FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION

For the year ended April 30, 2012 and INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

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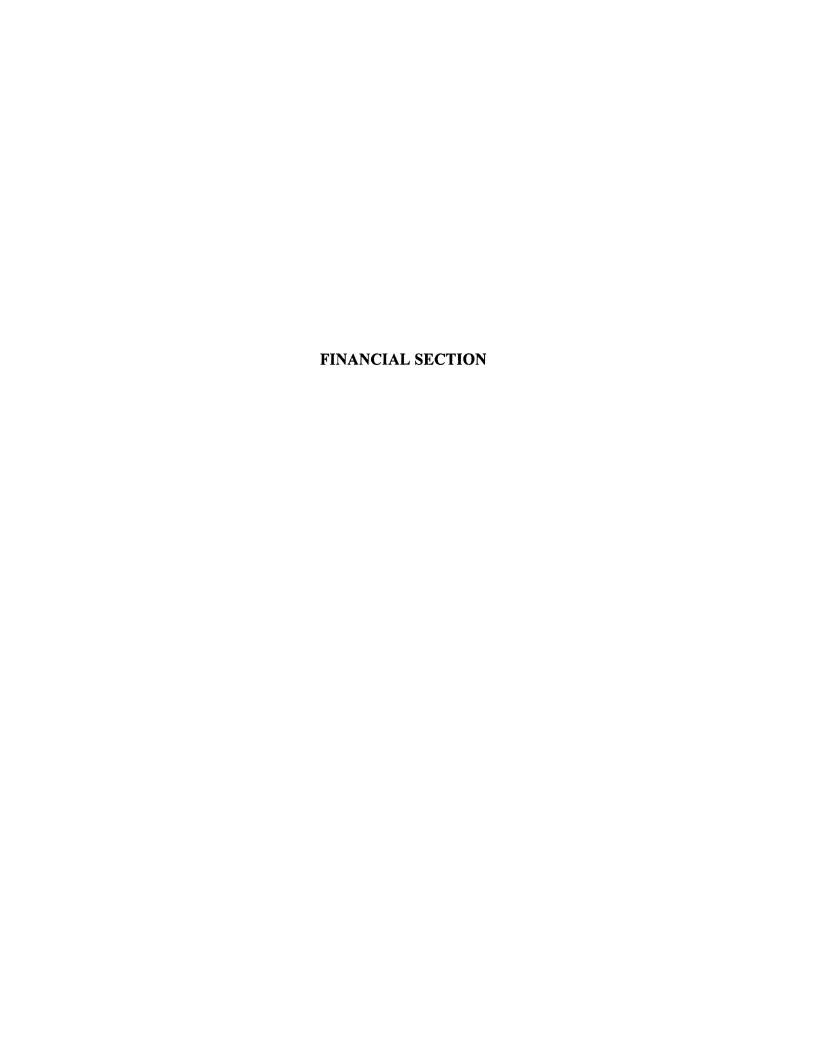
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WEST & COMPANY, LLC

MEMBERS

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS

613 BROADWAY AVENUE P.O. BOX 945 MATTOON, ILLINOIS 61938

> (217) 235-4747 www.westcpa.com

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Mayor and City Commissioners City of Mattoon Mattoon, Illinois 61938

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mattoon, Illinois, as of April 30, 2012 and for the year then ended, which collectively comprise the City of Mattoon, Illinois' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Mattoon, Illinois' management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mattoon, Illinois, as of April 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 30, 2013, on our consideration of the City of Mattoon, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Member of Private Companies Practice Section

Mayor and City Commissioners City of Mattoon Page 2

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 15, budgetary comparison information on pages 100 through 102, Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Schedule of Funding Progress on page 96, pension plans' Schedules of Funding Progress on pages 97 through 98, and post-employment healthcare benefit program's Schedule of Funding Progress on page 99 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally applied in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Mattoon, Illinois' financial statements. The major fund schedule, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the combining and individual component unit statements, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations (Circular A-133) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the major fund schedule, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the combining and individual component unit statements, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by OMB Circular A-133 are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Mattoon, Illinois' basic financial statements. The computation of legal debt margin is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express or provide any assurance on it.

Wat + Cup, LLC April 30, 2013

CITY OF MATTOON, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the City of Mattoon is intended to provide an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2012. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information as furnished in the financial statements, which begins on page 16.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City of Mattoon, excluding pension component units, has total assets of \$88,265,731 and liabilities of \$39,649,150, resulting in net assets of \$48,616,581 as of April 30, 2012. Total assets decreased from April 30, 2011 by \$3,006,931, total liabilities decreased from April 30, 2011 by \$3,340,962, and net assets increased from April 30, 2011 by \$334,031. Of the net assets as of April 30, 2012, \$48,959,964 represents the City's investment in capital assets, net of related debt, \$1,989,150 is held for restricted purposes, and (\$2,332,533) is unrestricted and available to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors. The City's cash position in the governmental activities decreased by approximately \$1.7 million, from \$10.3 million to \$8.6 million. The City's cash position in the business-type activities increased by approximately \$60,000, from \$2.59 million to \$2.53 million.
 - The following table shows the changes in major revenue sources from 2011 to 2012.

City of Mattoon, Illinois Changes in Major Revenue Sources April 30, 2012

Source	2012	2011	Change		
Intergovernmental Shared Revenues	\$ 10,395,121	\$ 9,471,764	\$ 923,357		
Property Tax Revenues	\$ 4,179,038	\$ 4,022,762	\$ 156,276		
Utility Tax Revenues	\$ 1,216,242	\$ 1,303,379	\$ (87,137)		
Hotel Tax Revenues	\$ 297,270	\$ 284,202	\$ 13,068		
Water Fund Charges for Services	\$ 3,264,266	\$ 3,219,471	\$ 44,795		
Sewer Fund Charges for Services Governmental Activities Charges	\$ 3,728,979	\$ 3,721,273	\$ 7,706		
for Services	\$ 1,279,817	\$ 1,020,245	\$ 259,572		
Table Totals	\$ 24,360,733	\$ 23,043,096	\$ 1,317,637		

- In the past the City has funded capital improvements on a year-to-year basis with little planning for future fiscal years. During FY 2012, the City implemented a Mobile Equipment Fund as the funding mechanism for the continuous replacement of the City's aging vehicle fleet. The City has continued to upgrade the technology used in operations and for the improvement of utility services. However, the City still has not put in place a long-term capital budget for the replacement of aging infrastructure. The continued tightening of the City's budget has made the lack of a capital plan a significant issue.
- Illinois statute restricts municipality general obligation debt to less than 8.625% of equalized property value. As most of Mattoon's debt will be retired from revenue sources other than property taxes, the City's general obligation debt is well below the statutory limit.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This section serves as an introduction to the City of Mattoon's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements for the City of Mattoon are comprised of three components:

- government-wide statements,
- fund financial statements, and
- notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The two government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to private-sector business entities. The *Statement of Net Assets* presents information on all of the City of Mattoon's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 16 through 18 of this report.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish those functions of the municipality that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, known as governmental activities, from other functions that are intended to recover all, or a significant portion, of their costs through user fees and services charges, called business-type activities. The governmental activities of the City of Mattoon include general government, public safety, public works, health and welfare, culture and recreation, economic development, capital outlay, and other miscellaneous activities. The business-type activities of the City include the water and sewer utility services.

In addition to these various direct operations of the City, or primary government, the financial statements also include financial information related to legally distinct entities for which the City has financial responsibility and accountability, known as component units. The City of Mattoon's component units include the Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund, Mattoon Police Pension Fund, Mattoon Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Account and the Mattoon Public Library. These entities are described in note 1 following the financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Mattoon, like other governmental entities, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with various finance-related legal requirements. Some funds are required by law, while others are established internally to maintain control over a particular activity. All of the funds of the City of Mattoon can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near term inflows and outflows of current spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources that can be converted to cash and balances available at the end of the fiscal year for future spending. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Governmental funds include the general, special revenue, and capital projects funds. On the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds, the General Fund, Capital Projects Fund and Broadway East Business District Fund are shown as separate columns and data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single column for aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. Reconciliations follow the *Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds* and *Statement of Revenues*, *Expenditures*, and *Changes in Fund Balances-Governmental Funds*. The reconciliations show the adjustments that are needed to convert the governmental funds financial statements to the government-wide *Statement of Net Assets* and *Statement of Activities*.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds maintained by the City of Mattoon are of two different types: enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report those functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for activities that provide supplies and services to the general public. Proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The City's fund financial statements present separate enterprise fund information for the water and sewer utilities. The proprietary fund financial statements begin on page 24 of this report.

Internal service funds are used to account for enterprise-like operations that provide services, on a user fee basis, primarily or exclusively to departmental customers within the governmental entity itself, rather than to external customers. The City of Mattoon uses internal service funds to account for its employee and retiree health and life insurance and to account for the City's general liability, casualty, and workers compensation insurance. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The City does not have any fiduciary funds, but it does include the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and the Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund, both of which are fiduciary type discretely presented component units. Financial information for the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund can be found in the *Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules* on pages 128 through 129 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional detail that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found beginning on page 33 of this report.

Additional Supplementary Information

Following the basic government-wide and fund financial statements and accompanying notes, combining statements are included for the non-major governmental and fiduciary component units.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Assets for the City of Mattoon is summarized in the table below. As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's assets exceeded liabilities by over \$46 million as of April 30, 2012. The majority of these net assets reflect the City's investment in capital assets, including land, land improvements, buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress, net of depreciation and related debt. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	Government	Governmental Activities		pe Activities	Total		
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	
Current & Other Assets	\$17,815,175	\$20,526,870	\$3,086,895	\$3,078,179	\$20,902,070	\$23,605,049	
Capital Assets (net)	\$26,558,069	\$25,691,080	\$38,766,279	\$39,968,696	\$65,324,348	\$65,659,776	
Total Assets	\$44,373,244	\$46,217,950	\$41,853,174	\$43,046,875	\$86,226,418	\$89,264,825	
Current Liabilities	\$5,293,483	\$6,889,309	\$449,798	\$440,913	\$5,743,281	\$7,330,222	
Non-current Liabilities	\$17,357,108	\$17,558,450	\$16,379,729	\$17,939,986	\$33,736,837	\$35,498,436	
Total Liabilities	\$22,650,591	\$24,447,759	\$16,829,527	\$18,380,899	\$39,480,118	\$42,828,658	
Invested in Capital Assets,							
Net of Debt	\$23,633,275	\$21,900,813	\$24,469,647	\$23,966,707	\$48,102,922	\$45,867,520	
Restricted	\$1,964,150	\$2,243,525	\$0	\$0	\$1,964,150	\$2,243,525	
Unrestricted	(\$2,874,772)	(\$2,374,147)	\$554,000	\$699,269	(\$2,320,772)	(\$1,674,878)	
Total Net Assets	\$21,722,653	\$21,770,191	\$25,023,647	\$24,665,976	\$47,746,300	\$46,436,167	
Total Net Assets as a % of Total Liabilities	96%	89%	149%	134%	121%	108%	
Unrestricted Net Assets as a % of Total Liabilities	(12.7%)	(9.7%)	3.3%	3.8%	(5.8%)	(3.9%)	

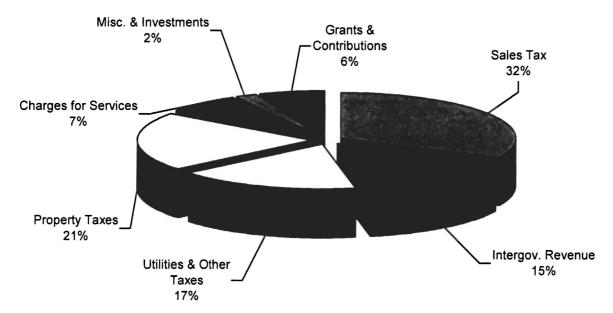
As of April 30, 2012, the Governmental Activities have negative Unrestricted Net Assets of \$2,874,772. This is due to the liabilities. The Business Type Activities have unrestricted net Assets of \$554,000. Overall the City is able to report positive balances in net assets for the governmental activities as well as business-type activities.

An examination of the *Statement of Activities* provides a concise picture of how the various activities of the City are funded. The following table summarizes the City's governmental and business-type activities.

Revenues
Program Revenues Charges for Services Operating Grants & Contr. \$1,279,817 \$1,020,245 \$6,993,245 \$6,940,744 \$8,273,062 \$7,960,989 Operating Grants & Contr. \$461,437 \$193,912 \$0 \$0 \$461,437 \$193,912 \$0 \$0 \$461,437 \$193,912 \$0 \$0 \$461,437 \$193,912 \$0 \$0 \$461,437 \$193,912 \$0 \$0 \$461,437 \$193,912 \$0 \$0 \$461,437 \$193,912 \$0 \$0 \$461,437 \$193,912 \$0 \$0 \$461,437 \$193,912 \$0 \$0 \$461,437 \$193,912 \$0 \$0 \$461,437 \$193,912 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$713,723 \$306,636 \$306,636 \$306,636 \$60 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$10,047,733 \$3,881,483 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$10,047,44 \$10,00 \$0 \$0 \$10,00 \$0 \$0 \$10,00 \$0
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Telecommunication Taxes \$858,897 \$888,673 \$0 \$0 \$858,897 \$888,673 Other Taxes \$1,172,453 \$1,097,500 \$0 \$0 \$1,172,453 \$1,097,500 Intergovernmental Rev. \$2,897,976 \$2,799,684 \$0 \$0 \$2,897,976 \$2,799,684 Investments Income \$25,642 \$43,756 \$8,534 \$40,180 \$34,176 \$83,936 Miscellaneous Income \$324,661 \$346,964 \$0 \$0 \$324,661 \$346,964 Gain (Loss) on Sale of Assets \$24,007 \$15,003 \$809 (\$50,122) \$24,816 (\$35,119) Total Revenue \$18,969,870 \$17,700,555 \$7,022,439 \$6,939,508 \$25,992,309 \$24,640,063 Expenses Program Expenses General Government \$2,194,150 \$1,973,729 \$0 \$0 \$2,194,150 \$1,973,729 Public Safety \$9,789,058 \$9,937,597 \$0 \$0 \$9,789,058 \$9,937,597 Public Works \$3,415,823 \$3,197,986
Other Taxes \$1,172,453 \$1,097,500 \$0 \$0 \$1,172,453 \$1,097,500 Intergovernmental Rev. \$2,897,976 \$2,799,684 \$0 \$0 \$2,897,976 \$2,799,684 Investments Income \$25,642 \$43,756 \$8,534 \$40,180 \$34,176 \$83,936 Miscellaneous Income \$324,661 \$346,964 \$0 \$0 \$324,661 \$346,964 Gain (Loss) on Sale of Assets \$24,007 \$15,003 \$809 (\$50,122) \$24,816 (\$35,119) Total Revenue \$18,969,870 \$17,700,555 \$7,022,439 \$6,939,508 \$25,992,309 \$24,640,063 Expenses Program Expenses General Government \$2,194,150 \$1,973,729 \$0 \$0 \$2,194,150 \$1,973,729 Public Safety \$9,789,058 \$9,937,597 \$0 \$0 \$9,789,058 \$9,937,597 Public Works \$3,415,823 \$3,197,986 \$0 \$0 \$3,415,823 \$3,197,986 Health and Welfare \$184,241 <t< td=""></t<>
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Investments Income
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Gain (Loss) on Sale of Assets \$24,007 \$15,003 \$809 (\$50,122) \$24,816 (\$35,119) Total Revenue \$18,969,870 \$17,700,555 \$7,022,439 \$6,939,508 \$25,992,309 \$24,640,063 Expenses Program Expenses General Government \$2,194,150 \$1,973,729 \$0 \$0 \$2,194,150 \$1,973,729 Public Safety \$9,789,058 \$9,937,597 \$0 \$0 \$9,789,058 \$9,937,597 Public Works \$3,415,823 \$3,197,986 \$0 \$0 \$3,415,823 \$3,197,986 Health and Welfare \$184,241 \$228,228 \$0 \$0 \$184,241 \$228,228 Culture and Recreation \$1,904,984 \$1,693,541 \$0 \$0 \$1,904,984 \$1,693,541 Economic Development \$1,058,898 \$3,596,844 \$0 \$0 \$1,058,898 \$3,596,844
Total Revenue \$18,969,870 \$17,700,555 \$7,022,439 \$6,939,508 \$25,992,309 \$24,640,063 Expenses Program Expenses General Government \$2,194,150 \$1,973,729 \$0 \$0 \$2,194,150 \$1,973,729 Public Safety \$9,789,058 \$9,937,597 \$0 \$0 \$9,789,058 \$9,937,597 Public Works \$3,415,823 \$3,197,986 \$0 \$0 \$3,415,823 \$3,197,986 Health and Welfare \$184,241 \$228,228 \$0 \$0 \$184,241 \$228,228 Culture and Recreation \$1,904,984 \$1,693,541 \$0 \$0 \$1,904,984 \$1,693,541 Economic Development \$1,058,898 \$3,596,844 \$0 \$0 \$1,058,898 \$3,596,844
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Economic Development \$1,058,898 \$3,596,844 \$0 \$0 \$1,058,898 \$3,596,844
ALLEVINE OIL MONE IVIII
Debt \$604,583 \$652,055 \$0 \$0 \$604,583 \$652,055
Water \$0 \$0 \$2,876,024 \$3,304,576 \$2,876,024 \$3,304,576
Sewer \$0 \$0 \$3,649,240 \$3,727,496 \$3,649,240 \$3,727,496
Total Expenses \$19,151,737 \$21,279,980 \$6,525,264 \$7,032,072 \$25,677,001 \$28,312,052
Increase (decrease) in net assets
before transfers (\$181,867) (\$3,579,425) \$497,175 (\$92,564) \$315,308 (\$3,671,989)
Transfers \$139,504 \$137,523 (\$139,504) (\$137,523) \$0 \$0
Changes in Net Assets (\$42,363) (\$3,441,902) \$357,671 (\$230,087) \$315,308 (\$3,671,989)
Net Assets - May I (Restated) \$21,765,016 \$25,212,093 \$24,665,976 \$24,896,063 \$46,430,992 \$50,108,156
Net Assets - April 30 \$21,722,653 \$21,770,191 \$25,023,647 \$24,665,976 \$46,746,300 \$46,436,167

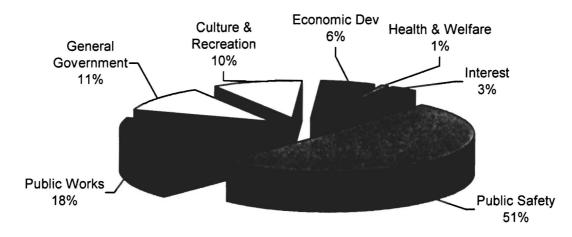
The following chart illustrates how governmental activities are funded. Sales taxes provided thirty-two percent (32%) of the governmental activities revenue. Intergovernmental revenues (state shared taxes) provided fifteen percent (15%) of the governmental activities revenue. Property taxes provided twenty-one percent (21%) of the governmental activities revenue. Utility taxes and other taxes provided seventeen percent (17%) of the governmental activities revenue. Taxes, in one form or another, comprised eighty-five percent (85%) of the governmental activities revenue. The remaining fifteen percent (15%) came from Charges for Services, seven percent (7%), Miscellaneous and Investment Revenue, two percent (2%), and Grants and Contributions, six percent (6%).

Governmental Activities Revenue



The following chart illustrates the expenditures of the governmental activities. Public safety (fire and police protection) comprised fifty-one percent (51%) of the total expenditures of the governmental activities. Public works comprised eighteen percent (18%) of the total expenditures of the governmental activities. General government comprised eleven percent (11%) of the total expenditures of the governmental activities. The remaining twenty percent (20%) came from expenditures for culture and recreation, ten percent (10%), economic development, six percent (6%), interest, three percent (3%), and health & welfare, one percent (1%).

Government Activities Expenses



Business-type activities, water and sewer utilities, depend on charges for services as their primary revenue sources. Approximately ninety-nine percent (99%) of revenues are generated from user charges.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S MAJOR FUNDS

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information regarding near-term inflows, outflows, and spendable resources. Such information can be useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

As of April 30, 2012, the City of Mattoon's *Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds* reported combined ending fund balances of \$10,976,860, a decrease of \$1,038,134 from April 30, 2011. Of the ending fund balances total, \$576,188 is considered nonspendable, \$2,970,357 is restricted, \$4,724,491 is committed, \$93,633 is assigned, and \$2,612,191 is unassigned.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund used to account for the governmental operations of the City of Mattoon. The largest revenue sources for the General Fund are taxes and intergovernmental revenues which account for ninety percent (90%) of revenues. Public safety and public works are the primary operations of the General Fund. Approximately fifty-nine percent (59%) of the General Fund expenditures of \$15.7 million are allocated to the public safety sector. Another thirteen percent (13%) of the General Fund costs are derived from the general governmental expenditures. Approximately eleven percent (11%) of the General Fund's costs are derived from the public works operations.

The General Fund has a fund balance of \$2,867,460, an increase of \$427,925 over the balance as of April 30, 2011. The addition of the Festival Management Fund increased the fund balance of the General Fund by \$139,595. The Capital Projects Fund has a fund balance of \$4,724,491, a decrease of \$914,088 from the balance as of April 30, 2011. The Broadway East Business District Fund ended the year with a balance of \$707,632, a decrease of \$230,527 from the balance of April 30, 2011. The General Fund's unassigned fund balance is available to be applied in a future year's budget to one-time capital projects or to reduce outstanding debt. The Capital Project Funds may be used to fund the City's various infrastructure projects. The majority of the balance is due to a previous bond issuance for capital projects that have yet to be constructed. Those projects to be constructed include the south side detention basin and the Public Works building. The Broadway East Business District's fund balance is generally available to pay for eligible redevelopment costs and expenses related to projects within the district. The majority of the decrease this fiscal year in the balance is due to the payments made on debt for the Cross County Mall redevelopment project.

With regard to the Other Governmental Funds, the Motor Fuel Tax Fund had a total fund balance of \$1,289,023, and the Revolving Loan Fund had a total fund balance of \$991,391. The Motor Fuel Tax Fund fund balance primarily reflects the amounts designated to pay for maintenance of existing streets, resurfacing and construction of new streets. The Revolving Loan Fund fund balance is primarily monies to be pledged for expenditure on loans to assist in the economic development of Mattoon. The remaining special revenue funds included in the Other Governmental Funds column in the balance sheet are the Hotel and Motel Tax Fund, Home Rehabilitation Grant Fund, Midtown TIF District Fund, I-57 East TIF District Fund, South Route 45 Business District Fund, I-57 East Business District Fund, Broadway East TIF District Fund, and the South Route 45 TIF District Fund. These remaining funds have a total fund balance as of April 30, 2012 of \$396,863. The total accumulated fund balances of all the Other Governmental Funds decreased by \$321,444 during

2011-2012. Of this amount, \$139,595 represents the reclassification of the Festival Management Fund to the General Fund.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in greater detail. The detail of the City's proprietary funds can be found from page 24 to page 30. The net assets of the enterprise type proprietary funds at the end of 2012 totaled \$25,023,647, an increase of \$357,671 from the previous year. The Water Fund net assets increased \$392,155 and the Sewer Fund net assets decreased \$34,484.

For the year ended April 30, 2012, revenues in the Water Fund totaled \$3,264,266 (an increase of \$44,795 from 2011), operating expenses totaled \$2,638,233 (a decrease of \$400,644 from 2011) producing operating income of \$626,033 (an increase of \$445,439 from 2011). Non-operating revenues, expenses and transfers netted a decrease of \$233,878, leaving a profit of \$392,155 or increase in the Net Assets of the Water Fund. The City Council began implementing a series of water rate increases May 1, 2010.

For the year ended April 30, 2012, revenues in the Sewer Fund totaled \$3,728,979 (an increase of \$7,706 from 2011), operating expenses totaled \$3,359,221 (a decrease of \$62,373 from 2011) producing operating income of \$369,758 (an increase of \$70,079 from 2011). Non-operating revenues, expenses and transfers netted a decrease of \$404,242, leaving a loss of \$34,484 or decrease in the Net Assets of the Sewer Fund. The Sewer Fund has had series of increases over the last seven years and will continue to have annual increases for the next three years.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Required Supplementary Information section contains the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual for the General Fund on pages 100 and 101. The final 2012 General Fund budget authorized expenditures and other financing uses of \$16,323,388 funded by anticipated revenues and other financing sources of \$16,450,371 leaving the amount of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses of \$126,983. The actual amount of expenditures and other financing uses under revenues and other financing sources was \$181,056, a positive budget to actual variance of \$54,073. The budget to actual figures from the General Fund can be found on page 100 through 101.

The major budget variances with regard to General Fund revenues are as follows. Taxes had a negative variance of \$154,984. This amount is mostly from the Utility Tax received from Ameren. The largest variance in General Fund revenues was from Intergovernmental revenue. Intergovernmental revenues exceeded the budgeted amount by \$266,494. The total variance is largely made up of variances of (\$50,471) from Personal Property Replacement Taxes, \$99,137 from Income Tax, \$30,812 from Use Tax, \$98,594 from Sales Taxes, and \$86,251 from federal and state grants. The variance in Income Taxes is the result of the State of Illinois catching up on its fiscal responsibilities to Illinois' municipalities. The variances in Use Tax and Sales Taxes are the result of the improving economy and the conservative estimates used to formulate the budget. General Fund expenditures had an overall negative variance of \$122,240. The total variance is made up of a negative variance in General Government of \$248,796, which is mainly due to higher health

insurance costs, a positive variance in Public Safety of \$234,093, a positive variance in Public Works of \$215,747, and a negative variance of \$122,163 for Culture and Recreation.

BROADWAY EAST BUSINESS DISTRICT FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Broadway East Business District Fund budget to actual variance for the year ended April 30, 2012 was a negative \$238,714. The reason for this variance is the grant from the business district to Cross County Mall under the redevelopment agreement for the improvements to the Cross County Mall. The City neglected to budget this amount for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2012.

The Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual for each of the Non-major Governmental Funds can be found in the Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules, beginning on page 113.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT

Capital Assets

In accordance with the implementation requirements of GASB No. 34, the City has recorded historical costs and depreciation expense associated with all of its capital assets. In accordance with the implementation requirements of GASB No. 34, the historical costs and depreciation expenses associated with all City infrastructure is reported in the financial statements for the period ending on April 30, 2012. As summarized in the table below, the City's reported investment in capital assets for governmental and business-type activities as of April 30, 2012 totaled \$150.1 million. Forty-six percent (46%) of this total cost was related to the business-type activities, with the City's sewer collection and treatment system and water distribution system comprising the most significant component. The governmental activities comprised approximately fifty-four percent (54%) of the total, with the most significant portion being the infrastructure (roads, bridges and sidewalks) of the City.

Total accumulated depreciation was calculated to be approximately \$84.8 million, or fifty-seven percent (57%) of the historical asset cost. Net of accumulated depreciation, the City's investment in capital assets is \$65.3 million.

City of Mattoon, Illinois
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation
April 30, 2012

Classification	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total		
Land	\$ 3,199,747	\$ 587,155 \$ 12,903,657	\$ 3,786,902		
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 7,203,086		\$ 20,106,743		
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	\$ 6,054,272 \$ 921,474	\$ 3,393,748	\$ 9,448,020		
Improvements other than buildings		\$ 213,861	\$ 1,135,335		
Infrastructure	\$ 59,476,423	\$ -	\$ 59,476,423		
Treat. collect. and distrib. systems	\$ -	\$ 51,250,794	\$ 51,250,794		
Construction in Progress	\$ 4,446,159	\$ 506,783	\$ 4,952,942		
Subtotal	\$ 81,301,161	\$ 68,855,998	\$150,157,159		
Less Accumulated Depreciation	\$(54,743,092)	\$ (30,089,718)	\$ (84,832,810)		
Total \$ 26,558,069		\$ 38,766,280	\$ 65,324,349		

Long-Term Liabilities

On April 30, 2012, the City of Mattoon had \$33,677,559 of long-term liabilities outstanding (a decrease of \$1,820,877 from April 30, 2011), as summarized in the following table:

City of Mattoon, Illinois
General Obligation Bonds, Notes Outstanding and Other Long-Term Liabilities
April 30, 2012

Classification	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 11,251,126	\$ 4,325,322	\$ 15,576,448
Notes Payable	\$ 1,477,367	\$ 10,934,714	\$ 12,412,081
Capital Leases	\$ 493,098	\$ 0	\$ 493,098
Compensated Absences	\$ 594,336	\$ 178,276	\$ 772,612
Post-Employment Healthcare	\$ 3,541,181	\$ 882,139	\$ 4,423,320
Total	\$ 17,357,108	\$ 16,320,451	\$ 33,677,559

During the year ended April 30, 2012 the City issued \$2,300,000 in new debt. This new debt was used to advance refund \$2,290,000 of general obligation bonds carrying a higher rate of interest. The other existing liabilities decreased by \$2,241,831 over April 30, 2011 and the Post-Employment Healthcare Benefits liabilities increased \$1,127,249 during this fiscal year. Detailed information regarding specific debt can be found in notes 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15 beginning on page 67.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. The City of Mattoon provides the Financial Statements on our web page (www.mattoonillinois.org). If anyone has any questions about this report or needs additional financial information about the City of Mattoon, please contact the Finance Department at 208 North 19th Street, Mattoon, Illinois, 61938. Finance Department staff can also be reached at (217) 235-5483.



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS April 30, 2012

	Primary Government				C	Component Unit		
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total		Mattoon Public Library	
ASSETS:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,734,988	\$	2,533,078	\$	11,268,066	\$	32,082
Investments, at fair value								5,628
Receivables		7,736,964		328,888		8,065,852		19,028
Internal balances		8,067		(8,067)				
Due from primary government								1,920
Due from component units		95,831				95,831		
Prepaid items		162,669		6,250		168,919		19,475
Long-term receivables		414,552				414,552		
Advances to component units		84,522				84,522		
Restricted assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents		277,709		119,700		397,409		
Certificates of deposit		8,583				8,583		
Investments, at fair value								25,000
Deferred bond issue expense		230,638		107,046		337,684		
Cemetery development		60,652				60,652		
Capital assets (net of accumulated		,				•		
depreciation):								
Land		3,199,747		587,155		3,786,902		
Buildings and		, ,		,		•		
building improvements		4,682,517		8,208,093		12,890,610		1,931,576
Improvements other than		,- ,-		.,,		,,		, ,
buildings		846,929		76,684		923,613		
Treatment, collection and		- · · · · · · · ·		,		,		
distribution systems				27,992,749		27,992,749		
Infrastructure		12,794,904				12,794,904		
Equipment, furniture and vehicles		587,813		1,394,815		1,982,628		4,604
Construction in progress		4,446,159		506,783		4,952,942		
F0.	-	.,,		,,,,,,,,,		.,,		
Total assets	\$	44,373,244	<u>\$</u>	41,853,174	\$	86,226,418	\$	2,039,313

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (CONTINUED) April 30, 2012

		Pr		_	Component Unit			
		overnmental Activities		usiness-type Activities	Total		Mattoon Public Library	
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable	\$	380,525	\$	96,731	\$	477,256	\$	8,47 1
Payroll liabilities payable		266,078		86,767		352,845		802
Other accrued expenses		235,779		146,600		382,379		3,583
Due to primary government								25,406
Due to component units		31,545				31,545		
Deferred revenue		4,373,477				4,373,477		
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:								
Other payables		6,079		119,700		125,779		
Advances from primary government								84,522
Non-current liabilities:								·
Due within one year		1,088,433		1,929,287		3,017,720		9,250
Due in more than one year		16,268,675		14,450,442		30,719,117		36,998
Total liabilities		22,650,591		16,829,527		39,480,118	-	169,032
NET ASSETS:								
Invested in capital assets, net of								
related debt		22,633,275		24,469,647		47,102,922		1,857,042
Restricted for:								
Public safety		35,517				35,517		
Highways and streets		1,289,023				1,289,023		
Culture and recreation		99,052				99,052		
Economic development		296,348				296,348		**
Cemetery maintenance		244,210				244,210		
Permanent endowment:								
Nonexpendable								25,000
Unrestricted		(2,874,772)		554,000		(2,320,772)		(11,761)
Total net assets	_\$_	21,722,653	_\$_	25,023,647	_\$	46,746,300	_\$	1,870,281

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended April 30, 2012

			Program Revenues		Net (Assets		
						Primary Governmen		Component Unit
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Mattoon Public
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS:								
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:			_	_		_		
General government	\$ 2,194,150	\$ 212,785	s -	s -	\$ (1,981,365)	\$	\$ (1,981,365)	
Public safety	9,789,058	555,263	149,452	((2.771	(9,084,343)		(9,084,343)	
Public works	3,415,823	81,711	12,763	663,771	(2,657,578)		(2,657,578)	
Health and welfare	184,241	92,769		20.101	(91,472)		(91,472)	
Culture and recreation	1,904,984	337,289	11,300	30,101	(1,526,294)		(1,526,294)	
Economic development	1,058,898 604,583	-	287,922	-	(770,976)		(770,976)	
Interest on long-term debt	004,383	-	-		(604,583)		(604,583)	
Total governmental activities	19,151,737	1,279,817	461,437	693,872	(16,716,611)		(16,716,611)	
Business-type activities:								
Water	2,876,024	3,264,266	-	19,851	-	408,093	408,093	
Sewer	3,649,240	3,728,979		-		79,739	79,739	
Total business-type activities	6,525,264	6,993,245		19,851		487,832	487,832	
Total primary government	\$ 25,677,001	\$ 8,273,062	\$ 461,437	\$ 713,723	(16,716,611)	487,832	(16,228,779)	
Component Unit:								
Mattoon Public Library	\$ 723,093	\$ 14,963	\$ 185,749	\$ 65,310				\$ (457,071)
	General revenues							
	Property taxes				3,737,627		3,737,627	
	TIF property t				297,106	***	297,106	
	Telecommuni				858,897	•••	858,897	
	Utility taxes				1,216,242		1,216,242	
	Business distr	ict taxes			361,703	-	361,703	
	Other taxes				810,750		810,750	
	Payments from	n primary governmen	nt					471,205
	Sales taxes				5,980,133		5,980,133	
	Income and us	se taxes			1,842,905		1,842,905	
	Other intergov	ernmental revenues			1,055,071		1,055,071	
	Investment in	come			25,642	8,534	34,176	278
	Miscellaneous	income			324,661	-	324,661	4,311
		of capital assets			24,007	809	24,816	
	Transfers				139,504	(139,504)		
		ral revenues and tran	sfers		16,674,248	(130,161)	16,544,087	475,794
		in net assets			(42,363)	357,671	315,308	18,723
	Net assets, begin				21,770,191	24,665,976	46,436,167	1,846,383
	Prior period adjus				\$ 21,722,653	\$ 25,023,647	(5,175)	5,175 \$ 1,870,281
	Net assets, end of	year			3 21,722,053	\$ 25,023,647	\$ 46,746,300	\$ 1,870,281

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS April 30, 2012

	Gener Fund			Capital Projects Fund	Eas	roadway st Business strict Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Totals
ASSETS:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,133	-	\$	4,537,651	\$	663,415	\$	2,108,415	\$ 8,443,021
Receivables	6,980					63,519		662,214	7,706,690
Due from other funds		,200		251,913				6,424	260,537
Due from component units	95	,831							95,831
Prepaid items	16	,463							16,463
Long-term receivables								414,552	414,552
Advances to component unit	84	,522							84,522
Cemetery development	60	,652							60,652
Restricted assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	271	,144							271,144
Certificates of deposit	8	,583							8,583
•									
Total assets	\$ 8,653	,892	\$	4,789,564	\$	726,934	\$	3,191,605	\$ 17,361,995
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$ 101	,034	\$	65,073	\$		\$	40,213	\$ 206,320
Payroll liabilities payable	263	,221						2,857	266,078
Due to other funds	399	,982						3,574	403,556
Due to component units	29	,625							29,625
Deferred revenue	4,992	,570				19,302		467,684	5,479,556
Total liabilities	5,786	,432	•	65,073		19,302		514,328	 6,385,135
Fund balances, restated: Reserved for:									
Nonspendable	161	636						414,552	576,188
Restricted						707,632		2,262,725	2,970,357
Committed				4,724,491		·			4,724,491
Assigned	93.	633							93,633
Unassigned	2,612								2,612,191
Total fund balances	2,867	460		4,724,491		707,632	***************************************	2,677,277	10,976,860
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 8,653.	892	<u>\$</u>	4,789,564	\$	726,934	\$	3,191,605	\$ 17,361,995

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES April 30, 2012

Total fund balances, governmental funds	\$	10,976,860
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, not reported in the funds.		26,558,069
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		1,106,079
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		443,894
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(17,362,249)
Net assets of governmental activities	_\$_	21,722,653

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the year ended April 30, 2012

				Capital	Eas	roadway at Business	Go	Other overnmental		
	G	eneral Fund	Pr	ojects Fund	Dis	trict Fund	***************************************	Funds		Totals
Revenues:										
Taxes	\$	6,303,587	\$			313,898	\$	639,793	\$	7,257,278
Licenses and permits		202,777								202,777
Intergovernmental revenues		8,545,807		494,732				837,166		9,877,705
Charges for services		916,891								916,891
Fines and forfeitures		135,988								135,988
Investment income		4,844		3,301		634		16,863		25,642
Contributions and miscellaneous										
revenues		315,356		265,067				12,634		593,057
Total revenues		16,425,250		763,100	-	314,532		1,506,456		19,009,338
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government		2,051,197		3,552						2,054,749
Public safety		9,193,972		7,505						9,201,477
Public works		1,654,316		70,993				631,424		2,356,733
Health and welfare		169,987								169,987
Culture and recreation		1,493,710		5,202				281,586		1,780,498
Economic development		159,481				216,318		683,099		1,058,898
Capital outlay		231,830		2,036,216						2,268,046
Debt service:										
Principal		621,460		230,000		130,000		21,220		1,002,680
Interest and fiscal charges		134,675		216,748		198,741		39,396		589,560
Total expenditures	\$	15,710,628	\$	2,570,216	\$	545,059	\$	1,656,725	\$ 2	20,482,628

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the year ended April 30, 2012

	Ge	Capital Feneral Fund Projects Fun		•	Broadway East Business District Fund			Other evernmental Funds		Totals
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	•	714 (22	•	(1.907.116)	•	(220 527)	_	(150.2(0)	_	(1.472.200)
over (under) expenditures	\$	714,622	\$	(1,807,116)	\$	(230,527)	<u>2</u>	(150,269)	\$	(1,473,290)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers in		177,004		893,028				5,920		1,075,952
Transfers out		(898,948)						(37,500)		(936,448)
Proceeds from sale of assets		188,378				**				188,378
Total other financing sources (uses)		(533,566)		893,028			-	(31,580)	_	327,882
Net change in fund balances		181,056		(914,088)		(230,527)		(181,849)		(1,145,408)
Fund balances, beginning of year		2,579,130		5,638,579		938,159		2,859,126		12,014,994
Prior period adjustment		107,274							_	107,274
Fund balances, end of year	\$	2,867,460	\$	4,724,491	\$	707,632	\$	2,677,277	\$	10,976,860

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended April 30, 2012

Net changes in fund balances, governmental funds	\$ (1,145,408)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by	
which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.	1,001,259
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales and donations) is to decrease net assets.	(134,270)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds and some amounts reported as revenues in the funds were reported as revenues on the statement of activities in the prior year. This is the net effect of these differences in revenue recognition.	(93,575)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued; whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	1,002,680
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	 (673,049)
Changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (42,363)

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS April 30, 2012

		se Funds	Governmenta Activities				
		Vater Fund	Sewer Fund		Totals	Inte	ernal Service Funds
ASSETS:							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	615,807	\$ 1,917,271	\$	2,533,078	\$	291,967
Receivables		144,657	184,231		328,888		30,274
Due from other funds							151,086
Prepaid items			 6,250		6,250		146,206
Total current assets		760,464	2,107,752		2,868,216		619,533
Noncurrent assets:							
Restricted assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents		119,700	••		119,700		6,565
Deferred bond issue expense		74,191	32,855		107,046		**
Capital assets:							
Land		378,724	208,431		587,155		
Buildings and building							
improvements		12,059,614	844,043		12,903,657		
Improvements other than buildings		202,859	11,002		213,861		
Treatment, collection and							
distribution systems		12,811,350	38,439,444		51,250,794		
Equipment, furniture and vehicles		1,761,604	1,632,143		3,393,747		
Construction in progress		88,625	418,158		506,783		
Less accumulated depreciation	***************************************	(10,395,189)	 (19,694,529)		(30,089,718)		
Total noncurrent assets	-	17,101,478	 21,891,547		38,993,025		6,565
Total assets	\$	17,861,942	\$ 23,999,299	<u>\$</u>	41,861,241	\$	626,098

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS April 30, 2012

	Business-	type A	ctivities - Ente	rpri	se Funds	G	overnmental Activities
	Water Fund		Sewer Fund		Total <u>s</u>	Int	ernal Service Funds
LIABILITIES:							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ 50,55	9 \$	46,172	\$	96,731	\$	174,205
Payroll liabilities payable	38,44	6	48,321		86,767		
Accrued interest	73,00	0	73,600		146,600		
Due to other funds	3,72	4	4,343		8,067		
Due to component units	-	-					1,920
Compensated absences payable - current	22,53	4	13,121		35,655		
General obligation bonds - current	545,00	0	330,000		875,000		
Notes payable - current	487,91	2	530,720		1,018,632		**
Payable from restricted assets:							
Other payables	119,70	0			119,700		6,079
Total current liabilities	1,340,87	5	1,046,277		2,387,152		182,204
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Long-term debt payable:							
General obligation bonds payable							
(net of unamortized discounts							
and premiums and deferred							
amount on refunding)	1,678,88	5	1,830,715		3,509,600		
Notes payable	3,832,41:		6,083,668		9,916,083		
Compensated absences payable	90,13	7	52,483		142,620		
Post-employment healthcare benefits obligation	434,83	1	447,308		882,139		
Total noncurrent liabilities	6,036,26	8	8,414,174		14,450,442	-	
Total liabilities	7,377,143	3	9,460,451		16,837,594		182,204
NET ASSETS:							
Invested in capital assets, net							
of related debt	10,953,13	7	13,516,510		24,469,647		
Unrestricted	(468,33		1,022,338		554,000		443,894
Total net assets	\$ 10,484,799	9 \$	14,538,848	\$	25,023,647	\$	443,894

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the year ended April 30, 2012

	-	Business-typ	- G	Activities Internal				
		Vater Fund	_ <u>s</u>	ewer Fund		Totals		ervice Funds
Operating revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	3,264,266	\$	3,728,979	\$	6,993,245	\$	
Fund charges and employee								
contributions								3,670,407
Insurance reimbursements								19,903
Operating grants								12,700
Miscellaneous operating revenues					-			69,497
Total operating revenue		3,264,266		3,728,979		6,993,245		3,772,507
Operating expenses:								
Reservoirs and sources of supply		32,376				32,376		
Water treatment plant		835,950				835,950		
Water distribution		358,792				358,792		
Sewer collection system				416,483		416,483		
Sewer lift stations				51,394		51,394		
Wastewater treatment plant				943,896		943,896		
Accounting and collection		300,162		307,829		607,991		
Administrative and general		480,991		579,713		1,060,704		188,352
Insurance								974,593
Health claims and uninsured judgments								2,613,142
Depreciation		629,962		1,059,906		1,689,868		
Total operating expenses		2,638,233		3,359,221		5,997,454		3,776,087
Operating income (loss)	\$	626,033	\$	369,758	\$	995,791	\$	(3,580)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the year ended April 30, 2012

		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds								
		Vater Fund	Sewer Fund Totals		Totals	Se	Internal rvice Funds			
Non-operating revenues										
(expenses):										
Investment income	\$	3,668	\$	4,866	\$	8,534	\$	3,580		
Capital grant revenue		19,851				19,851				
Interest expense		(227,584)		(283,977)		(511,561)				
Gain (loss) on sale of										
capital assets		28,785		(27,976)		809				
Bond issuance costs		(10,207)		(6,042)		(16,249)				
Total non-operating										
revenues (expenses)	*********	(185,487)		(313,129)		(498,616)		3,580		
Income before transfers		440,546		56,629		497,175				
Transfers out		(48,391)		(91,113)		(139,504)				
Change in net assets		392,155		(34,484)		357,671				
Net assets, beginning of year		10,092,644		14,573,332		24,665,976		443,894		
Net assets, end of year	\$	10,484,799	\$	14,538,848	\$	25,023,647	\$	443,894		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the year ended April 30, 2012

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					Governmental Activities		
							Int	ernal Service
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		Water Fund		Sewer Fund		Totals		Funds
Receipts from customers and								
users	\$	3,288,653	\$	3,772,219	\$	7,060,872	\$	
Receipts from interfund services	•	-,,	•	-,,	•	.,	•	
provided								3,204,554
Receipts from component units								47,948
Receipts from employees and								•
retirees								493,935
Payments to employees		(745,920)		(868,462)		(1,614,382)		
Payments to suppliers		(830,836)		(877,478)		(1,708,314)		(1,186,594)
Payments to claimants								(2,610,806)
Payments for interfund services used		(321,646)		(403,670)		(725,316)		
Operating grants								12,700
Other receipts						# # ·		94,353
Net cash provided by								
operating activities		1,390,251		1,622,609		3,012,860		56,090
CASH FLOWS FOR NONCAPITAL FINANCING								
ACTIVITIES:								
Transfers out	-	(48,391)		(91,113)		(139,504)		
Net cash used for								
noncapital financing activities		(48,391)		(91,113)		(139,504)		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED								
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Purchases of capital assets		(161,968)		(353,858)		(515,826)		
Proceeds from capital grants		4,458		3,763		8,221		
Proceeds from issuance of debt		2,292,394				2,292,394		
Principal payments on debt		(3,286,094)		(838,461)		(4,124,555)		
Interest and fiscal charges		(225,386)		(282,930)		(508,316)		
Proceeds from sale of assets		28,785		400		29,185		
Net cash used for capital and								
related financing activities	\$	(1,347,811)	\$	(1,471,086)	<u>\$</u>	(2,818,897)	\$	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the year ended April 30, 2012

		Business-ty	pe A	activities - Ente	rpri	se Funds		vernmental Activities
	W	ater Fund		Sewer Fund		Totals	Inte	ernal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			. ——					
Investment income received (net of	_							
expense)	\$	3,668	\$	4,866	\$	8,534	\$	3,580
Proceeds from the maturities of investments		363,984		426,712		790,696		
investments		303,904		420,712	_	790,090		
Net cash provided by investing								
activities		367,652		431,578		799,230		3,580
Net increase in cash		361,701		491,988		853,689		59,670
Cash, restricted and unrestricted,								
beginning of year		373,806		1,425,283		1,799,089		238,862
Cash, restricted and unrestricted,								
end of year	\$	735,507	\$	1,917,271	<u>\$</u>	2,652,778	\$	298,532
PER STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETAI	RY FUI	NDS						
ASSETS:								
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	615,807	\$	1,917,271	\$	2,533,078	\$	291,967
Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents		119,700				119,700		6,565
	\$	735,507	\$	1,917,271	\$	2,652,778	\$	298,532

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the year ended April 30, 2012

		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds			Governmental Activities		
		Vater Fund		ewer Fund		Totals	Internal vice Funds
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:							
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	626,033	\$	369,758	\$	995,791	\$ (3,580)
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in		629,962		1,059,906		1,689,868	
receivables (Increase) decrease in due		25,407		43,240		68,647	(8,039)
from other funds (Increase) decrease in		5,318		8,301		13,619	91,038
prepaid items Increase (decrease) in							(17,384)
accounts payable Increase (decrease) in payroll		6,078		22,172		28,250	6,500
liabilities payable Increase (decrease) in due to		6,135		4,321		10,456	
other funds Increase (decrease) in due to		(12,662)		(13,902)		(26,564)	(13,644)
component units Increase (decrease) in compensated absences							(1,364)
payable Increase (decrease) in meter		9,320		9,699		19,019	
deposits payable Increase (decrease) in other post-employment benefits		(1,021)				(1,021)	
payable Increase (decrease) in other		95,681		119,114		214,795	
payables	-			**			 2,563
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,390,251	\$	1,622,609	\$	3,012,860	\$ 56,090

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY COMPONENT UNITS April 30, 2012

	Pension
	Component
	Units
ASSETS:	
Cash	\$ 3,679,845
Interest receivable	107,219
Purchased interest	2,123
Due from primary government	29,625
Investments, at fair value:	
U.S. government obligations	9,962,151
Insurance contracts	15,914,108
Certificates of deposit	175,406
Total investments	26,051,665
Total assets	29,870,477
LIABILITIES:	
Accounts payable	1,649
Pensions payable	170,607
Due to primary government	70,425
Total liabilities	242,681
NET ASSETS:	
Held in trust for pension benefits (a schedule of funding progress is presented on pages 98-99)	\$ 29,627,796
- - ,	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY COMPONENT UNITS For the year ended April 30, 2012

	Pension Component Units
Additions:	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 2,375,312
Plan members	414,443
Total contributions	2,789,755
Investment income:	
Interest income	576,387
Net increase in fair value of investments	491,882
Net investment income	1,068,269
Total additions	3,858,024
Deductions:	
Benefits and refunds of contributions	3,672,296
Administrative expenses	27,728
Total deductions	3,700,024
Change in net assets	158,000
Net assets held in trust, beginning of year	29,469,796
Net assets held in trust, end of year	\$ 29,627,796



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Mattoon, Illinois, operates under an elected Commission form of government. The City's major operations include public safety, public works, recreation and parks, and general administrative services. In addition, the City owns and operates two major enterprise activities, a water plant and local sewer system.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 14 and 39, financial accountability was determined on the basis of authoritative appointments of a voting majority of the potential component unit's board, imposition of its will on the potential component unit, the existence of a financial benefit or burden, fiscal dependency, and the designation of management. Entities may also be part of the financial reporting entity if their inclusion is necessary to prevent the financial statements from being misleading or incomplete or if the entities are closely related to or financially integrated with the primary government. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations, so data from these units would be combined with data of the City. Each discretely presented component unit is usually reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government. However, discretely presented component units that are fiduciary in nature are reported separately in statements relating to fiduciary net assets. Separate financial statements are not issued for the individual component units listed below.

Blended component unit – The Mattoon Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Account is governed by the 2% Foreign Fire Board. The Mattoon Foreign Fire Insurance Account is treated as a blended component unit because its sole purpose is to account for monies received from the Illinois Municipal League to the City's firefighters to purchase equipment and supplies. The entity is reported as part of the General Fund.

Discretely presented component units – The Mattoon Public Library (Library) serves all of the citizens of the city and is governed by a board appointed by the City Council. The City is liable for general obligation bonds issued for construction and improvements of the Library. The Library is reported as a governmental fund type component unit. The Mattoon Police Pension Fund and the Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund are responsible for funding pensions for their respective members. Because their sole purpose is to provide pension funding for the City's police officers and firefighters, the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and the Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund are treated as discretely presented component units. Since they are fiduciary in nature, these component units are presented in fiduciary net asset statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. However, transactions among City funds that would be treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to City government are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses in the funds involved. Therefore, charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government are included since elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities, including capital assets. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Financial Statement Presentation

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance/net assets, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are reported as follows:

Governmental Funds

The City of Mattoon reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund – This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Broadway East Business District Fund – This Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for implementation of the Broadway East Business District Plan and Project, including all sales and hotel/motel tax revenues received from the State of Illinois and City of Mattoon allocable to the operation of the Broadway East Business District Fund as required by the Business District Development and Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/1-74.3-1 et. seq.).

The City of Mattoon reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Included among these funds are:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (CONTINUED)

C. Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental funds (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

Motor Fuel Tax Fund – This fund is used to account for the revenue and expenditures related to projects financed by the motor fuel tax funds collected and distributed by the State of Illinois.

Hotel and Motel Tax Fund – This fund is used to account for the collection of a 5% room occupancy tax.

Home Rehabilitation Grant Fund – This fund is used to account for housing grants and related expenditures.

Revolving Loan Fund – This fund is used to account for loans provided to businesses to promote economic development.

Midtown TIF District Fund – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for implementation of the Mattoon Midtown Redevelopment Plan and Project, including all property tax increment revenues received from Coles County allocable to the operation of the Mattoon Midtown Tax Increment District as required by the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11 - 74.4-3 et seq.).

I-57 East TIF District Fund – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for implementation of the I-57 East Redevelopment Plan and Project, including all property tax increment revenues received from Coles County allocable to the operation of the I-57 East Tax Increment District as required by the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3 et. seq.).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (CONTINUED)

C. Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

South Rt 45 Business District Fund – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for implementation of the South Rt 45 Business District Plan, including all sales tax and hotel/motel tax revenues received from the State of Illinois and City of Mattoon allocable to the operation of the South Rt 45 Business District Fund as required by the Business District Development and Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/1-74.3-1 et. seq.).

I-57 East Business District Fund – This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for implementation of the I-57 East Business District Plan and Project, including all sales and hotel/motel tax revenues received from the State of Illinois and City of Mattoon allocable to the operation of the I-57 East Business District Fund as required by the Business District Development and Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/1-74.3-1 et. seq.).

Broadway East TIF District Fund – This fund is used to account for the revenue and expenditures for implementation of the Broadway East Redevelopment Plan and Project, including all property tax increment revenues received from Coles County allocable to the operation of the Broadway East Tax Increment District as required by the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3 et. seq.).

South Rt 45 TIF District Fund – This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for implementation of the South Rt. 45 Redevelopment Plan and Project, including all property tax increment revenues received from Coles County allocable to the operation of the South Rt. 45 Tax Increment District as required by the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3 et. seq.).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Proprietary Funds

The City of Mattoon reports the following major proprietary funds:

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Water Fund – This fund is used to account for the activities of the government's water distribution system.

Sewer Fund – This fund is used to account for the activities of the government's sewage treatment plant, sewage pumping stations and collection systems.

The City of Mattoon reports the following nonmajor proprietary funds:

Internal Service Funds – Internal Service Funds are used to account for financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the governmental unit, or other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Health Insurance Fund – This fund is used to account for employee and retiree health insurance.

Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund – This fund is used to account for the insurance premiums paid by the City.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (CONTINUED)

C. Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Other Fund Types

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a custodial capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The City does not have any fiduciary funds, but it does include the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and the Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund, both of which are fiduciary type discretely presented component units.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The City's records are generally maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The basis of accounting used in the preparation of the basic financial statements is described in the following paragraphs.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. In the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for the proprietary funds, the City has elected to not apply FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers revenues to be available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (CONTINUED)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Revenues susceptible to accrual are recognized in the current fiscal period. Those revenues include property taxes, franchise fees, interest, and various taxes collected by the state or other party on behalf of the government. In general, other revenues, such as charges for services and miscellaneous revenues, are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received. Deferred revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria or when resources are received prior to the government having a legal claim to them. The revenues are subsequently recognized when both recognition criteria are met or when the government has legal claim to the resources.

Property taxes are levied no later than the last Tuesday of December. These taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the calendar year that the levy ordinance was enacted. The taxes are payable by property owners in two equal installments. The first installment is due 30 days after the bills are mailed, while the second payment is due around September 1. The Coles County Treasurer distributed the 2010 tax extension to the City on June 24, 2011, August 26, 2011, September 30, 2011, and November 18, 2011. The City Council adopted the 2011 tax levy (receivable in calendar year 2012) on December 6, 2011. For governmental fund financial statements, the 2011 property tax levy is deferred since this amount is normally not collected within the time period to be available (defined as within 60 days). The 2011 property tax levy is also deferred in the government-wide statements, since the levy is intended to finance fiscal year 2012 expenditures. Property tax revenues recorded in these financial statements are from the 2010 and prior tax levies.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water enterprise fund, the Sewer enterprise fund, and the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The City considers cash on hand, checking accounts, savings accounts, money market funds, and investments held with an original maturity date of less than three months to be cash and cash equivalents. The City maintains a cash pool for use by most funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is included in the financial statements as cash and cash equivalents. Investments of the City, as well as its component units, are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Unrealized gains or losses from the appreciation or depreciation in fair value of investments in the Firefighters Pension Fund and Police Pension Fund are reported as "net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments."

Statutes authorize the City and the Library to invest in obligations of the United States of America and its agencies, direct obligations of any bank or savings and loan association that is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, short term obligations of corporations subject to certain qualifications, money market mutual funds whose portfolios are limited to governmental securities and obligations, the Illinois Funds Money Market Fund, and bonds of any county, township, city, village, incorporated town, municipal corporation, or school district, subject to certain qualifications.

Statutes authorize the Police and Firefighters Pension component units to invest in obligations of the United States of America and its agencies, bonds of the State of Illinois, bonds of any county, township or municipal corporation of the State of Illinois, Illinois Funds Money Market Fund, money market mutual funds under the Investment Company Act of 1940 subject to certain restrictions, general accounts of life insurance companies authorized to transact business in Illinois, separate accounts managed by life insurance companies subject to certain qualifications, and mutual funds meeting certain requirements. Through an appointed investment adviser, the Pension component units can also invest in common and preferred stocks, subject to certain requirements. Furthermore, investments may be made in banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions covered by depository insurance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" for the current portion of interfund loans or "advances to/from other funds" for the noncurrent portion of interfund loans. All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not expendable available financial resources.

Receivables have been adjusted for all known uncollectible accounts. No allowance for uncollectibles is considered necessary at year-end.

3. <u>Inventories and Prepaid Items</u>

It has been the policy of the Water and Sewer Funds to charge all materials, chemicals, repair parts, and supplies directly to expense at the time they are purchased. Therefore, no inventory is included in these funds. Inventories of governmental funds are considered immaterial at year-end.

Certain payments reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements. Land, buildings, furniture, equipment, and vehicles are included at estimated historical cost on various dates prior to December 7, 1971. Property purchased subsequent to that date is valued at historical cost. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

4. Capital Assets (Continued)

The City has adopted an ordinance establishing capitalization thresholds for different classes of capital assets. The capitalization thresholds are as follows:

Property Property		<u>hreshold</u>		
Land	\$	5,000		
Buildings and improvements	\$	50,000		
Infrastructure	\$	50,000		
Equipment and vehicles	\$	10,000		
Software	\$	10,000		

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. During the year, no interest was capitalized.

Depreciation has been reported using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. Land is not depreciated. The estimated useful lives for each capital asset type are as follows:

Property	Years
Buildings and building improvements	50
Improvements other than buildings	20
Infrastructure:	
Sidewalks and bike paths	15
Streets, curbs and gutters	20
Traffic signals	25
Bridges and storm sewers	50
Radio-read water meter equipment	10
Equipment and vehicles	5
Software	2

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

5. Compensated Absences Payable

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits to specified maximums. Upon separation from service, employees are eligible to receive only a portion of accumulated time. Such amounts are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. For governmental funds and the governmental component unit, the amount of compensated absences payable from available resources is recorded only when due for payment, such as when an employee retires or resigns.

6. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns or proprietary fund statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method, as the differences between the straight line method and the effective interest method are considered immaterial. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

7. Fund Balances

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is the difference between assets and liabilities in a governmental fund. The following types of fund balances may be presented in the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds, Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds, and Balance Sheet – Governmental Component Unit (Mattoon Public Library):

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of a governmental fund's fund balance that is not available to be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The General Fund, Revolving Loan Fund, and Governmental Component Unit (Mattoon Public Library) present nonspendable fund balances.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of a governmental fund's fund balance that is subject to constraints either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The following funds present fund balances that are restricted: Broadway East Business District Fund, Motor Fuel Tax Fund, Hotel and Motel Tax Fund, Home Rehabilitation Grant Fund, Revolving Loan Fund, Midtown TIF District Fund, I-57 East TIF District Fund, Broadway East TIF District Fund, and South Rt 45 TIF District Fund.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of a governmental fund's fund balance with self-imposed constraints or limitations that have been imposed by action of the government's highest level of decision-making. The Capital Projects Fund presents a committed fund balance.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of a governmental fund's fund balance denoting a government's intended use of resources. The General Fund presents an assigned fund balance.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The portion of a governmental fund's fund balance that is not designated for a specific purpose. The General Fund presents an unassigned fund balance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

8. Net Assets

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets are displayed in three categories:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt - Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less outstanding principal of related debt.

Restricted net assets – Consists of net assets with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, granters, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets – All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

The governmental activities column on the statement of net assets reports \$1,964,150 of restricted net assets, of which \$99,052 is restricted by enabling legislation.

The discretely presented component unit, the Mattoon Public Library, has permanently restricted net assets with unrestricted investment earnings.

It is the City's policy to first apply restricted resources when an expenditure or expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. New Accounting Pronouncement

In 2012, the City of Mattoon has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Type Definitions, and GASB Statement No.59, Financial Instruments Omnibus. The City implemented these standards during the current year; however GASB Statement No. 59 had no impact on the financial statements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 54 changed fund balance reporting for governmental funds by adding some additional fund balance classifications, clarifying governmental fund type definitions, and providing additional disclosures on how fund balance constraints are imposed and may be modified or eliminated.

2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets

The reconciliation of total governmental fund balances to net assets of governmental activities includes a reconciliation between "total fund balances, governmental funds" and "net assets of governmental activities." One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds." The details of the reconciling amount are as follows:

Bonds Payable	\$ (11,206,000)
Less: Deferred charge on refunding (to be	
amortized as interest expense)	38,221
Plus: Deferred issuance premium (to be amortized	
as interest expense)	(83,347)
Less: Deferred charge for issuance costs (to be	
amortized over life of debt)	230,638
Accrued interest payable	(235,778)
Capital leases payable	(493,099)
Notes payable	(1,477,367)
Compensated absences payable	(594,336)
Post-employment healthcare benefits obligation	 (3,541,181)
Net adjustment to reduce "total fund balances,	
governmental funds" to arrive at "net assets of	
governmental activities"	 (17,362,249)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances of governmental funds to the statement of activities includes a reconciliation between "net changes in fund balances, governmental funds" and "changes in net assets of governmental activities." One element of the reconciliation explains that "governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense." The details of the reconciling amount are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 2,268,046
Depreciation expense	(1,266,787)
Net adjustment to increase "net changes in fund	
balances, governmental funds" to arrive at "changes	
in net assets of governmental activities"	\$ 1,001,259

Another element of that reconciliation states that "The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales and donations) is to increase net assets." The details of the reconciling amounts are as follows:

Gain from capital assets sold	\$ 24,007
Proceeds from sale of assets	(188,378)
Capital assets provided by grants	30,101
Net adjustment to reduce "net changes in fund balances, governmental funds" to arrive at "changes	
in net assets of governmental activities"	\$ (134,270)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities (Continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued; whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of the reconciling amount are as follows:

Principal repayments	
General obligation bonds	\$ 754,000
Capital leases	60,457
Notes payable	 188,223
Net adjustment to reduce "net changes in fund balances, governmental funds" to arrive at	
"changes in net assets of governmental activities"	\$ 1,002,680

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities (Continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of the reconciling amount are as follows:

Compensated absences	\$ 254,428
Accrued interest	4,389
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	(8,320)
Amortization of deferred bond premium	5,396
Amortization of deferred bond issuance costs	(16,487)
Post-employment healthcare benefits obligation	 (912,455)
Net adjustment to increase "net changes in fund	
balances, governmental funds" to arrive at "changes	
in net assets of governmental activities"	\$ (673,049)

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Deposits

At April 30, 2012, the carrying amount of the primary government's deposits was \$6,356,705 and the bank balance was \$6,503,636. The governmental component unit (Mattoon Public Library) had deposits with a carrying amount of \$31,798.53 and bank balances totaling \$75,920 The fiduciary component units had deposits with a carrying amount of \$3,679,846 and bank balances totaling \$2,410,895. The primary government and governmental component unit (Mattoon Public Library) had cash on hand of \$760 and \$284, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At April 30, 2012, the government and its component units did not have any bank balances exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u> (CONTINUED)

B. Investments

At April 30, 2012, the City's primary government had the following investments:

			Weighted Average
Investment Type	Fair Value	Average Credit Rating	Maturity (Years)
Illinois Funds Money Market Fund	\$ 5,316,629	AAAm	Demand *

^{*} These accounts are subject to immediate withdrawal and are reflected as cash equivalents in the financial statements.

At April 30, 2012, the City's governmental component unit (Mattoon Public Library) had the following investment:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Average Credit Rating	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
Investment pool - Southeastern Illinois Community Foundation	\$ 30,628	N/A	N/A

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u> (CONTINUED)

B. <u>Investments</u> (Continued)

At April 30, 2012, the City's fiduciary component units had the following investments:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Average Credit Rating	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
U.S. agencies	\$ 9,962,151	AAAm	19.20
Insurance contracts	15,914,108	A+/A1	N/A
Total	\$ 25,876,259		

The Illinois Funds Money Market Fund

The Illinois Funds Money Market Fund (Illinois Funds) enables custodians of public funds an investment option with a competitive rate of return on fully collateralized investments and immediate access to the funds. Although not subject to direct regulatory oversight, the investment pool is administered by the Illinois State Treasurer in accordance with the provisions of the Illinois Public Funds Investment Act, 30 ILCS 235. The investment policy of the Illinois Funds states that, unless authorized specifically by the Treasurer, a minimum of 75% of its investments shall have less than one-year maturity and no investment shall exceed two years maturity. The policy also limits investment categories to 25% of the portfolio, with the exception of cash equivalents and U.S. Treasury securities, unless specifically authorized by the Treasurer. Further, certificates of deposit cannot exceed 10% of any single financial institution's total deposits. The Illinois Funds received Standard & Poor's highest rating.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u> (CONTINUED)

B. <u>Investments</u> (Continued)

Southeastern Illinois Community Foundation

In previous years, the Mattoon Public Library had received a donation from the Lumpkin Family which was used to establish a fund with the Mattoon Area Community Foundation (MACF) to benefit the library. When held by MACF the fund was held in a separate account and invested separately from the other funds of MACF. During the 2008-2009 fiscal year, MACF formed an alliance with the Effingham County Community Foundation. The resulting organization, the Southeastern Illinois Community Foundation (SICF), is an umbrella organization covering its two member foundations. As part of this alliance the individual foundations have pooled their administrative functions, including the investment of the different funds administered by each foundation. This pooling included an aggregation of the investments held by each fund into one investment account. While invested as a pool, the individual funds are accounted for by the foundation on an individual fund basis. The investment policy of the SICF is to keep all its assets invested seventy percent (70%) in equities and thirty percent (30%) in fixed assets and cash or cash equivalents.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. To help assess this risk, investments in debt securities are rated on their credit quality by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. Statutes state that any short term obligations of corporations invested in by the City's primary government or the Mattoon Public Library component unit must be rated at the time of purchase at one of the three highest classifications established by at least two standard rating services. Investments in bonds of local governments must be rated within the four highest classifications established by a rating service nationally recognized for expertise in rating bonds of states and their political subdivisions. Neither the City nor the Mattoon Public Library governmental component unit has an investment policy that further limits its investments' exposure to credit risk. In addition to the limitations listed above, the City's fiduciary component units' have investment policies that further limit their investments in contracts and agreements of life insurance companies to those rated at least A by A.M. Best Company and A rated by Moody's and Standard and Poor's rating services.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u> (CONTINUED)

B. Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk (Continued)

Over the last year, various investments held by both the Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund and Mattoon Police Pension Fund have been downgraded by the national rating agencies. These downgrades have been part of the larger national crises facing the investment community and the country. Neither pension fund believes that the downgrades materially affect the ability of the borrower to repay these investments, and neither fund expects any losses from these downgrades. Both pension funds are long-term investors and both intend to hold these investments until maturity.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The primary government of the City and the Mattoon Public Library component unit do not have formal investment policies that limit investment maturities as a means of managing their exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The fiduciary component units' investment policies do not limit investment maturities as a means of managing their exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u> (CONTINUED)

B. Investments (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. State statutes limit the investments in short term obligations of corporations to one-third or less of the government's funds. Neither the City nor the Mattoon Public Library component unit has an investment policy that further limits the percentage of investments from a single issuer. There are no investments (other than investments in external investment pools) in any one issuer that represent five percent or more of total investments for the primary government of the City. The Mattoon Public Library component unit's only investment is in a pooled investment account with Southeastern Illinois Community Foundation.

State statutes limit the fiduciary component units' investments in separate accounts managed by life insurance companies and mutual funds to a maximum of forty-five percent of the market value of the pension's net present assets in its most recent annual report. Further, the market value of stock in any one corporation cannot exceed five percent of the cash and invested assets of the pension fund. The investment policies of the fiduciary component units do not further limit investment concentrations. More than five percent of the City's fiduciary funds' investments are in the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (11.12%), the Federal National Mortgage Association (22.12%), and AIG Annuity Insurance Company annuities (34.46%), and ING Life Insurance annuities (38.89%).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u> (CONTINUED)

C. <u>Reconciliation Between the Deposits, Investments, and Cash on Hand as Shown in the Notes and the Cash, Certificates of Deposit, and Investments as Shown on the Financial Statements</u>

		Primary government	Co Unit	ernmental- Type mponent t (Mattoon ic Library)	(duciary-Type Component Units (Pensions)
Deposits, investments, and cash on hand per						
notes:	\$	(25/ 710	Ф	21 700	¢.	2 055 251
Deposits Investments	Þ	6,356,710	\$	31,799	\$	3,855,251
Cash on hand		5,316,629 719		31,646 284		25,876,259
Cash on hand		717		204		
Total deposits, investments, and						
cash on hand		11,674,058	\$	63,728	\$	29,731,510
Cash, certificates of deposit, and investments per statements:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,268,066	\$	32,082	\$	3,679,845
Certificates of deposit						175,406
Investments				6,646		25,876,259
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents		397,409				
Certificates of deposit		8,583				
Investments, at fair value			***************************************	25,000		
Total cash and cash equivalents, certificates						
of deposit and investments	\$	11,674,058	\$	63,728	\$	29,731,510

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. <u>RECEIVABLES</u>

Receivables balances as of April 30, 2012 for the primary government were as follows:

	Governmental Activities							
	G	Capital General Fund Projects Fund		Broadway East Business District Fund		Other Governmental Funds		
Property taxes	\$	3,943,000	\$		\$		\$	
TIF property tax increment						62,348		430,478
Utility taxes		87,451						
Telecommunications								
taxes		222,352						
Income and use taxes		830,274						
Sales taxes		1,519,722						
Personal property								
replacement taxes		71,136				••		
Motor fuel taxes								36,023
Other taxes						1,171		82,348
Grants		14,140						
Other receivables		292,882	****					113,365
Totals	\$	6,980,957	\$	••	\$	63,519	\$	662,214

	Business-type Activities				
	W	Water Fund \$ 16,036 126,816 1,805		Sewer Fund	
Grants Customer receivables Other receivables	\$			 183,511 720	
Totals	\$	144,657	\$	184,231	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. SCHEDULE OF PAYABLES AND RECEIVABLES WITHIN THE REPORTING ENTITY

Payables and receivables between funds consisted of the following at April 30, 2012:

Due to/from other funds

	Receivable	Payable	
Governmental Funds:			
General Fund	\$ 2,200	\$ 399,982	
Capital Projects Fund	251,913		
Other Governmental Funds:			
Hotel and Motel Tax Fund		105	
Revolving Loan Fund	5,155	2,200	
I-57 East TIF District Fund	1,269		
I-57 East Business District Fund		1,269	
Total other governmental funds	6,424	3,574	
Total governmental funds	260,537	403,556	
Proprietary Funds:			
Enterprise Funds:			
Water Fund	***	3,724	
Sewer Fund		4,343	
Total enterprise funds	•	8,067	
Internal Service Funds:			
Health Insurance Fund	25,622		
Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund	125,464		
Total internal service funds	151,086	-	
Total proprietary funds	151,086	8,067	
Due to/from other funds	\$ 411,623	\$ 411,623	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. SCHEDULE OF PAYABLES AND RECEIVABLES WITHIN THE REPORTING ENTITY (CONTINUED)

The amount receivable to the General Fund from the Revolving Loan Fund is the reimbursement of an expenditure of the Revolving Loan Fund paid by the General Fund. The amount receivable to the Capital Projects Fund consists of the transfer of one-half of the sales tax increase earmarked for capital projects. The amount receivable to the Revolving Loan Fund consists of the long-term portion of an economic development loan due from the General Fund. The amount receivable to the I-57 East TIF District Fund from the I-57 East Business District Fund is to cover negative cash balances within the pooled account. The amount receivable to the Health Insurance Fund consists of charges for services due from the General Fund, Hotel and Motel Tax Fund, Water Fund, and Sewer Fund. The amount receivable to the Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund consists of charges for services due from the General Fund, Hotel and Motel Tax Fund, Water Fund, and Sewer Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. SCHEDULE OF PAYABLES AND RECEIVABLES WITHIN THE REPORTING ENTITY (CONTINUED)

Payables and receivables between funds and component units consisted of the following at April 30, 2012:

Due between primary government and component units

	Receivable	Payable	
Primary Government:			
Governmental Fund:			
General Fund	\$ 95,831	\$ 29,625	
Proprietary Funds:			
Internal Service Funds:			
Health Insurance Fund		1,546	
Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund		374	
Total internal service funds		1,920	
Total primary government	95,831	31,545	
Component Units:			
Governmental Component Unit:			
Mattoon Public Library	1,920	25,406	
Fiduciary Component Units:			
Firefighters Pension Fund	29,625		
Police Pension Fund		70,425	
Total fiduciary component units	29,625	70,425	
Total component units	31,545	95,831	
Due between primary government and component units	\$ 127,376	\$ 127,376	

The amount receivable to the General Fund from the Library is the reimbursement of expenditures of the Library paid by the General Fund and the reimbursement of debt service payments paid by the General Fund. The amount receivable to the Mattoon Public Library component unit consists of overpayments of charges from the Health Insurance Fund and the Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund. The amount receivable to the Firefighters Pension Fund is for the transfer of replacement tax from the General Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. <u>SCHEDULE OF PAYABLES AND RECEIVABLES WITHIN THE REPORTING ENTITY</u> (CONTINUED)

Advance between primary government and component units

	Recei	vable	Payable	
Governmental Funds: General Fund	\$ 8	4,522	\$	
Component Units:				
Governmental Component Unit:				
Mattoon Public Library				84,522
Advance between primary government and component units	\$ 8	4,522	\$	84,522

The amounts receivable to the General Fund consist of the long-term portion of debt held by the General Fund on behalf of the Mattoon Public Library.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2012 was as follows:

	Balance April 30, 2011	Additions	Deletions	Balance April 30, 2012
Primary government:				
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 3,360,687	\$	\$ 160,940	\$ 3,199,747
Construction in progress	3,536,149	910,010	••	4,446,159
Total capital assets not being depreciated	6,896,836	910,010	160,940	7,645,906
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	6,526,504	676,582		7,203,086
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(2,375,037)	(145,532)		(2,520,569)
Buildings and improvements, net	4,151,467	531,050		4,682,517
Infrastructure	59,230,603	245,820		59,476,423
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(45,876,496)	(805,023)		(46,681,519)
Infrastructure, net	13,354,107	(559,203)	••	12,794,904
Improvements other than building	745,448	176,026	••	921,474
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(37,273)	(37,272)		(74,545)
Improvements other than building, net	708,175	138,754		846,929
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	5,828,253	289,710	63,691	6,054,272
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(5,247,758)	(278,959)	(60,258)	(5,466,459)
Equipment, furniture and vehicles, net	580,495	10,751	3,432	587,813
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	18,794,244	121,352	3,432	18,912,163
Governmental activities,				
Capital assets, net	\$ 25,691,080	\$ 1,031,362	\$ 164,372	\$ 26,558,069

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> (CONTINUED)

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2012 was as follows (continued):

	A	Balance pril 30, 2011		Additions		Deletions	_A	Balance pril 30, 2012
Primary government (continued):								
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	587,155	\$		\$		\$	587,155
Construction in progress		736,968		154,522		384,708		506,783
Total capital assets not being depreciated		1,324,123		154,522		384,708		1,093,938
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and building improvements		12,903,657						12,903,657
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(4,415,392)		(280,172)				(4,695,564)
Buildings and building improvements, net		8,488,265	_	(280,172)				8,208,093
Improvements other than building		213,861						213,861
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(128,730)		(8,447)				(137,177)
Improvements other than building, net		85,131		(8,447)				76,684
Treatment, collection and distribution systems		50,826,329		424,464				51,250,793
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(22,137,697)		(1,120,348)				(23,258,045)
Treatment, collection and distribution systems, net		28,688,632	_	(695,883)				27,992,748
Equipment, furniture and vehicles		3,188,647		321,548		116,447		3,393,748
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(1,806,102)		(280,900)		(88,070)		(1,998,932)
Equipment, furniture and vehicles, net		1,382,545		40,648		28,377		1,394,816
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		38,644,573	_	(943,854)	-	28,377		37,672,341
Business-type activities,								
Capital assets, net	\$	39,968,696	\$	(789,332)	\$	413,085	\$	38,766,279

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	71,092
Public safety		209,764
Public works		918,878
Culture and recreation		61,242
Health and welfare	•	5,810
Governmental activities,		
Depreciation expense	\$	1,266,786
Business-type activities:		
Water	\$	629,962
Sewer		1,059,905
Business-type activities,		
Depreciation expense	\$	1,689,867

Analysis of changes in component unit capital assets:

	_A ₁	oril 30, 2011		Additions	Del	etions	_A _I	oril 30, 2012
Component unit (Mattoon Public Library):								
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets being depreciated:	Φ.	2 520 022	Φ.	71.040	•		•	2.010.062
Buildings and improvements	\$	2,739,022	\$	71,940	\$		2	2,810,962
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(824,367)		(55,019)				(879,386)
Buildings and improvements, net		1,914,655		16,921				1,931,576
Equipment, furniture and vehicles		69,344						69,344
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(64,043)		(697)				(64,740)
Equipment, furniture and vehicles, net		5,301		(697)				4,604
Governmental activities,								
Capital assets, net	\$	1,919,956	\$	16,224	\$		\$	1,936,180

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the discretely presented component unit, Mattoon Public Library, as follows:

Mattoon Public Library

\$ 55,716

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

The City has active construction projects in progress as of April 30, 2012. The projects include the construction of a drainage project, parking lot and pond development, the restoration of the train depot, a train depot platform, a lake pumphouse and lift station, the renovation of the lake dam, a storm runoff control project, and rehabilitation of water treatment equipment. At April 30, 2012 the City's construction in progress is as follows:

	Spent-to-Date	Remaining Commitment		
Project:				
Primary government:				
Governmental activities:				
South Side Drainage	\$ 771,966	\$ 255,934		
YMCA Parking Lot and Pond	908,012	4,991		
Depot Restoration	2,741,657	338,032		
Depot Platform	24,524	418,477		
Total governmental activities	\$ 4,446,159	\$ 1,017,434		
Business-type activities:				
CSO/Long Term Control Plan	\$ 129,565	\$ 9,970,621		
Lake Land Sewer Lift Station	256,183	6,367		
Lake Paradise Dam Renovation	88,625	86,375		
Secondary Clarifier Rehab	32,410	152,890		
Total business-type activities	\$ 506,783	\$ 10,216,254		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. CEMETERY DEVELOPMENT

Cemetery development consists of land held for future expansion and the Dodge Grove Cemetery Mausoleum. The carrying value of the mausoleum is equal to the cost of renovation less cost of crypt spaces sold.

Mausoleum carrying value, April 30, 2011	\$ 39,473
Less: cost of crypts sold	
Mausoleum carrying value, April 30, 2012	39,473
Land held for future expansion, estimated carrying value, April 30, 2012	21,179
	<u>\$ 60,652</u>

9. RESTRICTED ASSETS

The General Fund has restricted cash and investments for mausoleums and cemetery perpetual care. The Water Fund has restricted cash accounts for customer meter deposits. The Internal Service Fund has restricted cash for the employees' flexible spending account. The Mattoon Public Library has restricted investments for a \$25,000 endowment.

10. <u>DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN</u>

In January 1977, the City entered into a deferred compensation plan agreement with participating employees, funded with a group variable annuity contract in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Additional plans, available to all City employees, permit them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or an unforeseeable emergency. The City has very little administrative involvement and performs no investing function for this plan. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to these amounts, property or rights are solely the property and rights of the participants and are not subject to claims of the City's creditors. Accordingly, these plan assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. SHORT-TERM DEBT

The City received a short-term loan from First-Mid Illinois Bank & Trust to provide funding for the FutureGen project as follows:

	Balance April 30, 2011	Additions	Deletions	Balance April 30, 2012
General Fund: Short-term loan from First Mid-Illinois Bank & Trust	\$ 1,614,047	\$	\$ 1,614,047	\$
The City issued a short-term funding for operating experloan during the fiscal year.		•	•	
	Balance April 30, 2011	Additions	Deletions	Balance April 30, 2012
Component Unit (Mattoon Public Library): Governmental Activities: Short-term loan from the		40,000	40.000	٠
City of Mattoon	<u> </u>	\$ 40,000	\$ 40,000	\$

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12. GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest Rates	Amount
Governmental activities:		
Series 2003A	4.35%	\$ 370,000
Series 2009A	1.50% - 4.35%	5,730,000
Series 2009B (Taxable)	4.00% - 5.70%	3,870,000
Governmental activities - refunding:		
Series 2003	1.00% - 3.15%	76,000
Series 2005B	2.50% - 4.05%	1,160,000
Total governmental activities bonds		\$ 11,206,000
	Interest Rates	Amount
Business-type activities - refunding:		
Series 2005A	2.00%	\$ 2,210,000
Series 2011	2.50% - 4.00%	2,300,000
Total business-type activities bonds		\$ 4,510,000

Advance refunding of Water Fund Series 2003A bonds

On October 3, 2011, the City issued \$2,300,000 in general obligation refunding bonds (alternate revenue source) with interest rates of 2%. The City issued the bonds to advance refund \$2,290,000 of the outstanding series 2003A general obligation water bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 3.5%. The net proceeds were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service on the refunded portion of the 2003A series bonds. As a result, that portion of the 2003A series bonds is considered defeased, and the City has removed the liability from its accounts. The outstanding principal of the defeased bonds is \$2,290,000 at April 30, 2012.

The advance refunding reduced total debt service payments over the next 4 years by \$68,772. This results in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$67,562.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12. GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (CONTINUED)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities					
Years Ending April 30,]	Principal	Interest		-	Principal		Interest
2013	\$	776,000	\$	469,247	\$	875,000	\$	133,200
2014		730,000		440,948		915,000		106,347
2015		560,000		414,025		945,000		82,700
2016		580,000		394,686		975,000		57,860
2017		610,000		373,845		390,000		31,610
2018-2022		2,920,000		1,526,032		410,000		16,400
2023-2027		3,375,000		900,815				
2028-2033	-	1,655,000		122,872			-	
Total	\$ 1	1,206,000	\$ 4	4,642,471	\$	4,510,000	\$	428,117

13. CAPITAL LEASES

Previously, the City entered into lease agreements to finance the purchase of a fire truck. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the net present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The assets acquired through current capital leases are as follows:

Asset	Governmental Activities
Fire truck	748,078
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(748,078)
	<u> </u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

13. <u>CAPITAL LEASES</u> (CONTINUED)

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of April 30, 2012, were as follows:

Years Ending April 30,	 Activities
2013	\$ 64,452
2014	64,452
2015	64,452
2016	64,452
2017	64,452
2017-2021	321,433
2022-2026	 **
Total minimum lease payments	643,693
Less: amount representing interest	(150,594)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 493,099

14. NOTES PAYABLE

The City has issued various notes as follows:

	Interest Rates	 Amount
Governmental activities:		
First Mid-Illinois Bank & Trust note, serviced by the General Fund, proceeds used to purchase various vehicles	4.540%	\$ 56,446
First Mid-Illinois Bank & Trust note, serviced by the General Fund, proceeds used to fund early retirement incentives, energy efficient improvements, and future needs in the		
General Fund	2.490%	744,948
First Mid-Illinois Bank & Trust note, serviced by the South Rt. 45 TIF Fund, proceeds used to fund business		
development along South Rt. 45	5.500%	 675,973
Total governmental activities notes		\$ 1,477,367

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

14. NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

	Interest Rates	Amount
Business-type activities:		
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency note, serviced by		
the Water Fund, proceeds used for construction of a new		
water treatment plant	2.865%	\$ 3,711,462
First Mid-Illinois Bank & Trust note, serviced by the Water		
Fund, proceeds used to purchase various vehicles	4.540%	8,491
rund, proceeds used to parenase various vernotes	4.54070	0,471
First Mid-Illinois Bank & Trust note, serviced by the Water		
Fund, proceeds used to fund early retirement incentives and		
energy efficient improvements	2.490%	600,374
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency note, serviced by		
the Sewer Fund, proceeds used for sewer wastewater		
treatment plant rehabilitation	2.865%	193,017
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency note, serviced by		
the Sewer Fund, proceeds used for expansion of the sewer		
wastewater treatment plant	2.675%	5,940,006
The state of the s	2.07570	2,2 (0,000
First Mid-Illinois Bank & Trust note, serviced by the Sewer		
Fund, proceeds used to purchase various vehicles	4.540%	5,429
First Mid Illinois Donk & Trust note convised by the Water		
First Mid-Illinois Bank & Trust note, serviced by the Water Fund, proceeds used to fund early retirement incentives and		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2.490%	175 026
energy efficient improvements	2. 43 070	475,936
Total business-type activities notes		\$ 10,934,714

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

14. NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Notes payable debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Varus andina		Governmental Activities		-	Business-type Activi			
Years ending April 30,		Principal	-	Interest		Principal		Interest
2013	\$	154,607	\$	58,471	\$	1,018,564	\$	292,105
2014		101,461		52,581		1,032,417		263,693
2015		104,731		49,310		1,060,884		235,226
2016		108,124		45,918		1,090,137		205,973
2017		111,529		42,513		1,120,157		175,954
2018-2022		896,915		107,000		4,731,055		428,684
2023-2027						881,500		23,684
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,477,367	<u>\$</u>	355,793	<u>\$</u>	10,934,714	<u>\$</u>	1,625,319

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

15. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the primary government for the year ended April 30, 2012 was as follows:

	<u>A</u>	Restated Balance pril 30, 2011		Additions	I	Reductions	<u>A</u>	Balance pril 30, 2012		Oue Within One Year
Primary Government:										
Governmental Activities:										
General obligation bonds	\$	11,960,000	\$		\$	754,000	\$	11,206,000	\$	776,000
Add (less) deferred amounts:										
On refunding		(46,541)				(8,320)		(38,221)		
For issuance premiums		88,743		••	_	5,396		83,347	_	
Total general obligation										
bonds		12,002,202				751,076		11,251,126		776,000
Capital leases		553,555				60,457		493,098		38,959
Notes payable		1,665,590				188,223		1,477,367		154,607
Compensated absences		848,764				254,428		594,336		118,867
Post-employment healthcare benefits		2,628,727		912,454				3,541,181		N/A
Governmental activities,										
Long-term liabilities	\$	17,698,838	\$	912,454	<u>\$</u>	1,254,184	\$	17,357,108	<u>\$</u>	1,088,433
Business-type Activities:										
General obligation bonds	\$	5,330,000	\$	2,300,000	\$	3,120,000	\$	4,510,000	\$	875,000
Add (less) deferred amounts:	•	-,,	•	_, ,	•	-,1,555	•	.,010,000	•	0.0,000
On refunding		(196,577)				(26,762)		(169,815)		
For issuance premium		40,694		(45,703)		9,854		(14,863)		
Total general obligation										
bonds		5,174,117		2,254,297		3,103,091		4,325,322		875,000
Capital leases		13,158				13,158				
Notes payable		11,926,111				991,397		10,934,714		1,018,632
Compensated absences		159,256		19,020				178,276		35,655
Post-employment healthcare benefits		667,344		214,795			_	882,139		N/A
Business-type activities,										
Long-term liabilities	\$	17,939,986	<u>\$</u>	2,488,112	\$	4,107,647	\$	16,320,451	\$	1,929,287

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

15. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Long-term liability activity for the component unit for the year ended April 30, 2012 was as follows:

		Balance il 30, 2011	A	Additions	Red	uctions	_	Balance ril 30, 2012		e Within ne Year
Component Unit (Mattoon Public Library): Governmental Activities: Compensated absences	<u>\$</u>	16,815	\$	29,433	\$		\$	46,248	\$_	9,250
Component unit, Long-term liabilities	\$	16,815	\$	29,433	\$	••	\$	46,248	\$	9,250

16. <u>TAXES</u>

Tax revenues during the year ended April 30, 2012 were as follows:

			overnmental Activities		
	G	eneral Fund	padway East Business strict Fund	Go	Other vernmental Funds
Property taxes	\$	3,737,627	\$ 	\$	
TIF property tax increment					297,106
Telecommuncation taxes		864,456			
Utility taxes		1,216,242			
Business district taxes			313,898		45,417
Road and bridge taxes		144,305			
Hotel taxes					297,270
Cable TV franchise taxes		181,828			
Gas and electric franchise taxes		159,129	 		
Totals	\$	6,303,587	\$ 313,898	\$	639,793

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

17. <u>INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES</u>

Intergovernmental revenues during the year ended April 30, 2012 were as follows:

	-	Governmental Activities				
	G	eneral Fund	Pro	Capital jects Fund	Go	Other vernmental Funds
Income and use taxes	\$	1,829,948	\$		\$	
Sales taxes		5,993,594				
Personal property						
replacement taxes		479,529				
Pull tabs and jar games tax		4,310				
Motor fuel taxes						536,480
Foreign fire insurance taxes		34,752				
Operating grants and						
contributions		152,012				300,686
Capital grants and						
contributions		51,662		494,732		
Totals	\$	8,545,807	\$	494,732	\$	837,166

18. ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

The City received on-behalf payments for engineering costs totaling \$14,492 for the 31st Street Construction Project. The on-behalf payments are reflected as revenues and expenditures of the Capital Projects Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

19. COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES EXTENDED, COLLECTED, AND DISTRIBUTED

	For Tax Levy Year				
	2011	2010	2009		
Assessed valuation	\$ 190,483,603	\$ 189,479,868	\$ 186,786,780		
Rate per \$100, excluding road and bridge rate	2.0023	1.9687	1.9289		
Taxes extended, excluding road and bridge taxes	3,814,129	3,730,215	3,602,950		
Add: City's share of road and bridge taxes extended	141,702	144,502	141,702		
Total taxes extended	\$ 3,955,831	\$ 3,874,717	\$ 3,744,652		
Taxes available to City after abatements and losses in collection (2011 estimated)	\$ 3,955,831	\$ 3,863,119	\$ 3,723,003		
Percentage of extension available to City (2011 estimated)	100.00%	99.70%	99.42%		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

19. <u>COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES EXTENDED, COLLECTED, AND DISTRIBUTED</u> (CONTINUED)

	For Tax Levy Year					
		2011		2010		2009
Distribution of taxes available						
(2011 estimated):						
General Fund:						
General government	\$	561,489	\$	559,553	\$	463,263
Fire protection		285,725		283,366		218,700
Police protection		285,725		283,366		218,700
Street, including road &						
bridge		141,702		144,114		141,049
Park		142,863		141,683		139,159
Mattoon Public Library		438,112		434,494		427,135
Firefighters Pension Fund		1,152,388		1,106,335		1,157,695
Police Pension Fund		947,827		910,208		957,302
	\$	3,955,831	\$	3,863,119	\$	3,723,003

The City Council has abated the 2009, 2010 and 2011 tax levies applicable to all outstanding general obligation bonds.

20. SCHEDULE OF OPERATING TRANSFERS WITHIN THE REPORTING ENTITY

Operating transfers between funds during the year ended April 30, 2012 were as follows:

Transfers In	Transfers Out		Amount
General Fund	Water Fund	\$	48,391
General Fund	Sewer Fund		91,113
General Fund	Hotel and Motel Tax Fund		37,500
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund		893,028
Other Special Revenue Fund: Motor Fuel Tax Fund	General Fund		5,920
		<u>\$ 1</u>	,075,952

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

20. <u>SCHEDULE OF OPERATING TRANSFERS WITHIN THE REPORTING ENTITY</u> (CONTINUED)

The first and second transfers allocated debt service requirements to the Water Fund and Sewer Funds. The third transfer reclassified amounts of one-half sales tax increase earmarked for capital projects. The fourth transfer refunded amounts to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund per Motor Fuel Tax audit findings for 2010.

21. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description - The City's defined benefit pension plan for Regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City's plan is affiliated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer plan. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on-line at www.imrf.org.

Funding Policy - As set by statute, the City Regular plan members are required to contribute 4.50 percent of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The City's annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2011 was 13.27 percent. The City's annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2011 was 15.12 percent. (The City's contribution rate of 13.27% consists of the required rate of 15.12%, adjusted for the results of the prior year ERI.) The City also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Annual Pension Cost – For calendar year ending December 31, 2011, the employer's actual contributions for pension cost for the Regular plan were \$475,938. The required contribution for calendar year 2011 was \$542,290.

Three-Year Trend Information for the Regular Plan

	Annual			
Calendar	Pension	Percentage	N	let
Year	Cost	of APC	Pen	sion
Ending	(APC)	Contributed	Oblig	gation
12/31/11	\$ 542,290	88%	\$	
12/31/10	488,986	100%		
12/31/09	375,515	100%		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

21. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN</u> (CONTINUED)

The required contribution for 2011 was determined as part of the December 31, 2009, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at December 31, 2009, included (a) 7.5 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative and direct investment expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 4.0 percent a year, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.4 percent to 10 percent per year depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) post retirement benefit increases of 3 percent annually. The actuarial value of the City Regular plan assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period with a 20 percent corridor between the actuarial and market value of assets. The City Regular plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability at December 31, 2009 is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open 30 year basis.

Funded Status and Funding Progress - As of December 31, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Regular plan was 63.05 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$10,889,009 and the actuarial value of assets was \$6,865,857, resulting in an underfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$4,203,152. The covered payroll for calendar year 2011 (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$3,586,575 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 112 percent.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

22. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS

Plan Descriptions

The City of Mattoon contributes to two single-employer defined benefit pension plans: Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund and Mattoon Police Pension Fund. Each plan provides retirement and disability benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the Illinois legislature. Although they are single-employer pension plans, the defined benefits as well as the employee and employer contribution levels are mandated by the Illinois Compiled Statues, Chapter 40, Article 3 and 4, and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting – The financial statements of the Firefighters and Police Pension plans are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The City's contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans.

Method Used to Value Investments – Plan investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price.

Contributions and Revenues

There are no long-term contracts for contributions to the plans.

Concentrations

The Firefighters and Police Pension plans did not comply with the investment guidelines set forth at 40 ILCS 5/1-113. Both plan's investments in accounts managed by insurance companies exceeded the investment limit of 45% of the market value of their net present assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

22. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS</u> (CONTINUED)

Membership

Membership of the plans consisted of the following at April 30, 2012:

	Police Pension	Firefighters Pension
Retirees and beneficiaries		
receiving benefits	44	53
Current employees:		
Vested	6	7
Nonvested	31	25
Total	81	85

Benefit Provisions

Retirement – Employees attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of one-half of the salary attached to the rank held at the date of retirement. The pension shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years of service up to 30 years, to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Police employees with at least 8 years but less than 20 years and fire employees with at least 10 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced retirement benefit. The monthly pension of a fire employee who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and paid upon reaching at least age 55, by 3% of the pension and 3% annually thereafter.

Disability – Employees physically or mentally disabled in the performance of an act of duty are entitled to a pension of 65% of the salary attached to their rank held at the date of suspension of duty or retirement. If the disability occurs while not in performance of an act of duty, the employees are entitled to a pension of 50% of the salary attached to their rank at the date of suspension of duty or retirement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

22. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS</u> (CONTINUED)

Funding Policy

The contribution requirement of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the State legislature. Firefighter plan members are required to contribute 9.455%. Police plan members are required to contribute 9.91%. These contribution rates may vary if members transfer service credit from a previous employer. If an employee, fire or police, leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City of Mattoon is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. The City's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2011 has been estimated at 50.41% and 64.04% of annual covered payroll for the Police and Firefighters Pension plans, respectively. By the year 2033, the City's contributions must accumulate to the point where the past service costs for the Pension plans are fully funded.

Funding Status and Progress

The amount shown below as the "pension benefit obligation" is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits, adjusted for the effects of projected salary increases and step-rate benefits, estimated to be payable in the future as a result of employee service to date. The measure is intended to help users assess the funding status of the system on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons among employers. The measure is the actuarial present value of credited projected benefits and is independent of the funding method used to determine contributions to the system.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

22. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS</u> (CONTINUED)

Significant actuarial assumptions used in determining the pension benefit obligation as of April 30, 2011 include:

	Police Pension	Firefighters Pension
a. Funding Method Used	Entry Age Normal Cost	Entry Age Normal Cost
b. Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll	Level percentage of payroll
c. Interest Rate Assumption	6.75%	6.75%
d. Mortality Rate Assumption	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table
e. Decrement Assumption Other than Mortality	State of Illinois DOI Experience Tables	State of Illinois DOI Experience Tables
f. Salary Progression Assumption	4.5%	3.5%
g. Status of Social Security in Assumption	None	None

The pension benefit obligation as of April 30, 2011 was as follows:

	Police Pension	Firefighters Pension
Pension Benefit Obligation Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees not yet	April 30, 2011	April 30, 2011
receiving benefits	\$ 22,866,432	\$ 24,370,239
Active participants	13,876,410	13,533,309
Total pension benefit obligation	36,742,842	37,903,548
Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs	(5,166,585)	(5,272,697)
Net assets available for benefits	(13,818,067)	(14,024,639)
Pension benefit obligation in excess of assets	\$ 17,758,190	\$ 18,606,212

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

22. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS</u> (CONTINUED)

Actuarially Determined Contribution Requirements and Contribution Made

The plans' funding policy provides for actuarially determined periodic contributions at rates that, for individual employees, accumulate assets gradually over time so that sufficient assets will be available to pay benefits when due. The rate for the City's employee group as a whole has tended to remain level as a percentage of annual covered payroll. The contribution rate for normal cost is determined using the entry age normal actuarial funding method. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized over a 40 year period, which began on July 1, 1993.

The significant actuarial assumptions used to compute the actuarially determined contribution requirements are the same as those used to compute the pension benefit obligation as described above.

	Police Pension	Firefighters Pension		
Actuarial Valuation Date	April 30, 2011	April 30, 2011		
Amount necessary to provide the employer normal costs	\$ 591,287	\$ 522,347		
Amount necessary to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability	903,525 \$ 1,494,812	774,402 \$ 1,296,749		
As a percentage of current covered payroll (at April 30, 2011): Employer normal costs Amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued	29.123%	28.076%		
liability	44.503% 73.626%	41.625% 69.701%		
Contributions made as a dollar amount as of valuation date (April 30, 2011):				
Employer Plan members	\$ 1,142,947 201,004 \$ 1,343,951	\$ 1,375,069		
As a percentage of current covered payroll (at April 30, 2011):				
Employer Plan members	56.295% 9.900% 66.196%	73.911% 9.466% 83.377%		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

22. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS</u> (CONTINUED) Mattoon Police Pension Fund

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ended April 30,	Annual Required Contribution	Employer Contribution	Percentage Contribution
2011	\$ 1,069,435	\$ 1,142,947	106.87%
2010	1,152,945	1,010,614	87.66%
2009	1,145,967	992,277	86.59%
2008	938,318	913,188	97.32%
2007	841,915	862,335	102.43%
2006	778,439	735,816	94.52%
2005	734,188	693,571	94.47%
2004	617,911	695,441	112.55%
2003	581,902	615,918	105.85%
2002	553,637	573,485	103.59%

Due to the timing of the receipt of the Department of Insurance calculations and of the receipt of taxes from the property tax levy, City contributions of property taxes are based on the prior year's annual required contribution as well as other factors associated with the property tax levy. Contributions of replacement taxes are based on the current year's receipts.

Schedule of Funding Progress

The Schedule of Funding Progress for the Mattoon Police Pension Fund gives an indication of the progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The Schedule of Funding Progress for the past ten years is reported as required supplementary information.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

22. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS</u> (CONTINUED)

Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ended April 30,	Annual Required Contribution	Employer Contribution	Percentage Contribution
2011	\$ 1,156,102	\$ 1,375,069	118.94%
2010	1,349,661	1,230,187	91.15%
2009	1,385,894	1,134,259	81.84%
2008	1,154,741	1,044,189	90.43%
2007	949,325	1,020,381	107.48%
2006	892,249	925,870	103.77%
2005	873,336	720,353	82.48%
2004	785,507	721,576	91.86%
2003	747,299	702,772	94.04%
2002	696,435	635,990	91.32%

Due to the timing of the receipt of the Department of Insurance calculations and of the receipt of taxes from the property tax levy, City contributions of property taxes are based on the prior year's annual required contribution as well as other factors associated with the property tax levy. Contributions of replacement taxes are based on the current year's receipts.

Schedule of Funding Progress

The Schedule of Funding Progress for the Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund gives an indication of the progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The Schedule of Funding Progress for the past ten years is reported as required supplementary information.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

23. POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

The City provides post-employment healthcare benefits to former employees and retirees.

Former employees, who are not retirees, are provided COBRA healthcare benefits mandated by the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act. Former employees, who are qualified under the Act, may apply for coverage by the City's self-insured health plan. The cost is 100% funded on a monthly pay-as-you-go basis by the former employee based upon actual cost of the health plan for either "single" or "family" coverage.

Illinois statutes mandate that a municipality must offer its retirees a health insurance plan equivalent to that offered to active employees. Illinois statutes enable a municipality to make the health plan benefits supplemental to Medicare and to offer these supplemental benefits at a different retiree contribution rate than regular benefits provided by the group plan. State statutes do not presently require the municipality to pay any portion of the cost of the plan for retired employees. Because the actuarial cost of health benefits for retirees exceeds the average amount paid by retirees, the additional cost is paid by the City and is the basis for the OPEB obligation accounted for under GASB 45.

Funding Policy

For fiscal year 2012, the City contributed \$1,025,538 for retiree healthcare benefits. The City required retirees with monthly pensions less than \$1,625 per month to contribute \$52 per month for those with no dependents or \$124 per month for those with dependents, 15% of the total cost of their healthcare. Retirees with a monthly pension greater than \$1,625 per month were required to contribute \$113 per month for those with no dependents or \$269 per month for those with dependents, 32.5% of the total cost of their healthcare. The municipality bears all cost above the amount contributed by retirees on a pay-as-you-go basis. For the fiscal year ending April 30, 2013, the total cost of healthcare is projected to be \$427 for single coverage and \$928 for family coverage. Retirees with monthly pensions less than \$1,625 per month will be required to contribute \$64 per month for those with no dependents and \$139 for those with dependents, 15% of the total cost. Retirees with monthly pensions greater than \$1,625 per month will be required to contribute \$139 per month for those with no dependents and \$301 for those with dependents, 32.5% of the total cost.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

23. POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC). The ARC represents the normal cost each year and an amount to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability over thirty years. The following table shows the calculation of the net OPEB obligation. The Net OPEB Obligation is the amount entered as of year end as the net liability for post-employment benefits.

<u>Item</u>	Total
Annual required contribution	\$2,192,187
Interest on net OPEB obligation	164,804
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(204,204)
Annual OPEB cost (expense) Contributions made	2,152,787 (1,025,538)
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	1,127,249 3,296,071
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$4,423,320

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligations were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended			Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation		
4/30/2012	\$	2,152,787	47.60%	\$	4,423,320	
4/30/2011		1,707,794	48.50%		3,296,071	
4/30/2010		1,831,445	42.70%		2,415,781	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

23. <u>POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS</u> (CONTINUED)

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of April 30, 2012, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$29,342,006. The covered payroll was approximately \$7,143,490, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 411%. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents information about the actuarial value of plan assets and the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan understood by the employer and plan members) and include the benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members.

In the actuarial valuation for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2012, the entry age normal cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 9% initially, reduced to an ultimate rate of 5% after five years. Rates include a 2.5% general inflation assumption. The Unfunded Accrued Actuarial Liability is being amortized as a level dollar amount over 30 years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

24. SELF-INSURANCE

The City has offered its employees and retirees a self-insured group health insurance plan managed by a third party administrator (TPA) since January 1, 1983. The health plan offers medical, dental and prescription drug benefits. A third party administrator is responsible for the approval and processing of claims and for the payment of claims from the City's Health Insurance Internal Service Fund. The City is responsible for the payment of monthly administration fees and stop loss insurance premiums to the plan administrators. The plan administrators are PersonalCare of Illinois for medical benefits and Delta Dental for dental benefits.

The municipality requires active employee and retiree contributions to the health plan. Note 23 provides the funding information for retirees. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2012, the contribution for active employees was \$52 per month for those with no dependents or \$124 per month for those with dependents, approximately 15% of total costs. The municipality bears all cost above the amount contributed by employees on a pay-as-you-go basis. For the fiscal year ending April 30, 2013, the total cost of the health plan per employee is projected to be \$427 per month for employees with no dependents or \$928 per month for employees with dependents. Based on these estimated costs, the contribution for active employees will be \$64 per month for those with no dependents or \$139 per month for those with dependents, or 15% of total costs, for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2013.

In addition to the monthly contributions, participants are required to pay an annual deductible and co-payments on claims incurred after the annual deductible. The co-payments required of participants are lower for PPO providers. The plan underwrites 100% of the cost of claims after the participant has made co-payments in excess of the deductible each calendar year. There is a \$2,600 calendar year out of pocket family maximum or \$1,300 calendar year out of pocket single maximum after the deductible for PPO providers. The out-of-pocket family maximum and out-of-pocket single maximum in excess of the deductible are \$5,000 per year and \$2,500 per year, respectively, for out-of-network providers. There are separate annual deductible, co-payment and yearly maximums for the dental plan. There are separate co-payment amounts required for the prescription drug benefit.

The specific stop loss insurance coverage presently attaches at costs in excess of \$150,000 per claim. The aggregate stop loss coverage attaches at costs in excess of about \$1 million per calendar year. The exact attachment point for the annual aggregate coverage varies each year and is determined by a formula and the number of enrolled participants.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

24. <u>SELF-INSURANCE</u> (CONTINUED)

At the end of the fiscal year, the City had 276 employees, former employees, and retirees participating in the group health plan. Of this number, 139 were active employees, and 137 were retirees. Seventy-five of the participants had single coverage, and 201 had family coverage.

The health plan is funded on a pay-as-you go basis. The City incurred health plan claims expenditures of \$2,612,292 in the fiscal year that ended April 30, 2012, which includes \$167,048 of claims incurred, but not paid. An actuarial estimate of claims incurred, but not reported, was not determined.

25. **INSURANCE**

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; natural disasters; errors and omissions; and injuries to employees for which the City carries commercial insurance. There have been no decreases of insurance coverage in the last three years. The following schedule presents information pertaining to lines of insurance coverage that were in effect at the end of the fiscal year.

Exposure	Insurer	Limits of Coverage	Expiration
Workers Compensation	IPRF ¹	\$2.5 million each accident \$2.5 million each employee \$2.5 million policy limit	12/15/2012
Property & Casualty	Argonaut ²	Replacement Cost \$66,467,165 Blanket Building and Contents Limit \$500,000 Extra Expense and Business Income Property - \$5,000 deductible Extra Expense and Business Income - \$5,000 deductible	12/1/2012
General Liability ³	Argonaut	\$1 million each occurrence \$3 million aggregate	12/1/2012

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

25. <u>INSURANCE</u> (CONTINUED)

Exposure	Insurer	Limits of Coverage	Expiration
Flood	American ⁴	\$405,000 Blower Building Structure \$360,000 Blower Building Contents \$132,500 Pump Station Building \$221,400 Pump Station Contents \$25,000 deductible	12/9/2012
Volunteers	National ⁵	\$2 million each occurrence	12/1/2012
Employed Lawyer's Liability	Philadelphia ⁶	\$1 million aggregate	12/1/2012
Fiduciary Liability	Federal ⁷	\$1 million aggregate	12/1/2012
Public Officials Liability	Argonaut	\$1 million each occurrence \$3 million aggregate \$5,000 deductible	12/1/2012
Employment Practices Liability	Argonaut	\$1 million each occurrence \$3 million aggregate \$50,000 limit for back wages \$5,000 deductible for each wrongful act \$10,000 deductible for back wages	12/1/2012
Automobile Physical Damage	Argonaut	Actual cash value \$500 deductible	12/1/2012
Automobile Liability	Argonaut	\$1 million	12/1/2012
Law Enforcement Liability	Argonaut	\$1 million each occurrence \$3 million aggregate \$5,000 deductible	12/1/2012
Crime	Federal	Limit - \$500,000	12/1/2012
Inland Marine	Argonaut	\$4,348,342 \$1,000 deductible	12/1/2012
Umbrella Liability ⁸	Argonaut	\$10 million each occurrence \$10 million aggregate	12/1/2012

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

25. <u>INSURANCE</u> (CONTINUED)

26. CONTINGENCIES

At April 30, 2012, the City was a defendant in two pending lawsuits. Management believes that the liability insurance of the City is sufficient to cover the asserted claims.

27. DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The following individual funds carried the following deficit balances as of April 30, 2012:

Governmental Component Unit: Mattoon Public Library \$ (35,096)

The City intends to reduce this deficit by reducing expenditures in future periods.

¹ Illinois Public Risk Fund.

² Argonaut Great Central Insurance Company.

³ The general liability coverage is subject to exclusions and sub-limits for exposures related to Products/Completed Operations, Personal & Advertising Injury, Damage to Premises Rented to You, and Employee Benefits. See the policy on file with the City for exclusion and sub-limit information.

⁴ American Banker's Insurance Company of Florida.

⁵ National Union Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh..

⁶ Philadelphia Indemnity Insurance Company.

⁷ Federal Insurance Corporation.

⁸ The umbrella policy is excess liability coverage for the following policies: Commercial General Liability, Commercial Automobile Liability, Public Officials Liability, Law Enforcement, and Employment Practices Liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

28. FUTUREGEN PLEDGES AND NOTE PAYABLE

In prior years, the City of Mattoon had been working closely with Coles Together to be named as the site for the FutureGen project. This project involved the construction of the world's first near-zero emissions coal fired power plant. After submitting a detailed proposal, Mattoon was named as the site for the project in December of 2007. As part of the winning proposal, Coles Together promised to provide FutureGen with three million dollars (\$3,000,000) to be used for the purchase of the plant site. After the City of Mattoon was named as the winner, Coles Together received pledges from the community totaling more than the amount necessary to be provided to FutureGen. Since these pledges are collectible over the coming years, the City of Mattoon agreed to help Coles Together provide FutureGen with the three million dollar pledge. In August of 2008, the City of Mattoon entered into an agreement with Coles Together, calling for the City to secure funding for the three million dollar pledge and Coles Together to assign all the pledges to the City for payment on the debt. Additionally, the agreement called for Coles Together to indemnify the City and reimburse the City for any and all costs associated with the debt. In August of 2010, the Coles Together turned down a revamped FutureGen Project (FutureGen 2.0). Since that time Coles Together has secured title to the property. During the fiscal year ended April 30, 2012, Coles Together paid off the debt, relieving the City of the note payable.

29. RECLASSIFICATIONS

Effective May 1, 2011, the City of Mattoon determined that the Festival Management Fund, part of Other Governmental Funds, should be reclassified to the General Fund. This reclassification was due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54. As a result, the Festival Management Fund's portion of remaining equity was adjusted as noted:

	<u>G</u>	eneral Fund	M	Festival lanagement
Fund balance at April 30, 2011, restated for reclassification	\$	2,439,535	\$	139,595
Adjustment for reclassification of remaining equity		139,595		(139,595)
Fund balance at April 30, 2011, restated for reclassification and prior period adjustment	\$	2,579,130	\$	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

A long-term obligation held by the primary government of the City was incorrectly reported as an obligation of the Mattoon Public Library, a component unit. Accordingly, an adjustment of \$107,274 is required to restate that amount as an obligation of the primary government. Net assets on the Statement of Activites were restated as follows:

	Primary Government	Component Unit		
Net assets at April 30, 2011	\$ 21,770,191	\$	1,846,383	
Prior period adjustment	(5,175)		5,175	
Net assets restated at April 30, 2011	\$ 21,765,016	_\$_	1,851,558	

The adjustment was also reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for Governmental Funds and on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance for Governmental Component Unit (Mattoon Public Library) as follows:

	G	eneral Fund	Library		
Fund balance at April 30, 2011, restated for reclassification	\$	2,579,130	\$	56,997	
Prior period adjustment		107,274		(107,274)	
Fund balance at April 30, 2011, restated for reclassification and prior period adjustment	\$	2,686,404	_\$_	(50,277)	



ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

		Actuarial				UAAL
		Accrued				as a
	Actuarial	Liability	Unfunded			Percentage
Actuarial	Value of	(AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	 (a)	 (b)	(b-a)	<u>(a/b)</u>	 (c)	[(b-a)/c]
12/31/11	\$ 6,865,857	\$ 10,889,009	\$ 4,023,152	63.05%	\$ 3,586,575	112.17%
12/31/10	5,448,120	9,651,177	4,203,057	56.45%	3,732,715	112.60%
12/31/09	7,489,435	11,563,277	4,073,842	64.77%	3,871,294	105.23%

On a market value basis, the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2011 is \$6,107,263. On a market basis, the funded ratio would be 56.09 percent.

POLICE PENSION FUND SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
4/30/11	\$ 13,818,067	\$ 31,576,257	\$ 17,758,190	43.76%	\$ 2,030,275	874.67%
4/30/10	14,004,793	30,557,604	16,552,811	45.83%	2,020,572	819.21%
4/30/09	12,055,157	28,704,172	16,649,015	42.00%	2,229,284	746.83%
4/30/08	14,390,466	27,532,025	13,141,559	52.27%	2,139,709	614.18%
4/30/07	14,514,232	26,108,574	11,594,342	55.59%	2,106,237	550.48%
4/30/06	13,714,306	24,651,931	10,937,625	55.63%	1,981,068	552.11%
4/30/05	12,372,599	22,891,319	10,518,720	54.05%	1,907,510	551.44%
4/30/04	12,603,149	20,792,195	8,189,046	60.61%	1,897,771	431.51%
4/30/03	11,591,993	19,271,369	7,679,376	60.15%	1,837,998	417.81%
4/30/02	10,105,246	16,998,094	6,892,848	59.45%	1,911,560	360.59%

FIRE PENSION FUND SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

		Actuarial Accrued				UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Liability	Unfunded			Percentage
Actuarial	Value of	(AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
4/30/11	\$ 14,024,639	\$ 32,630,851	\$ 18,606,212	42.98%	\$ 1,860,445	1000.09%
4/30/10	14,534,029	33,027,916	18,493,887	44.01%	1,896,588	975.11%
4/30/09	12,788,406	31,736,657	18,948,251	40.30%	2,096,818	903.67%
4/30/08	15,789,402	30,844,230	15,054,828	51.19%	2,027,483	742.54%
4/30/07	16,473,916	27,955,081	11,481,165	58.93%	1,909,726	601.19%
4/30/06	15,801,053	26,768,722	10,967,669	59.03%	1,833,262	598.26%
4/30/05	14,534,610	25,333,419	10,798,809	57.37%	1,833,235	589.06%
4/30/04	14,917,261	24,051,200	9,133,939	62.02%	1,813,453	503.68%
4/30/03	14,344,721	23,207,775	8,863,054	61.81%	1,737,246	510.18%
4/30/02	14,049,553	22,040,342	7,990,789	63.74%	1,971,604	405.29%

POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFIT PROGRAM SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

				Actuarial				UAAL
				Accrued				as a
	Acti	ıarial		Liability	Unfunded			Percentage
Actuarial	Valı	ie of		(AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	As	sets]	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)		(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	 (c)	((b-a)/c)
4/30/2012	\$		\$	29,342,006	\$ 29,342,006	0.00%	\$ 7,143,490	410.75%
4/30/2011				23,103,333	23,103,333	0.00%	6,789,837	340.26%
4/30/2010				23,181,829	23,181,829	0.00%	6,438,912	360.03%

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

For the year ended April 30, 2012

						Variance with Final Budget -
	Bu	dge	t			Positive
	Original		Final	 Actual	_(Negative)
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ 6,458,571	\$	6,458,571	\$ 6,303,587	\$	(154,984)
Licenses and permits	197,125		197,125	202,777		5,652
Intergovernmental revenues	8,279,313		8,279,313	8,545,807		266,494
Charges for services	990,658		990,658	916,891		(73,767)
Fines and forfeitures	118,000		118,000	135,988		17,988
Investment income	10,000		10,000	4,844		(5,156)
Contributions & miscellaneous						
revenues	 329,251		336,704	315,356		(21,348)
Total revenues	16,382,918		16,390,371	16,425,250		34,879
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	1,802,401		1,802,401	2,051,197		(248,796)
Public safety	9,428,065		9,447,245	9,193,972		253,273
Public works	1,870,063		1,870,063	1,654,316		215,747
Health and welfare	209,228		209,228	169,987		39,241
Culture and recreation	1,381,547		1,381,547	1,493,710		(112,163)
Economic development	130,000		130,000	159,481		(29,481)
Capital outlay				231,830		(231,830)
Debt service:						
Principal	767,084		707,571	621,460		86,111
Interest and fiscal charges	 		***	 134,675		(134,675)
Total expenditures	\$ 15,588,388	\$	15,548,055	\$ 15,710,628	\$	(162,573)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

(CONTINUED)

For the year ended April 30, 2012

	Bu	dget				V	Variance vith Final Budget - Positive
	 Original		Final		Actual	_(Negative)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$ 794,530	\$_	842,316	\$	714,622	\$	(127,694)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out Proceeds from sale of assets	 130,000 (735,000)		130,000 (735,000)		177,004 (898,948) 188,378		47,004 (163,948) 188,378
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (605,000)		(605,000)		(533,566)		71,434
Net change in fund balances	\$ 189,530	\$	237,316		181,056	\$	(56,260)
Fund balance, beginning of year, restated Prior period adjustment					2,579,130 107,274		
Fund balance, end of year				<u>\$</u>	2,867,460		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS BROADWAY EAST BUSINESS DISTRICT FUND For the year ended April 30, 2012

	Bu	dget			v	Variance vith Final Budget - Positive	
	Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:		-					
Taxes	\$ 336,500	\$	336,500	\$ 313,898	\$	(22,602)	
Investment income	 			 634		634	
Total revenues	 336,500		336,500	 314,532		(21,968)	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Economic development				216,318		(216,318)	
Debt service:							
Principal	328,313		328,313	130,000		198,313	
Interest and fiscal charges	 			 198,741	-	(198,741)	
Total expenditures	328,313		328,313	 545,059	-	(216,746)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	\$ 8,187	\$	8,187	(230,527)	\$	(238,714)	
Fund balance, beginning of year				938,159			
Fund balance, end of year				\$ 707,632			

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

1. **BUDGETARY INFORMATION**

Annual budgets for governmental funds are adopted on the cash basis of accounting, which is an other comprehensive basis of accounting. However, the difference between cash basis and a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles is considered immaterial. All annual budgets lapse at fiscal year end. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level. The City Council must approve any changes to the original budget.

2. <u>EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET</u>

For the year ended April 30, 2012, expenditures exceeded the budget for the Broadway East Business District Fund by \$230,527. These overexpenditures were funded by available fund balance in each fund.

2. ADJUSTMENT FOR DIFFERENCES IN PERSPECTIVE

Generally accepted accounting principles require the presentation of a budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund. However, the City's General Fund is comprised of two funds, the General Fund and Festival Management Fund, each with its own legally adopted budget. The following reconciling schedule shows the budget and actual amounts for each account and the totals as shows on the General Fund's Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis).

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

2. ADJUSTMENT FOR DIFFERENCES IN PERSPECTIVE (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND For the year ended April 30, 2012

General Fund Festival Management Fund **Totals** Variance Variance Variance with Final with Final with Final Budget -Budget -Budget -**Positive** Budget Positive Budget Positive Budget Original Final Original Final Original Final Actual (Negative) Actual (Negative) Actual (Negative) Revenues: Taxes \$ 6,458,571 6,458,571 \$ 6,303,587 \$ (154,984)\$ -- \$ \$ 6,458,571 \$ 6,458,571 \$ 6,303,587 \$ (154,984) \$ \$ Licenses and permits 197,125 197,125 202,777 5,652 197,125 197,125 202,777 5,652 Intergovernmental revenues 8,279,313 266,494 8,279,313 8,279,313 8,545,807 8,279,313 8,545,807 266,494 Charges for services 990,658 990,658 916,891 (73,767)990,658 990,658 916,891 (73,767)---Fines and forfeitures 118,000 118,000 135,988 17,988 118,000 118,000 135,988 17,988 Investment income 10,000 10,000 4,844 (5,156)10,000 10,000 4,844 (5,156)Contributions & miscellaneous revenues 208,251 215,704 193,274 (22,430)121,000 121,000 122.082 1.082 329,251 336,704 315,356 (21,348)1,082 Total revenues 16,261,918 16,269,371 16,303,168 33,797 121,000 121,000 122,082 16,382,918 16,390,371 16,425,250 34,879 Expenditures: Current: General government 1,802,401 1,802,401 2,051,197 (248,796)1,802,401 1,802,401 2,051,197 (248,796)Public safety 9,428,065 9,447,245 9,193,972 253,273 9,428,065 9,447,245 9,193,972 253,273 Public works 1,870,063 1,870,063 1,654,316 215,747 1,870,063 1,870,063 1,654,316 215,747 Health and welfare 209,228 209,228 169,987 39,241 209,228 209,228 169,987 39,241 Culture and recreation 1,256,472 1,256,472 1,288,166 (31,694)125,075 125,075 205,544 (80,469)1,381,547 1,381,547 1,493,710 (112,163)Economic development 130,000 130,000 159,481 (29,481)130,000 130,000 159,481 (29,481)Capital outlay 231,830 (231,830)231,830 (231,830)Debt service: 767,084 707,571 621,460 Principal 767,084 707,571 621,460 86,111 86,111 Interest and fiscal charges 134,675 (134,675)134,675 (134,675)Total expenditures \$ 15,463,313 \$ 15,422,980 \$ 15,505,084 \$ (82,104)125,075 \$ 125,075 \$ 205,544 \$ (80,469)\$ 15,588,388 \$ 15,548,055 \$ 15,710,628 \$ (162,573) \$

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

2. ADJUSTMENT FOR DIFFERENCES IN PERSPECTIVE (CONTINUED)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND For the year ended April 30, 2012

		Bud	get		w	Variance vith Final Budget - Positive		Bu	dget				W	Variance vith Final Budget - Positive		Bu	dget				Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Origina		Final	Actual		Negative)	0	riginal	_	Final		Actual	_(1	Negative)		Original	_	Final	Actual		(Negative)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)expenditures	\$ 798,6	05	\$ 846,391	\$ 798,084	<u>\$</u>	(48,307)	\$	(4,075)	\$	(4,075)	\$	(83,462)	<u>\$</u>	(79,387)	<u>\$</u>	794,530	\$	842,316	\$ 714,622		(127,694)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out Proceeds from sale of assets	92,5 (735,0		92,500 (735,000)	139,504 (898,948) 188,378		47,004 (163,948) 188,378		37,500		37,500		37,500				130,000 (735,000)		130,000 (735,000)	177,004 (898,948 188,378)	47,004 (163,948) 188,378
Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balances	(642,5 \$ 156,1		(642,500) \$ 203,891	(571,066)		71,434 23,127		37,500 33,425	<u> </u>	37,500 33,425		37,500 (45,962)		(79,387)		(605,000) 189,530		(605,000) 237,316	(533,566 181,056		71,434
Fund balance, beginning of year, Prior period adjustment	130,1		200,001	2,439,535 107,274		22,127		22,722	<u> </u>	7 2 7 1 2 2		139,595	<u>-</u>	(11,301)	<u> </u>	***,350	<u>*</u>	22.,310	2,579,130 107,274		(2-3,200)
Fund balance, end of year				\$ 2,773,827	-						<u>\$</u>	93,633							\$ 2,867,460	=	

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUN	ND STATEMENTS AND S	CHEDULES

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND For the year ended April 30, 2012

		Bu	dge	t			,	Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)			
Revenues:										
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	865,000	\$	865,000	\$	494,732	\$	(370,268)		
Investment income		5,000		5,000		3,301		(1,699)		
Contributions & miscellaneous revenues		7,500		7,500		265,067		257,567		
Total revenues		877,500	_	877,500	_	763,100		(114,400)		
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government						3,552		(3,552)		
Public Safety		355,000		355,000		7,505		347,495		
Public works		4,195,000		4,195,000		70,993		4,124,007		
Culture and recreation		25,000		25,000		5,202		19,798		
Economic development		220,000		220,000				220,000		
Capital outlay						2,036,216		(2,036,216)		
Debt service:										
Principal		446,320		446,320		230,000		216,320		
Interest and fiscal charges	-		-			216,748		(216,748)		
Total expenditures		5,241,320		5,241,320		2,570,216		2,671,104		
Deficiency of revenues under										
expenditures		(4,363,820)		(4,363,820)		(1,807,116)		2,556,704		
Other financing sources:										
Transfers in		750,000		750,000		893,028		143,028		
Transfers out		(65,000)		(65,000)				65,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)		685,000		685,000		893,028	_	208,028		
Net change in fund balances	\$	(3,678,820)	\$	(3,678,820)		(914,088)	\$	2,764,732		
Fund balance, beginning of year						5,638,579				
Fund balance, end of year					<u>\$</u>	4,724,491				

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS April 30, 2012

	Motor Fuel Tax Fund	Hotel and Motel Tax Fund	Home Rehabilitation Grant Fund	Revolving Loan Fund
ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,276,979	\$ 69,283	\$ 37	\$ 463,038
Receivables	38,541	65,313		110,846
Due from other funds				5,155
Long-term receivables				414,552
Total assets	\$ 1,315,520	\$ 134,596	\$ 37	\$ 993,591
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 26,497	\$ 4,363	\$	\$
Payroll liabilities payable		2,857		
Due to other funds		105		2,200
Deferred revenue		28,219		
Total liabilities	26,497	35,544		2,200
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable			***	414,552
Restricted	1,289,023	99,052	37	576,839
Total fund balances	1,289,023	99,052	37	991,391
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,315,520	\$ 134,596	\$ 37	\$ 993,591

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS April 30, 2012

	Midtown TIF District Fund	I-57 East TIF District Fund	South Rt 45 Business District Fund	I-57 East Business District Fund
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Due from other funds Long-term receivables	\$ 219,106 283,425 	\$ 22,737 58,337 1,269	\$ 20,671 16,324 	\$ 1,583 712
Total assets	\$ 502,531	\$ 82,343	\$ 36,995	\$ 2,295
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 9,353	\$	\$	\$
Payroll liabilities payable				
Due to other funds				1,269
Deferred revenue	283,425	58,337	8,771	216
Total liabilities	292,778	58,337	8,771	1,485
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable				
Restricted	209,753	24,006	28,224	810
Total fund balances	209,753	24,006	28,224	810
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 502,531	\$ 82,343	\$ 36,995	\$ 2,295

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS April 30, 2012

	E	roadway Cast TIF District Fund	 uth Rt 45 F District Fund		Totals
ASSETS:					
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$	34,327	\$ 654 55 037	\$	2,108,415 662,214
Due from other funds		32,779	55,937		6,424
Long-term receivables					414,552
	-				
Total assets	\$	67,106	\$ 56,591	\$	3,191,605
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$		\$ 	\$	40,213
Payroll liabilities payable					2,857
Due to other funds					3,574
Deferred revenue		32,779	 55,937		467,684
Total liabilities		32,779	 55,937		514,328
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable					414,552
Restricted		34,327	 654		2,262,725
Total fund balances		34,327	654	•	2,677,277
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	67,106	\$ 56,591	\$	3,191,605

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the year ended April 30, 2012

	Mo	tor Fuel Tax Fund		Hotel and Motel Tax Fund	Home habilitation rant Fund	Revolving Loan Fund
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$		\$	297,270	\$ 	\$
Intergovernmental revenues		549,244			287,922	
Investment income		970				15,482
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues		1,334		11,300	 	
Total revenues		551,548		308,570	287,922	15,482
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public works		631,424				
Culture and recreation		·		281,586		
Economic development				·	287,922	105,615
Debt service:						-
Principal						
Interest and fiscal charges					 	-
Total expenditures		631,424		281,586	287,922	105,615
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(79,876)	-	26,984	 	(90,133)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		5,920				
Transfers out				(37,500)	 ••	
Total other financing sources (uses)		5,920		(37,500)	 	
Net change in fund balances		(73,956)		(10,516)		(90,133)
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year		1,362,979		109,568	 37	1,081,524
Fund balances, end of year	\$	1,289,023	\$	99,052	\$ 37	\$ 991,391

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the year ended April 30, 2012

		Midtown IF District Fund		-57 East F District Fund		South Rt 45 Business District Fund	B	57 East Jusiness District Fund
Revenues:	•	046.050	•	22.066	Φ.	12 220	Φ	0.050
Taxes	\$	246,850	\$	23,966	\$	43,338	\$	2,079
Intergovernmental revenues Investment income		317				94		
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues		317				94		
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues								
Total revenues		247,167		23,966		43,432		2,079
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public works								
Culture and recreation								
Economic development		268,826		5,214				
Debt service:								
Principal								
Interest and fiscal charges							***************************************	
Total expenditures		268,826		5,214				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(21,659)		18,752		43,432		2,079
, , ,								
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in								
Transfers out						(135,644)		
Total other financing sources (uses)						(135,644)		
Net change in fund balances		(21,659)		18,752		(92,212)		2,079
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year		231,412		5,254		120,436		(1,269)
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$	209,753	\$	24,006	\$	28,224	\$	810

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the year ended April 30, 2012

	E	Broadway East TIF District Fund		South Rt 45 TIF District Fund		Eliminations		Totals	
Revenues:							***************************************		
Taxes	\$	24,720	\$	1,570	\$		\$	639,793	
Intergovernmental revenues								837,166	
Investment income								16,863	
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues								12,634	
Total revenues		24,720		1,570				1,506,456	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Public works								631,424	
Culture and recreation								281,586	
Economic development		9,154		6,368				683,099	
Debt service:									
Principal				21,220				21,220	
Interest and fiscal charges				39,396				39,396	
Total expenditures		9,154		66,984				1,656,725	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
(under) expenditures		15,566		(65,414)				(150,269)	
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in				135,644		(135,644)		5,920	
Transfers out						135,644		(37,500)	
Total other financing sources (uses)				135,644				(31,580)	
Net change in fund balances		15,566		70,230				(181,849)	
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year		18,761		(69,576)		ubs ins		2,859,126	
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$	34,327	\$	654	\$		<u>\$</u>	2,677,277	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND For the year ended April 30, 2012

	Bu	dget	:		w]	Variance vith Final Budget - Positive
	Original		Final	 Actual		Negative)
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 1,070,000	\$	1,070,000	\$ 549,244	\$	(520,756)
Investment income	1,750		1,750	970		(780)
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues	 			 1,334	-	1,334
Total revenues	1,071,750		1,071,750	551,548		(520,202)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public works	 1,383,078		1,383,078	631,424	-	751,654
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(311,328)		(311,328)	(79,876)		231,452
Other financine sources						
Other financing sources: Transfers in	 			 5,920		5,920
Net change in fund balances	\$ (311,328)	\$	(311,328)	(73,956)	\$	237,372
Fund balance, beginning of year				 1,362,979		
Fund balance, end of year				\$ 1,289,023		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND HOTEL AND MOTEL TAX FUND For the year ended April 30, 2012

	Bu	dget			wi B	ariance th Final udget - Positive
	Original		Final	 Actual	_(N	egative)
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ 275,000	\$	275,000	\$ 297,270	\$	22,270
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues	 			 11,300		11,300
Total revenues	275,000		275,000	308,570		33,570
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Culture and recreation	 263,254		263,254	281,586		(18,332)
Excess of revenues over						
expenditures	11,746		11,746	26,984		15,238
Other financing uses:						
Transfers out	 (37,500)		(37,500)	 (37,500)	-	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (25,754)	\$	(25,754)	(10,516)	\$	15,238
Fund balance, beginning of year				109,568		
Fund balance, end of year				\$ 99,052		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND HOME REHABILITATION GRANT FUND For the year ended April 30, 2012

		Bu	dget				v	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues	\$	170,000	\$	170,000	\$	287,922	\$	117,922
Expenditures: Current:								
Economic development	<u> </u>	170,000		170,000		287,922		(117,922)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$		\$		ı		\$	
Fund balance, beginning of year						37	•	
Fund balance, end of year					\$	37		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND REVOLVING LOAN FUND For the year ended April 30, 2012

		_					v	Variance vith Final Budget -
			dget				Positive	
		Original		Final		Actual	_(Negative)
Revenues:								
Investment income	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	\$	15,482	\$	13,982
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues		123,000		123,000				(123,000)
Total revenues		124,500		124,500		15,482		(109,018)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Economic development		131,500		131,500		105,615		25,885
Total expenditures		131,500	•	131,500	***	105,615		25,885
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(7,000)		(7,000)		(90,133)		(83,133)
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in	-	7,000		7,000				(7,000)
Net change in fund balances	\$	***	\$			(90,133)	\$	(90,133)
Fund balance, beginning of year						1,081,524		
Fund balance, end of year					\$	991,391		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND MIDTOWN TIF DISTRICT FUND For the year ended April 30, 2012

			dget				W I	Variance ith Final Budget - Positive
Davisson		Original		Final_		Actual	1)	Negative)
Revenues:	•	220.000	Φ.	222 222	Φ.	246.050	•	16050
Taxes	\$	230,000	\$	230,000	\$	246,850	\$	16,850
Investment income	-	500		500		317		(183)
Total revenues		230,500		230,500		247,167		16,667
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Economic development		197,600		197,600		268,826		(71,226)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	\$	32,900	\$	32,900		(21,659)	\$	(54,559)
Fund balance, beginning of year						231,412		
Fund balance, end of year					\$	209,753		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND I-57 EAST TIF DISTRICT FUND For the year ended April 30, 2012

		Bu	dget			wi E	'ariance ith Final Budget - Positive
	C	Priginal		Final	 Actual	(N	legative)
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$	26,000	\$	26,000	\$ 23,966	\$	(2,034)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Economic development		6,200		6,200	 5,214		986
Excess of revenues over							
expenditures	<u>\$</u>	19,800	\$	19,800	18,752	\$	(1,048)
Fund balance, beginning of year					5,254		
Fund balance, end of year					\$ 24,006		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SOUTH RT 45 BUSINESS DISTRICT FUND For the year ended April 30, 2012

		D.,	J4				V	Variance vith Final Budget - Positive
	_	 Driginal	dget	Final		Actual		Positive Negative)
Revenues:		711ginai		Tinai		71ctuui		reguire
Taxes	\$	43,500	\$	43,500	\$	43,338	\$	(162)
Investment income						94		94
Total revenues		43,500		43,500		43,432		(68)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Economic development								
Excess of revenues over								
expenditures		43,500		43,500		43,432		(68)
Other financing sources:								
Transfers out						(135,644)		135,644
Net change in fund balances	<u>\$</u>	43,500	\$	43,500		(92,212)	\$	(135,712)
Fund balance, beginning of year					•	120,436		
Fund balance, end of year					\$	28,224		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BROADWAY EAST TIF DISTRICT FUND For the year ended April 30, 2012

		Bu	dget				wit B	ariance th Final udget - ositive
)riginal		Final		Actual	(No	egative)
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	24,000	\$	24,000	\$	24,720	\$	720
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Economic development	•	9,800		9,800		9,154	·	646
Excess of revenues over								
expenditures	\$	14,200	\$	14,200	:	15,566	\$	1,366
Fund balance, beginning of year						18,761		
Fund balance, end of year					\$	34,327		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SOUTH RT 45 TIF DISTRICT FUND For the year ended April 30, 2012

	_					w. E	ariance ith Final Sudget -
	 	dget				Positive	
	 <u> Priginal</u>		Final		Actual	<u>(l</u>	legative)
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$ 5,400	<u>\$</u>	5,400	\$_	1,570	\$	(3,830)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Economic development	1,080		1,080		6,368		(5,288)
Debt service:							
Principal	61,000		61,000		21,220		39,780
Interest and fiscal charges					39,396		(39,396)
Total expenditures	 62,080		62,080		66,984		(4,904)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(56,680)		(56,680)		(65,414)		(8,734)
Other financing sources: Transfers	 		<u></u>		135,644		135,644
Net change in fund balances	\$ (56,680)	<u>\$</u>	(56,680)		70,230	\$	126,910
Fund deficit, beginning of year					(69,576)		
Fund deficit, end of year				\$	654		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS April 30, 2012

	Health Insurance Fund	Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund	Total
ASSETS:			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 139,024	\$ 152,943	\$ 291,967
Accounts receivable	3,602	26,672	30,274
Due from other funds	25,622	125,464	151,086
Prepaid items		146,206	146,206
Total current assets	168,248	451,285	619,533
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	6,565		6,565
Total assets	174,813	451,285	626,098
LIABILITIES:			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	167,188	7,017	174,205
Due to component units	1,546	374	1,920
Payable from restricted assets:			
Other payables	6,079		6,079
Total current liabilities	174,813	7,391	182,204
NET ASSETS:			
Unrestricted	\$	\$ 443,894	\$ 443,894

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the year ended April 30, 2012

		Health nsurance Fund	Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund			Total	
Operating revenues:							
Fund charges and employee contributions	\$	2.072.010	ď	607.490	\$	2 670 407	
Insurance reimbursements	Ф	2,972,918 19,903	\$	697,489	Ф	3,670,407 19,903	
Operating grants		19,903		12,700		19,903	
Miscellaneous operating revenue		16,305		53,192		69,497	
Total operating revenue		3,009,126		763,381		3,772,507	
-							
Operating expenses:		151 001		27 261		100 252	
Administrative and general Insurance		151,091 249,323		37,261 725,270		188,352 974,593	
Health claims and uninsured judgments		2,612,292		850		2,613,142	
ricular claims and annisared judgments		2,012,272		030	-	2,013,112	
Total operating expenses		3,012,706		763,381	-	3,776,087	
Operating loss		(3,580)				(3,580)	
Non-operating revenues:							
Investment income		3,580				3,580	
Total non-operating							
revenues		3,580	 		-	3,580	
Change in net assets							
Net assets, beginning of year				443,894		443,894	
Net assets, end of year	\$		\$	443,894	\$	443,894	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the year ended April 30, 2012

	Health Insurance Fund		urance and t Judgment Fund		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING			1 4114	*****	
ACTIVITIES:					
Receipts from interfund services provided	\$ 2,576,527	\$	628,027	\$	3,204,554
Receipts from component units	36,795		11,153		47,948
Receipts from employees and retirees	493,935				493,935
Payments to suppliers	(400,414)		(786,180)		(1,186,594)
Payments to claimants	(2,609,956)		(850)		(2,610,806)
Operating grants			12,700		12,700
Other receipts	41,161	-	53,192		94,353
Net cash provided by (used for)					
operating activities	138,048		(81,958)		56,090
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Investment income received (net of					
expense)	3,580	······································			3,580
Net cash provided by investing					
activities	3,580	-			3,580
Net increase (decrease) in cash	141,628		(81,958)		59,670
Cash, restricted and unrestricted,					
beginning of year	3,961		234,901		238,862
Cash, restricted and unrestricted, end of year	\$ 145,589	\$	152,943	<u>\$</u>	298,532
PER COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET A	ASSETS - INTER	RNAL S	ERVICE FUN	DS	
PER COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET A ASSETS:	ASSETS - INTER	RNAL S	ERVICE FUN	DS	
ASSETS: Current assets:					
ASSETS:	ASSETS - INTER	\$	ERVICE FUN 152,943	DS \$	291,967
ASSETS: Current assets:					291,967
ASSETS: Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Noncurrent assets:					291,967
ASSETS: Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents					291,967 6,565
ASSETS: Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 139,024				ŕ
ASSETS: Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 139,024				·
ASSETS: Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents LIABILITIES:	\$ 139,024				·

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the year ended April 30, 2012

	I	Health nsurance Fund	urance and t Judgment Fund	Total
Reconciliation of operating loss to				
net cash provided by (used for)				
operating activities:				
Operating loss	\$	(3,580)	\$ 	\$ (3,580)
Adjustments to reconcile operating				
loss to net cash provided by				
operating activities:				
(Increase) decrease in receivables		4,953	(12,992)	(8,039)
(Increase) decrease in due				
from other funds		134,732	(43,694)	91,038
(Increase) decrease in prepaid				
items			(17,384)	(17,384)
Increase (decrease) in accounts				
payable		(227)	6,727	6,500
Increase (decrease) in due to				
other funds			(13,644)	(13,644)
Increase (decrease) in due to				
component units		(393)	(971)	(1,364)
Increase (decrease) in other				
payables		2,563	 	 2,563
Net cash provided by (used for)				
operating activities	\$	138,048	\$ (81,958)	\$ 56,090

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL COMPONENT UNIT (MATTOON PUBLIC LIBRARY) April 30, 2012

Cash and cash equivalents \$ Investments, at fair value Receivables	32,082 5,628 19,028 1,920
	19,028
Receivables	· ·
	1.020
Due from primary government	1,920
Prepaid items	19,475
Restricted assets:	
Investments, at fair value	25,000
Total assets <u>\$</u>	103,133
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE:	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable \$	8,471
Payroll liabilities payable	802
Due to primary government	25,406
Deferred revenue	19,028
Advances from primary governement	84,522
Total liabilities	138,229
Fund balance:	
Nonspendable	44,475
Restricted	
Committed	
Assigned	
Unassigned	(79,571)
Total fund balance	(35,096)
Total liabilities and fund balance	103,133

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL COMPONENT UNIT (MATTOON PUBLIC LIBRARY) For the year ended April 30, 2012

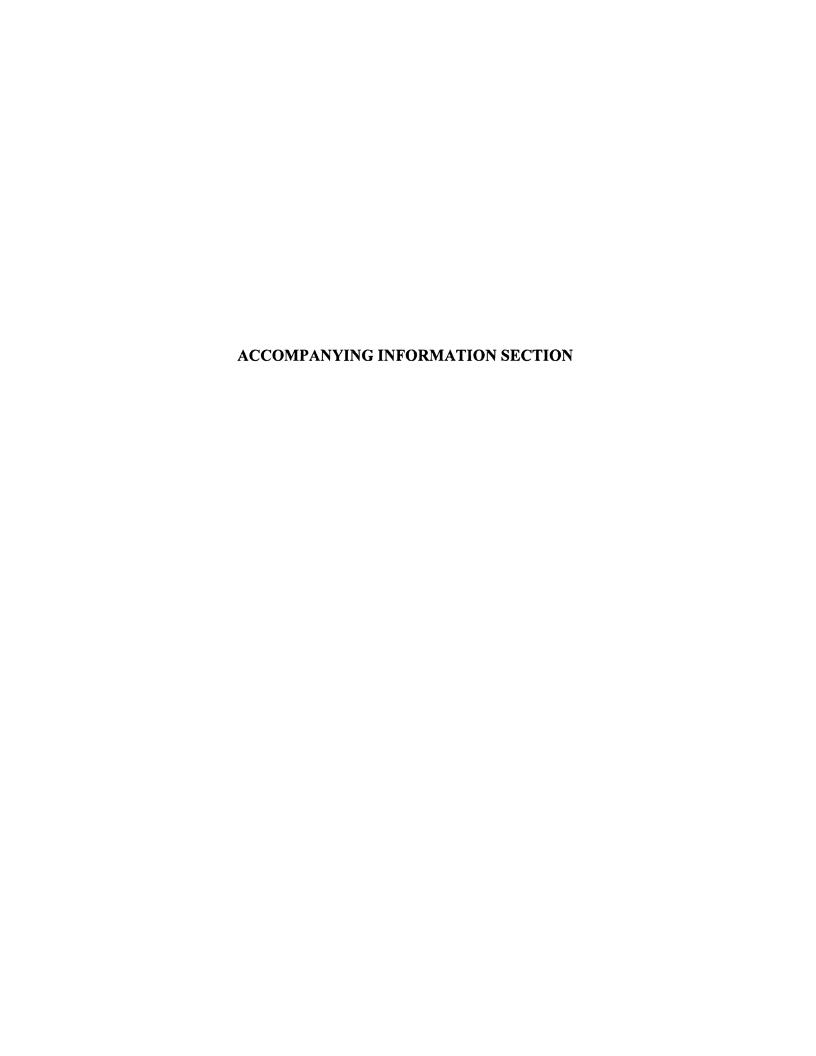
Revenues:	
Payments from primary government	\$ 471,205
Intergovernmental revenues	84,028
Charges for services	2,935
Fines and forfeitures	12,028
Investment income	278
Operating contributions	148,003
Miscellaneous revenues	 4,311
Total revenues	722,788
Expenditures:	
Current:	
Culture and recreation	635,628
Capital outlay	71,940
Debt service:	
Interest	 39
Total expenditures	 707,607
Excess of revenues over expenditures	15,181
Fund balance, beginning of year	56,997
Prior period adjustment	(107,274)
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$ (35,096)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY COMPONENT UNITS April 30, 2012

	Mattoon Police Pension Fund	Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund	Totals
ASSETS:			
Cash	\$ 1,807,394	\$ 1,872,451	\$ 3,679,845
Interest receivable	51,355	55,864	107,219
Purchased interest		2,123	2,123
Advances to primary government		29,625	29,625
Investments, at fair value:			
U.S. government obligations	4,575,062	5,387,089	9,962,151
Insurance contracts	8,152,505	7,761,603	15,914,108
Certificates of deposit	175,406		175,406
Total investments	12,902,973	13,148,692	26,051,665
Total assets	14,761,722	15,108,755	29,870,477
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable	1,649		1,649
Pensions payable		170,607	170,607
Due to primary government	70,425		70,425
Total liabilities	72,074	170,607	242,681
NET ASSETS: Held in trust for pension benefits (a schedule of funding progress is presented on pages 98-99)	\$ 14,689,648	\$ 14,938,148	\$ 29,627,796

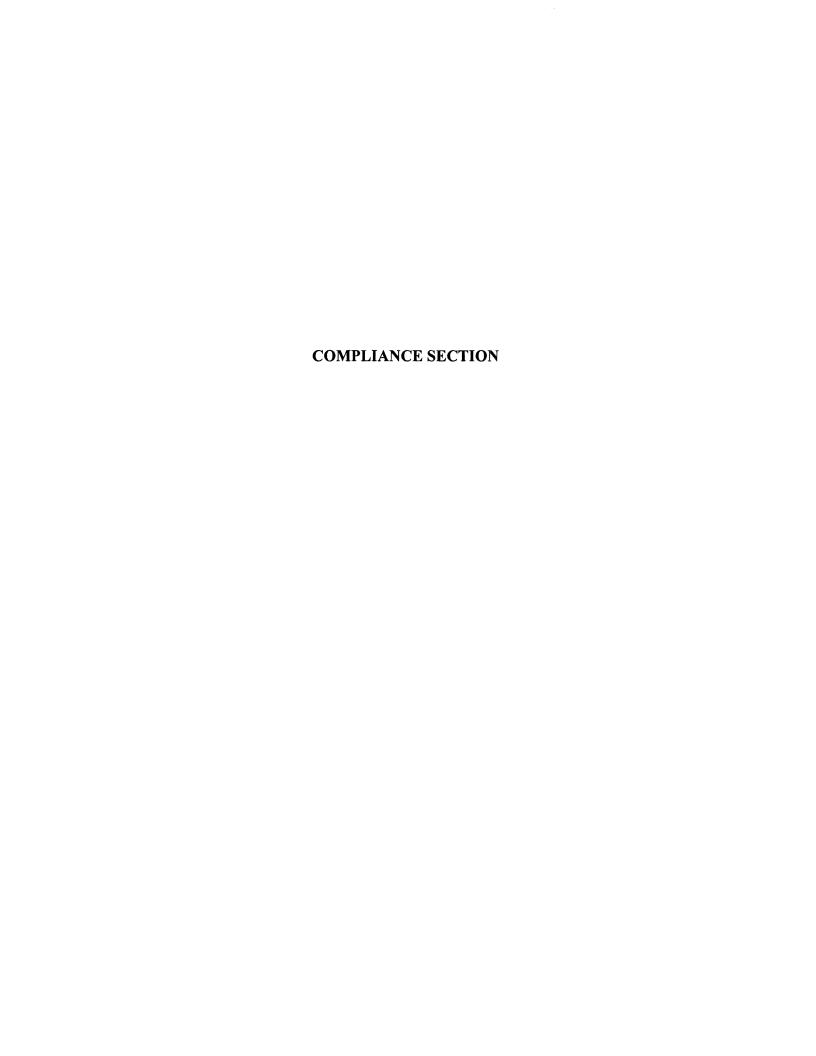
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY COMPONENT UNITS For the year ended April 30, 2012

	Mattoon Police Pension Fund	Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund	Totals
Additions:			
Contributions:			
Employer	\$ 1,082,520	\$ 1,292,792	\$ 2,375,312
Plan members	211,661	202,782	414,443
Total contributions	1,294,181	1,495,574	2,789,755
Investment income:			
Interest income Net increase (decrease) in fair value of	300,713	275,674	576,387
investments	(58,161)	550,043	491,882
Net investment income	242,552	825,717	1,068,269
Total additions	1,536,733	2,321,291	3,858,024
Deductions:			
Benefits and refunds of contributions	1,632,070	2,040,226	3,672,296
Administrative Expenses	18,116	9,612	27,728
Total deductions	1,650,186	2,049,838	3,700,024
Change in net assets	(113,453)	271,453	158,000
Net assets held in trust, beginning of year	14,803,101	14,666,695	29,469,796
Net assets held in trust, end of year	\$ 14,689,648	\$ 14,938,148	\$ 29,627,796



LEGAL DEBT MARGIN (UNAUDITED) April 30, 2012

Assessed valuation, 2011 levy		\$	197,894,169
Statutory debt limitation: (8.625% of assessed valuation)		\$	17,068,372
Total debt:			
General obligation bonds Capital leases Notes payable	(15,716,000) (493,099) (12,412,081)		
Total debt			(28,621,180)
Less debt exempt from statutory debt limitation computation:			
General obligation bonds Capital leases	15,716,000		
Notes payable-IEPA loans	9,844,485	,	
Total debt exempt from statutory debt limitation			25,560,485
Legal debt margin		\$	14,007,677



WEST & COMPANY, LLC

MEMBERS

E. LYNN FREESE RICHARD C. WEST BRIAN E. DANIELL JANICE K. ROMACK DIANA R. SMITH D. RAIF PERRY JOHN H. VOGT JOSHUA D. LOWE CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS

613 BROADWAY AVENUE P.O. BOX 945 MATTOON, ILLINOIS 61938

> (217) 235-4747 www.westcpa.com

OFFICES

EDWARDSVILLE EFFINGHAM GREENVILLE MATTOON SULLIVAN

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Mayor and City Commissioners City of Mattoon, Illinois

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Mattoon, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2012, and have issued our report thereon dated April 30, 2013. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the City of Mattoon, Illinois is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Mattoon, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Mattoon, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Mattoon, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in the internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses and other deficiencies that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Mayor and City Commissioners City of Mattoon, Illinois Page 2

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 12-01, 12-04, and 12-05 to be material weaknesses.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 12-02 and 12-03 to be a significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Mattoon, Illinois' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we have reported to management of the City of Mattoon, Illinois, in a separate letter dated April 30, 2013.

The City of Mattoon, Illinois' responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. We did not audit the City of Mattoon, Illinois' responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

West + Cupy, LCC

April 30, 2013

WEST & COMPANY, LLC

MEMBERS

E. LYNN FREESE RICHARD C. WEST BRIAN E. DANIELL JANICE K. ROMACK DIANA R. SMITH D. RAIF PERRY JOHN H. VOGT JOSHUA D. LOWE CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS &
CONSULTANTS

613 BROADWAY AVENUE P.O. BOX 945 MATTOON, ILLINOIS 61938

> (217) 235-4747 www.westcpa.com

OFFICES

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Mayor and City Commissioners City of Mattoon, Illinois

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Mattoon with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended April 30, 2012. The City of Mattoon's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the entity's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City of Mattoon's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Mattoon's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Mattoon's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Mattoon complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended April 30, 2012.

Mayor and City Commissioners City of Mattoon, Illinois Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City of Mattoon is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Mattoon's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Mattoon's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

West + Copy, LLC April 30, 2013

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS April 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	CFDA Number	Pass-through Grantor's Number	Federal Expenditures	
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Passed through Illinois Housing Development Authority				
) HOME Investment Partnership Program	14.239	HO-50220	\$	287,922
U.S. Department of Justice				
Sharing of federally forfeited property	16.UNKNOWN			107,689
Passed through Illinois Criminal Justice Info Authority:				
Recovery Act - Edward Bryne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.803	809103		30,166
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	409003		77,043
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607			11,309
Total U.S. Department of Justice				226,207
U.S. Department of Transportation				
Passed through Illinois Department of Transportation:				
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	AL23625053		6,250
U.S. Department of Homeland Security				
Passed through Illinois Emergency Management Agency passed				
through Mutual Aid Box Alarm System				
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067			8,772
U.S. Department of the Treasury				
Treasury Forfeiture Fund	21.UNKNOWN			1,550
TOTAL			\$	530,701

(m) - Audited as a major program

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS April 30, 2012

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Mattoon, Illinois for the year ended April 30, 2012, presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. All federal awards received directly from federal agencies as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies are included on this schedule. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the year ended April 30, 2012

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements						
Type of auditors' report issued:			UNQUALIFIED			
Internal control over financial	reporting:					
- Material weakness(es)	identified?	Xyes		_no		
- Significant deficiency(i are not considered to be weakness(es)?	· · ·	Xyes		-		
Noncompliance material to fir	nancial statements noted?	yes	<u>X</u>	_no		
Federal Awards						
Internal control over major pro	ograms:					
- Material weakness(es)	identified?	yes	<u>X</u>	_no		
- Significant deficiency(are not considered to be weakness(es)?	•	yes	X	_none reported		
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: UNQUAL			FIED	_		
Any audit findings disclosed t in accordance with Circular A	hat are required to be reported -133, Section .510(a)?	yes	X	_no		
Identification of major program	ns:					
CFDA Number(s)	Name of federal program	or cluster	-			
14.239	HOME Investment Partnership Pr	ogram				
Dollar threshold usesd to disti Type B programs:	nguish between Type A and	\$ 300,000	_			
Auditee qualified as a low-risk	auditee?	ves	Х	no		

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended April 30, 2012

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

FINDING NO. 12-01 - Controls Over Financial Statement Preparation

Criteria/Specific Requirement:

The City of Mattoon is required to maintain a system of controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The City's internal controls over GAAP financial reporting should include adequately trained personnel with the knowledge and expertise to prepare and/or thoroughly review GAAP based financial statements to ensure that they are free of material misstatements and include all disclosures as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Condition:

The City of Mattoon does not have sufficient internal controls over the financial reporting process. The City maintains its accounting records on the cash basis of accounting. While the City maintains controls over the processing of most accounting transactions, there are not sufficient controls over the preparation/review of the GAAP based financial statements for management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions to prevent or detect financial statement misstatements and disclosure omissions in a timely manner. For example, auditors, in their review of the City's accounting records, noted that numerous adjustments were required to present financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Effect:

Management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions may not prevent or detect financial statement misstatements and disclosure omissions in a timely manner.

Cause:

According to City officials, the former city Treasurer left prior to the financial statement preparation and a new Treasurer was not hired until several months after the fiscal year had ended.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) For the year ended April 30, 2012

Section II - Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

FINDING NO. 12-01 - Controls Over Financial Statement Preparation (Continued)

Auditors' Recommendation:

As part of internal control over the preparation of financial statements, including disclosures, the City of Mattoon should implement a comprehensive preparation and/or review procedure to ensure that the financial statements, including disclosures, are complete and accurate. Such procedures should be performed by a properly trained individual(s) possessing a thorough understanding of applicable generally accepted accounting principles, GASB pronouncements, and knowledge of the City's activities and operations. This problem should be resolved in the next fiscal year with the hiring of the new Treasurer.

Management's Response:

The new City Treasurer accepted responsibility on September 4, 2012, is a CPA, and will oversee preparation of the GAAP based financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) For the year ended April 30, 2012

Section II - Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

FINDING NO. 12-02 – Lack of Segregation of Duties and Inadequate Controls over Payroll (Partial repeat of 11-01 and 10-01)

Criteria/Specific Requirement:

Internal controls should be in place that provide reasonable assurance that payroll is properly authorized, recorded, and paid.

Condition:

The payroll function is performed almost entirely by one individual. There is no review of the payroll tax returns and payroll withholding distributions prior to their payment.

Effect:

Because of the lack of segregation of duties and internal controls, payroll taxes and other withholdings may not be accurately withheld and paid.

Cause:

According to City officials, they do not have adequate staffing to provide appropriate segregation of duties. Also, there are no procedures in place to require management's approval before initiating the payment of payroll taxes and other withholdings.

Auditors' Recommendation:

Procedures should be implemented to ensure that payroll taxes and other withholdings be reviewed and approved by management before they are paid.

Management's Response:

All payroll is reviewed by the City Treasurer. The City will implement a policy that all payroll tax returns and withholding also be reviewed prior to filing and payment.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) For the year and of April 20, 2012

For the year ended April 30, 2012

Section II - Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

FINDING NO. 12-03 - Inadequate Controls over Billed Revenues and Receivables (Repeat of 11-02 and 10-02)

Criteria/Specific Requirement:

Internal controls should be in place that provide reasonable assurance that invoices are properly prepared and receivables are properly authorized, recorded, and received.

Condition:

Various departments prepare their own billings and the related receivables may not be recorded in a timely fashion or at all. Erroneous invoices could be prepared and mailed without review and approval procedures. In addition, the ambulance billings are prepared for the City by a third party. The revenue and receivable records are not reconciled between the City and the third party and outstanding invoices are not reviewed periodically to determine collectability. Due to the lack of internal controls, the City did not realize that it had not collected on a receivable of \$43,594 until the question was raised by the auditors in the fall of 2012, over a year after the invoice had originally been sent.

Effect:

The financial statements could be misstated due to receivables that were not reported to the finance department, lack of follow-up on significant aged receivables, revenues that were improperly billed, revenues not reconciled between the City and the ambulance billings preparer, and uncollectible receivables from ambulance billings.

Cause:

There are limited procedures in place for the review and approval of invoices or for reporting to the finance department when an invoice is prepared and sent from other departments. There are limited procedures to follow-up on significant receivables after they have been outstanding for a certain amount of time. There are also limited procedures implemented to provide adequate controls over the ambulance billing process.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) For the year ended April 30, 2012

Section II - Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

FINDING NO. 12-03 – Inadequate Controls over Billed Revenues and Receivables (Repeat of 11-02 and 10-02) (Continued)

Auditors' Recommendation:

The City should develop a centralized billing function for all receivables. The centralized billing function could receive billing information from the other departments, prepare invoices, and send the invoices back to the other departments for review, approval, and mailing. The billing function could also be in charge of following up on outstanding receivables after a set amount of time has passed. Also, the billing function should reconcile revenues between the City and the ambulance billing preparer and review ambulance receivables for uncollectible accounts.

Management's Response:

The City has assumed responsibility for ambulance billing and collection effective February 1, 2013. In addition, the City will develop an Accounts Receivable program in the Finance Department. The Finance Department will receive copies of the invoices prepared by the various other departments, enter them into the City's accounting system, and then monitor, track and report the status for the receivable until collected.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended April 30, 2012

Section II - Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

FINDING NO. 12-04 - Inadequate Controls over Compliance Requirements for Grants (Repeat of 11-03 and 10-03)

Criteria/Specific Requirement:

The A-102 Common Rule and OMB Circular A-110 require that non-Federal entities receiving Federal awards establish and maintain internal control designed to reasonably ensure compliance with Federal laws, regulations, and program compliance requirements. The objectives of internal control pertaining to the compliance requirements for federal programs are found in OMB Circular A-133.

Condition:

The City does not have a centralized system to ensure compliance with compliance requirements applicable to its Federal, State, and local grants.

Effect:

The City could inadvertently not comply with provisions of a grant, which could result in the granting agency requesting reimbursement or adjusting future grant awards.

Cause:

The City did not realize that its procedures do not meet the objectives for internal control over compliance requirements for grants.

Auditors' Recommendation:

The City should implement centralized internal control procedures to ensure that all grant transactions are properly recorded and accounted for and are executed in compliance with laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements.

Management's Response:

Currently, the various departments monitor their individual grants. The City would like to centralize the processing of grant applications and monitoring and will attempt to put a process in place to centralize the grant process and better monitor the grants received.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) For the year ended April 30, 2012

Section II - Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

FINDING NO. 12-05 - Inadequate Controls over Capital Assets (Repeat of 11-04)

Criteria/Specific Requirement:

Internal controls should be in place to provide reasonable assurance that capital assets are properly authorized, recorded, received, and disposed.

Condition:

The City does not keep track of capital outlay during the year. They are recorded to various expenditure accounts that may also include non-capital outlay transactions, such as payments on debt used to purchase capital assets. Further, the City does not keep a listing of all capital assets aside from an incomplete listing used for insurance purposes. When assets are disposed, the proceeds are reported in a miscellaneous revenue account. The City does not keep track of these dispositions during the year.

Effect:

The financial statements could be misstated due to not locating capital outlay expenditures within various accounts throughout the general ledger and inadvertently omitting sales or other dispositions of capital assets.

Cause:

There are no procedures in place to maintain a listing of capital assets, updated periodically for capital outlay additions and dispositions.

Auditors' Recommendation:

The City should implement internal control procedures to ensure that all capital assets are maintained in a listing that includes an asset description, date purchased, cost, and other information necessary to properly track such assets. The accounts used to record capital outlay should be limited to the minimum number required to properly track projects and non-capital items should be excluded from these accounts. A list of disposals, including sales and abandonments, should be maintained and proceeds from sales of capital assets should be reported in such an account.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) For the year ended April 30, 2012

Section II - Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

<u>FINDING NO. 12-05 – Inadequate Controls over Capital Assets (Repeat of 11-04)</u> Management's Response:

All capital acquisitions are budgeted for and recorded in the newly established mobile equipment fund. In addition, new line items will be added for recorded the proceeds of asset sales.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) For the year ended April 30, 2012

Section III - Federal Award Findings

There were no federal award findings for the year ended April 30, 2012

CITY OF MATTOON, ILLINOIS CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR CURRENT YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS For the year ended April 30, 2012

Corrective Action Plan

FINDING NO. 12-01 - Controls Over Financial Statement Preparation

Condition:

The City of Mattoon does not have sufficient internal controls over the financial reporting process. The City maintains its accounting records on the cash basis of accounting. While the City maintains controls over the processing of most accounting transactions, there are not sufficient controls over the preparation/review of the GAAP based financial statements for management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions to prevent or detect financial statement misstatements and disclosure omissions in a timely manner. For example, auditors, in their review of the City's accounting records, noted that numerous adjustments were required to present financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Plan:

Hire a CPA to fill the role of Treasurer and oversee the preparation of GAAP based financial statements.

Anticipated Date of Completion:

September 4, 2012

Name of Contact Person:

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR CURRENT YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS For the year ended April 30, 2012

Corrective Action Plan

FINDING NO. 12-02 - Lack of Segregation of Duties and Inadequate Controls over Payroll (Partial repeat of 11-01 and 10-01)

Condition:

The payroll function is performed almost entirely by one individual. There is no review of the payroll tax returns and payroll withholding distributions prior to their payment.

Plan:

The City Treasurer will review all payroll tax returns and withholding prior to filing and payment.

Anticipated Date of Completion:

May 1, 2013

Name of Contact Person:

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR CURRENT YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS For the year ended April 30, 2012

Corrective Action Plan

<u>FINDING NO. 12-03 – Inadequate Controls over Billed Revenues and Receivables (Repeat of 11-02 and 10-02)</u>

Condition:

Various departments prepare their own billings and the related receivables may not be recorded in a timely fashion or at all. Erroneous invoices could be prepared and mailed without review and approval procedures. In addition, the ambulance billings are prepared for the City by a third party. The revenue and receivable records are not reconciled between the City and the third party and outstanding invoices are not reviewed periodically to determine collectability. Due to the lack of internal controls, the City did not realize that it had not collected on a receivable of \$43,594 until the question was raised by the auditors in the fall of 2012, over a year after the invoice had originally been sent.

Plan:

Ambulance billing and collection will be done by the City versus outsourcing to a third party. Additionally, an Accounts Receivable program will be developed wherein the Finance Department will obtain copies of invoices generated by the other departments, enter the information into the accounting system, and monitor collection.

Anticipated Date of Completion:

February 1, 2013 and October 31, 2013

Name of Contact Person:

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR CURRENT YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS For the year ended April 30, 2012

Corrective Action Plan

FINDING NO. 12-04 – Inadequate Controls over Compliance Requirements for Grants (Repeat of 11-03 and 10-03)

Condition:

The City does not have a centralized system to ensure compliance with compliance requirements applicable to its Federal, State, and local grants.

Plan:

The City intends to adopt a policy and implement a procedure for centralizing the tracking of grant applications and monitoring. This would include a central database for tracking grants, monitoring the grant progress, and providing oversight for the grant. In addition, the individual responsible for the process would also be responsible for the grant progress reporting and closeout reporting.

Anticipated Date of Completion:

April 30, 2014

Name of Contact Person:

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR CURRENT YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS For the year ended April 30, 2012

Corrective Action Plan

FINDING NO. 12-05 - Inadequate Controls over Capital Assets (Repeat of 11-04)

Condition:

The City does not keep track of capital outlay during the year. They are recorded to various expenditure accounts that may also include non-capital outlay transactions, such as payments on debt used to purchase capital assets. Further, the City does not keep a listing of all capital assets aside from an incomplete listing used for insurance purposes. When assets are disposed, the proceeds are reported in a miscellaneous revenue account. The City does not keep track of these dispositions during the year.

Plan:

All capital expenditures will be tracked through the Mobile Equipment Fund and new accounts will be set up to record all asset disposals.

Anticipated Date of Completion:

July 31, 2013

Name of Contact Person:

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the year ended April 30, 2012

Finding Number		
11-01	Lack of Segregation of Duties and Inadequate Controls over Payroll	Partially repeated
11-02	Inadequate Controls over Billed Revenues and Receivables	Repeated
11-03	Inadequate Controls over Compliance Requirements for Grants	Repeated
11-04	Inadequate Controls over Capital Assets	Repeated