in early	(25,917)	(7,645)	(3,147)	(36,709)	
retirement incentive payable Increase (decrease) in due to	236,441	203,384		439,825	
other funds Increase (decrease) in due to	1,477	1,638	195	3,310	
component units Increase (decrease) in					235
compensated absences payable	(20,088)	(3,680)	4,454	(19,314)	
Increase (decrease) in meter deposits payable Increase (decrease) in other	(740)			(740)	
post-employment benefits payable Increase (decrease) in other	107,425	109,400		216,825	
payables					(3,472)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 804,024	\$ 1,126,245	\$ (57,608)	\$ 1,872,661	\$ (314,530)

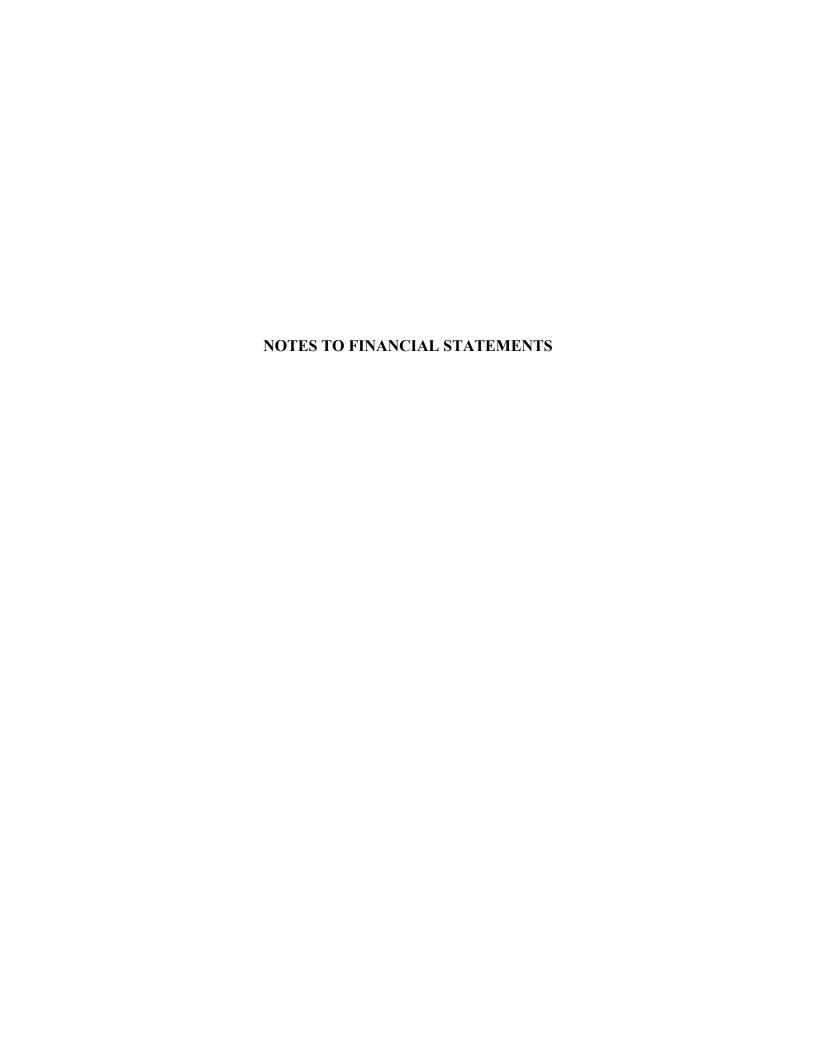
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY COMPONENT UNITS April 30, 2010

	Pension Component Units
ASSETS:	
Cash	\$ 2,079,076
Interest receivable	148,479
Due from primary government	470,817
Investments, at fair value:	
U.S. government obligations	12,305,769
Insurance contracts	13,170,305
Open end mutual fund	300,643
Corporate notes and bonds	210,220
Total investments	25,986,937
Total assets	28,685,309
LIABILITIES:	
Pensions payable	285,607
NET ASSETS:	
Held in trust for pension benefits	
(a schedule of funding progress is presented on pages 97-98)	\$ 28,399,702

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY COMPONENT UNITS For the year ended April 30, 2010

	Pension Component Units
Additions:	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 2,240,801
Plan members	454,817
Total contributions	2,695,618
Investment income:	
Interest income	538,714
Net increase in fair value of investments	3,740,576
Net investment income	4,279,290
Total additions	6,974,908
Deductions:	
Benefits and refunds of contributions	3,263,186
Miscellaneous	13,071
Total deductions	3,276,257
Change in net assets	3,698,651
Net assets held in trust, beginning of year	24,701,051
Net assets held in trust, end of year	\$ 28,399,702



#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Reporting Entity

The City of Mattoon, Illinois, operates under an elected Commission form of government. The City's major operations include public safety, public works, recreation and parks, and general administrative services. In addition, the City owns and operates two major enterprise activities, a water plant and local sewer system.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 14 and 39, financial accountability was determined on the basis of authoritative appointments of a voting majority of the potential component unit's board, imposition of its will on the potential component unit, the existence of a financial benefit or burden, fiscal dependency, and the designation of management. Entities may also be part of the financial reporting entity if their inclusion is necessary to prevent the financial statements from being misleading or incomplete or if the entities are closely related to or financially integrated with the primary government. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations, so data from these units would be combined with data of the City. Each discretely presented component unit is usually reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government. However, discretely presented component units that are fiduciary in nature are reported separately in statements relating to fiduciary net assets. Separate financial statements are not issued for the individual component units listed below.

**Blended component unit** – The Mattoon Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Account is governed by the 2% Foreign Fire Board. The Mattoon Foreign Fire Insurance Account is treated as a blended component unit because its sole purpose is to account for monies received from the Illinois Municipal League to the City's firefighters to purchase equipment and supplies. The entity is reported as part of the General Fund.

**Discretely presented component units** – The Mattoon Public Library (Library) serves all of the citizens of the city and is governed by a board appointed by the City Council. The City is liable for general obligation bonds issued for construction and improvements of the Library. The Library is reported as a governmental fund type component unit. The Mattoon Police Pension Fund and the Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund are responsible for funding pensions for their respective members. Because their sole purpose is to provide pension funding for the City's police officers and firefighters, the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and the Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund are treated as discretely presented component units. Since they are fiduciary in nature, these component units are presented in fiduciary net asset statements.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. However, transactions among City funds that would be treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to City government are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses in the funds involved. Therefore, charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government are included since elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities, including capital assets. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (CONTINUED)

#### C. Financial Statement Presentation

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance/net assets, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are reported as follows:

#### Governmental Funds

The City of Mattoon reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund** – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

**Capital Projects Fund** – This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

**Broadway East Business District Fund** – This Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for implementation of the Broadway East Business District Plan and Project, including all sales and hotel/motel tax revenues received from the State of Illinois and City of Mattoon allocable to the operation of the Broadway East Business District Fund as required by the Business District Development and Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/1-74.3-1 et. seq.).

The City of Mattoon reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

**Special Revenue Funds** – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Included among these funds are:

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (CONTINUED)

C. Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental funds (Continued)

**Special Revenue Funds** (Continued)

**Motor Fuel Tax Fund** – This fund is used to account for the revenue and expenditures related to projects financed by the motor fuel tax funds collected and distributed by the State of Illinois.

**Hotel and Motel Tax Fund** – This fund is used to account for the collection of a 5% room occupancy tax.

**Festival Management Fund** – This fund is used to account for the activities for the 4<sup>th</sup> of July Fireworks, Lightworks Festival, Water Sports Festival, Fall Festival, and Bagelfest.

**Home Rehabilitation Grant Fund** – This fund is used to account for housing grants and related expenditures.

**Revolving Loan Fund** – This fund is used to account for loans provided to businesses to promote economic development.

**Midtown TIF District Fund** – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for implementation of the Mattoon Midtown Redevelopment Plan and Project, including all property tax increment revenues received from Coles County allocable to the operation of the Mattoon Midtown Tax Increment District as required by the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11 - 74.4-3 et seq.).

**I-57 East TIF District Fund** – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for implementation of the I-57 East Redevelopment Plan and Project, including all property tax increment revenues received from Coles County allocable to the operation of the I-57 East Tax Increment District as required by the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3 et. seq.).

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (CONTINUED)

C. Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

**Special Revenue Funds** (Continued)

**South Rt 45 Business District Fund** – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for implementation of the South Rt 45 Business District Plan, including all sales tax and hotel/motel tax revenues received from the State of Illinois and City of Mattoon allocable to the operation of the South Rt 45 Business District Fund as required by the Business District Development and Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/1-74.3-1 et. seq.).

**I-57 East Business District Fund** – This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for implementation of the I-57 East Business District Plan and Project, including all sales and hotel/motel tax revenues received from the State of Illinois and City of Mattoon allocable to the operation of the I-57 East Business District Fund as required by the Business District Development and Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/1-74.3-1 et. seq.).

**Broadway East TIF District Fund** – This fund is used to account for the revenue and expenditures for implementation of the Broadway East Redevelopment Plan and Project, including all property tax increment revenues received from Coles County allocable to the operation of the Broadway East Tax Increment District as required by the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3 et. seq.).

**South Rt 45 TIF District Fund** – This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for implementation of the South Rt. 45 Redevelopment Plan and Project, including all property tax increment revenues received from Coles County allocable to the operation of the South Rt. 45 Tax Increment District as required by the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3 et. seq.).

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (CONTINUED)

#### C. Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The City of Mattoon reports the following major proprietary funds:

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

**Water Fund** – This fund is used to account for the activities of the government's water distribution system.

**Sewer Fund** – This fund is used to account for the activities of the government's sewage treatment plant, sewage pumping stations and collection systems.

The City of Mattoon reports the following nonmajor proprietary funds:

#### **Enterprise Funds**

**Cemetery Fund** – This fund is used to account for the activities of the Dodge Grove Cemetery.

**Internal Service Funds** – Internal Service Funds are used to account for financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the governmental unit, or other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

**Health Insurance Fund** – This fund is used to account for employee and retiree health insurance.

**Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund** – This fund is used to account for the insurance premiums paid by the City.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (CONTINUED)

#### C. <u>Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

#### Other Fund Types

**Fiduciary Funds** – Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a custodial capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The City does not have any fiduciary funds, but it does include the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and the Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund, both of which are fiduciary type discretely presented component units.

#### D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The City's records are generally maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The basis of accounting used in the preparation of the basic financial statements is described in the following paragraphs.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. In the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for the proprietary funds, the City has elected to not apply FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers revenues to be available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Revenues susceptible to accrual are recognized in the current fiscal period. Those revenues include property taxes, franchise fees, interest, and various taxes collected by the state or other party on behalf of the government. In general, other revenues, such as charges for services and miscellaneous revenues, are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received. Deferred revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria or when resources are received prior to the government having a legal claim to them. The revenues are subsequently recognized when both recognition criteria are met or when the government has legal claim to the resources.

Property taxes are levied no later than the last Tuesday of December. These taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the calendar year that the levy ordinance was enacted. The taxes are payable by property owners in two equal installments. The first installment is due 30 days after the bills are mailed, while the second payment is due around September 1. The Coles County Treasurer distributed the 2008 tax extension to the City on June 12, 2009, July 27, 2009, September 18, 2009, and November 20, 2009. The City Council adopted the 2009 tax levy (receivable in calendar year 2010) on December 28, 2009. For governmental fund financial statements, the 2009 property tax levy is deferred since this amount is normally not collected within the time period to be available (defined as within 60 days). The 2009 property tax levy is also deferred in the government-wide statements, since the levy is intended to finance fiscal year 2011 expenditures. Property tax revenues recorded in these financial statements are from the 2008 and prior tax levies.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water enterprise fund, the Sewer enterprise fund, the Cemetery enterprise fund, and the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (CONTINUED)

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

The City considers cash on hand, checking accounts, savings accounts, money market funds, and investments held with an original maturity date of less than three months to be cash and cash equivalents. The City maintains a cash pool for use by most funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is included in the financial statements as cash and cash equivalents. Investments of the City, as well as its component units, are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Unrealized gains or losses from the appreciation or depreciation in fair value of investments in the Firefighters Pension Fund and Police Pension Fund are reported as "net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments."

Statutes authorize the City and the Library to invest in obligations of the United States of America and its agencies, direct obligations of any bank or savings and loan association that is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, short term obligations of corporations subject to certain qualifications, money market mutual funds whose portfolios are limited to governmental securities and obligations, the Illinois Funds Money Market Fund, and bonds of any county, township, city, village, incorporated town, municipal corporation, or school district, subject to certain qualifications.

Statutes authorize the Police and Firefighters Pension component units to invest in obligations of the United States of America and its agencies, bonds of the State of Illinois, bonds of any county, township or municipal corporation of the State of Illinois, Illinois Funds Money Market Fund, money market mutual funds under the Investment Company Act of 1940 subject to certain restrictions, general accounts of life insurance companies authorized to transact business in Illinois, separate accounts managed by life insurance companies subject to certain qualifications, and mutual funds meeting certain requirements. Through an appointed investment adviser, the Pension component units can also invest in common and preferred stocks, subject to certain requirements. Furthermore, investments may be made in banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions covered by depository insurance.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

#### 2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" for the current portion of interfund loans or "advances to/from other funds" for the noncurrent portion of interfund loans. All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not expendable available financial resources.

Accounts receivable have been adjusted for all known uncollectible accounts. No allowance for uncollectibles is considered necessary at year-end.

#### 3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

It has been the policy of the Water and Sewer Funds to charge all materials, chemicals, repair parts, and supplies directly to expense at the time they are purchased. Therefore, no inventory is included in these funds. Inventories of governmental funds are considered immaterial at year-end.

Certain payments reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### 4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements. Land, buildings, furniture, equipment, and vehicles are included at estimated historical cost on various dates prior to December 7, 1971. Property purchased subsequent to that date is valued at historical cost. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (CONTINUED)

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

#### 4. Capital Assets (Continued)

The City has adopted an ordinance establishing capitalization thresholds for different classes of capital assets. The capitalization thresholds are as follows:

Property		<u>rreshold</u>
Land	\$	5,000
Buildings and improvements	\$	50,000
Infrastructure	\$	50,000
Equipment and vehicles	\$	10,000
Software	\$	10,000

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. During the year, no interest was capitalized.

Depreciation has been reported using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. Land is not depreciated. The estimated useful lives for each capital asset type are as follows:

Property	Years
Buildings and building improvements	50
Improvements other than buildings	20
Infrastructure:	
Sidewalks and bike paths	15
Streets, curbs and gutters	20
Traffic signals	25
Bridges and storm sewers	50
Radio-read water meter equipment	10
Equipment and vehicles	5
Software	2

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

#### 5. Compensated Absences Payable

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits to specified maximums. Upon separation from service, employees are eligible to receive only a portion of accumulated time. Such amounts are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. For governmental funds and the governmental component unit, the amount of compensated absences payable from available resources is recorded only when due for payment, such as when an employee retires or resigns.

#### 6. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns or proprietary fund statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method, as the differences between the straight line method and the effective interest method are considered immaterial. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (CONTINUED)

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

#### 7. Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, funds report reservations of fund balances that are legally segregated for a specific purpose by outside third parties or are not appropriable for future expenditures. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

#### 8. Net Assets

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets are displayed in three categories:

**Invested in capital assets, net of related debt** - Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less outstanding principal of related debt.

**Restricted net assets** – Consists of net assets with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, granters, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Unrestricted net assets** – All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

The governmental activities column on the statement of net assets reports \$1,942,135 of restricted net assets, of which \$156,273 is restricted by enabling legislation.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

#### 8. Net Assets (Continued)

The business-type activities column of the statement of net assets and the Cemetery Fund on the statement of net assets for proprietary funds contain restricted net assets for mausoleums as follows:

#### Hearn-Howland Mausoleum

A contribution of \$2,000 plus interest is currently invested in a savings certificate. This contribution and the interest earned thereon are to be used only for the maintenance of the Hearn-Howland mausoleum. The current amount restricted for the Hearn-Howland Mausoleum is \$8,270.

#### Dodge Grove Cemetery Mausoleum

The Dodge Grove Cemetery mausoleum reserve consists of revenues collected from the sale of crypts. Also included in the reserve is cash received from the Mattoon Mausoleum Company upon its dissolution. This reserve is to be used for the maintenance of the mausoleum. The current amount restricted for the Dodge Grove Cemetery Mausoleum is \$51,426.

The discretely presented component unit, the Mattoon Public Library, has permanently restricted net assets with unrestricted investment earnings.

It is the City's policy to first apply restricted resources when an expenditure or expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

#### F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets</u>

The reconciliation of total governmental fund balances to net assets of governmental activities includes a reconciliation between "total fund balances, governmental funds" and "net assets of governmental activities." One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds." The details of the reconciling amount are as follows:

Bonds Payable	\$ (12,377,000)
Less: Deferred charge on refunding (to be	
amortized as interest expense)	54,861
Plus: Deferred issuance premium (to be amortized	
as interest expense)	(94,139)
Less: Deferred charge for issuance costs (to be	
amortized over life of debt)	263,616
Accrued interest payable	(487,351)
Capital leases payable	(611,225)
Notes payable	(270,589)
Compensated absences payable	(807,143)
Post-employment healthcare benefits obligation	(1,923,129)
Net adjustment to reduce "total fund balances, governmental funds" to arrive at "net assets of	
governmental activities"	\$ (16,252,099)

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances of governmental funds to the statement of activities includes a reconciliation between "net changes in fund balances, governmental funds" and "changes in net assets of governmental activities." One element of the reconciliation explains that "governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense." The details of the reconciling amount are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 3,594,409
Depreciation expense	 (1,320,733)
Net adjustment to increase "net changes in fund	
balances, governmental funds" to arrive at "changes	
in net assets of governmental activities"	\$ 2,273,676

Another element of that reconciliation states that "The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales and donations) is to increase net assets." The details of the reconciling amounts are as follows:

Gain from capital assets sold	\$ 652,637
Proceeds from sale of assets	(672,585)
Net adjustment to reduce "net changes in fund balances, governmental funds" to arrive at "changes	
in net assets of governmental activities"	\$ (19,948)

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities (Continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued; whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of the reconciling amount are as follows:

Issuance costs	\$ 40,000
Principal repayments	
General obligation bonds	365,000
Capital leases	101,931
Notes payable	 114,621
Net adjustment to increase "net changes in fund balances, governmental funds" to arrive at "changes in net assets of governmental activities"	\$ 621,552

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities (Continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of the reconciling amount are as follows:

Compensated absences	\$ 34,331
Accrued interest	(425,385)
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	(8,320)
Amortization of deferred bond premium	5,396
Amortization of deferred bond issuance costs	(16,487)
Post-employment healthcare benefits obligation	 (833,061)
Net adjustment to decrease "net changes in fund	
balances, governmental funds" to arrive at "changes	
in net assets of governmental activities"	\$ (1,243,526)

#### 3. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u>

#### A. Deposits

At April 30, 2010, the carrying amount of the primary government's deposits was \$6,243,256 and the bank balance was \$7,316,927. The governmental component unit (Mattoon Public Library) had deposits with a carrying amount of \$20,846 and bank balances totaling \$34,883. The fiduciary component units had deposits with a carrying amount of \$2,079,076 and bank balances totaling \$2,064,245. The primary government and governmental component unit (Mattoon Public Library) had cash on hand of \$630 and \$343, respectively.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 3. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u> (CONTINUED)

#### A. Deposits (Continued)

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At April 30, 2010, the government and its component units did not have any bank balances exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### B. <u>Investments</u>

At April 30, 2010, the City's primary government had the following investments:

Investment Type	Fair	Value	Average Credit Rating	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)	
Corporate equity	\$	66	N/A	N/A	
Preferred corporate equity		500	N/A	N/A	
Illinois Funds Money Market Fund	10,	253,839	AAAm	Demand	*
Money market accounts		272,564	AAAm/Aaa	0.11	
Total	\$ 10,	526,969			

<sup>\*</sup> The City uses this money market fund as a savings account as funds are available on demand.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### B. Investments (Continued)

At April 30, 2010, the City's governmental component unit (Mattoon Public Library) had the following investment:

				Weighted
				Average
			Average	Maturity
Investment Type	Fa	ir Value	Credit Rating	(Years)
Investment pool - Southeastern				
Illinois Community Foundation	\$	28,036	N/A	N/A

#### **Southeastern Illinois Community Foundation**

In previous years, the Mattoon Public Library had received a donation from the Lumpkin Family which was used to establish a fund with the Mattoon Area Community Foundation (MACF) to benefit the library. When held by MACF the fund was held in a separate account and invested separately from the other funds of MACF. During the 2008-2009 fiscal year, MACF formed an alliance with the Effingham County Community Foundation. The resulting organization, the Southeastern Illinois Community Foundation (SICF), is an umbrella organization covering its two member foundations. As part of this alliance the individual foundations have pooled their administrative functions, including the investment of the different funds administered by each foundation. This pooling included an aggregation of the investments held by each fund into one investment account. While invested as a pool, the individual funds are accounted for by the foundation on an individual fund basis. The investment policy of the SICF is to keep all its assets invested seventy percent (70%) in equities and thirty percent (30%) in fixed assets and cash or cash equivalents. During the last fiscal year the value of the fund has fluctuated with the value of the market as a whole.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 3. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u> (CONTINUED)

#### B. Investments (Continued)

At April 30, 2010, the City's fiduciary component units had the following investments:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Average Credit Rating	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
U.S. agencies	\$ 12,305,769	AAA	15.44
Corporate notes and bonds	210,220	BBB-/BAA2	18.73
Insurance contracts	5,878,225	A+/A1	N/A
Insurance contracts	7,292,080	AA-/A1	N/A
Open end mutual fund	300,643	N/A	N/A
Total	\$ 25,986,937		

#### The Illinois Funds Money Market Fund

The Illinois Funds Money Market Fund (Illinois Funds) enables custodians of public funds an investment option with a competitive rate of return on fully collateralized investments and immediate access to the funds. Although not subject to direct regulatory oversight, the investment pool is administered by the Illinois State Treasurer in accordance with the provisions of the Illinois Public Funds Investment Act, 30 ILCS 235. The investment policy of the Illinois Funds states that, unless authorized specifically by the Treasurer, a minimum of 75% of its investments shall have less than one-year maturity and no investment shall exceed two years maturity. The policy also limits investment categories to 25% of the portfolio, with the exception of cash equivalents and U.S. Treasury securities, unless specifically authorized by the Treasurer. Further, certificates of deposit cannot exceed 10% of any single financial institution's total deposits. The Illinois Funds received Standard & Poor's highest rating.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 3. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u> (CONTINUED)

#### B. <u>Investments</u> (Continued)

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. To help assess this risk, investments in debt securities are rated on their credit quality by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. Statutes state that any short term obligations of corporations invested in by the City's primary government or the Mattoon Public Library component unit must be rated at the time of purchase at one of the three highest classifications established by at least two standard rating services. Investments in bonds of local governments must be rated within the four highest classifications established by a rating service nationally recognized for expertise in rating bonds of states and their political subdivisions. Neither the City nor the Mattoon Public Library governmental component unit has an investment policy that further limits its investments' exposure to credit risk. In addition to the limitations listed above, the City's fiduciary component units' have investment policies that further limit their investments in contracts and agreements of life insurance companies to those rated at least A by A.M. Best Company and A rated by Moody's and Standard and Poor's rating services.

As of April 30, 2010, the City of Mattoon Police Pension Fund and Fire Pension Fund had investments with AIG Annuity Company totaling \$5,878,225 in market value. AIG Annuity Insurance Company is a subsidiary of AIG, which received an \$80 billion bailout from the federal government on September 16, 2008. These investments are held in separate accounts for each pension fund and are the general assets of AIG Annuity Insurance Company. While not insured, they would not be available to the general creditors of AIG Annuity Insurance Company should the situation deteriorate any further.

The City considers these securities no riskier than securities held by any other brokerage service. With regard to the insurance components of the variable annuities, these policies are covered under the Illinois Insurance Guarantee Fund.

Over the last year, various investments held by both the Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund and Mattoon Police Pension Fund have been downgraded by the national rating agencies. These downgrades have been part of the larger national crises facing the investment community and the country. Neither pension fund believes that the downgrades materially affect the ability of the borrower to repay these investments, and neither fund expects any losses from these downgrades. Both pension funds are long-term investors and both intend to hold these investments until maturity.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 3. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u> (CONTINUED)

#### B. Investments (Continued)

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The primary government of the City and the Mattoon Public Library component unit do not have formal investment policies that limit investment maturities as a means of managing their exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The fiduciary component units' investment policies do not limit investment maturities as a means of managing their exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. State statutes limit the investments in short term obligations of corporations to one-third or less of the government's funds. Neither the City nor the Mattoon Public Library component unit has an investment policy that further limits the percentage of investments from a single issuer. There are no investments (other than investments in external investment pools) in any one issuer that represent five percent or more of total investments for the primary government of the City. The Mattoon Public Library component unit's only investment is in a pooled investment account with Southeastern Illinois Community Foundation.

State statutes limit the fiduciary component units' investments in separate accounts managed by life insurance companies and mutual funds to a maximum of forty-five percent of the market value of the pension's net present assets in its most recent annual report. Further, the market value of stock in any one corporation cannot exceed five percent of the cash and invested assets of the pension fund. The investment policies of the fiduciary component units do not further limit investment concentrations. More than five percent of the City's fiduciary funds' investments are in the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (24.74%), the Federal National Mortgage Association (18.16%), AIG Annuity Insurance Company annuities (22.62%), and ING Life Insurance annuities (28.06%).

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 3. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u> (CONTINUED)

# C. <u>Reconciliation Between the Deposits, Investments, and Cash on Hand as Shown in the Notes and the Cash, Certificates of Deposit, and Investments as Shown on the Financial Statements</u>

Deposits, investments, and cash on hand per	Primary government	Governmental- Type Component Unit (Mattoon Public Library)	Fiduciary-Type Component Units (Pensions)	
notes:	Ф. (242.25)	Φ 20.046	e 2.070.07 <i>(</i>	
Deposits	\$ 6,243,256	\$ 20,846	\$ 2,079,076	
Investments Cash on hand	10,526,969 630	28,036 343	25,986,937	
Total deposits, investments, and		<u> </u>		
cash on hand	\$ 16,770,855	\$ 49,225	\$ 28,066,013	
Cash, certificates of deposit, and investments per statements:	£ 15 225 004	f 21 100	¢ 2,070,077	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,225,084	\$ 21,189	\$ 2,079,076	
Certificates of deposit Investments	1,139,285 566	3,036	25,986,937	
Restricted assets:	300	3,030	23,980,937	
Cash and cash equivalents	424,375			
Certificates of deposit	8,270			
Investments, at fair value		25,000		
Cash overdraft	(26,725)			
Total cash and cash equivalents, certificates of deposit and investments	\$ 16,770,855	\$ 49,225	\$ 28,066,013	

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 4. <u>RECEIVABLES</u>

Receivables balances as of April 30, 2010 for the primary government were as follows:

	Governmental Activities							
	G	eneral Fund	Pro	Capital pjects Fund	I	adway East Business strict Fund	Go	Other vernmental Funds
Property taxes	\$	3,749,124	\$		\$		\$	
TIF property tax increment	,		,		•		,	274,576
Utility taxes		87,714						
Telecommunications		,						
taxes		226,570						
Income and use taxes		721,959						
Sales taxes		1,376,184						
Personal property		, ,						
replacement taxes		62,268						
Motor fuel taxes								39,676
Other taxes						83,490		65,884
Grants		407		740,939				15,611
Other receivables		52,226						131,774
Coles Together pledges		1,668,084						
Totals	\$	7,944,536	\$	740,939	\$	83,490	\$	527,521
				В	usines	s-type Activi	ties	
			W	ater Fund	Se	ewer Fund	Cei	Other - metery Fund
Customer receivables Other receivables			\$	146,365 1,205	\$	201,447 750	\$	 4,652
Totals			\$	147,570	\$	202,197	\$	4,652

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 5. SCHEDULE OF PAYABLES AND RECEIVABLES WITHIN THE REPORTING ENTITY

Payables and receivables between funds consisted of the following at April 30, 2010:

### Due to/from other funds

	Receivable	Payable
Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	\$ 317,916	\$ 527,345
Capital Projects Fund	235,224	70,948
Other Governmental Funds:		
Motor Fuel Tax Fund	25,073	
Hotel and Motel Tax Fund		407
Revolving Loan Fund	15,467	
I-57 East Business District Fund		1,269
Total other governmental funds	40,540	1,676
Total governmental funds	593,680	599,969
Proprietary Funds:		
Enterprise Funds:		
Water Fund		16,708
Sewer Fund		19,027
Other - Cemetery Fund		247,232
Total enterprise funds		282,967
Internal Service Funds:		
Health Insurance Fund	120,848	
Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund	168,408	
Total internal service funds	289,256	
Total proprietary funds	289,256	282,967
Due to/from other funds	\$ 882,936	\$ 882,936

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 5. SCHEDULE OF PAYABLES AND RECEIVABLES WITHIN THE REPORTING ENTITY (CONTINUED)

The amount receivable to the General Fund from the Capital Projects Fund, I-57 East Business District Fund, and Cemetery Fund is to cover negative cash balances within the pooled account. The amount receivable to the Capital Projects Fund consists of the transfer of one-half of the sales tax increase earmarked for capital projects. The amount receivable to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund consists of a reimbursement of street lighting and other expenditures due from the General Fund. The amount receivable to the Revolving Loan Fund consists of the current portion of a long-term loan due from the General Fund. The amount receivable to the Health Insurance Fund consists of charges for services due from the General Fund, Hotel and Motel Tax Fund, Sewer Fund, and Cemetery Fund. The amount receivable to the Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund consists of charges for services due from the General Fund, Hotel and Motel Tax Fund, Water Fund, Sewer Fund, Sewer Fund, and Cemetery Fund.

#### Advance to/from other funds

	Receivable_		Payable		
Governmental Funds:	<u> </u>				
General Fund	\$		\$	20,622	
Other Governmental Funds:					
Revolving Loan Fund		20,622			
		_			
Advance to/from other funds	\$	20,622	\$	20,622	

The amount receivable to the Revolving Loan Fund consists of the long-term portion of an economic development loan due from the General Fund.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 5. SCHEDULE OF PAYABLES AND RECEIVABLES WITHIN THE REPORTING ENTITY (CONTINUED)

Payables and receivables between funds and component units consisted of the following at April 30, 2010:

# Due between primary government and component units

-	Receivable		Payable	
Primary Government:				
Governmental Fund:				
General Fund	\$	18,500	\$	33,902
Proprietary Funds:				
Internal Service Funds:				
Health Insurance Fund				3,125
Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund		521		
Total internal service funds		521		3,125
Total primary government		19,021		37,027
Component Units: Governmental Component Unit:				
Mattoon Public Library		37,027		19,021
Due between primary government and component units	\$	56,048	\$	56,048

The amount receivable to the General Fund from the Library is to provide the Library with funds for operations until property tax revenue is received. The amount receivable to the Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund consists of charges for services due from the Mattoon Public Library component unit. The amount receivable to the Mattoon Public Library component unit consists of personal property replacement taxes from the General Fund and an overpayment of charges from the Health Insurance Fund.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 5. SCHEDULE OF PAYABLES AND RECEIVABLES WITHIN THE REPORTING ENTITY (CONTINUED)

# Advance between primary government and component units

<u>-</u>		eceivable	Payable		
Governmental Funds: General Fund	¢		¢	470 917	
General Fund	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	470,817	
Component Units:					
Fiduciary Component Units:					
Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund		270,376			
Mattoon Police Pension Fund		200,441			
Total fiduciary component units		470,817	_		
Advance between primary					
government and component units	\$	470,817	\$	470,817	

The amounts receivable to the Fiduciary Component Units consist of the long-term portion of personal property taxes due from the General Fund.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 6. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Analysis of changes in primary government capital assets:

	Balance April 30, 2009	Additions	Deletions	Balance April 30, 2010
Primary government:				
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 3,359,287	\$	\$	\$ 3,359,287
Construction in progress	71,684	3,252,991	750,513	2,574,162
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,430,971	3,252,991	750,513	5,933,449
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	6,169,808	74,000	35,312	6,208,496
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(2,114,130)	(137,476)	(22,811)	(2,228,795)
Buildings and improvements, net	4,055,678	(63,476)	12,501	3,979,701
Infrastructure	58,856,022	242,454	114,672	58,983,804
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(44,446,568)	(777,080)	(114,672)	(45,108,976)
Infrastructure, net	14,409,454	(534,626)		13,874,828
Improvements other than building		745,448		745,448
Less: Accumulated depreciation				
Improvements other than building, net		745,448		745,448
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	6,294,706	30,029	485,233	5,839,502
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(5,111,125)	(406,177)	(477,785)	(5,039,517)
Equipment, furniture and vehicles, net	1,183,581	(376,148)	7,448	799,985
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	19,648,713	(228,802)	19,949	19,399,962
Governmental activities,				
Capital assets, net	\$ 23,079,684	\$ 3,024,189	\$ 770,462	\$ 25,333,411

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 6. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> (CONTINUED)

Analysis of changes in primary government capital assets (continued):

	Balance April 30, 2009	Additions	Deletions	Balance April 30, 2010
Primary government (continued):				
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 588,555	\$	\$	\$ 588,555
Construction in progress	901,712	259,928	1,064,131	97,509
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,490,267	259,928	1,064,131	686,064
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and building improvements	12,920,940			12,920,940
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(3,871,314)	(282,968)		(4,154,282)
Buildings and building improvements, net	9,049,626	(282,968)		8,766,658
Improvements other than building	213,861			213,861
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(104,129)	(12,300)		(116,429)
Improvements other than building, net	109,732	(12,300)		97,432
Treatment, collection and distribution systems	49,645,720	1,096,031	46,017	50,695,734
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(19,937,960)	(1,119,647)	(46,017)	(21,011,590)
Treatment, collection and distribution systems, net	29,707,760	(23,616)		29,684,144
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	3,432,763	74,452	265,079	3,242,136
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(1,783,879)	(249,364)	(252,584)	(1,780,659)
Equipment, furniture and vehicles, net	1,648,884	(174,912)	12,495	1,461,477
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	40,516,002	(493,796)	12,495	40,009,711
Business-type activities,				
Capital assets, net	\$ 42,006,269	\$ (233,868)	\$ 1,076,626	\$ 40,695,775

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 6. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 75,339
Public safety	290,940
Public works	921,937
Culture and recreation	32,517
Governmental activities,	
Depreciation expense	\$ 1,320,733
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 612,815
Sewer	1,039,554
Cemetery	 11,910
Business-type activities,	
Depreciation expense	\$ 1,664,279

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 6. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> (CONTINUED)

Analysis of changes in component unit capital assets:

	Balance April 30, 2009	Additions	Deletions	Balance April 30, 2010
Component unit (Mattoon Public Library):				
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	2,665,224		5,340	2,659,884
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(717,859)	(53,198)	(151)	(770,906)
Buildings and improvements, net	1,947,365	(53,198)	5,188	1,888,979
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	69,344			69,344
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(56,432)	(4,083)		(60,515)
Equipment, furniture and vehicles, net	12,912	(4,083)		8,829
Governmental activities,				
Capital assets, net	\$ 1,960,277	\$ (57,281)	\$ 5,188	\$ 1,897,808

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the discretely presented component unit, Mattoon Public Library, as follows:

Governmental activities:

Mattoon Public Library

\$ 57,281

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 7. CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

The City has active construction projects in progress as of April 30, 2010. The projects include the construction of a drainage project, a sewer system improvement, the replacement of sidewalks, the restoration of the train depot, and a water line interconnect. At April 30, 2010 the City's construction in progress is as follows:

	Spent-to-Date	Remaining Commitment	
Project:			
Primary government:			
Governmental activities:			
South Side Drainage	\$ 103,922	\$ 1,740,196	
26th/27th/Charleston Sewer Project	49,069	2,320	
10th Street Sidewalk Project	17,558	83,647	
Depot Restoration	2,403,613	340,419	
Total governmental activities	\$ 2,574,162	\$ 2,166,582	
Business-type activities:	Ф. 07.500	Ф. 210.065	
Lake Paradise Pumphouse	\$ 97,509	\$ 318,865	

## 8. <u>CEMETERY DEVELOPMENT</u>

Cemetery development consists of land held for future expansion and the Dodge Grove Cemetery Mausoleum. The carrying value of the mausoleum is equal to the cost of renovation less cost of crypt spaces sold.

Mausoleum carrying value, April 30, 2009	\$	39,473
Less: cost of crypts sold		
Mausoleum carrying value, April 30, 2010		39,473
Land held for future expansion, estimated carrying value, April 30, 2010	_	21,179
	\$	60,652

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 9. RESTRICTED ASSETS

The General Fund has restricted cash from the Department of Justice for certain public safety expenditures. The Water Fund has restricted cash accounts for customer meter deposits. The Cemetery Fund has restricted cash and investments for mausoleums. The Internal Service Fund has restricted cash for the employees' flexible spending account. The Mattoon Public Library has restricted investments for a \$25,000 endowment.

## 10. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

In January 1977, the City entered into a deferred compensation plan agreement with participating employees, funded with a group variable annuity contract in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Additional plans, available to all City employees, permit them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or an unforeseeable emergency. The City has very little administrative involvement and performs no investing function for this plan. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to these amounts, property or rights are solely the property and rights of the participants and are not subject to claims of the City's creditors. Accordingly, these plan assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

#### 11. SHORT-TERM DEBT

The City received a short-term loan from First-Mid Illinois Bank & Trust to provide funding for the FutureGen project as follows:

	Balance April 30, 2009	Additions	Deletions	Balance April 30, 2010
General Fund: Short-term loan from First Mid-Illinois Bank & Trust	\$ 2,068,084	\$	\$ 400,000	\$ 1,668,084

The note payable to First Mid-Illinois Bank & Trust has a stated interest rate of 3.25% and a stated maturity date of March 16, 2011.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 11. <u>SHORT-TERM DEBT</u> (CONTINUED)

The City had a line of credit with First-Mid Illinois Bank & Trust to provide funding for the development of the South Rt 45 TIF District Fund:

	Balance April 30, 2009	<u> </u>	Additions	Dele	etions	Balance ril 30, 2010
South Rt 45 TIF District Fund: Line of credit from First Mid-Illinois Bank & Trust	\$	\$	330,000	\$	<u></u>	\$ 330,000

The City has an open line of credit with First Mid-Illinois Bank & Trust. As of April 30, 2010, \$330,000 of the available \$750,000 had been drawn. The City has the ability to draw on this line of credit until June 30, 2010, at which time a formal note will be finalized. At this date, interest, at a rate of 5.5%, on the line of credit will be payable.

## 12. GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest Rates	Amount	
Governmental activities:			
Series 2003A	4.35%	\$ 710,000	
Series 2009A	1.50% - 4.35%	6,000,000	
Series 2009B (Taxable)	4.00% - 5.70%	4,000,000	
Governmental activities - refunding:			
Series 2003	1.00% - 3.15%	222,000	
Series 2005B	2.50% - 4.05%	1,445,000	
Total governmental activities bonds		\$ 12,377,000	

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 12. GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (CONTINUED)

	Interest Rates	_	Amount
Business-type activities - refunding:			_
Series 2003	3.00% - 3.50%	\$	3,295,000
Series 2005A	2.50% - 4.00%		2,830,000
Total business-type activities bonds		\$	6,125,000

The General Fund services all of the general obligation bonds for governmental activities, except the Series 2009A and 2009B bonds. The Capital Projects Fund will service the Series 2009A general obligation bonds, while the Broadway East Business District Fund will service the Series 2009B bonds.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

	Governmen	Governmental Activities		e Activities
Years Ending April 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2011	\$ 417,000	\$ 768,207	\$ 795,000	\$ 213,221
2012	754,000	492,804	830,000	187,846
2013	776,000	469,247	865,000	160,463
2014	730,000	440,948	905,000	130,968
2015	560,000	414,025	945,000	100,240
2016-2020	3,005,000	1,750,502	1,785,000	115,220
2021-2025	3,015,000	1,175,813		
2026-2030	3,120,000	391,938		
Total	\$ 12,377,000	\$ 5,903,484	\$ 6,125,000	\$ 907,958

## 13. CAPITAL LEASES

Previously, the City entered into lease agreements to finance the purchase of a fire truck and to purchase various vehicles used by such departments as public works, parks, and water and sewer. All of the lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the net present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 13. <u>CAPITAL LEASES</u> (CONTINUED)

The assets acquired through current capital leases are as follows:

Asset	Governmental Activities		iness-Type ctivities
Various vehicles	\$ 119,283	\$	64,533
Fire truck	748,078		
Less: Accumulated depreciation	 (617,108)		(44,484)
	\$ 250,253	\$	20,049

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of April 30, 2010, were as follows:

Years Ending April 30,		vernmental Activities		iness-Type ctivities
2011	\$	89,367	\$	13,881
2012	•	89,376	,	13,881
2013		64,452		
2014		64,452		
2015		64,452		
2016-2020		322,262		
2021-2025		128,905		
Total minimum lease payments		823,266		27,762
Less: amount representing interest		(212,041)		(2,108)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	611,225	\$	25,654

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 14. NOTES PAYABLE

The City has issued various notes as follows:

	Interest Rates	Amount
Governmental activities: First Mid-Illinois Bank & Trust note, serviced by the General Fund, proceeds used to purchase a tub grinder	4.375%	\$ 76,613
First Mid-Illinois Bank & Trust note, serviced by the General Fund, proceeds used to purchase a street sweeper	4.690%	29,758
First Mid-Illinois Bank & Trust note, serviced by the General Fund, proceeds used to purchase various vehicles	4.540%	164,218
Total governmental activities notes		\$ 270,589
Business-type activities: Illinois Environmental Protection Agency note, serviced by the Water Fund, proceeds used for construction of a new water treatment plant	2.865%	\$ 4,514,683
First Mid-Illinois Bank & Trust note, serviced by the Water Fund, proceeds used to purchase various vehicles	4.540%	24,702
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency note, serviced by the Sewer Fund, proceeds used for sewer wastewater treatment plant rehabilitation	2.865%	250,375
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency note, serviced by the Sewer Fund, proceeds used for expansion of the sewer wastewater treatment plant	2.675%	6,800,175
First Mid-Illinois Bank & Trust note, serviced by the Sewer Fund, proceeds used to purchase various vehicles	4.540%	15,794
Total business-type activities notes		\$ 11,605,729

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 14. <u>NOTES PAYABLE</u> (CONTINUED)

Notes payable debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	(	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities					
Years ending April 30,		Principal Inter		Interest		al Interest		Principal		Interest	
2011	\$	119,746	\$	12,579	\$	861,444	\$	314,506			
2012		93,654		7,783		885,698		290,253			
2013		57,189		2,928		910,639		265,312			
2014						921,544		239,585			
2015						947,250		213,879			
2016-2020						5,075,667		659,491			
2021-2025						2,003,487		108,610			
Total	\$	270,589	\$	23,290	\$	11,605,729	\$ 2	2,091,636			

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 15. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the primary government for the year ended April 30, 2010 was as follows:

	Balance April 30, 2009	Additions	Reductions	Balance April 30, 2010	Due Within One Year
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:		•	<b>4 2 5 1 1 1 1</b>	<b>4.4.2</b>	<b>.</b>
General obligation bonds	\$ 12,742,000	\$	\$ 365,000	\$ 12,377,000	\$ 547,000
Add (less) deferred amounts:	(52.101)		(0.000)	(71061)	
On refunding	(63,181)		(8,320)	(54,861)	
For issuance premiums	99,535		5,396	94,139	
Total general obligation					
bonds	12,778,354		362,076	12,416,278	547,000
Capital leases	713,156		101,931	611,225	57,624
Notes payable	385,210		114,621	270,589	119,746
Compensated absences	841,474		34,331	807,143	201,721
Post-employment healthcare benefits	1,090,068	833,061		1,923,129	N/A
Governmental activities,					
Long-term liabilities	\$ 15,808,262	\$ 833,061	\$ 612,959	\$ 16,028,364	\$ 926,091
Business-type Activities:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 6,890,000	\$	\$ 765,000	\$ 6,125,000	\$ 795,000
Add (less) deferred amounts:				, ,,	
On refunding	(270,786)		(37,105)	(233,681)	
For issuance premium	55,165		7,235	47,930	
Total general obligation					
bonds	6,674,379		735,130	5,939,249	795,000
Capital leases	37,511		11,857	25,654	12,486
Notes payable	12,443,653		837,924	11,605,729	861,380
Compensated absences	280,050		19,314	260,736	149,634
Post-employment healthcare benefits	275,827	216,825		492,652	N/A
Business-type activities,					
Long-term liabilities	\$ 19,711,420	\$ 216,825	\$ 1,604,225	\$ 18,324,020	\$1,818,500

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 15. <u>CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES</u> (CONTINUED)

Long-term liability activity for the component unit for the year ended April 30, 2010 was as follows:

	Balance 1 30, 2009	A	dditions	Re	eductions	Balance il 30, 2010	e Within ne Year
Component Unit (Mattoon Public Library):							
Governmental Activities:							
Compensated absences	\$ 35,910	\$		\$	17,486	\$ 18,424	\$ 3,685

## 16. <u>TAXES</u>

Tax revenues during the year ended April 30, 2010 were as follows:

		Governmental Activities	
	General Fund	Broadway East Business District Fund	Other Governmental Funds
Property taxes	\$ 3,488,485	\$	\$
TIF property tax increment			193,045
Telecommuncation taxes	917,959		
Utility taxes	1,189,618		
Business district taxes		348,378	37,477
Road and bridge taxes	139,954		
Hotel taxes			238,048
Cable TV franchise taxes	186,928		
Gas and electric franchise taxes	95,721		
Totals	\$ 6,018,665	\$ 348,378	\$ 468,570

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 17. <u>INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES</u>

Intergovernmental revenues during the year ended April 30, 2010 were as follows:

		Governmental Activities	
	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds
Income and use taxes	\$ 1,301,984	\$	\$
Sales taxes	5,506,218		
Personal property			
replacement taxes	440,742		
Pull tabs and jar games tax	4,499		
Motor fuel taxes			461,611
Foreign fire insurance taxes	31,535		
Operating grants and			
contributions	148,846		
Capital grants and			
contributions	70,300	2,511,190	
HOME grant			210,000
Totals	\$ 7,504,124	\$ 2,511,190	\$ 671,611

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 18. <u>COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES EXTENDED, COLLECTED, AND DISTRIBUTED</u>

	For Tax Levy Year				
	2009	2008	2007		
Assessed valuation	\$ 186,786,780	\$ 182,767,058	\$ 179,444,578		
Rate per \$100, excluding road and bridge rate	1.9289	1.9106	1.8849		
Taxes extended, excluding road and bridge taxes	3,602,950	\$ 3,491,983	3,382,279		
Add: City's share of road and bridge taxes extended	141,702	139,909	129,581		
Total taxes extended	\$ 3,744,652	\$ 3,631,892	\$ 3,511,860		
Taxes available to City after abatements and losses in collection (2009 estimated)	\$ 3,741,000	\$ 3,628,439	\$ 3,505,756		
Percentage of extension available to City (2009 estimated)	99.90%	99.90%	99.83%		

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 18. <u>COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES EXTENDED, COLLECTED, AND DISTRIBUTED</u> (CONTINUED)

		For Tax Levy Year				
		2009		2008		2007
Distribution of taxes available	·					
(2009 estimated):						
General Fund:						
General government	\$	466,000	\$	456,460	\$	521,529
Fire protection		220,000		273,875		263,890
Police protection		220,000		273,875		263,890
Street, including road &						
bridge		141,000		139,954		129,457
Park		139,000		136,938		134,345
Street lighting				91,183		
Mattoon Public Library		429,000		419,943		404,631
Firefighters Pension Fund		1,164,000		1,008,722		947,584
Police Pension Fund		962,000		827,489		840,430
	\$	3,741,000	\$	3,628,439	\$	3,505,756

The City Council has abated the 2007, 2008 and 2009 tax levies applicable to all outstanding general obligation bonds.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 19. SCHEDULE OF OPERATING TRANSFERS WITHIN THE REPORTING ENTITY

Operating transfers between funds during the year ended April 30, 2010 were as follows:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amount
General Fund	Water Fund	\$ 46,911
General Fund	Sewer Fund	88,326
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund	756,628
		\$ 891,865

The first and second transfers allocated debt service requirements to the Water Fund and Sewer Funds. The third transfer reclassified amounts of one-half sales tax increase earmarked for capital projects.

## 20. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description - The City's defined benefit pension plan for Regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City's plan is affiliated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer plan. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on-line at www.imrf.org.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 20. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN</u> (CONTINUED)

Funding Policy - As set by statute, the City Regular plan members are required to contribute 4.50 percent of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The employer contribution rate for calendar year 2009 was 9.70 percent of annual covered payroll. The City also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Annual Pension Cost - For the fiscal year ending December 31, 2009, the City's annual pension cost of \$375,515 for the Regular plan was equal to the City's required and actual contributions.

Three-Year Trend Information for the Regular Plan

	Annual		
Fiscal	Pension	Percentage	Net
Year	Cost	of APC	Pension
Ending	(APC)	Contributed	Obligation
12/31/09	\$ 375,515	100%	\$
12/31/08	412,170	100%	
12/31/07	439,349	100%	

The required contribution for 2009 was determined as part of the December 31, 2007, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at December 31, 2007, included (a) 7.5 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative and direct investment expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 4.0 percent a year, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.4 percent to 10 percent per year depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) post retirement benefit increases of 3 percent annually. The actuarial value of the City Regular plan assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period with a 15 percent corridor between the actuarial and market value of assets. The City Regular plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at the December 31, 2007, valuation was 23 years.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 20. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN</u> (CONTINUED)

Funded Status and Funding Progress - As of December 31, 2009, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Regular plan was 64.77 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$11,563,277 and the actuarial value of assets was \$7,489,435, resulting in an underfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$4,073,842. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$3,871,294 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 105 percent. In conjunction with the December 2009 actuarial valuation the market value of investments was determined using techniques that spread the effect of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period with a 20% corridor between the actuarial and market value of assets. In 2010, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized on a level percentage of projected payroll on an open 30 year basis

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

## 21. ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND EARLY RETIREMENT INCENTIVE

During the fiscal year 2009-2010, the City of Mattoon offered an early retirement incentive (ERI) to its employees that participate in the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF). This incentive allowed employees with over 20 years of service and who were at least 50 years old to purchase 5 years of service and age to be eligible to retire. The ERI was available from June 19, 2009 to June 19, 2010. A total of fifteen individuals took advantage of the ERI. Those individuals were from the following funds: the Water Fund had five (5) individuals retire, the Sewer Fund had five (5) individuals retire, and the General Fund had four (4) individuals retire. The Mattoon Public Library discretely presented component unit had one (1) individual retire. The IMRF calculates the cost to the employee and employer based on the employee's final salary and their years of service. The amount that must be paid by December 31, 2010 is \$1,555,974. At its meeting on December 7, 2010, the City Council authorized the borrowing of this amount from the First Mid-Illinois Bank and Trust, N.A. at an interest rate of 2.49% to be paid back over a 10 year amortization. The interest portion of the payments to be made over the next ten years will be allocated to the fund from which the employee retired. At the time of the retirement, the City recognized the expense in each fund for the retired individual. Eight individuals retired in fiscal year 2009-2010 and seven individuals retired in fiscal year 2010-2011. For those employees that retired during fiscal year 2009-2010, a total of \$765,068 has been reported as the early retirement incentive payable. which is allocated between the General Fund, Water Fund, Sewer Fund, and the Mattoon Public Library component unit. So long as the employees are not replaced, the City expects to see substantial savings from this ERI over the next ten years. The first year salary saving has been calculated to be \$554,621 less the payment on the debt of \$177,692, meaning a total savings of \$376,929.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 22. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS

#### Plan Descriptions

The City of Mattoon contributes to two single-employer defined benefit pension plans: Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund and Mattoon Police Pension Fund. Each plan provides retirement and disability benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the Illinois legislature. Although they are single-employer pension plans, the defined benefits as well as the employee and employer contribution levels are mandated by the Illinois Compiled Statues, Chapter 40, Article 3 and 4, and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature.

## Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting – The financial statements of the Firefighters and Police Pension plans are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The City's contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans.

Method Used to Value Investments – Plan investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price.

## Contributions and Revenues

There are no long-term contracts for contributions to the plans.

## Concentrations

The Firefighters and Police Pension plans did not comply with the investment guidelines set forth at 40 ILCS 5/1-113. Both plan's investments in accounts managed by insurance companies exceeded the investment limit of 45% of the market value of their net present assets.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 22. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS</u> (CONTINUED)

#### Membership

Membership of the plans consisted of the following at April 30, 2010:

	Police Pension	Firefighters Pension
Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	41	54
Current employees:		
Vested	6	5
Nonvested	30	28
Total	77	87

## **Benefit Provisions**

Retirement – Employees attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of one-half of the salary attached to the rank held at the date of retirement. The pension shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years of service up to 30 years, to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Police employees with at least 8 years but less than 20 years and fire employees with at least 10 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced retirement benefit. The monthly pension of a fire employee who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and paid upon reaching at least age 55, by 3% of the pension and 3% annually thereafter.

Disability – Employees physically or mentally disabled in the performance of an act of duty are entitled to a pension of 65% of the salary attached to their rank held at the date of suspension of duty or retirement. If the disability occurs while not in performance of an act of duty, the employees are entitled to a pension of 50% of the salary attached to their rank at the date of suspension of duty or retirement.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 22. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS</u> (CONTINUED)

## **Funding Policy**

The contribution requirement of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the State legislature. Firefighter plan members are required to contribute 9.455%. Police plan members are required to contribute 9.91%. These contribution rates may vary if members transfer service credit from a previous employer. If an employee, fire or police, leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City of Mattoon is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. The City's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2009 has been estimated at 44.511% and 54.094% of annual covered payroll for the Police and Firefighters Pension plans, respectively. By the year 2033, the City's contributions must accumulate to the point where the past service costs for the Pension plans are fully funded.

## **Funding Status and Progress**

The amount shown below as the "pension benefit obligation" is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits, adjusted for the effects of projected salary increases and step-rate benefits, estimated to be payable in the future as a result of employee service to date. The measure is intended to help users assess the funding status of the system on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons among employers. The measure is the actuarial present value of credited projected benefits and is independent of the funding method used to determine contributions to the system.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 22. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS</u> (CONTINUED)

Significant actuarial assumptions used in determining the pension benefit obligation as of April 30, 2009 include:

	Police Pension	Firefighters Pension
a. Funding Method Used	Entry Age Normal Cost	Entry Age Normal Cost
b. Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll	Level percentage of payroll
c. Interest Rate Assumption	7.0%	7.0%
d. Mortality Rate Assumption	1971 Group Annuity Mortality Table	1971 Group Annuity Mortality Table
e. Decrement Assumption Other than Mortality	State of Illinois DOI Experience Tables	State of Illinois DOI Experience Tables
f. Salary Progression Assumption	5.5%	5.5%
g. Status of Social Security in Assumption	None	None

The pension benefit obligation as of April 30, 2009 was as follows:

	Police	Firefighters
	Pension	Pension
	April 30, 2009	April 30, 2009
Pension Benefit Obligation		
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving		
benefits and terminated employees not yet		
receiving benefits	\$ 19,041,823	\$ 22,738,215
Active participants	9,662,349	8,998,442
Total pension benefit obligation	28,704,172	31,736,657
Net assets available for benefits	12,055,157	12,788,406
Pension benefit obligation in excess of assets	\$ 16,649,015	\$ 18,948,251

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 22. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS</u> (CONTINUED)

## Actuarially Determined Contribution Requirements and Contribution Made

The plans' funding policy provides for actuarially determined periodic contributions at rates that, for individual employees, accumulate assets gradually over time so that sufficient assets will be available to pay benefits when due. The rate for the City's employee group as a whole has tended to remain level as a percentage of annual covered payroll. The contribution rate for normal cost is determined using the entry age normal actuarial funding method. The plans used a level dollar amount method to amortize the unfunded liability over a 40 year period.

The significant actuarial assumptions used to compute the actuarially determined contribution requirements are the same as those used to compute the pension benefit obligation as described above.

	Police Pension	Firefighters Pension	
Actuarial Valuation Date	April 30, 2009	April 30, 2009	
Amount necessary to provide the employer normal costs	\$ 327,142	\$ 453,988	
Amount necessary to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability	818,825 \$ 1,145,967	931,906 \$ 1,385,894	
As a percentage of current covered payroll (at April 30, 2009): Employer normal costs	14.670%	21.650%	
Amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liability	36.730% 51.400%	44.444% 66.094%	
Contributions made as a dollar amount as of valuation date (April 30, 2009):			
Employer Plan members	\$ 992,277 220,791 \$ 1,213,068	\$ 1,134,259 203,250 \$ 1,337,509	
As a percentage of current covered payroll (at April 30, 2009):		· , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Employer Plan members	44.511% 9.904% 54.415%	54.094% 9.693% 63.787%	

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 22. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS</u> (CONTINUED) Mattoon Police Pension Fund

## Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ended April 30,	Annual Required Contribution	Employer Contribution	Percentage Contribution	
2009	\$ 1,145,967	\$ 992,277	86.59%	
2008	938,318	913,188	97.32%	
2007	841,915	862,335	102.43%	
2006	778,439	735,816	94.52%	
2005	734,188	693,571	94.47%	
2004	617,911	695,441	112.55%	
2003	581,902	615,918	105.85%	
2002	553,637	573,485	103.59%	
2001	540,547	506,725	93.74%	
2000	489,757	429,043	87.60%	

Due to the timing of the receipt of the Department of Insurance calculations and of the receipt of taxes from the property tax levy, City contributions of property taxes are based on the prior year's annual required contribution as well as other factors associated with the property tax levy. Contributions of replacement taxes are based on the current year's receipts.

## **Schedule of Funding Progress**

The Schedule of Funding Progress for the Mattoon Police Pension Fund gives an indication of the progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The Schedule of Funding Progress for the past ten years is reported as required supplementary information.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 22. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS</u> (CONTINUED)

## Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund

#### Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ended April 30,	Annual Required Employer Contribution Contribution		Percentage Contribution	
2009	\$ 1,385,894	\$ 1,134,259	81.84%	
2008	1,154,741	1,044,189	90.43%	
2007	949,325	1,020,381	107.48%	
2006	892,249	925,870	103.77%	
2005	873,336	720,353	82.48%	
2004	785,507	721,576	91.86%	
2003	747,299	702,772	94.04%	
2002	696,435	635,990	91.32%	
2001	615,667	517,898	84.12%	
2000	540,423	443,750	82.11%	

Due to the timing of the receipt of the Department of Insurance calculations and of the receipt of taxes from the property tax levy, City contributions of property taxes are based on the prior year's annual required contribution as well as other factors associated with the property tax levy. Contributions of replacement taxes are based on the current year's receipts.

## **Schedule of Funding Progress**

The Schedule of Funding Progress for the Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund gives an indication of the progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The Schedule of Funding Progress for the past ten years is reported as required supplementary information.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 23. POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

The City provides post-employment healthcare benefits to former employees and retirees.

Former employees, who are not retirees, are provided COBRA healthcare benefits mandated by the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act. Former employees, who are qualified under the Act, may apply for coverage by the City's self-insured health plan. The cost is 100% funded on a monthly pay-as-you-go basis by the former employee based upon actual cost of the health plan for either "single" or "family" coverage.

Illinois statutes mandate that a municipality must offer its retirees a health insurance plan equivalent to that offered to active employees. Illinois statutes enable a municipality to make the health plan benefits supplemental to Medicare and to offer these supplemental benefits at a different retiree contribution rate than regular benefits provided by the group plan. State statutes do not presently require the municipality to pay any portion of the cost of the plan for retired employees. Because the actuarial cost of health benefits for retirees exceeds the average amount paid by retirees, the additional cost is paid by the City and is the basis for the OPEB obligation accounted for under GASB 45.

## **Funding Policy**

For fiscal year 2010, the City contributed \$781,559 for retiree healthcare benefits. The City required retirees with monthly pensions less than \$1,625 per month to contribute \$67 per month for those with no dependents or \$115 per month for those with dependents, approximately 15% of the total cost of their healthcare. Retirees with a monthly pension greater than \$1,625 per month were required to contribute \$133 per month for those with no dependents or \$230 per month for those with dependents, approximately 30% of the total cost of their healthcare. The municipality bears all cost above the amount contributed by retirees on a pay-as-you-go basis. For the fiscal year ending April 30, 2011, the total cost of healthcare is projected to be \$415 for single coverage and \$844 for family coverage. Retirees with monthly pensions less than \$1,625 per month will be required to contribute \$62 per month for those with no dependents and \$127 for those with dependents, approximately 15% of the total cost. Retirees with monthly pensions greater than \$1,625 per month will be required to contribute \$135 per month for those with no dependents and \$274 for those with dependents, approximately 32.5% of the total cost.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 23. <u>POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS</u> (CONTINUED)

## Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC). The ARC represents the normal cost each year and an amount to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability over thirty years. The following table shows the calculation of the net OPEB obligation. The Net OPEB Obligation is the amount entered as of year end as the net liability for post-employment benefits.

Item	Total
Annual required contribution	\$1,847,772
Interest on net OPEB obligation	68,295
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(84,622)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	1,831,445
Contributions made	(781,559)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	1,049,886
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	1,365,895
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$2,415,781

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligations were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB	Percentage of Annual	Net OPEB
Ended	Cost	OPEB Cost Contributed	Obligation
4/30/2010	\$ 1,831,445	42.70%	\$2,415,781
4/30/2009	2,215,155	38.30%	1,365,895

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 23. <u>POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS</u> (CONTINUED)

## **Funded Status and Funding Progress**

As of April 30, 2010, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$23,181,829. The covered payroll was approximately \$6,438,912, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 360%. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents information about the actuarial value of plan assets and the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan understood by the employer and plan members) and include the benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members.

In the actuarial valuation for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2010, the entry age normal cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 9% initially, reduced to an ultimate rate of 5% after five years. Rates include a 2.5% general inflation assumption. The Unfunded Accrued Actuarial Liability is being amortized as a level dollar amount over 30 years.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 24. SELF-INSURANCE

The City has offered its employees and retirees a self-insured group health insurance plan managed by a third party administrator (TPA) since January 1, 1983. The health plan offers medical, dental and prescription drug benefits. A third party administrator is responsible for the approval and processing of claims and for the payment of claims from the City's Health Insurance Internal Service Fund. The City is responsible for the payment of monthly administration fees and stop loss insurance premiums to the plan administrators. The plan administrators are PersonalCare of Illinois for medical benefits and Delta Dental for dental benefits.

The municipality requires active employee and retiree contributions to the health plan. Note 23 provides the funding information for retirees. The contribution for active employees is \$67 per month for those with no dependents or \$115 per month for those with dependents, approximately 15% of total costs. The municipality bears all cost above the amount contributed by employees on a pay-as-you-go basis. For the fiscal year ending April 30, 2011, the total cost of the health plan per employee is projected to be \$415 per month for employees with no dependents or \$844 per month for employees with dependents. Based on these estimated costs, the contribution for active employees will be \$62 per month for those with no dependents or \$127 per month for those with dependents, or 15% of total costs, for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2011.

In addition to the monthly contributions, participants are required to pay an annual deductible and co-payments on claims incurred after the annual deductible. The co-payments required of participants are lower for PPO providers. The plan underwrites 100% of the cost of claims after the participant has made co-payments in excess of the deductible each calendar year. There is a \$2,600 calendar year out of pocket family maximum or \$1,300 calendar year out of pocket single maximum after the deductible for PPO providers. The out-of-pocket family maximum and out-of-pocket single maximum in excess of the deductible are \$5,000 per year and \$2,500 per year, respectively, for out-of-network providers. There are separate annual deductible, co-payment and yearly maximums for the dental plan. There are separate co-payment amounts required for the prescription drug benefit. The lifetime maximum benefit is \$2 million.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 24. <u>SELF-INSURANCE</u> (CONTINUED)

The specific stop loss insurance coverage presently attaches at costs in excess of \$150,000 per claim. The aggregate stop loss coverage attaches at costs in excess of about \$2.1 million per calendar year. The exact attachment point for the annual aggregate coverage varies each year and is determined by a formula and the number of enrolled participants

At the end of the fiscal year, the City had 263 employees, former employees, and retirees participating in the group health plan. Of this number, 129 were active employees and 134 were retirees. Seventy of the participants had single coverage, and 193 had family coverage.

The health plan is funded on a pay-as-you go basis. The City incurred health plan claims expenditures of \$2,011,164 in the fiscal year that ended April 30, 2010, which includes \$102,707 of claims incurred, but not paid. An actuarial estimate of claims incurred, but not reported, was not determined.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 25. <u>INSURANCE</u>

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; natural disasters; errors and omissions; and injuries to employees for which the City carries commercial insurance. There have been no decreases of insurance coverage in the last three years. The following schedule presents information pertaining to lines of insurance coverage that were in effect at the end of the fiscal year.

Exposure	Insurer	Limits of Coverage	Expiration
Workers Compensation	TCICA <sup>1</sup>	Statutory Limits First dollar coverage	12/15/2010
Property & Equipment	SPGIC <sup>2</sup>	Replacement Cost Blanket Building & Contents Limit Property - \$5,000 deductible Blanket Earnings - \$5,000 deductible	12/1/2010
Auto Physical Damage	SPGIC	Actual Cash Value \$500 deductible	12/1/2010
Inland Marine	Cincinnati	\$200,000 for Lake Paradise Dam \$400,000 for Lake Mattoon Dam \$1,000 deductible	5/12/2010
General Liability <sup>3</sup>	SPGIC	\$1 million each occurrence \$3 million aggregate	12/1/2010
Automotive Liability	SPGIC	\$1 million	12/1/2010
Umbrella Liability <sup>4</sup>	SPGIC	\$10 million \$10,000 deductible	12/1/2010

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 25. <u>INSURANCE</u> (CONTINUED)

<sup>1</sup> Travelers Casualty Insurance Company of America.

## 26. <u>CONTINGENCIES</u>

At April 30, 2010, the City was a defendant in a pending lawsuit. Management believes that the liability insurance of the City is sufficient to cover the asserted claim.

## 27. FUTUREGEN PLEDGES AND NOTE PAYABLE

For the last three years, the City of Mattoon has been working closely with Coles Together to be named as the site for the FutureGen project. This project involves the construction of the world's first near-zero emissions coal fired power plant. After submitting a detailed proposal, Mattoon was named as the site for the project in December of 2007. As part of the winning proposal, Coles Together promised to provide FutureGen with three million dollars (\$3,000,000) to be used for the purchase of the plant site. After the City of Mattoon was named as the winner, Coles Together received pledges from the community totaling more than the amount necessary to be provided to FutureGen. Since these pledges are collectible over the coming years, the City of Mattoon agreed to help Coles Together provide FutureGen with the three million dollar pledge. In August of 2008, the City of Mattoon entered into an agreement with Coles Together, calling for the City to secure funding for the three million dollar pledge and Coles Together to assign all the pledges to the City for payment on the debt. Additionally, the agreement calls for Coles Together to indemnify the City and reimburse the City for any and all costs associated with the debt. In August of 2010, the Coles Together turned down a revamped FutureGen Project (FutureGen 2.0). Since that time Coles Together has secured title to the property and is working to refinance the current amount owed to the City. Coles Together has continued to reimburse the City for all interest costs and has made principal payments when funds are available. All agreements with Coles Together are still valid and are in full force. The amount outstanding as of April 30, 2010 was \$1,668,084.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> St. Paul Guardian Insurance Company

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The general liability coverage is subject to exclusions and sub-limits for exposures related to Products/Completed Operations, Personal Injury & Advertising, Employee Benefits Errors & Omissions, Premises Medical Payments, Acts prior to 1999 for EMT and Employee Benefits Liability, Public Officials Errors & Omissions and Crime. See the policy on file with the City for exclusion and sub-limit information.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The umbrella policy is excess liability coverage with limits that follow the general liability coverage form. The Public Officials Errors & Omissions excess coverage is a claims made form and is subject to a \$1 million sublimit.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 28. <u>DEFICIT FUND BALANCES</u>

The following individual funds carried the following deficit balances as of April 30, 2010:

I-57 East Business District Fund \$ 1,269 South Rt 45 TIF District Fund \$ 334,720

The City intends to reduce these deficits from increased business district and TIF revenues in future periods.



# ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS UNAUDITED

		Actuarial				UAAL
		Accrued				as a
	Actuarial	Liability	Unfunded			Percentage
Actuarial	Value of	(AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	 (b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	 (c)	[(b-a)/c]
12/31/09	\$ 7,489,435	\$ 11,563,277	\$ 4,073,842	64.77%	\$ 3,871,294	105.23%
12/31/08	8,610,169	12,060,875	3,450,706	71.39%	4,060,785	84.98%
12/31/07	10,805,966	11,773,599	967,633	91.78%	4,023,342	24.05%

On a market value basis, the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2009 is \$7,068,782. On a market basis, the funded ratio would be 61.13 percent.

## POLICE PENSION FUND SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS UNAUDITED

		Actuarial				UAAL
		Accrued				as a
	Actuarial	Liability	Unfunded			Percentage
Actuarial	Value of	(AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
				·		
4/30/09	\$ 12,055,157	\$ 28,704,172	\$ 16,649,015	42.00%	\$ 2,229,284	746.83%
4/30/08	14,390,466	27,532,025	13,141,559	52.27%	2,139,709	614.18%
4/30/07	14,514,232	26,108,574	11,594,342	55.59%	2,106,237	550.48%
4/30/06	13,714,306	24,651,931	10,937,625	55.63%	1,981,068	552.11%
4/30/05	12,372,599	22,891,319	10,518,720	54.05%	1,907,510	551.44%
4/30/04	12,603,149	20,792,195	8,189,046	60.61%	1,897,771	431.51%
4/30/03	11,591,993	19,271,369	7,679,376	60.15%	1,837,998	417.81%
4/30/02	10,105,246	16,998,094	6,892,848	59.45%	1,911,560	360.59%
4/30/01	10,084,741	16,119,994	6,035,253	62.56%	2,065,331	292.22%
4/30/00	9,782,589	14,851,300	5,068,711	65.87%	2,014,674	251.59%

### FIRE PENSION FUND SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS UNAUDITED

		Actuarial						UAAL
		Accrued						as a
	Actuarial	Liability		Unfunded			Pe	ercentage
Actuarial	Value of	(AAL)		AAL	Funded	Covered	of	Covered
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age		(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll		Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	_	(b-a)	 (a/b)	(c)	(	(b-a)/c)
4/30/09	\$ 12,788,406	\$ 31,736,657	\$	18,948,251	40.30%	\$ 2,096,818		903.67%
4/30/08	15,789,402	30,844,230		15,054,828	51.19%	2,027,483		742.54%
4/30/07	16,473,916	27,955,081		11,481,165	58.93%	1,909,726		601.19%
4/30/06	15,801,053	26,768,722		10,967,669	59.03%	1,833,262		598.26%
4/30/05	14,534,610	25,333,419		10,798,809	57.37%	1,833,235		589.06%
4/30/04	14,917,261	24,051,200		9,133,939	62.02%	1,813,453		503.68%
4/30/03	14,344,721	23,207,775		8,863,054	61.81%	1,737,246		510.18%
4/30/02	14,049,553	22,040,342		7,990,789	63.74%	1,971,604		405.29%
4/30/01	14,009,394	20,000,142		5,990,748	70.05%	1,746,448		343.02%
4/30/00	13,505,395	18,488,680		4,983,285	73.05%	1,603,837		310.71%

### POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFIT PROGRAM SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS UNAUDITED

				Actuarial						UAAL	
				Accrued						as a	
	Actu	ıarial		Liability	Unfur	ıded				Percentag	ge
Actuarial	Valu	ie of		(AAL)	AA	L	Fund	led	Covered	of Covere	ed
Valuation	Ass	sets	I	Entry Age	(UAA	AL)	Rat	io	Payroll	Payroll	
Date	(;	a)		(b)	(b-a	a)	(a/l	b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)	)
4/30/2010	\$		\$	23,181,829	\$ 23,18	31,829	0.00	0% \$	6,438,912	360.03%	o o
4/30/2009				26,631,983	26,63	1,983	0.00	0%	7,672,227	347.12%	<b>o</b>

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

### For the year ended April 30, 2010

						V	Variance vith Final Budget -
		dge					<b>Positive</b>
	 Original		Final		Actual		Negative)
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$ 6,137,984	\$	6,137,984	\$	6,018,665	\$	(119,319)
Licenses and permits	189,575		189,575		178,343		(11,232)
Intergovernmental revenues	8,416,500		8,416,500		7,504,124		(912,376)
Charges for services	594,676		594,676		424,798		(169,878)
Fines and forfeitures	141,000		141,000		233,196		92,196
Investment income	73,000		73,000		18,408		(54,592)
Contributions & miscellaneous							
revenues	 177,500		177,500		585,163		407,663
Total revenues	 15,730,235		15,730,235		14,962,697		(767,538)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	1,591,043		1,591,043		1,638,929		(47,886)
Public safety	9,546,310		9,546,310		9,505,914		40,396
Public works	1,906,306		1,906,306		1,890,590		15,716
Health and welfare	40,500		40,500		37,928		2,572
Culture and recreation	1,210,067		1,210,067		1,182,533		27,534
Economic development	97,000		97,000		473,660		(376,660)
Capital outlay					104,030		(104,030)
Debt service:							
Principal	534,198		534,198		581,553		(47,355)
Interest and fiscal charges	1,500		1,500	_	227,053		(225,553)
Total expenditures	\$ 14,926,924	\$	14,926,924	\$	15,642,190	\$	(715,266)

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

### (CONTINUED)

For the year ended April 30, 2010

	_	Buo Original	dget	Final		Actual	V	Variance vith Final Budget - Positive Negative)
		Original		rmai	_	Actual		negative)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	803,311	\$	803,311	\$	(679,493)	\$	(1,482,804)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		70,000		70,000		135,237		65,237
Transfers out		(904,588)		(904,588)		(756,628)		147,960
Proceeds from sale of assets						672,585		672,585
Total other financing sources								
(uses)		(834,588)		(834,588)		51,194		885,782
Net change in fund balances	\$	(31,277)	\$	(31,277)		(628,299)	\$	(597,022)
Fund balance, beginning of year						2,010,077		
Fund balance, end of year					\$	1,381,778		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS BROADWAY EAST BUSINESS DISTRICT FUND For the year ended April 30, 2010

	 Budget Original Final Actual								
Revenues:	 Original		Tillai		Actual		Negative)		
Taxes	\$ 360,000	\$	360,000	\$	348,378	\$	(11,622)		
Investment income	 1,000	_	1,000	. <u> </u>	12,541	_	11,541		
Total revenues	361,000		361,000		360,919		(81)		
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Economic development					812,426		(812,426)		
Debt service:									
Interest and fiscal charges					1,106		(1,106)		
Bond issuance costs	 				20,000		(20,000)		
Total expenditures	 				833,532		(833,532)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
(under) expenditures	\$ 361,000	\$	361,000	:	(472,613)	\$	(833,613)		
Fund balance, beginning of year				_	4,215,716				
Fund balance, end of year				\$	3,743,103				

#### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### 1. <u>BUDGETARY INFORMATION</u>

Annual budgets for governmental funds are adopted on the cash basis of accounting, which is an other comprehensive basis of accounting. However, the difference between cash basis and a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles is considered immaterial. All annual budgets lapse at fiscal year end. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level. The City Council must approve any changes to the original budget.

#### 2. <u>EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET</u>

For the year ended April 30, 2010, expenditures exceeded the budget for the General Fund by \$715,266 and for the Broadway East Business District Fund by \$833,532. These overexpenditures were funded by available fund balance in each fund.

COMBINING	ND INDIVIDITAT	FUND STATEME	NTS AND SCHED	III FS
			INTS AND SCILL	OLE

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND For the year ended April 30, 2010

	Buo	dget		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 2,987,600	\$ 2,987,600	\$ 2,511,190	\$ (476,410)
Investment income	5,000	5,000	11,769	6,769
Contributions & miscellaneous revenues	170,000	170,000	49,674	(120,326)
Total revenues	3,162,600	3,162,600	2,572,633	(589,967)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	1,100	1,100	6,313	(5,213)
Public works	8,480,000	8,480,000	109,954	8,370,046
Culture and recreation	800,000	800,000		800,000
Economic development	500,000	500,000	1,322	498,678
Capital outlay			3,490,379	(3,490,379)
Debt service:				
Interest and fiscal charges			1,106	(1,106)
Bond issuance costs			20,000	(20,000)
Total expenditures	9,781,100	9,781,100	3,629,074	6,152,026
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	(6,618,500)	(6,618,500)	(1,056,441)	5,562,059
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	720,000	720,000	756,628	36,628
Transfers out	(70,000)	(70,000)		70,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	650,000	650,000	756,628	106,628
Net change in fund balances	\$ (5,968,500)	\$ (5,968,500)	(299,813)	\$ 5,668,687
Fund balance, beginning of year			6,664,747	
Fund balance, end of year			\$ 6,364,934	

### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS April 30, 2010

	8		Home Rehabilitation Grant Fund	Revolving Loan Fund	Midtown TIF District Fund	
ASSETS:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,349,938	\$ 74,523	\$ 117,158	\$ 1,998	\$ 172,079	\$ 250,417
Receivables	39,676	57,208		15,611	131,774	224,230
Due from other funds	25,073				15,467	
Prepaid items			39,261			
Long-term receivables					722,532	
Advance to other fund					20,622	
Total assets	\$ 1,414,687	\$ 131,731	\$ 156,419	\$ 17,609	\$ 1,062,474	\$ 474,647
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 57,938	\$ 305	\$ 11,940	\$ 17,572	\$	\$ 37,280
Payroll liabilities payable		1,703				
Due to other funds		407				
Deferred revenue		21,793				224,230
Short-term note payable						
Accrued interest expense						
Total liabilities	57,938	24,208	11,940	17,572		261,510
Fund balances:						
Reserved for:						
Prepaid items			39,261			
Advances					20,622	
Long-term receivables					722,532	
Unreserved:					,	
Undesignated	1,356,749	107,523	105,218	37	319,320	213,137
Total fund balances (deficits)	1,356,749	107,523	144,479	37	1,062,474	213,137
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,414,687	\$ 131,731	\$ 156,419	\$ 17,609	\$ 1,062,474	\$ 474,647

### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS April 30, 2010

	I-57 East TIF District Fund	South Rt 45 Business District Fund	I-57 East Business District Fund	Broadway East TIF District Fund	South Rt 45 TIF District Fund	Totals
ASSETS:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 403	\$ 75,508	\$	\$ 3,980	\$ 1,186	\$ 2,047,190
Receivables	25,308	8,676		23,687	1,351	527,521
Due from other funds Prepaid items						40,540 39,261
Long-term receivables			<b></b>	<b></b>		722,532
Advance to other fund						20,622
Travallee to office raila	•					20,022
Total assets	\$ 25,711	\$ 84,184	\$	\$ 27,667	\$ 2,537	\$ 3,397,666
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 387	\$	\$	\$	\$ 237	\$ 125,659
Payroll liabilities payable						1,703
Due to other funds			1,269			1,676
Deferred revenue	25,308	2,740		23,687	1,351	299,109
Short-term note payable					330,000	330,000
Accrued interest expense					5,669	5,669
Total liabilities	25,695	2,740	1,269	23,687	337,257	763,816
Fund balances:						
Reserved for:						
Prepaid items						39,261
Advances						20,622
Long-term receivables						722,532
Unreserved:						
Undesignated	16	81,444	(1,269)	3,980	(334,720)	1,851,435
Total fund balances (deficits)	16	81,444	(1,269)	3,980	(334,720)	2,633,850
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 25,711	\$ 84,184	\$	\$ 27,667	\$ 2,537	\$ 3,397,666

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the year ended April 30, 2010

	Motor Fuel Tax Fund	Hotel and Motel Tax Fund	Festival Management Fund	Home Rehabilitation Grant Fund	Revolving Loan Fund	Midtown TIF District Fund
Revenues:	•			•		
Taxes	\$	\$ 238,048	\$	\$	\$	\$ 186,401
Intergovernmental revenues Investment income	461,611 1,740	<del></del>		210,000	21,226	1,683
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues		23,244	142,434	<del></del>	21,220	1,065
Contributions and miscentaneous revenues	·	25,244	142,434			
Total revenues	463,351	261,292	142,434	210,000	21,226	188,084
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public works	173,844					
Culture and recreation		208,018	132,070			
Economic development				209,989	1,910	127,593
Total expenditures	173,844	208,018	132,070	209,989	1,910	127,593
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	289,507	53,274	10,364	11	19,316	60,491
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in			48,750			
Operating transfers out	<del></del>	(48,750)		<del></del>		
sperating transfers out		(10,700)				
Total other financing sources (uses)		(48,750)	48,750			
Net change in fund balances	289,507	4,524	59,114	11	19,316	60,491
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year	1,067,242	102,999	85,365	26	1,043,158	152,646
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$ 1,356,749	\$ 107,523	\$ 144,479	\$ 37	\$ 1,062,474	\$ 213,137

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the year ended April 30, 2010

	I-57 East Rt 45 TIF Business District District Fund Fund		Rt 45 Susiness District	I-57 East Business District Fund		Broadway East TIF District Fund		South Rt 45 TIF District Fund		Eliminations		Totals	
Revenues:													
Taxes	\$	974	\$	37,477	\$		\$	4,485	\$	1,185	\$		\$ 468,570
Intergovernmental revenues				-									671,611
Investment income				124				2		1			24,776
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues			_										 165,678
Total revenues		974		37,601				4,487		1,186			 1,330,635
Expenditures:													
Current:													
Public works													173,844
Culture and recreation													340,088
Economic development		775							33	35,906			 676,173
Total expenditures		775			_				33	35,906			 1,190,105
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		199		37,601				4,487	(33	34,720)			140,530
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in												(48,750)	
Operating transfers out												48,750	
Total other financing sources (uses)					_		_						 
Net change in fund balances		199		37,601				4,487	(33	34,720)			140,530
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year		(183)		43,843		(1,269)		(507)					 2,493,320
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$	16	\$	81,444	\$	(1,269)	\$	3,980	\$ (33	34,720)	\$		\$ 2,633,850

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND For the year ended April 30, 2010

	 Bu	dget				w ]	Variance vith Final Budget - Positive
	Original	<u>Final</u>		Actual		(1	Negative)
Revenues:		·					
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 480,000	\$	480,000	\$	461,611	\$	(18,389)
Investment income	 15,000		15,000		1,740		(13,260)
Total revenues	495,000		495,000		463,351		(31,649)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public works	 320,130		320,130		173,844		146,286
Excess of revenues over							
expenditures	\$ 174,870	\$	174,870	l	289,507	\$	114,637
Fund balance, beginning of year					1,067,242		
Fund balance, end of year				\$	1,356,749		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND HOTEL AND MOTEL TAX FUND For the year ended April 30, 2010

						w	/ariance rith Final Budget -	
		lget				Positive		
	 Original	Final		Actual		(Negative)		
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$ 253,017	\$	253,017	\$	238,048	\$	(14,969)	
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues					23,244		23,244	
Total revenues	253,017		253,017		261,292		8,275	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Culture and recreation	204,267		204,267		208,018		(3,751)	
Excess of revenues over								
expenditures	48,750		48,750		53,274		4,524	
on ponditures	10,700		10,750		00,271		1,521	
Other financing uses:								
Operating transfers out	(48,750)		(48,750)		(48,750)			
Net change in fund balances	\$ 	\$			4,524	\$	4,524	
Fund balance, beginning of year				_	102,999			
Fund balance, end of year				\$	107,523			

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FESTIVAL MANAGEMENT FUND For the year ended April 30, 2010

	Budget Original Final				Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:		<del></del>					. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Contributions & miscellaneous revenues	\$	105,750	\$	105,750	\$ 142,434	\$	36,684	
Expenditures: Current:								
Culture and recreation		154,400		154,400	 132,070		22,330	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(48,650)		(48,650)	10,364		59,014	
Other financing sources:								
Operating transfers in		48,750		48,750	 48,750			
Net change in fund balances	\$	100	\$	100	59,114	\$	59,014	
Fund balance, beginning of year					 85,365			
Fund balance, end of year					\$ 144,479			

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND HOME REHABILITATION GRANT FUND For the year ended April 30, 2010

	 Bu	dget				with Bu	riance h Final dget - ositive
	Original		Final		Actual	(Ne	gative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 210,000	\$	210,000	\$	210,000	\$	
Expenditures: Current:							
Economic development	 210,000		210,000		209,989		11
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$ 	\$		•	11	\$	11
Fund balance, beginning of year					26		
Fund balance, end of year				\$	37		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND REVOLVING LOAN FUND For the year ended April 30, 2010

	Bu	dget				<b>W</b>	Variance vith Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:							
Investment income	\$ 500	\$	500	\$	21,226	\$	20,726
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues	135,000		135,000				(135,000)
Total revenues	 135,500		135,500		21,226		(114,274)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Economic development	 135,500		135,500		1,910		133,590
Excess of revenues over							
expenditures	\$ 	\$			19,316	\$	19,316
Fund balance, beginning of year					1,043,158		
Fund balance, end of year				\$	1,062,474		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND MIDTOWN TIF DISTRICT FUND For the year ended April 30, 2010

		dget				wi B	ariance ith Final Budget - Positive	
_	 Original		<u>Final</u>		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$ 150,000	\$	150,000	\$	186,401	\$	36,401	
Investment income	 2,500		2,500		1,683		(817)	
Total revenues	152,500		152,500		188,084		35,584	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Economic development	 152,412		152,412		127,593		24,819	
Excess of revenues over								
expenditures	\$ 88	\$	88		60,491	\$	60,403	
Fund balance, beginning of year					152,646			
Fund balance, end of year				\$	213,137			

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND I-57 EAST TIF DISTRICT FUND For the year ended April 30, 2010

			dget	;			wi B	ariance th Final udget - ositive
	O	riginal		Final		Actual	(N	egative)
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	974	\$	(26)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Economic development		400		400		775		(375)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$	(00	¢.	(00		100	¢.	(401)
expenditures	2	600	\$	600	•	199	<b>3</b>	(401)
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year						(183)		
Fund balance, end of year					\$	16		

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SOUTH RT 45 BUSINESS DISTRICT FUND For the year ended April 30, 2010

		dget				wi B P	ariance th Final udget - ositive	
	 Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$ 35,000	\$	35,000	\$	37,477	\$	2,477	
Investment income	 				124	_	124	
Total revenues	 35,000		35,000		37,601		2,601	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Economic development	 							
Excess of revenues over								
expenditures	\$ 35,000	\$	35,000	ļ.	37,601	\$	2,601	
Fund balance, beginning of year					43,843			
Fund balance, end of year				\$	81,444			

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS April 30, 2010

	Health Insurance Fund	Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund	Total
ASSETS:			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$ 78,536	\$ 78,536
Accounts receivable	9,927	112,354	122,281
Due from other funds	120,848	168,408	289,256
Due from component units		521	521
Prepaid items	841	84,165	85,006
Total current assets	131,616	443,984	575,600
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	941		941
Total assets	132,557	443,984	576,541
LIABILITIES:			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	102,707	90	102,797
Cash overdraft	26,725		26,725
Due to component units	3,125		3,125
Total current liabilities	132,557	90	132,647
NET ASSETS:			
Unrestricted	\$ -	\$ 443,894	\$ 443,894

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the year ended April 30, 2010

	I	Health nsurance Fund	urance and t Judgment Fund	_	Total
Operating revenues:					
Fund charges and employee					
contributions	\$	2,276,263	\$ 737,386	\$	3,013,649
Insurance reimbursements		31,357			31,357
Miscellaneous operating revenue		24,419	56,328		80,747
Total operating revenue		2,332,039	 793,714		3,125,753
Operating expenses:					
Administrative and general		134,128	8,989		143,117
Insurance		186,798	784,725		971,523
Health claims and uninsured judgments		2,011,164			2,011,164
Total operating expenses		2,332,090	 793,714		3,125,804
Operating loss		(51)			(51)
Non-operating revenues:					
Investment income		51	 		51
Change in net assets					
Net assets, beginning of year			443,894		443,894
Net assets, end of year	\$		\$ 443,894	\$	443,894

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the year ended April 30, 2010

		Health isurance Fund	Tort	rance and Judgment Fund		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING					_	
ACTIVITIES:  Receipts from interfund services provided Receipts from component units Receipts from employees and retirees Payments to suppliers Payments to claimants		1,782,773 31,958 453,280 (321,767) (2,057,482)	\$	586,303 12,922  (904,694)	\$	2,369,076 44,880 453,280 (1,226,461) (2,057,482)
Other receipts		45,849		56,328	_	102,177
Net cash used for operating activities		(65,389)		(249,141)		(314,530)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Investment income received (net of						
expense)		51		<del></del>		51
Net decrease in cash		(65,338)		(249,141)		(314,479)
Cash, restricted and unrestricted, beginning of year		39,554		327,677		367,231
Cash, restricted and unrestricted, end of year	\$	(25,784)	\$	78,536	\$	52,752
PER COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET	ASSI	ETS - INTER	NAL SE	ERVICE FUN	IDS	
ASSETS: Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$		\$	78,536	\$	78,536
Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents		941				941
LIABILITIES: Current liabilities: Cash overdraft		(26,725)		<del></del>		(26,725)
	\$	(25,784)	\$	78,536	\$	52,752

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

### For the year ended April 30, 2010

		Health Isurance Fund	Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund			Total
Reconciliation of operating loss to						
net cash used for operating						
activities:						
Operating loss	\$	(51)	\$		\$	(51)
Adjustments to reconcile operating						
loss to net cash used for						
operating activities:						
(Increase) decrease in receivables		(9,927)		(112,354)		(122,281)
(Increase) decrease in due						
from other funds		(8,487)		(138,060)		(146,547)
(Increase) decrease in due						
from component units				(101)		(101)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid		(0.41)		0.140		7.207
items Increase (decrease) in accounts		(841)		8,148		7,307
payable		(42,846)		(6,774)		(49,620)
Increase (decrease) in due to		(42,640)		(0,774)		(49,020)
component units		235				235
Increase (decrease) in other		233				233
payables		(3,472)				(3,472)
payables	-	(3,472)		<del></del>	_	(3,472)
Net cash used for operating						
activities	\$	(65,389)	\$	(249,141)	\$	(314,530)

### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL COMPONENT UNIT (MATTOON PUBLIC LIBRARY) April 30, 2010

ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	21,189
Investments, at fair value		3,036
Due from primary government		37,027
Restricted assets:		
Investments, at fair value		25,000
Total assets	\$	86,252
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE:		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	13,071
Payroll liabilities payable	Þ	13,071
Early retirement incentive payable		35,269
Due to primary government		19,021
Due to primary government		17,021
Total liabilities		67,450
Fund balance:		
Reserved for endowment		25,000
Unreserved		(6,198)
Total fund balance		10 002
Total fund varance		18,802
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	86,252

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL COMPONENT UNIT (MATTOON PUBLIC LIBRARY) For the year ended April 30, 2010

Revenues:	
Payments from primary government	\$ 455,925
Intergovernmental revenues	22,128
Charges for services	8,169
Fines and forfeitures	13,747
Investment income	6,713
Miscellaneous revenues	10,706
Total revenues	517,388
Expenditures:	
Current:	
Culture and recreation	546,070
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(28,682)
Fund balance, beginning of year	 47,484
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 18,802

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY COMPONENT UNITS April 30, 2010

	Mattoon Police Pension Fund	Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund	Totals
ASSETS:			
Cash	\$ 1,439,648	\$ 639,428	\$ 2,079,076
Interest receivable	68,662	79,817	148,479
Advances to primary government	200,441	270,376	470,817
Investments, at fair value:			
U.S. government obligations	5,866,972	6,438,797	12,305,769
Insurance contracts	6,481,529	6,688,776	13,170,305
Open end mutual fund		300,643	300,643
Corporate notes and bonds		210,220	210,220
Total investments	12,348,501	13,638,436	25,986,937
Total assets	14,057,252	14,628,057	28,685,309
LIABILITIES:			
Pensions payable	121,873	163,734	285,607
NET ASSETS: Held in trust for pension benefits (a schedule of funding progress is presented			
on pages 97-98)	\$ 13,935,379	\$ 14,464,323	\$ 28,399,702

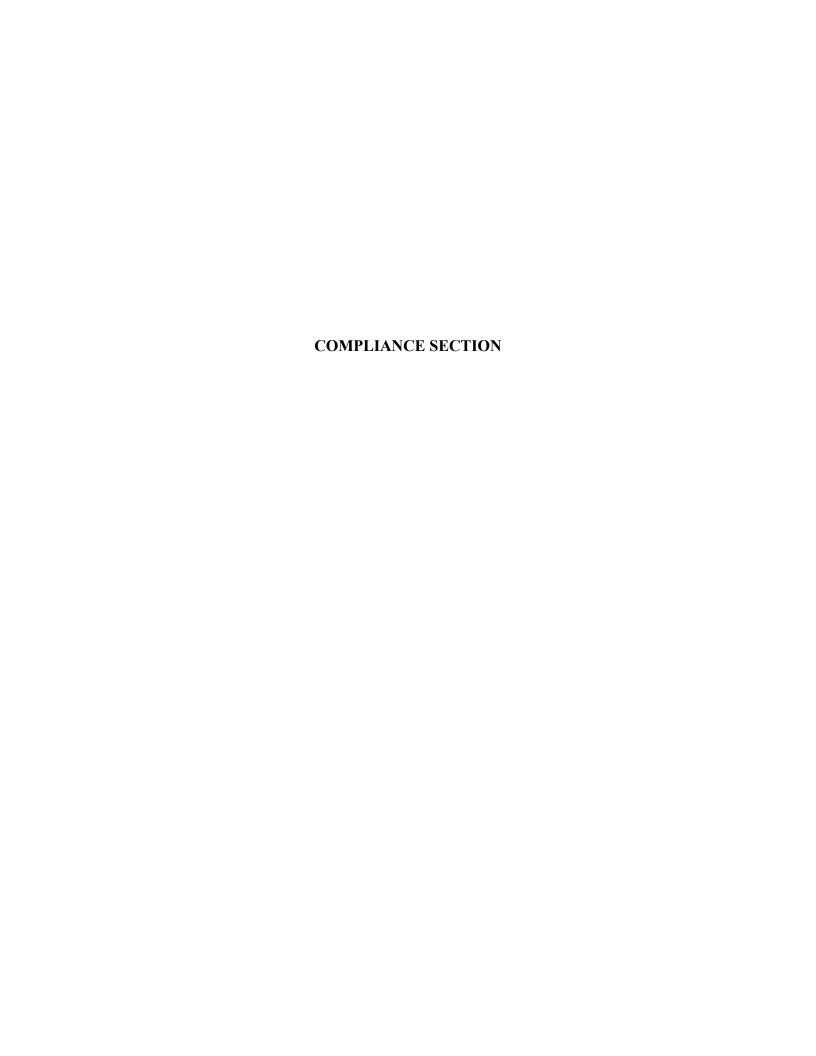
### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY COMPONENT UNITS For the year ended April 30, 2010

	Mattoon Police Pension Fund	ice Pension Firefighters	
Additions:			
Contributions:			
Employer	\$ 1,010,614	\$ 1,230,187	\$ 2,240,801
Plan members	242,041	212,776	454,817
Total contributions	1,252,655	1,442,963	2,695,618
Investment income:			
Interest income	245,141	293,573	538,714
Net increase in fair value of investments	1,850,079	1,890,497	3,740,576
Net investment income	2,095,220	2,184,070	4,279,290
	2,000,220	2,101,070	
Total additions	3,347,875	3,627,033	6,974,908
Deductions:			
Benefits and refunds of contributions	1,397,608	1,865,578	3,263,186
Miscellaneous	4,918	8,153	13,071
Total deductions	1,402,526	1,873,731	3,276,257
Total academons	1,402,320	1,075,751	3,210,231
Change in net assets	1,945,349	1,753,302	3,698,651
Net assets held in trust, beginning of year	11,990,030	12,711,021	24,701,051
Net assets held in trust, end of year	\$ 13,935,379	\$ 14,464,323	\$ 28,399,702



### LEGAL DEBT MARGIN (UNAUDITED) April 30, 2010

Assessed valuation, 2009 levy	<u>=</u>	\$ 186,786,780
Statutory debt limitation: (8.625% of assessed valuation)	:	\$ 16,110,360
Total debt:		
General obligation bonds Capital leases Notes payable	(18,502,000) (636,879) (13,874,402)	
Total debt		(33,013,281)
Less debt exempt from statutory debt limitation computation:		
General obligation bonds Capital leases Notes payable-IEPA loans	18,502,000 25,654 11,565,233	
Total debt exempt from statutory debt limitation		30,092,887
Legal debt margin	_ <u>:</u>	\$ 13,189,966



### WEST & COMPANY, LLC

**MEMBERS** 

E. LYNN FREESE RICHARD C. WEST BRIAN E. DANIELL JANICE K. ROMACK DIANA R. SMITH D. RAIF PERRY JOHN H. VOGT JOSHUA D. LOWE CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS

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OFFICES

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Mayor and City Commissioners City of Mattoon, Illinois

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mattoon, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City of Mattoon, Illinois' basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 11, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Mattoon, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Mattoon, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Mattoon, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in the internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses and other deficiencies that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Member of Private Companies Practice Section

Mayor and City Commissioners City of Mattoon, Illinois Page 2

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in findings 10-01 and 10-03 in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs to be material weaknesses.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in finding 10-02 in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs to be a significant deficiency.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Mattoon, Illinois' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain other matters that we reported to management of the City of Mattoon, Illinois, in a separate letter dated March 11, 2011.

The City of Mattoon, Illinois' responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. We did not audit the City of Mattoon, Illinois' responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

March 11, 2011

West + Confug, LLC

### WEST & COMPANY, LLC-

#### **MEMBERS**

E. LYNN FREESE RICHARD C. WEST BRIAN E. DANIELL JANICE K. ROMACK DIANA R. SMITH D. RAIF PERRY JOHN H. VOGT JOSHUA D. LOWE CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Mayor and City Commissioners City of Mattoon, Illinois

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Mattoon, Illinois' compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Mattoon, Illinois' major federal programs for the year ended April 30, 2010. The City of Mattoon, Illinois' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City of Mattoon, Illinois' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City of Mattoon, Illinois' compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Mattoon, Illinois' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City of Mattoon, Illinois' compliance with those requirements.

Member of Private Companies Practice Section

Mayor and City Commissioners City of Mattoon, Illinois Page 2

In our opinion, the City of Mattoon, Illinois complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended April 30, 2010.

#### **Internal Control Over Compliance**

The management of the City of Mattoon, Illinois is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Mattoon, Illinois' internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Mattoon, Illinois' internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 10-03 to be a material weakness.

The City of Mattoon, Illinois' response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. We did not audit the City of Mattoon, Illinois' response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Wort + Capy, LLC March 11, 2011

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the year ended April 30, 2010

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	CFDA Number	Pass-through Grantor's Number		Federal Expenditures	
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development HOME Investment Partnership Program	14.239	НО-50061	\$	209,989	
U.S. Department of Justice					
Omega - sharing of federally forfeited property	16.UNKNOWN			65,850	
Passed through Illinois Criminal Justice Info Authority:					
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	405856		6,997	
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	406003		27,122	
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	407003		79,280	
Total Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance				113,399	
Total U.S. Department of Justice				179,249	
U.S. Department of Transportation					
(m) Federal Transit - Capital Investment Grants	20.500	IL-04-0029-01		1,108,286	
Passed through Illinois Department of Transportation:					
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	AL9-3625-551		4,530	
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	TR9-3625-860		7,998	
Total State and Community Highway Safety				12,528	
(m) Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Aid Highway Program)	20.205	C-97-003-07		1,200,000	
Total U.S. Department of Transportation				2,320,814	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security					
Assistance to Firefighters Grant	97.044	EMW-2008-FO-02035		70,300	
U.S. Department of Agriculture					
Rural Business Enterprise Grant	10.769			14,890	
U.S. Department of the Treasury					
Treasury Forfeiture Fund	21.UNKNOWN			1,401	
TOTAL			\$	2,796,643	

(m) - Audited as a major program

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule

## NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the year ended April 30, 2010

## 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Mattoon, Illinois for the year ended April 30, 2010, presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. All federal awards received directly from federal agencies as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies are included on this schedule. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the year ended April 30, 2010

## Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

<b>Financial Statements</b>				
Type of auditors' report issue	UNQUALI	FIED	_	
Internal control over financia	reporting:			
- Material weakness(es)	X yes		no	
<ul> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?</li> </ul>		Xyes		none reported
Noncompliance material to fi	yes	X	no	
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major pr	rograms:			
- Material weakness(es) identified?		X yes		no
- Significant deficiency are not considered to b weakness(es)?		yes	X	none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:		UNQUALI	FIED	-
Any audit findings disclosed in accordance with Circular A	that are required to be reported A-133, Section .510(a)?	Xyes		no
Identification of major progra	ims:			
CFDA Number(s)	Name of federal program or cluster		_	
20.500 20.205	Federal Transit - Capital Investment G Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Aid Highway Program)	rants		
Dollar threshold usesd to dist	inguish between Type A and			
Type B programs:		\$ 300,000	-	
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?		yes	X	no

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

## For the year ended April 30, 2010

## **Section II - Financial Statement Findings**

## FINDING NO. 10-01 – Lack of Segregation of Duties and Inadequate Controls over Payroll

## **Criteria/Specific Requirement:**

Internal controls should be in place that provide reasonable assurance that payroll is properly authorized, recorded, and paid.

#### **Condition:**

The payroll function is performed almost entirely by one individual without adequate oversight.

#### Effect:

Because of the lack of segregation of duties and internal controls, employees may be added to the payroll without the approval or knowledge of management; vacation time, sick time, and overtime may be erroneously recorded; employees' pay may be calculated incorrectly; and payroll taxes and other withholdings may not be accurately withheld and paid.

#### Cause:

According to City officials, they do not have adequate funding to hire another employee to provide appropriate segregation of duties. Also, there are no procedures in place to require management's approval before initiating various payroll functions.

#### **Auditors' Recommendation:**

Procedures should be implemented requiring payroll reports be reviewed by another individual prior to posting the payroll or preparing the ACH file with the direct deposit information for the bank. Once the ACH file is prepared, it should be sent to management for review, approval, and filing. Payroll taxes and other withholdings should be reviewed and approved by management before they are paid.

### **Management's Response:**

Management intends to implement controls to ensure that proper oversight is maintained in the payroll process.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

## For the year ended April 30, 2010

## **Section II - Financial Statement Findings (Continued)**

## FINDING NO. 10-02 – Inadequate Controls over Billed Receivables

## **Criteria/Specific Requirement:**

Internal controls should be in place that provide reasonable assurance that receivables are properly authorized, recorded, and received.

#### **Condition:**

Various departments prepare their own billings and the related receivables may not be recorded in a timely fashion or at all.

#### **Effect:**

The financial statements could be misstated due to receivables that were not reported to the finance department.

#### Cause:

There are no procedures in place to report to the finance department when an invoice is prepared and sent from other departments.

#### **Auditors' Recommendation:**

The City should develop a centralized billing function for all receivables. The centralized billing function could receive billing information from the other departments, prepare invoices, and send the invoices back to the other departments for approval and mailing.

## **Management's Response:**

The City intends to implement a centralized monitoring system for all City accounts receivable.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

## For the year ended April 30, 2010

## **Section II - Financial Statement Findings (Continued)**

## FINDING NO. 10-03 – Inadequate Controls over Compliance Requirements for Grants

Federal Program Name: Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Aid Highway Program)

**Project #:** C-97-003-07

**CFDA #:** 20.205

**Passed Through:** Illinois Department of Transportation **Federal Agency:** U.S. Department of Transportation

**Federal Program Name:** Federal Transit – Capital Investment Grants

**Project #:** IL-04-0029-01

**CDFA #:** 20.500

Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Transportation

## **Criteria/Specific Requirement:**

The A-102 Common Rule and OMB Circular A-110 require that non-Federal entities receiving Federal awards establish and maintain internal control designed to reasonably ensure compliance with Federal laws, regulations, and program compliance requirements. The objectives of internal control pertaining to the compliance requirements for federal programs are found in OMB Circular A-133.

#### **Condition:**

The City does not have a centralized system to ensure compliance with compliance requirements applicable to its Federal, State, and local grants. For example, auditors, in their review of the City's accounting records for grants, noted the following:

Transit – Capital Investment Grants, both funding the same project, have various compliance requirements that are to be followed. These include complying with the Davis-Bacon Act and providing matching funds. For the Davis-Bacon Act, the City had a statement in the contract about the contractor adhering to the Act, but there was no follow-up (review of certified payrolls) to determine if the requirement was actually being met. Regarding the matching funds, the City had prepared a spreadsheet at the onset of the grants to make sure each would be matched. However, the documentation for prior year expenditures allowed to match the grants was not kept and the individual who prepared the spreadsheet retired. When the City tried to recreate the amount, the invoice totals were approximately \$24,500 short of the amount on the spreadsheet.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended April 30, 2010

# <u>FINDING NO. 10-03 – Inadequate Controls over Compliance Requirements for Grants</u> (Continued)

## **Condition (continued):**

- While reported in the proper period in the general ledger, the City does not have controls in place to ensure expenditures included on expenditure reports meet the expenditure recognition criteria.
- The City does not have controls in place to ensure non-federal financial support is used to match grant funding.

#### **Effect:**

The City could inadvertently not comply with provisions of a grant, which could result in the granting agency requesting reimbursement or adjusting future grant awards.

#### Cause:

The City did not realize that its procedures do not meet the objectives for internal control over compliance requirements for grants.

## **Auditors' Recommendation:**

The City should implement centralized internal control procedures to ensure that all grant transactions are properly recorded and accounted for and are executed in compliance with laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements.

## **Management's Response:**

Management intends to develop a system for tracking and monitoring federal and state grants and will implement the internal controls necessary to ensure that proper oversight of federal and state grants are maintained.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended April 30, 2010

**Section III - Federal Award Findings** 

**MATERIAL WEAKNESSES:** 

Finding No. 10-03 – Inadequate Controls over Compliance Requirements for Grants (finding details on page 135 through 136)

## CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR CURRENT YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS For the year ended April 30, 2010

#### **Corrective Action Plan**

## FINDING NO. 10-01 - Lack of Segregation of Duties and Inadequate Controls over Payroll

#### **Condition:**

The payroll function is performed almost entirely by one individual without adequate oversight.

#### Plan:

The City will adopt a policy requiring that before approval and posting of the payroll or ACH file, both will be reviewed and signed off by the City Attorney & Treasurer (or in his absence by the City Clerk).

## **Anticipated Date of Completion:**

March 18, 2011

## **Name of Contact Person:**

J. Preston Owen, City Attorney & Treasurer

# CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR CURRENT YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS (CONTINUED)

## For the year ended April 30, 2010

## **Corrective Action Plan (Continued)**

## FINDING NO. 10-02 – Inadequate Controls over Billed Receivables

## **Condition:**

Various departments prepare their own billings and the related receivables may not be recorded in a timely fashion or at all.

## Plan:

The City will design and implement a system to centralize the accounts receivable functions across all City departments.

## **Anticipated Date of Completion:**

July 31, 2011

## Name of Contact Person:

J. Preston Owen, City Attorney & Treasurer

# CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR CURRENT YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended April 30, 2010

## **Corrective Action Plan (Continued)**

## FINDING NO. 10-03 – Inadequate Controls over Compliance Requirements for Grants

#### **Condition:**

The City does not have a centralized system to ensure compliance with compliance requirements applicable to its Federal, State, and local grants. For example, auditors, in their review of the City's accounting records for grants, noted the following:

- The Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Aid Highway Program) and Federal Transit Capital Investment Grants, both funding the same project, have various compliance requirements that are to be followed. These include complying with the Davis-Bacon Act and providing matching funds. For the Davis-Bacon Act, the City had a statement in the contract about the contractor adhering to the Act, but there was no follow-up (review of certified payrolls) to determine if the requirement was actually being met. Regarding the matching funds, the City had prepared a spreadsheet at the onset of the grants to make sure each would be matched. However, the documentation for prior year expenditures allowed to match the grants was not kept and the individual who prepared the spreadsheet retired. When the City tried to recreate the amount, the invoice totals were approximately \$24,500 short of the amount on the spreadsheet.
- While reported in the proper period in the general ledger, the City does not have controls in place to ensure expenditures included on expenditure reports meet the expenditure recognition criteria.
- The City does not have controls in place to ensure non-federal financial support is used to match grant funding.

#### Plan:

The City will develop a system for tracking and monitoring federal and state grants and will implement the internal controls necessary to ensure that proper oversight of federal and state grants are maintained.

# CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR CURRENT YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended April 30, 2010

**Corrective Action Plan (Continued)** 

<u>FINDING NO. 10-03 – Inadequate Controls over Compliance Requirements for Grants</u> (Continued)

**Anticipated Date of Completion:** 

July 31, 2011

## **Name of Contact Person:**

J. Preston Owen, City Attorney & Treasurer

## SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the year ended April 30, 2010

Finding		Current
Number	Condition	Status

No findings were noted for the year ended April 30, 2009.