CITY OF MATTOON, ILLINOIS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
WITH ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION
AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2015

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Activities	19
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet	20
Governmental Funds - Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	21
Governmental Funds - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	22
Governmental Funds - Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	23
Proprietary Funds - Statement of Net Position	24
Proprietary Funds - Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position	26
Proprietary Funds - Statement of Cash Flows	27
Fiduciary Component Units - Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	29
Fiduciary Component Units - Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	30
Notes to Financial Statements	31
Required Supplementary Information:	
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Schedule of Funding Progress	79
Police Pension Fund - Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	80
Fire Pension Fund - Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	81
Schedule of Employer Contributions	82
Police Pension Fund - Schedules of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions	83
Firefighters' Pension Fund - Schedules of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions	84
Post-employment Healthcare Benefit Program Schedule of Funding Progress	85
General Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual	86
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	87

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

Supplemental Information:	<u>Page</u>
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Capital Projects Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual	90
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	91
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	95
Motor Fuel Tax Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual	99
Hotel and Motel Tax Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual	100
Home Rehabilitation Grant Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual	101
Revolving Loan Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual	102
Midtown TIF District Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual	103
I-57 East TIF District Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual	104
South Rt 45 TIF District Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual	105
South Rt 45 Business District Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual	106
Broadway East TIF District Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual	107
Broadway East Business District Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual	108
I-57 East Business District Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual	109

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

	Page
Supplemental Information (Continued)	
Internal Service Funds:	
Combining Statement of Net Position	110
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	111
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	112
Governmental Component Unit (Mattoon Public Library):	
Balance Sheet	113
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	114
Fiduciary Component Units:	
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	115
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	116
Accompanying Information:	
Legal Debt Margin (Unaudited)	118
Compliance Section:	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	120
Schedule of Findings and Responses	122

DOEHRING, WINDERS & CO. LLP

Certified Public Accountants
1601 LAFAYETTE AVENUE
MATTOON, ILLINOIS 61938

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Mattoon, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mattoon, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Mattoon, Illinois' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mattoon, as of April 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4-15, Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Schedule of Funding Progress on page 79, pension plans' Schedules of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios on pages 80 and 81, pension plans' Schedule of Employer Contributions on page 82, pension plans' Schedules of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions on pages 83 and 84, post-employment healthcare benefit program's Schedule of Funding Progress on page 85, and budgetary comparison information on page 86, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Mattoon's basic financial statements. The major fund schedule, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and the combining and individual component unit statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The major fund schedule, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and the combining and individual component unit statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the major fund schedule, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and the combining and individual component unit statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The computation of legal debt margin has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 16, 2015, on our consideration of the City of Mattoon's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Mattoon's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mattoon, Illinois November 16, 2015 Dochrung, Winders & Co. LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

CITY OF MATTOON, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the City of Mattoon is intended to provide an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2015. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information as furnished in the financial statements, which begin on page 17.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City of Mattoon, excluding pension component units and including the Mattoon Public Library component unit, has total assets and deferred outflows of resources of \$89,572,877 and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of \$37,440,187, resulting in a net position of \$52,132,690 as of April 30, 2015. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources increased from April 30, 2014 by \$474,372, total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources decreased from April 30, 2014 by \$1,021,481, and the net position increased from April 30, 2014 by \$1,495,853. Of the net position as of April 30, 2015, \$52,794,854 represents the City's investment in capital assets, net of related debt, \$4,280,662 is held for restricted purposes, and (\$4,942,826) is unrestricted and available to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors. The City's unrestricted cash position in the governmental activities increased by approximately \$.2 million, from \$10.5 million to \$10.7 million. The City's unrestricted cash position in the business-type activities decreased by approximately \$.8 million, from \$3.3 million to \$2.5 million.
- The following table shows the changes in major revenue sources from fiscal year 2014 to 2015.

City of Mattoon, Illinois Changes in Major Revenue Sources April 30, 2015

Source	2015 2014		Change
Intergovernmental Shared Revenues	\$ 9,791,099	\$ 9,545,840	\$ 245,259
Property Tax Revenues	4,408,874	4,300,660	108,214
Telecommunications taxes	834,879	803,001	31,878
Utility Tax Revenues	1,303,783	1,321,439	(17,656)
Water Fund Charges for Services	3,730,251	3,744,583	(14,332)
Sewer Fund Charges for Services	4,460,468	4,436,844	23,624
Charges for Services	1,576,710	1,445,835	130,875
Table Totals	\$ 26,106,064	\$ 25,598,202	\$ 507,862

Intergovernmental Shared Revenue has seen the largest increase, mostly due to increases in Sales Tax and Income and Use Taxes. The increase in Charges for Services is mainly due to increased revenue from the provision of ambulance services. Property taxes have also increased but are generally restricted due to the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law (PTELL). All other revenue sources remain relatively stable.

- The City has long term capital improvement plans for all funds. In addition, a Mobile Equipment Fund functions as the funding mechanism for the replacement of the City's aging vehicle fleet. Lastly, the City has continued to upgrade the technology used in operations and for the improvement of utility services.
- Illinois statute restricts municipality general obligation debt to less than 8.625% of equalized property value. As most of the City's debt will be retired from revenue sources other than property taxes, the City is well below the statutory limit.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This section serves as an introduction to the City of Mattoon's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements for the City of Mattoon are comprised of three components:

- government-wide statements,
- fund financial statements, and
- notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The two government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to private-sector business entities. The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the City of Mattoon's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in the net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 19 of this report.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish those functions of the municipality that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, known as governmental activities, from other functions that are intended to recover all, or a significant portion, of their costs through user fees and services charges, called business-type activities. The governmental activities of the City of Mattoon include general government, public safety, public works, health and welfare, culture and recreation, economic development, capital outlay, and other miscellaneous activities. The business-type activities of the City include the water and sewer utility services.

In addition to these various direct operations of the City, or primary government, the financial statements also include financial information related to legally distinct entities for which the City

has financial responsibility and accountability, known as component units. The City of Mattoon's component units include the Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund, Mattoon Police Pension Fund, Mattoon Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Account, and the Mattoon Public Library. These entities are described in Note 1 following the financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Mattoon, like other governmental entities, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with various finance-related legal requirements. Some funds are required by law, while others are established internally to maintain control over a particular activity. All of the funds of the City of Mattoon can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near term inflows and outflows of current spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources that can be converted to cash, and balances available at the end of the fiscal year for future spending. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Governmental funds include the general, special revenue, and capital projects funds. On the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds, the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund are shown as separate columns and data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single column for aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. Reconciliations follow the *Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds* and *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures*, and *Changes in Fund Balances-Governmental Funds*. The reconciliations show the adjustments that are needed to convert the governmental funds financial statements to the government-wide *Statement of Net Position* and *Statement of Activities*.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds maintained by the City of Mattoon are of two different types: enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report those functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for activities that provide supplies and services to the general public. Proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The City's fund financial statements present separate enterprise fund information for the water and sewer utilities. The proprietary fund financial statements begin on page 24 of this report.

Internal service funds are used to account for enterprise-like operations that provide services, on a user fee basis, primarily or exclusively to departmental customers within the governmental entity itself, rather than to external customers. The City of Mattoon uses internal service funds to account

for its employee and retiree health and life insurance and to account for the City's general liability, casualty, and workers compensation insurance. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The City does not have any fiduciary funds, but it does include the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and the Mattoon Firefighters' Pension Fund, both of which are fiduciary type discretely presented component units. Financial statements showing these component units combined in a single column begin on page 29. Individual financial information for the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and Mattoon Firefighters' Pension Fund can be found in the *Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules* on pages 115 through 116 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional detail that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found beginning on page 31 of this report.

Additional Supplementary Information

Following the basic government-wide and fund financial statements and accompanying notes, combining statements are included for the non-major governmental funds and fiduciary component units.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The *Statement of Net Position* for the City of Mattoon is summarized in the table below. As noted earlier, the net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by more than \$50 million as of April 30, 2015. The majority of the net amount reflects the City's investment in capital assets, including land, land improvements, buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress, net of depreciation and related debt. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Current & Other Assets Deferred outflows of	\$19,585,669	\$19,161,364	\$4,637,492	\$4,425,662	\$24,223,161	\$23,587,026	
resources	17,552	25,225	39,347	87,360	56,899	112,585	
Capital Assets (net)	26,692,214	26,309,885	36,671,513	37,154,645	63,363,727	63,464,530	
Total Assets and Deferred							
Outflows of Resources	\$46,295,435	\$45,496,474	\$41,348,352	\$41,667,667	\$87,643,787	\$87,164,141	
Current Liabilities Deferred inflows of	\$1,013,275	\$1,344,708	\$657,161	\$641,624	\$1,670,436	\$1,986,332	
resources	4,619,314	4,540,197	-	-	4,619,314	4,540,197	
Non-current Liabilities	19,418,208	18,538,946	11,600,815	13,248,023	31,019,023	31,786,969	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$25,050,797	\$24,423,851	\$12,257,976	\$13,889,647	\$37,308,773	\$38,313,498	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$23,271,370	\$23,073,143	\$27,700,727	\$26,421,582	\$50,972,097	\$49,494,725	
Restricted	4,249,042	3,676,383	-	-	4,249,042	3,676,383	
Unrestricted	(6,275,774)	(5,676,903)	1,389,649	1,356,438	(4,886,125)	(4,320,465)	
Total Net Position	\$21,244,638	\$21,072,623	\$29,090,376	\$27,778,020	\$50,335,014	\$48,850,643	
Total Net Position as a % of Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	85%	86%	237%	200%	135%	128%	
Unrestricted Net Position as a % of Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	(25.1%)	(23.2%)	11.3%	9.8%	(13.1%)	(11.3%)	

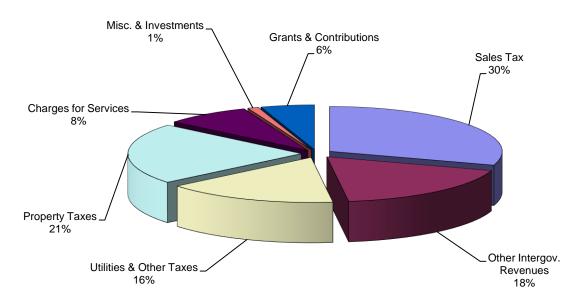
As of April 30, 2015, the Governmental Activities have a negative Unrestricted Net Position of \$6,275,774. The Business-Type Activities have an unrestricted net position of \$1,389,649. Overall, the City is able to report positive balances in net position for the governmental activities as well as business-type activities.

An examination of the *Statement of Activities* provides a concise picture of how the various activities of the City are funded. The following table summarizes the City's governmental and business-type activities.

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Revenues							
Program Revenues							
Charges for Services Operating Grants &	\$1,576,710	\$1,445,835	\$8,190,719	\$8,181,427	\$9,767,429	\$9,627,262	
Contr.	733,552	363,060	0	0	733,552	363,060	
Capital Grants & Contr.	419,541	9,977	0	0	419,541	9,977	
General Revenues							
Property Taxes	4,408,874	4,300,660	0	0	4,408,874	4,300,660	
Sales Taxes	6,134,190	5,984,537	0	0	6,134,190	5,984,537	
Utility Taxes Telecommunication	1,303,783	1,321,439	0	0	1,303,783	1,321,439	
Taxes	834,879	803,001	0	0	834,879	803,001	
Other Taxes	1,206,083	1,239,394	0	0	1,206,083	1,239,394	
Other Intergovern. Rev.	3,656,909	3,561,303	0	0	3,656,909	3,561,303	
Investments Income	18,917	21,193	8,121	9,689	27,038	30,882	
Miscellaneous Income Gain (Loss) on Sale of	145,037	122,392	0	0	145,037	122,392	
Assets	72,298	1,031	15,500	10,594	87,798	11,625	
Total Revenue	20,510,773	19,173,822	8,214,340	8,201,710	28,725,113	27,375,532	
Expenses							
Program Expenses	2.524.504	2 40 4 02 5	0	0	2.52<.504	2 40 4 02 5	
General Government	2,526,794	2,494,026	0	0	2,526,794	2,494,026	
Public Safety	11,998,339	11,350,913	0	0	11,998,339	11,350,913	
Public Works	2,972,654	2,882,281	0	0	2,972,654	2,882,281	
Health and Welfare	213,429	205,047	0	0	213,429	205,047	
Culture and Recreation	1,820,620	1,915,342	0	0	1,820,620	1,915,342	
Economic Development Interest on Long-Term	333,160	323,811	0	0	333,160	323,811	
Debt	473,762	503,401	0	0	473,762	503,401	
Water	0	0	3,258,992	3,335,898	3,258,992	3,335,898	
Sewer	0	0	3,642,992	3,661,293	3,642,992	3,661,293	
Total Expenses	20,338,758	19,674,821	6,901,984	6,997,191	27,240,742	26,672,012	
Increase (decrease) in net posit	tion						
before transfers	172,015	(500,999)	1,312,356	1,204,519	1,484,371	703,520	
Transfers	0	139,194	0	(139,194)	0	0	
Changes in Net Position	172,015	(361,805)	1,312,356	1,065,325	1,484,371	703,520	
Net Position - May 1	21,072,623	21,434,428	27,778,020	26,712,695	48,850,643	48,147,123	
Net Position - April 30	\$21,244,638	\$21,072,623	\$29,090,376	\$27,778,020	\$50,335,014	\$48,850,643	

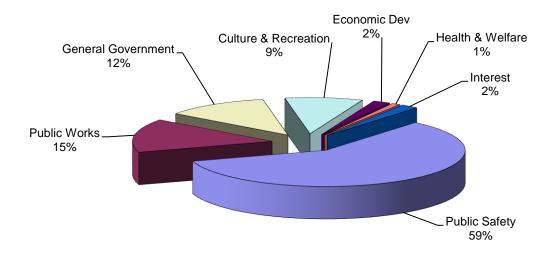
The following chart illustrates how governmental activities are funded. Sales taxes provided thirty percent (30%) of the governmental activities revenue. Other intergovernmental revenues (state shared taxes) provided eighteen percent (18%) of the governmental activities revenue. Property taxes provided twenty-one percent (21%) of the governmental activities revenue. Utility taxes and other taxes provided sixteen percent (16%) of the governmental activities revenue. Taxes, in one form or another, comprised eighty-five percent (85%) of the governmental activities revenue. The remaining fifteen percent (15%) came from Charges for Services, eight percent (8%), Miscellaneous and Investment Revenue, one percent (1%), and Grants and Contributions, six percent (6%).

Governmental Activities Revenue



The following chart illustrates the expenses of the governmental activities. Public safety (fire and police protection) comprised fifty-nine percent (59%) of the total expenses of the governmental activities. Public works comprised fifteen percent (15%) of the total expenses of the governmental activities. General government comprised twelve percent (12%) of the total expenses of the governmental activities. The remaining fourteen percent (14%) came from expenses for culture and recreation, nine percent (9%), economic development, two percent (2%), interest, two percent (2%), and health & welfare, one percent (1%).

Government Activities Expenses



Business-type activities, water and sewer utilities, depend on charges for services as their primary revenue sources. Primarily all revenues are generated from user charges.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S MAJOR FUNDS

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information regarding near-term inflows, outflows, and spendable resources. Such information can be useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

As of April 30, 2015, the City of Mattoon's *Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds* reported combined ending fund balances of \$12,305,042, an increase of \$352,270 from April 30, 2014. Of the ending fund balances total, \$411,095 is considered nonspendable, \$3,375,969 is restricted, \$3,591,379 is committed, \$339,194 is assigned, and \$4,587,405 is unassigned.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund used to account for the governmental operations of the City of Mattoon. The largest revenue sources for the General Fund are taxes and intergovernmental revenues which account for eighty-nine percent (89%) of revenues. Public safety and public works are the primary operations of the General Fund. Approximately sixty-one percent (61%) of the General Fund expenditures of \$17 million are allocated to the public safety sector. Another thirteen percent (13%) of the General Fund costs are derived from the general governmental expenditures. Approximately ten percent (10%) of the General Fund's costs are derived from the public works operations.

The General Fund has a fund balance of \$5,096,383, an increase of \$666,172 over the balance as of April 30, 2014. The increase is mainly due to conservative budgeting and spending. The Capital Projects Fund has a fund balance of \$3,555,694, a decrease of \$411,290 from the balance as of April 30, 2014. The General Fund's unassigned fund balance is available to be applied in a future year's budget, to one-time capital projects, or to reduce outstanding debt. The Capital Project Funds may be used to fund the City's various infrastructure projects. The majority of the balance is due to a previous bond issuance for capital projects that have yet to be constructed. Those projects to be constructed include a new Public Works building which has been budgeted for completion during the fiscal year ending April 30, 2016.

With regard to the Other Governmental Funds, the Motor Fuel Tax Fund had a total fund balance of \$1,447,078, the Revolving Loan Fund had a total fund balance of \$1,087,385, the Midtown TIF district fund had a fund balance of \$397,450, and the Broadway East Business district had a fund balance of \$360,484. The Motor Fuel Tax Fund balance primarily reflects the amounts designated to pay for maintenance of existing streets, resurfacing and construction of new streets. The Revolving Loan Fund balance is primarily monies to be pledged for expenditure on loans to assist in the economic development of Mattoon. The Midtown TIF district fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for implementation of the Mattoon Midtown Redevelopment Plan and Project. The Broadway East Business District's fund balance is generally available to pay for eligible redevelopment costs and expenses related to projects within the district. The remaining special revenue funds included in the Other Governmental Funds column in the balance sheet are the Hotel and Motel Tax Fund, Home Rehabilitation Grant Fund, I-57 East TIF District Fund, South Route 45 Business District Fund, I-57 East Business District Fund, Broadway East TIF District Fund, and the South Route 45 TIF District Fund. These remaining funds have a total fund balance as of April 30, 2015 of \$360,568. The total accumulated fund balances of all of the Other Governmental Funds increased by \$97,388 during the year ended April 30, 2015.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in greater detail. The detail of the City's proprietary funds can be found from page 24 to page 28. The net position of the enterprise type proprietary funds at April 30, 2015 was \$29,090,376, an increase of \$1,312,356 from the previous year.

For the year ended April 30, 2015, operating revenues in the Water Fund totaled \$3,730,251 (a decrease of \$14,332 from fiscal year 2014), operating expenses totaled \$3,134,221 (a decrease of \$48,818 from fiscal year 2014) producing operating income of \$596,030 (an increase of \$34,486 from fiscal year 2014). Non-operating revenues and expenses netted a decrease in net position of \$103,088, leaving a profit or increase to net position in the Water Fund of \$492,942. The City Council began implementing a series of water rate increases May 1, 2010 and the final increase became effective on May 1, 2015.

For the year ended April 30, 2015, revenues in the Sewer Fund totaled \$4,460,468 (an increase of \$23,624 from fiscal year 2014), operating expenses totaled \$3,430,542 (an increase of \$157 from fiscal year 2014) producing operating income of \$1,029,926 (an increase of \$23,467 from fiscal year 2014). Non-operating revenues and expenses netted a decrease in net position of \$210,512, leaving a profit or increase to net position in the Sewer fund of \$819,414. The Sewer Fund has had a series of rate increases over the last ten years with fiscal year 2015 being the final year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Required Supplementary Information section contains the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual for the General Fund on page 86. The final fiscal year 2015 General Fund budget authorized expenditures and other financing uses of \$17,809,456 funded by anticipated revenues and other financing sources of \$17,905,866 leaving the amount of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses of \$96,410. The actual amount of expenditures and other financing uses under revenues and other financing sources was \$666,172, a positive budget to actual variance of \$569,762.

The largest variance in General Fund revenues was from intergovernmental revenues. Intergovernmental revenues exceeded the budgeted amount by \$139,452 primarily due to video gaming and use tax collections being greater than anticipated. Contributions and miscellaneous revenues exceeded the budgeted amount by \$45,487 largely due to contributions to Lightworks and Bagelfest being larger than expected. General Fund expenditures had an overall variance of \$193,698. The repayment of debt as part of the 2014 bond refunding was not budgeted. In addition, there were positive variances in General Government of \$124,015 and in Public Works of \$96,925.

The Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual for each of the Non-major Governmental Funds can be found in the Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules, beginning on page 99.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT

Capital Assets

In accordance with the implementation requirements of GASB No. 34, the City has recorded historical costs and depreciation expense associated with all of its capital assets. In accordance with the implementation requirements of GASB No. 34, the historical costs and depreciation expenses associated with all City infrastructure is reported in the financial statements for the period ending on April 30, 2015. As summarized in the table below, the City's reported investment in capital assets for governmental and business-type activities as of April 30, 2015 totaled \$156.4 million. Forty-six percent (46%) of this total cost was related to the business-type activities, with the City's sewer collection and treatment system and water distribution system comprising the most significant component. The governmental activities comprised approximately fifty-four percent (54%) of the total, with the most significant portion being the infrastructure (roads, bridges, and sidewalks) of the City.

Total accumulated depreciation was \$93.1 million, or sixty percent (59%) of the historical asset cost. Net of accumulated depreciation, the City's investment in capital assets is \$63.3 million.

City of Mattoon, Illinois Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation April 30, 2015

Classification	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	
Land	\$ 3,200,047	\$ 587,155	\$ 3,787,202	
Buildings and Improvements	10,390,430	13,235,074	23,625,504	
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	6,206,945	4,034,533	10,241,478	
Improvements other than buildings	4,247,009	215,627	4,462,636	
Infrastructure	60,070,481	-	60,070,481	
Treat. collect. and distrib. systems	-	51,636,524	51,636,524	
Construction in Progress	704,266	1,886,735	2,591,001	
Subtotal	84,819,178	71,595,648	156,414,826	
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(58,126,964)	(34,924,135)	(93,051,099)	
Total	\$ 26,692,214	\$ 36,671,513	\$ 63,363,727	

Long-Term Liabilities

On April 30, 2015, the City of Mattoon had \$31,019,023 of long-term liabilities outstanding (a decrease of \$767,946 from April 30, 2014), as summarized in the following table:

City of Mattoon, Illinois General Obligation Bonds, Notes Outstanding and Other Long-Term Liabilities April 30, 2015

Classification	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total
General Obligation Bonds	\$	9,212,400	\$	8,865,122	\$ 18,077,522
Notes Payable		1,226,338		844,319	2,070,657
Capital Leases		370,604		-	370,604
Compensated Absences		1,025,001		225,786	1,250,787
Net Pension Obligation		1,323,110		-	1,323,110
Post-Employment Healthcare		6,260,755		1,665,588	 7,926,343
Total	\$	19,418,208	\$	11,600,815	\$ 31,019,023

The Series 2005 General Obligation Bonds as well as two Illinois EPA notes were refunded during the year in order to decrease interest costs. This resulted in an increase in the amount of General Obligation Bonds and a decrease in Notes Payable in the Business-type Activities.

The liability for Compensated Absences increased \$51,870, the Net Pension Obligation increased \$648,839, and the Post-Employment Healthcare Benefits liabilities increased \$1,182,591 during this fiscal year. The other existing liabilities decreased by \$2,651,246 from April 30, 2014. Detailed information regarding specific debt can be found in notes 12, 13, 14, 15, and 16 beginning on page 55.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. The City of Mattoon provides the Financial Statements on our web page (www.mattoonillinois.org). If anyone has any questions about this report or needs additional financial information about the City of Mattoon, please contact the Finance Department at 208 North 19th Street, Mattoon, Illinois, 61938. Finance Department staff can also be reached at (217) 235-5483.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

April 30, 2015

	F	Component Unit		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Mattoon Public Library
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,717,541	\$ 2,540,031	\$ 13,257,572	\$ 94,681
Investments, at fair value	-	-	-	5,995
Receivables	7,948,517	1,092,032	9,040,549	-
Internal balances	6,967	(6,967)	-	-
Due from primary government	-	-	-	669
Due from component units	33,792	-	33,792	-
Prepaid items	161,852	6,250	168,102	-
Advances to component units	70,946	-	70,946	-
Restricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	299,687	1,006,146	1,305,833	-
Certificates of deposit	8,719	-	8,719	-
Investments, at fair value	-	-	-	31,620
Cemetery development	60,652	-	60,652	-
Long-term receivables	276,996	-	276,996	-
Capital assets, net of depreciation				
Land	3,200,047	587,155	3,787,202	-
Buildings and building improvements	7,246,683	7,831,987	15,078,670	1,762,917
Improvements other than buildings	3,792,684	60,303	3,852,987	-
Treatments, collection and				
distribution systems	-	24,934,318	24,934,318	-
Infrastructure	11,110,991	-	11,110,991	-
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	637,543	1,371,015	2,008,558	33,208
Construction in progress	704,266	1,886,735	2,591,001	
Total assets	46,277,883	41,309,005	87,586,888	1,929,090
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Advance refunding on debt charges	17,552	39,347	56,899	
Combined assets and deferred				
outflows of resources	\$ 46,295,435	\$ 41,348,352	\$ 87,643,787	\$ 1,929,090

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued)

April 30, 2015

		Component Unit		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Mattoon Public Library
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 486,147	\$ 328,049	\$ 814,196	\$ 2,382
Payroll liabilities payable	265,122	93,025	358,147	2,549
Accrued interest expense	40,652	80,140	120,792	2,274
Due to primary government	-	-	-	33,792
Due to component units	42,757	-	42,757	-
Unavailable revenue Liabilities payable from restricted assets:	172,194	-	172,194	-
Other payables	6,403	155,947	162,350	-
Advances from primary government Noncurrent Liabilities:	-	-	-	70,946
Due within one year	970,061	2,119,212	3,089,273	3,894
Due in more than one year	18,448,147	9,481,603	27,929,750	15,577
Total liabilities	20,431,483	12,257,976	32,689,459	131,414
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Subsequent year's property taxes	4,619,314	-	4,619,314	-
Combined liabilities and deferred				
inflows of resources	25,050,797	12,257,976	37,308,773	131,414
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets	23,271,370	27,700,727	50,972,097	1,745,332
Restricted for:				
Public safety	56,533	-	56,533	-
Highways and streets	1,447,078	-	1,447,078	-
Culture and recreation	11,398	-	11,398	-
Economic development	1,785,008	-	1,785,008	-
Cemetery maintenance	306,060	-	306,060	-
Capital assets	642,965	-	642,965	-
Permanent endowment:				
Nonexpendable	-	-	-	31,620
Unrestricted	(6,275,774)	1,389,649	(4,886,125)	20,724
Total Net Position	\$ 21,244,638	\$ 29,090,376	\$ 50,335,014	\$ 1,797,676

CITY OF MATTOON, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

		Program Revenues			Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Position					
		•						Component		
			Operating	Capital		Unit				
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type		Mattoon Public		
Functions/Programs:	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Library		
Primary Government:										
Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$ 2,526,794	\$ 268,849	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (2,257,945)	\$ -	\$ (2,257,945)			
Public safety	11,998,339	840,152	130,517	40,199	(10,987,471)	-	(10,987,471)			
Public works	2,972,654	38,357	13,880	379,342	(2,541,075)	-	(2,541,075)			
Health and welfare	213,429	116,231		-	(97,198)	-	(97,198)			
Culture and recreation	1,820,620	313,121	492,710		(1,014,789)	-	(1,014,789)			
Economic development	333,160	-	96,445	-	(236,715)	-	(236,715)			
Interest on long-term debt	473,762				(473,762)		(473,762)			
Total governmental activities	20,338,758	1,576,710	733,552	419,541	(17,608,955)		(17,608,955)			
Business-type activities:										
Water	3,258,992	3,730,251		-	-	471,259	471,259			
Sewer	3,642,992	4,460,468				817,476	817,476			
Total business-type activities	6,901,984	8,190,719				1,288,735	1,288,735			
Total primary government	\$ 27,240,742	\$ 9,767,429	\$ 733,552	\$ 419,541	(17,608,955)	1,288,735	(16,320,220)			
Component Unit:										
Mattoon Public Library	\$ 562,043	\$ 20,698	\$ 76,712	\$ -				\$ (464,633)		
	General Revenues:				•					
	Property taxes	5			4,009,586	-	4,009,586	-		
	TIF property t	ax increment			399,288	-	399,288	-		
	Telecommunic	cations taxes			834,879	-	834,879	-		
	Utility taxes				1,303,783	-	1,303,783	-		
	Business distri	ct taxes			330,145	-	330,145	-		
	Other taxes				875,938	-	875,938	-		
	Payments from	n primary governn	nent		-	-	-	474,977		
	Sales taxes				6,134,190	-	6,134,190	-		
	Income and u	se taxes			2,277,900	-	2,277,900	-		
	Other intergov	ernmental revenu	es		1,379,009	-	1,379,009	-		
	Investment in	come			18,917	8,121	27,038	1,138		
	Miscellaneous				145,037	-	145,037	-		
	Gain on sale o	f capital assets			72,298	15,500	87,798			
	Total gener	al revenues and tr	ansfers		17,780,970	23,621	17,804,591	476,115		
	Change	e in net position			172,015	1,312,356	1,484,371	11,482		
	Net position - begir	nning			21,072,623	27,778,020	48,850,643	1,786,194		
	Net position - endir	ng			\$ 21,244,638	\$ 29,090,376	\$ 50,335,014	\$ 1,797,676		

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

April 30, 2015

	General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,481,245	\$	3,614,904	\$	3,180,238	\$	10,276,387
Receivables (net of allowance								
for uncollectibles)		7,215,835		-		685,796		7,901,631
Due from other funds		32,383		99,432		82		131,897
Due from component units		32,283		-		-		32,283
Prepaid items		2,500		-		-		2,500
Long-term receivables		_		-		276,996		276,996
Advances to component unit		70,946		-		-		70,946
Cemetery development		60,652		-		-		60,652
Restricted assets:		•						,
Cash and cash equivalents		293,222		-		-		293,222
Certificates of deposit		8,719		-		-		8,719
Total assets	\$	11,197,785	\$	3,714,336	\$	4,143,112	\$	19,055,233
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	226,601	\$	2,392	\$	55,346	\$	284,339
Payroll liabilities payable		262,396		, -		2,726	'	265,122
Due to other funds		152,599		_		325		152,924
Due to component units		42,088		_		-		42,088
Unavailable revenue		15,944		156,250		_		172,194
Total liabilities		699,628	-	158,642		58,397		916,667
					1			
Deferred inflows of resources		5,401,774				431,750		5,833,524
Fund Balance:								
Nonspendable		134,099		_		276,996		411,095
Restricted		-		_		3,375,969		3,375,969
Committed		35,685		3,555,694		3,373,303		3,591,379
Assigned		339,194		-		_		339,194
Unassigned		4,587,405		_		_		4,587,405
Total fund balance		5,096,383		3,555,694	-	3,652,965		12,305,042
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,		3,030,303		J,JJJ,UJT		3,032,303		12,303,072
and fund balance	\$	11,197,785	\$	3,714,336	\$	4,143,112	\$	19,055,233

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

April 30, 2015

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 12,305,042
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, not reported in the funds.	26,692,214
Receivables not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, not reported in the funds.	1,214,210
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	443,894
Advance refunding of debt charges are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	17,552
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds, net of related prepaid interest.	 (19,428,274)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 21,244,638

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	General Fund	Pr	Capital ojects Fund	Go	Other vernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:	runu		ojecto i una		Turius		Turius
Taxes Licenses and permits	\$ 6,631,053 194,573	\$	-	\$	1,094,344	\$	7,725,397 194,573
Intergovernmental revenues	9,234,327		198,345		788,423		10,221,095
Charges for services	1,271,306		130,313		700,125		1,271,306
Fines and forfeitures	140,755		_		_		140,755
Investment income	6,494		1,969		10,441		18,904
Contributions and miscellaneous	•		,		•		,
revenues	360,597		20,831		359,097		740,525
Total revenues	 17,839,105		221,145		2,252,305		20,312,555
Expenditures: Current:							
General government	2,241,236		2,182		_		2,243,418
Public safety	10,490,812		-		-		10,490,812
Public works	1,642,956		-		437,593		2,080,549
Health and welfare	194,940		-		, -		194,940
Culture and recreation	1,423,143		-		265,616		1,688,759
Economic development	50,000		-		283,160		333,160
Capital outlay	119,750		843,038		641,957		1,604,745
Debt service:							
Principal	1,002,873		250,000		176,075		1,428,948
Interest and fiscal charges	72,444		295,785		306,016		674,245
Total expenditures	17,238,154		1,391,005		2,110,417		20,739,576
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	 600,951		(1,169,860)		141,888		(427,021)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in	44,500		758,570		-		803,070
Transfers out	(758,570)		-		(44,500)		(803,070)
Debt proceeds	685,000		-		-		685,000
Bond premiums	19,568		-		-		19,568
Proceeds from sale of assets	74,723						74,723
Total other financing sources (uses)	65,221		758,570		(44,500)		779,291
Net change in fund balances	666,172		(411,290)		97,388		352,270
Fund balance - beginning	4,430,211		3,966,984		3,555,577		11,952,772
Fund balance - ending	\$ 5,096,383	\$	3,555,694	\$	3,652,965	\$	12,305,042

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended April 30, 2015

Net change in fund balances	\$	352,270
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement, of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.		384,753
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales and donations) is to decrease net position.		(2,425)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds and some amounts reported as revenues in the funds were reported as revenues on the statement of activities in the prior year. This is the net effect of these differences in revenue recognition.		125,919
The Statement of Activities amortizes the advance refunding of debt charges. The effect is to decrease net position in the current year.		(4,787)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued; whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		731,219
Certain expenses in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in government funds.	((1,414,934)
Change in net position of governmental activities	_\$	172,015

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

April 30, 2015

		Business-Type	Governmental Activities				
	\	Nater Fund	Se	ewer Fund	Totals	Inte	rnal Service Funds
Assets:							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	494,944	\$	2,045,087	\$ 2,540,031	\$	441,154
Receivables		457,667		634,365	1,092,032		46,886
Due from other funds		4,774		8,158	12,932		73,391
Due from component units		-		-	-		1,509
Prepaid items		-		6,250	6,250		128,766
Restricted assets:		500 100		445 500			
Cash and cash equivalents		590,438		415,708	1,006,146		6,465
Total current assets		1,547,823		3,109,568	4,657,391		698,171
Noncurrent assets:							
Capital assets:							
Land		378,724		208,431	587,155		_
Buildings and building improvements		12,125,219		1,109,855	13,235,074		_
Improvements other than buildings		204,624		11,003	215,627		_
Treatment, collection and				,	,		
distribution systems		12,940,896	3	88,695,628	51,636,524		-
Equipment, furniture and vehicles		2,092,378		1,942,155	4,034,533		-
Construction in progress		88,625		1,798,110	1,886,735		-
Less: accumulated depreciation		(12,235,745)	(2	22,688,390)	(34,924,135)		-
		-					
Total noncurrent assets		15,594,721	2	21,076,792	36,671,513		
Total assets		17,142,544	2	24,186,360	41,328,904		698,171
Deferred outflows of resources:							
Advance refunding on debt charges		16,154		23,193	39,347		
Combined assets and deferred							
outflows of resources	\$	17,158,698	\$ 2	24,209,553	\$ 41,368,251	\$	698,171

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

April 30, 2015

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							Governmental Activities		
	Water Fund		Se	wer Fund	Totals		Inte	nal Service Funds		
Liabilities: Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable Payroll liabilities payable Accrued interest Due to other funds Due to component unit Compensated absences payable - current General obligation bonds - current Notes payable - current Payable from restricted assets:	\$	106,962 39,228 26,736 9,617 - 24,679 1,060,000 64,964	\$	221,087 53,797 53,404 10,282 - 20,478 865,000 84,091	\$	328,049 93,025 80,140 19,899 - 45,157 1,925,000 149,055	\$	201,808 - - 45,397 669 - -		
Other payables		155,947		_		155,947		6,403		
Total current liabilities		1,488,133		1,308,139		2,796,272		254,277		
Noncurrent liabilities: Long-term debt payable: General obligation bonds payable (net of unamortized discounts and premiums) Notes payable Compensated absences payable Post-employment healthcare benefits obligation Total noncurrent liabilities		1,986,667 349,875 98,717 817,807 3,253,066		4,953,455 345,389 81,912 <u>847,781</u> 6,228,537		6,940,122 695,264 180,629 1,665,588 9,481,603		- - - -		
Total liabilities		4,741,199		7,536,676		12,277,875		254,277		
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted		12,549,542 (132,043)		5,151,185 1,521,692		27,700,727 1,389,649		- 443,894		
Total net position	\$	12,417,499	\$ 1	6,672,877	\$	29,090,376	\$	443,894		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

		Business-Typ	oe Ad	ctivities - Ente	rpris	se Funds		vernmental Activities
	٧	Vater Fund	S	ewer Fund	Totals		Inte	ernal Service Funds
Operating revenues: Charges for services Fund charges and employee	\$	3,730,251	\$	4,460,468	\$	8,190,719	\$	-
contributions Miscellaneous operating revenues		-		-		-		4,874,674 141,380
Total operating revenues		3,730,251		4,460,468		8,190,719		5,016,054
Operating expenses:								
Reservoirs and sources of supply Water treatment plant Water distribution		25,720 926,710 565,663		- - -		25,720 926,710 565,663		- - -
Sewer collection system Sewer lift stations		, - -		439,631 52,594		439,631 52,594		-
Wastewater treatment plant Accounting and collection Administrative and general		- 391,978 539,565		959,446 374,899 633,942		959,446 766,877 1,173,507		- - 297,151
Insurance Health claims and uninsured judgments		· -		· -		-		1,055,964 3,662,943
Depreciation Total operating expenses		684,585 3,134,221		970,030 3,430,542		1,654,615 6,564,763		5,016,058
Operating income (loss)		596,030		1,029,926		1,625,956		(4)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment income Interest expense Gain on sale of capital assets Bond issuance costs		6,183 (99,859) 15,500 (24,912)		1,938 (154,652) - (57,798)		8,121 (254,511) 15,500 (82,710)		4 - - -
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(103,088)		(210,512)		(313,600)		4
Change in net position		492,942		819,414		1,312,356		-
Total net position - beginning		11,924,557		15,853,463		27,778,020		443,894
Total net position - ending	\$	12,417,499	\$	16,672,877	\$	29,090,376	\$	443,894

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Business-Type	Governmental Activities		
	Water Fund		Totals	Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:	water runu	Sewer Fund	TOLAIS	<u> </u>
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 3,721,544	\$ 4,373,303	\$ 8,094,847	\$ -
Receipts from interfund services provided Receipts from component units	-	-	-	3,828,517 73,015
Receipts from employees and retirees	-	-	-	851,498
Payments to employees	(957,236)	(946,727)	(1,903,963)	-
Payments to suppliers	(944,434)	(908,964)	(1,853,398)	(1,393,118)
Payments to claimants Payments for interfund services used	(386,317)	- (461,082)	- (847,399)	(3,586,438)
Other receipts	(500,517)	(401,002)	(047,555)	103,798
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	1,433,557	2,056,530	3,490,087	(122,728)
operating activities	1,433,337	2,030,330	3,430,007	(122,720)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Purchase of capital assets	(224,917)	(946,564)	(1,171,481)	-
Principal payments on debt Interest and fiscal charges	(1,124,603)	(1,004,812)	(2,129,415)	-
Proceeds from sale of assets	(68,125) 15,500	(33,460)	(101,585) 15,500	-
Net cash (used) for capital and related financing activities	(1,402,145)	(1,984,836)	(3,386,981)	
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Investment income received (net of expense)	6,183	1,938	8,121	4
Net cash provided by investing activities	6,183	1,938	8,121	4
Net increase (decrease) in cash	37,595	73,632	111,227	(122,724)
Cash, restricted and unrestricted - beginning	1,047,787	2,387,163	3,434,950	570,343
Cash, restricted and unrestricted - ending	\$ 1,085,382	\$ 2,460,795	\$ 3,546,177	\$ 447,619

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Вι	usiness-Type	Governmental Activities			
	Wa	ater Fund	Sewer Fund	Totals	Internal Service Funds	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	596,030	\$ 1,029,926	\$ 1,625,956	\$	(4)
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in assets:		684,585	970,030	1,654,615		-
(Increase) in receivables		(45,394)	(87,166)	(132,560)		(44,606)
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		4,973	7,085	12,058		(73,391)
(Increase) in prepaid items		-	-	-		(4,800)
(Increase) in due from component units		-	_	_		(1,509)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:						(, ,
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in payroll liabilities		38,702	(45,215)	(6,513)		41,189
payable		(3,176)	13,190	10,014		-
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		9,617	10,282	19,899		(38,897)
(Decrease) in due to component units		_	-	-		(787)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable		(23,303)	16,820	(6,483)		-
Increase in other post-employment benefits payable		134,836	141,578	276,414		_
Increase in other payables		36,687		36,687		77
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	1,433,557	\$ 2,056,530	\$ 3,490,087	\$	(122,728)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY COMPONENT UNITS

April 30, 2015

	Pension Component Units		
Assets: Cash Interest receivable Prepaid expenses Due from primary government	\$	1,835,069 115,241 4,608 42,088	
Total assets other than investments Investments, at fair value: U.S. government obligations Insurance contracts Mutual funds Stocks		1,997,006 8,785,701 21,547,704 179,083 866,870	
Total investments		31,379,358	
Total assets		33,376,364	
Liabilities: Accounts payable Pensions payable		4,896 182,332	
Total liabilities		187,228	
Net Position: Held in trust for pension benefits (a schedule of funding progress is presented on pages 83-84)	<u>\$</u>	33,189,136	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY COMPONENT UNITS

For the year ended April 30, 2015

	 Pension Component Units
Additions: Contributions:	
Employer Plan members	\$ 2,779,057 430,703
Total contributions	 3,209,760
Investment income: Interest income Dividend income Net increase in fair value of investments	 413,471 25,378 1,140,917
Net investment income	1,579,766
Total additions	 4,789,526
Deductions: Benefits and refunds of contributions Administrative expenses	4,083,735 72,959
Total deductions	4,156,694
Change in net position	632,832
Net position held in trust - beginning	 32,556,304
Net position held in trust - ending	\$ 33,189,136

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Mattoon, Illinois, operates under an elected Commission form of government. The City's major operations include public safety, public works, recreation and parks, and general administrative services. In addition, the City owns and operates two major enterprise activities, a water plant and local sewer system.

As required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. In accordance with governmental accounting standards, financial accountability is determined on the basis of authoritative appointments of a voting majority of the potential component unit's board, imposition of its will on the potential component unit, the existence of a financial benefit or burden, fiscal dependency, and the designation of management. Entities may also be part of the financial reporting entity if their inclusion is necessary to prevent the financial statements from being misleading or incomplete or if the entities are closely related to or financially integrated with the primary government. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations, so data from these units would be combined with data of the City. Each discretely presented component unit is usually reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government. However, discretely presented component units that are fiduciary in nature are reported separately in statements relating to fiduciary net position. Separate financial statements are not issued for the individual component units listed below.

Blended component unit – The Mattoon Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Account is governed by the 2% Foreign Fire Board. The Mattoon Foreign Fire Insurance Account is treated as a blended component unit because its sole purpose is to account for monies received from the Illinois Municipal League to the City's firefighters to purchase equipment and supplies. The entity is reported as part of the General Fund.

Discretely presented component units – The Mattoon Public Library (Library) serves all of the citizens of the city and is governed by a board appointed by the City Council. The City is liable for a note issued for improvements of the Library and for an early retirement incentive for a Library employee. The Library is reported as a governmental fund type component unit. The Mattoon Police Pension Fund and the Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund are responsible for funding pensions for their respective members. Because their sole purpose is to provide pension funding for the City's police officers and firefighters, the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and the Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund are treated as discretely presented component units. Since they are fiduciary in nature, these component units are presented in fiduciary net position statements.

JOINT VENTURE

The Mattoon Police Department, which is a department within the City of Mattoon, is a participant with the Illinois State Police, the Charleston Police Department, the Arcola Police Department, the Eastern Illinois University Police Department, the Coles County Sheriff's Department, and the Douglas County Sheriff's Department in a joint venture known as the East Central Illinois Task Force (Task Force). This authority was created to provide citizens of each jurisdiction the most effective drug law enforcement protection against those who engage in actions detrimental to the public safety. In the event of dissolution of the Task Force, all Task Force property obtained through grants from the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority shall be disposed of consistent with the current property management or disposition guidelines issued by the Authority's Office of Federal Assistance Programs. All non-grant Task Force property, inventory, and all existing or currently pending forfeited assets will be distributed between the current participants.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

The East Central Illinois Task Force is governed by a Board of Directors which consists of the Sheriff or Chief (as the case may be) of each participating agency and the Zone Commander of the Illinois State Police. Each agency assigns, commissions, or funds a full-time police officer to the Task Force except the Arcola Police Department, which commissions a peace officer for employment by the Task Force. The officers remain employees of the agencies from which they were appointed for payroll purposes with the exception of the personnel from the Arcola Police Department. The City of Mattoon is the fiduciary agency for the Task Force, passing a federal grant through to the Task Force and providing oversight. Complete financial statements for the East Central Illinois Task Force can be obtained from the Mattoon Police Department at 1710 Wabash Avenue, Mattoon, Illinois 61938.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In 2015, the City implemented *GASB Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 25.* This statement is applicable to the Mattoon Police and Firefighters' Pension Plans presented as fiduciary component units. As a result of this new standard, each pension fund will disclose additional information regarding investments and expected rates of return.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. The majority of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. However, transactions among City funds that would be treated as revenues and expenditures or if they involved organizations external to City government are accounted for as revenues and expenditures in the funds involved. Therefore, charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government are included since elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, including capital assets. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balance/net position, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are reported as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The City of Mattoon reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund – This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

The City of Mattoon reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Included among these funds are:

Motor Fuel Tax Fund – This fund is used to account for the revenue and expenditures related to projects financed by the motor fuel tax funds collected and distributed by the State of Illinois.

Hotel and Motel Tax Fund – This fund is used to account for the collection of a 5% room occupancy tax.

Home Rehabilitation Grant Fund – This fund is used to account for housing grants and related expenditures.

Revolving Loan Fund – This fund is used to account for loans provided to businesses to promote economic development.

Midtown TIF District Fund – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for implementation of the Mattoon Midtown Redevelopment Plan and Project, including all property tax increment revenues received from Coles County allocable to the operation of the Mattoon Midtown Tax Increment District as required by the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11 - 74.4-3 et seq.).

I-57 East TIF District Fund – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for implementation of the I-57 East Redevelopment Plan and Project, including all property tax increment revenues received from Coles County allocable to the operation of the I-57 East Tax Increment District as required by the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3 et. seq.).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

I-57 East Business District Fund – This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for implementation of the I-57 East Business District Plan and Project, including all sales and hotel/motel tax revenues received from the State of Illinois and City of Mattoon allocable to the operation of the I-57 East Business District Fund as required by the Business District Development and Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/1 74.3-1 et. seq.).

South Rt 45 TIF District Fund – This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for implementation of the South Rt 45 Redevelopment Plan and Project, including all property tax increment revenues received from Coles County allocable to the operation of the South Rt 45 Tax Increment District as required by the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3 et. seq.).

South Rt 45 Business District Fund – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for implementation of the South Rt 45 Business District Plan, including all sales tax and hotel/motel tax revenues received from the State of Illinois and City of Mattoon allocable to the operation of the South Rt 45 Business District Fund as required by the Business District Development and Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/1-74.3-1 et. seq.).

Broadway East TIF District Fund – This fund is used to account for the revenue and expenditures for implementation of the Broadway East Redevelopment Plan and Project, including all property tax increment revenues received from Coles County allocable to the operation of the Broadway East Tax Increment District as required by the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3 et. seq.).

Broadway East Business District Fund – This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for implementation of the Broadway East Business District Plan and Project, including all sales and hotel/motel tax revenues received from the State of Illinois and City of Mattoon allocable to the operation of the Broadway East Business District Fund as required by the Business District Development and Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/1-74.3-1 et. seq.).

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

The City of Mattoon reports the following major proprietary funds:

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Water Fund – This fund is used to account for the activities of the government's water distribution system.

Sewer Fund – This fund is used to account for the activities of the government's sewage treatment plant, sewage pumping stations and collection systems.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Continued)

The City of Mattoon reports the following nonmajor proprietary funds:

Internal Service Funds – Internal Service Funds are used to account for financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the governmental unit, or other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Health Insurance Fund – This fund is used to account for employee and retiree health insurance.

Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund – This fund is used to account for the insurance premiums paid by the City.

OTHER FUND TYPES

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a custodial capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The City does not have any fiduciary funds, but it does include the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and the Mattoon Firefighters' Pension Fund, both of which are fiduciary type discretely presented component units.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The City's records are generally maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The basis of accounting used in the preparation of the basic financial statements is described in the following paragraphs.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues from exchange transactions are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenues from taxes or assessments on exchange transactions (sales taxes, utility taxes) are recognized when the underlying exchange transaction occurs. Revenues from shared nonexchange transactions (state income taxes, motor fuel taxes, replacement taxes) are also recognized in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, provided the state is required to share the revenues under act of law. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year in which they are budgeted to be used. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available, including revenues from taxes or assessments on exchange transactions (sales taxes, utility taxes) and shared nonexchange transactions (state income taxes, motor fuel taxes, replacement taxes). Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers revenues to be available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year in which they are levied as long as they meet the measurable and available criteria. Expenditures generally are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, with the exception of principal and interest payments on general long-term debt which are recognized as liabilities when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period and is not recognized as an inflow of resources or revenue until that time.

Unavailable revenues included under the liabilities section of the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet arise when resources are received prior to the City of Mattoon having a legal claim to them.

Property taxes are levied no later than the last Tuesday of December. These taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the calendar year that the levy ordinance was enacted. The taxes are payable by property owners in two equal installments. The first installment is due 30 days after the bills are mailed, while the second payment is due around September 1. The Coles County Treasurer distributed the 2013 tax extension to the City on June 30, 2014, August 8, 2014, October 3, 2014, and November 24, 2014. The City Council adopted the 2014 tax levy (receivable in calendar year 2015) on December 16, 2014. The 2014 property tax levy is a deferred inflow of resources in the governmental funds statements and government-wide statements, since the levy is intended to finance fiscal year 2016 expenditures. Property tax revenues recorded in these financial statements are from the 2013 and prior tax levies.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water enterprise fund, the Sewer enterprise fund, and the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City considers cash on hand, checking accounts, savings accounts, money market funds, and investments held with an original maturity date of less than three months to be cash and cash equivalents. The City maintains a cash pool for use by most funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is included in the financial statements as cash and cash equivalents. Investments of the City, as well as its component units, are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Unrealized gains or losses from the appreciation or depreciation in fair value of investments in the Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund and Mattoon Police Pension Fund are reported as "net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments."

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Statutes authorize the City and the Library to invest in obligations of the United States of America and its agencies, direct obligations of any bank or savings and loan association that is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, short term obligations of corporations subject to certain qualifications, money market mutual funds whose portfolios are limited to governmental securities and obligations, the Illinois Funds Money Market Fund, and bonds of any county, township, city, village, incorporated town, municipal corporation, or school district, subject to certain qualifications.

Statutes authorize the Police and Firefighters Pension component units to invest in obligations of the United States of America and its agencies, bonds of the State of Illinois, bonds of any county, township or municipal corporation of the State of Illinois, Illinois Funds Money Market Fund, money market mutual funds under the Investment Company Act of 1940 subject to certain restrictions, general accounts of life insurance companies authorized to transact business in Illinois, separate accounts managed by life insurance companies subject to certain qualifications, and mutual funds meeting certain requirements. Through an appointed investment adviser, the Pension component units can also invest in common and preferred stocks, subject to certain requirements. Furthermore, investments may be made in banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions covered by depository insurance.

RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" for the current portion of interfund loans or "advances to/from other funds" for the noncurrent portion of interfund loans. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Property taxes receivable and water and sewer customer receivables have been adjusted for estimated uncollectible accounts. No allowance for uncollectibles is considered necessary at year-end. Ambulance billing receivables are shown net of the allowance for uncollectible accounts. The allowance for uncollectible accounts is based on historical collection experience. If actual defaults are higher than the historical experience, management's estimate of the recoverability of amounts due the City could be adversely affected.

INVENTORY AND PREPAID ITEMS

It has been the policy of the Water and Sewer Funds to charge all materials, chemicals, repair parts, and supplies directly to expense at the time they are purchased. Therefore, no inventory is included in these funds. Inventories of governmental funds are considered immaterial at year-end.

Certain payments reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance in the applicable governmental funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements. Land, buildings, furniture, equipment, and vehicles are included at estimated historical cost on various dates prior to December 7, 1971. Property purchased subsequent to that date is valued at historical cost. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated.

The City has adopted an ordinance establishing capitalization thresholds for different classes of capital assets. The capitalization thresholds are as follows:

Property		Threshold		
Land	<u> </u>	5,000		
Buildings and improvements	\$	50,000		
Infrastructure	\$	50,000		
Equipment and vehicles	\$	10,000		
Software	\$	10,000		

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. During the year, no interest was capitalized.

Depreciation has been reported using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. Land is not depreciated. The estimated useful lives for each capital asset type are as follows:

Property	Years
Buildings and building improvements	50
Improvements other than buildings	20
Infrastructure:	
Sidewalks and bike paths	15
Streets, curbs and gutters	20
Traffic signals	25
Bridges and storm sewers	50
Radio-read water meter equipment	10
Equipment and vehicles	5
Software	2

COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits to specified maximums. Upon separation from service, employees are eligible to receive only a portion of accumulated time. Such amounts are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. For governmental funds and the governmental component unit, the amount of compensated absences payable from available resources is recorded only when due for payment, such as when an employee retires or resigns.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, if applicable, are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method, as the differences between the straight line method and the effective interest method are considered immaterial. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount, if applicable. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the year incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, bond issuance costs, and refunding charges during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. Charges related to refunding bonds are reported as other financing uses.

FUND BALANCES

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is assets less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources in a governmental fund. The following types of fund balances may be presented in the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds, Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds, and Balance Sheet – Governmental Component Unit (Mattoon Public Library):

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of a governmental fund's fund balance that is not available to be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The General Fund and Revolving Loan Fund present nonspendable fund balances because the amounts are not in spendable form. The Governmental Component Unit (Mattoon Public Library) presents a nonspendable fund balance because it is required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of a governmental fund's fund balance that is subject to constraints either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The following funds present restricted fund balances: Motor Fuel Tax Fund – restricted for public works, Hotel and Motel Tax Fund – restricted for culture and recreation, Home Rehabilitation Grant Fund, Revolving Loan Fund, Midtown TIF District Fund, I-57 East TIF District Fund, South Rt 45 TIF District Fund, South Rt 45 Business District Fund, Broadway East TIF District Fund, Broadway East Business District Fund, and I-57 East Business District Fund – restricted for economic development.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of a governmental fund's fund balance with self-imposed constraints or limitations that have been imposed by action of the government's highest level of decision-making. The Mattoon City Council can establish committed fund balances by adopting ordinances for such purposes. The General Fund and Capital Projects Fund present committed fund balances for capital outlay, the demolition of dilapidated structures, and a tourism grant.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of a governmental fund's fund balance denoting a government's intended use of resources. The Mattoon City Council is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose. The General Fund presents an assigned fund balance for culture and recreation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

FUND BALANCES (Continued)

Unassigned Fund Balance – The portion of a governmental fund's fund balance that is not designated for a specific purpose. The General Fund presents an unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure is incurred for which resources are available from multiple types of fund balance, it is the City's policy to first apply restricted resources, then committed fund balances, followed by assigned fund balances, and finally unassigned fund balances.

NET POSITION

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, net position represents the difference between combined assets and deferred outflows of resources and combined liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net positions are displayed in three categories:

Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position – Consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

Unrestricted net position – Consists of the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

The governmental activities column on the statement of net position reports a restricted amount of \$4,249,042 of which \$2,101,441 is restricted by enabling legislation.

The discretely presented component unit, the Mattoon Public Library, has permanently restricted net assets with unrestricted investment earnings.

It is the City's policy to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

Budgets are adopted on a basis in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The budget was passed on April 15, 2014, and an amendment was approved on April 21, 2015.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

2 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position

The reconciliation of total governmental fund balances to net position of governmental activities includes a reconciliation between "total fund balances, governmental funds" and "net position of governmental activities." One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds." The details of the reconciling amount are as follows:

Bonds Payable	\$ (9,130,000)
Plus: bond premium (to be amortized	
as interest expense)	(82,400)
Prepaid interest	30,586
Accrued interest payable	(40,652)
Capital leases payable	(370,604)
Notes payable	(1,226,338)
Compensated absences payable	(1,025,001)
Net pension obligation	(1,323,110)
Post-employment healthcare benefits obligation	 (6,260,755)
Net adjustment to reduce "total fund balances,	
governmental funds" to arrive at "net position of	
governmental activities"	 (19,428,274)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

2 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

<u>Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities</u>

The reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances of governmental funds to the statement of activities includes a reconciliation between "net changes in fund balances, governmental funds" and "changes in net position of governmental activities." One element of the reconciliation explains that "governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense." The details of the reconciling amount are as follows:

Capital outlay Depreciation	\$ 1,604,745 (1,219,992)
Net adjustment to reduce "net changes in fund balances, governmental funds" to arrive at "changes in net position of governmental activities"	\$ 384,753

Another element of that reconciliation states that "The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales and donations) is to decrease net position." The details of the reconciling amounts are as follows:

Gain from capital assets sold Proceeds from sale of assets	\$ 72,298 (74,723)
Net adjustment to reduce "net changes in fund balances, governmental funds" to arrive at "changes	(2.127)
in net position of governmental activities"	 (2,425)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

2 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

<u>Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities (Continued)</u>

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued; whereas, these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities." The details of the reconciling amount are as follows:

Principal repayments:	
General obligation bonds	\$ 1,255,000
Capital leases	43,066
Notes payable	130,883
Debt proceeds, including bond premium	(704,568)
Amortization of bond premium	 6,838
Net adjustment to increase "net changes in fund balances, governmental funds" to arrive at "changes	
in net position of governmental activities"	\$ 731,219

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of the reconciling amount are as follows:

Compensated absences Accrued interest Net pension obligation Post employment healthcare benefits obligation	\$ (58,351) 198,433 (648,839) (906,177)
Net adjustment to reduce "net changes in fund balances, governmental funds" to arrive at "changes in net position of governmental activities"	\$ (1,414,934)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. DEPOSITS

At April 30, 2015, the carrying amount of the primary government's deposits was \$11,982,679 and the bank balance was \$12,059,422. The governmental component unit (Mattoon Public Library) had deposits with a carrying amount of \$94,466 and bank balances totaling \$74,638. The fiduciary component units had deposits with a carrying amount of \$1,835,069 and bank balances totaling \$1,840,922. The primary government and governmental component unit (Mattoon Public Library) had cash on hand of \$730 and \$215, respectively.

CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's cash balances are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000 per institution. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At April 30, 2015, deposits at First Mid Illinois Bank & Trust and Prairie State Bank & Trust were fully insured or collateralized by the financial institutions. The City's cash balance at Prairie State Bank & Trust totaled \$4,761,332, with \$4,261,332 uninsured by FDIC, but fully collateralized by securities pledged by the financial institution. The City's cash balance at First Mid Illinois Bank & Trust totaled \$7,289,245, with \$6,789,245 uninsured by FDIC, but fully collateralized by securities pledged by the financial institution.

B. INVESTMENTS

At April 30, 2015, the City's primary government had the following investments:

			Weighted
			Average
		Average	Maturity
Investment Type	Fair Value	Credit Rating	(Years)
Illinois Funds Money Market Fund	\$ 2,588,715	AAAm	Demand *

^{*-}These accounts are subject to immediate withdrawal and are reflected as cash equivalents in the financial statements.

At April 30, 2015, the City's governmental component unit (Mattoon Public Library) had the following investment:

				Weighted	
				Average	
			Average	Maturity	
Investment Type	Fa	air Value	Credit Rating	(Years)	_
Investment pool - Southeastern Illinois Community Foundation	\$	37,615	N/A	N/A	

At April 30, 2015, the City's fiduciary component units had the following investments:

			Weighted
			Average
		Average	Maturity
Investment Type	Fair Value	Credit Rating	(Years)
U.S. government obligations	\$ 8,785,701	AA+/AAA	20.57
Insurance contracts	21,547,704	A/A2	N/A
Mutual funds	179,083	N/A	N/A
Common stock	866,870	N/A	N/A
Total	\$ 31,379,358		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

THE ILLINOIS FUNDS MONEY MARKET FUND

The Illinois Funds Money Market Fund (Illinois Funds) enables custodians of public funds an investment option with a competitive rate of return on fully collateralized investments and immediate access to the funds. Although not subject to direct regulatory oversight, the investment pool is administered by the Illinois State Treasurer in accordance with the provisions of the Illinois Public Funds Investment Act, 30 ILCS 235. The investment policy of the Illinois Funds states that, unless authorized specifically by the Treasurer, a minimum of 75% of its investments shall have less than one-year maturity and no investment shall exceed two years maturity. The policy also limits investment categories to 25% of the portfolio, with the exception of cash equivalents and U.S. Treasury securities, unless specifically authorized by the Treasurer. Further, certificates of deposit cannot exceed 10% of any single financial institution's total deposits. The Illinois Funds received Standard & Poor's highest rating.

SOUTHEASTERN ILLINOIS COMMUNITY FOUNDATION

In previous years, the Mattoon Public Library had received a donation from the Lumpkin Family which was used to establish a fund with the Mattoon Area Community Foundation (MACF) to benefit the library. When held by MACF the fund was held in a separate account and invested separately from the other funds of MACF. During the 2008-2009 fiscal year, MACF formed an alliance with the Effingham County Community Foundation. The resulting organization, the Southeastern Illinois Community Foundation (SICF), is an umbrella organization covering its two member foundations. As part of this alliance the individual foundations have pooled their administrative functions, including the investment of the different funds administered by each foundation. This pooling included an aggregation of the investments held by each fund into one investment account. While invested as a pool, the individual funds are accounted for by the foundation on an individual fund basis. The investment policy of the SICF is to keep all its assets invested seventy percent (70%) in equities and thirty percent (30%) in fixed assets and cash or cash equivalents.

CREDIT RISK

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. To help assess this risk, investments in debt securities are rated on their credit quality by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. Statutes state that any short term obligations of corporations invested in by the City's primary government or the Mattoon Public Library component unit must be rated at the time of purchase at one of the three highest classifications established by at least two standard rating services. Investments in bonds of local governments must be rated within the four highest classifications established by a rating service nationally recognized for expertise in rating bonds of states and their political subdivisions. Neither the City nor the Mattoon Public Library governmental component unit has an investment policy that further limits its investments' exposure to credit risk. In addition to the limitations listed above, the City's fiduciary component units' have investment policies that further limit their investments in contracts and agreements of life insurance companies to those rated at least A by A.M. Best Company and A rated by Moody's and Standard and Poor's rating services.

INTEREST RATE RISK

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The primary government of the City and the Mattoon Public Library component unit do not have formal investment policies that limit investment maturities as a means of managing their exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The fiduciary component units' investment policies do not limit investment maturities as a means of managing their exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. State statutes limit the investments in short term obligations of corporations to one-third or less of the government's funds. Neither the City nor the Mattoon Public Library component unit has an investment policy that further limits the percentage of investments from a single issuer. There are no investments (other than investments in external investment pools) in any one issuer that represent five percent or more of total investments for the primary government of the City. The Mattoon Public Library's only investment is in a pooled investment account with Southeastern Illinois Community Foundation.

State statutes limit the fiduciary component units' investments in separate accounts managed by life insurance companies and mutual funds to a maximum of sixty-five percent of the market value of the pension's net present assets in its most recent annual report. Further, the market value of stock in any one corporation cannot exceed five percent of the cash and invested assets of the pension fund. The investment policies of the fiduciary component units do not further limit investment concentrations. More than five percent of the City's fiduciary funds' investments are in the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (7.00%), the Federal National Mortgage Association (16.99%), and AIG Annuity Insurance Company annuities (26.80%), and Voya Insurance and Annuity Company annuities (37.16%).

C. RECONCILIATION BETWEEN THE DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND CASH ON HAND AS SHOWN IN THE NOTES AND THE CASH, CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENTS AS SHOWN ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Primary Government	Coi Unit	Governmental- Type Component Unit (Mattoon Public Library)		duciary-Type Component Unit (Pensions)
Deposits, investments, and cash on hand per notes:					
Deposits Investments Cash on hand	\$ 11,982,679 2,588,715 730	\$	94,466 37,615 215	\$	1,835,069 31,379,358 -
Total deposits, investments and cash on hand	\$ 14,572,124	\$	132,296	\$	33,214,427
Cash, certificates of deposit and investments per statements:					
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Restricted assets:	\$ 13,257,572 -	\$	94,681 5,995	\$	1,835,069 31,379,358
Cash and cash equivalents	1,305,833		_		_
Certificates of deposit	8,719		_		-
Investments, at fair value			31,620		-
Total cash and cash equivalents, certificates of deposit and investments	\$ 14,572,124	\$	132,296	\$	33,214,427

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

RECEIVABLES

replacement taxes

Motor fuel taxes

Ambulance billing

Other receivables

Totals

Other taxes

Grants

Receivables balances as of April 30, 2015, for the primary government were as follows:

111,953

43,425

2,066

83,128

134,137

7,215,835

\$

\$

	Governmental Funds						Proprietary Funds	y	
		General Fund		Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmenta Funds	I 	Internal Service Funds		Totals
Property taxes TIF property tax	\$	4,214,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 4,214,000
increment		-		-	405,315	5		-	405,315
Business district						_			
taxes		-		-	78,003	3		-	78,003
Utility taxes Telecommunications		111,041		-		-		-	111,041
taxes		204,617		-		-		-	204,617
Income and use									
taxes		838,215		-		-		-	838,215
Sales taxes		1,473,253		-		-		-	1,473,253
Personal property									

Governmental Activities

83,675

59,509

59,294

685,796

46,886

46,886

111,953

102,934

83,675

2,066

83,128

240,317

7,948,517

The ambulance billing receivable has been reduced by an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$156,917.

		В	usines	s-Type Activi	ties		
		ater Fund	Sewer Fund		Totals		
Customer receivables Other receivables	\$	456,467 1,200	\$	633,015 1,350	\$	1,089,482 2,550	
Totals	\$	457,667	\$	634,365	\$	1,092,032	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

5 SCHEDULE OF PAYABLES AND RECEIVABLES WITHIN THE REPORTING ENTITY

Payables and receivables between funds consisted of the following at April 30, 2015:

Due to/from Other funds

Fund	Receivable	Payable		
Governmental Funds: General Fund	\$ 32,383	\$ 152,599		
Capital Projects Fund	99,432			
Other Governmental Funds Hotel and Motel Tax Fund	82	325		
Total other governmental funds	82	325		
Total governmental funds	131,897	152,924		
Proprietary Funds:				
Enterprise Funds: Water Fund	4,774	9,617		
Sewer Fund	8,158	10,282		
Total Enterprise Funds Internal Service Funds:	12,932	19,899		
Health Insurance Fund	73,391	-		
Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund		45,397		
Total Internal Service Funds	73,391	45,397		
Total Proprietary Funds	86,323	65,296		
Due To/From Other Funds	\$ 218,220	\$ 218,220		

The amounts receivable to the General Fund, Hotel and Motel Tax Fund, Water Fund and Sewer Fund from the Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund are for overpayment of charges for services. The amount receivable to the Capital Projects Fund from the General Fund consists of the transfer of one-half of the sales tax increase earmarked for capital projects, net of amounts owed for other capital improvements. The amounts receivable to the Health Insurance Fund from the General Fund, Hotel and Motel Tax Fund, Water Fund and Sewer Fund are for underpayment of charges for services.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

5 SCHEDULE OF PAYABLES AND RECEIVABLES WITHIN THE REPORTING ENTITY (Continued)

Payables and receivables between funds and component units consisted of the following at April 30, 2015:

Due between primary government and component units

Fund	Receivable		Payable	
Primary Government:				_
Governmental Fund:				
General Fund	\$	32,283	\$	42,088
Proprietary Funds:				
Internal Service Funds:				
Health Insurance Fund		1,509		-
Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund				669
Total Internal Service Funds		1,509		669
Total Primary Government		33,792		42,757
Component Units:				
Governmental Component Unit:				
Mattoon Public Library		669		33,792
Fiduciary Component Units:				
Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund		21,044		-
Mattoon Police Pension Fund		21,044		
Total Fiduciary Component Units		42,088		_
Total Component Units		42,757		33,792
Due between primary government				
and component units	\$	76,549	\$	76,549

The amount receivable to the General Fund from the Library is the reimbursement of expenditures of the Library paid by the General Fund, and the reimbursement of debt service payments paid by the General Fund. The amount receivable to the Health Insurance Fund from the Mattoon Public Library is for underpayments of charges for services. The amount receivable to the Mattoon Public Library from the Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund is for overpayments of charges of services. The amount receivable to the Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund and Mattoon Police Pension Fund is for the transfer of video gaming taxes from the General Fund.

Advance between primary government and component units

Fund	Receivable		Payable		
Primary Government:					
Governmental Funds:					
General Fund	\$	70,946	\$	-	
Component Units:					
Governmental Component Unit:					
Mattoon Public Library		-		70,946	
Advance between primary government					
and component units	\$	70,946	\$	70,946	

The amounts receivable to the General Fund consist of the long-term portion of debt paid by the General Fund on behalf of the Mattoon Public Library.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

6 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2015, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	April 30, 2014	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	April 30, 2015
Deine aus an ann an an ta				
Primary government:				
Government activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:	+ 2400747	± 200	_	+ 2 200 047
Land	\$ 3,199,747	\$ 300	\$ -	\$ 3,200,047
Construction in progress	371,593	572,795	240,122	704,266
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,571,340	573,095	240,122	3,904,313
Capital assets being depreciated:	10 120 201	262.420		10 200 420
Building and improvements	10,128,291	262,139	-	10,390,430
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(2,921,422)	(222,325)		(3,143,747)
Buildings and improvements, net	7,206,869	39,814		7,246,683
Infrastructure	59,820,100	250,381	-	60,070,481
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(48,328,695)	(630,795)		(48,959,490)
Infrastructure, net	11,491,405	(380,414)		11,110,991
Improvements other than building	3,607,507	639,502	-	4,247,009
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(310,595)	(143,730)		(454,325)
Improvements other than building, net	3,296,912	495,772		3,792,684
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	6,199,945	119,750	112,750	6,206,945
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(5,456,586)	(223,142)	(110,326)	(5,569,402)
Equipment, furniture and vehicles, net	743,359	(103,392)	2,424	637,543
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	22,738,545	51,780	2,424	22,787,901
Total governmental activities, capital	+ ac acc ac-	+ 624.0==	+ 242 545	+ 25 502 24 5
assets, net	\$ 26,309,885	\$ 624,875	\$ 242,546	\$ 26,692,214

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

6 CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2015, was as follows: (continued)

	Balance			Balance
	April 30, 2014	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	April 30, 2015
Primary government (continued):				
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 587,155	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 587,155
Construction in progress	1,097,894	788,841		1,886,735
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,685,049	788,841		2,473,890
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Building and improvements	13,288,761	26,715	80,402	13,235,074
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(5,254,428)	(229,061)	(80,402)	(5,403,087)
Buildings and improvements, net	8,034,333	(202,346)		7,831,987
Improvements other than building	215,627	_	_	215,627
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(149,366)	(5,958)	_	(155,324)
Improvements other than building, net	66,261	(5,958)		60,303
Treatment, collection, and distribution systems	51,601,276	35,248	-	51,636,524
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(25,552,395)	(1,149,811)		(26,702,206)
Treatment, collection, and distribution				
systems, net	26,048,881	(1,114,563)		24,934,318
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	3,724,043	320,678	10,188	4,034,533
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(2,403,922)	(269,784)	(10,188)	(2,663,518)
Equipment, furniture and vehicles, net	1,320,121	50,894		1,371,015
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	35,469,596	(1,271,973)		34,197,623
Total business-type activities, capital				
assets, net	\$ 37,154,645	\$ (483,132)	\$ -	\$ 36,671,513

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

6 CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$ 207,747
Public safety	163,658
Public works	755,858
Culture and recreation	86,577
Health and welfare	6,152
Governmental activities, depreciation expense	\$ 1,219,992
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 684,585
Sewer	970.030

Analysis of changes in component unit capital assets:

Business-type activities, depreciation expense

Component unit (Mattoon Public Library): Governmental activities:	Ap	Balance ril 30, 2014	A	dditions	Del	etions	Ap	Balance ril 30, 2015
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Building and improvements	\$	2,810,962	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,810,962
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(991,824)		(56,221)		-		(1,048,045)
Buildings and improvements, net		1,819,138		(56,221)		-		1,762,917
Equipment, furniture and vehicles		126,952		-		-		126,952
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(81,091)		(12,653)		-		(93,744)
Equipment, furniture and vehicles, net		45,861		(12,653)		-		33,208
Component unit, capital assets, net	\$	1,864,999	\$	(68,874)	\$	_	\$	1,796,125
and a second sec		=,== :,000		(32,37.1)				=,: = =,===

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the discretely presented component unit, Mattoon Public Library, as follows:

Governmental activities: Mattoon Public Library

\$ 68,874

\$ 1,654,615

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

7 CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

The City has active construction projects in progress as of April 30, 2015. The projects include construction of the public works building, the construction of a drainage project, continuing upgrade of WWTP software, the development of a Civil War Memorial, connection of the City's bike trail to the Douglas Hart Nature Center, and construction projects at the Burgess-Osborne Memorial Auditorium, Peterson Park and various street improvements. The renovation of the lake dam has been delayed until fiscal year 2016 due to budgetary constraints. However, amounts that have been spent to date will be applicable when construction resumes. Heritage Park Project is still in the preliminary stages and is being evaluated. At April 30, 2015, the City's construction in progress is as follows:

Project:				Remaining	
Primary government:	Sp	ent-to-Date	Commitment		
Governmental activities:					
Bike Trail	\$	217	\$	65,000	
Burgess-Osborne Auditorium		13,636		50,364	
Camp Grant - Civil War Memorial		2,622		7,378	
Public Works Building		134,996		2,865,004	
IL-16//Dettro Dr. Design		58,974		11,026	
Heritage Park Project		293,789		47,685	
17th Street Concrete Work		58,526		6,181	
Peterson Park Parking Areas		141,506		16,909	
Total governmental activities	\$	704,266	\$	3,069,547	
Business-type activities:					
CSO/Long Term Control Plan	\$	1,765,282	\$	18,234,718	
WWTP SCADA Updates		32,828		58,929	
Lake Paradise Dam Renovation		88,625		86,375	
Total business-type activities	\$	1,886,735	\$	18,380,022	

8 CEMETERY DEVELOPMENT

Cemetery development consists of land held for future expansion and the Dodge Grove Cemetery Mausoleum. The carrying value of the mausoleum is equal to the cost of renovation less cost of crypt spaces sold.

Mausoleum carrying value, April 30, 2014	\$ 39,473
Less: cost of crypts sold	
Mausoleum carrying value, April 30, 2015	39,473
Land held for future expansion, estimated carrying value, April 30, 2015	 21,179
Total	\$ 60,652

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

9 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

For governmental activities, deferred outflows of resources consists of advance refunding of debt charges with an original amount of \$67,015 less accumulated amortization of \$49,463. For business-type activities, deferred outflows of resources consists of advance refunding of debt charges with an original amount of \$242,299 less accumulated amortization of \$202,952. Amortization of advance refunding of debt charges for the year ended April 30, 2015, was \$4,787 for governmental activities and \$41,005 for business-type activities.

10 RESTRICTED ASSETS

The General Fund has restricted cash and investments for mausoleums and cemetery perpetual care. The Water Fund has restricted cash accounts for customer meter deposits. The Water and Sewer Funds have restricted cash accounts for debt service requirements. The Internal Service Fund has restricted cash for the employees' flexible spending account. The Mattoon Public Library has restricted investments related to an endowment and accumulated earnings.

11 DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

In January 1977, the City entered into a deferred compensation plan agreement with participating employees, funded with a group variable annuity contract in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Additional plans, available to all City employees, permit them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or an unforeseeable emergency. The City has very little administrative involvement and performs no investing function for this plan. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to these amounts, property or rights are solely the property and rights of the participants and are not subject to claims of the City's creditors. Accordingly, these plan assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

12 SHORT-TERM DEBT

The City has a short-term loan outstanding with the Mattoon Public Library, a component unit, to provide funding for operating expenses. The Library reports this amount as part of the due to primary government balance.

	Ba	ilance					t	Balance
	April	30, 2014	Α	dditions	D	eletions	Apri	l 30, 2015
Component unit (Mattoon Public Library):								
Governmental activities:								
Short-term loan from								
the City of Mattoon	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	(60,000)	\$	20,000

13 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

One June 10, 2014, the City issued \$8,715,000 in General Obligation Bonds with an average interest rates of 2.4% to current refund \$8,845,530 of outstanding 2005A / 2005B Series bonds and IEPA debt with an average interest rate of 2.68% to 4%. The net proceeds of \$8,991,449 (after payment of \$97,276 in underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs) were used to pay off the 2005A / 2005B Series bonds and IEPA debt.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

13 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (Continued)

The current refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$7,364. This difference is being charged to operations through the original expiration date of the refunded debt using the effective-interest method. The City completed the current refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 9 years by \$347,538 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present value of the old and new debt service payments) of \$355,540.

General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Maturity Date	Interest Rates	Amount
Governmental activities: Series 2009A Series 2009B (Taxable)	December 2028 December 2028	1.50% - 4.35% 4.00% - 5.70%	\$ 5,005,000 3,440,000
Governmental activities - refunding: Series 2014 Refunding Bonds	December 2018	2.00%	685,000
Total governmental activities bonds			\$ 9,130,000
		Interest Rates	Amount
Business-type activities - refunding: Series 2011 Series 2014 Refunding Bonds Series 2014 Refunding Bonds Series 2014 Refunding Bonds	December 2015 December 2017 December 2019 December 2023	2.00% 2.00% 2.00% 2.00% 2.00%	\$ Amount 600,000 1,150,000 2,385,000 4,495,000

The General Fund services all of the general obligation bonds for governmental activities, except for the Series 2009A and 2009B bonds. The Capital Projects Fund services the Series 2009A general obligation bonds, while the Broadway East Business District Fund services the Series 2009B bonds.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

	Governmental Activities				 Business-t	ype A	ctivities	
Year Ending April 30,	Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest		
2016	\$	585,000	\$	380,733	\$ 1,925,000	\$	192,100	
2017		610,000		362,833	1,350,000		153,600	
2018		635,000		344,108	1,375,000		126,600	
2019		660,000		323,858	1,005,000		99,100	
2020		505,000		302,232	1,025,000		79,000	
2021-2025		3,015,000		1,175,813	1,950,000		135,000	
2026-2029		3,120,000		391,938	-		-	
					 		_	
Total	\$	9,130,000	\$	3,281,515	\$ 8,630,000	\$	785,400	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

14 CAPITAL LEASES

Previously, the City entered into a lease agreement to finance the purchase of a fire truck. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the net present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The asset acquired through the current capital lease is as follows:

Description	 ernmental Activities
Fire truck Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 748,078 (748,078)
	\$

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of April 30, 2015, were as follows:

Years Ending April 30,	 ernmental Activities
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021-2025	\$ 64,452 64,452 64,452 64,452 64,452 128,904
Total minimum lease payments	451,164
Less: amount representing interest	(80,560)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 370,604

15 NOTES PAYABLE

The City has issued various notes as follows:

Governmental activities:

	Maturity Date	Interest Rates	Amount
First Mid-Illinois Bank & Trust note, serviced by the General Fund, proceeds used to fund early retirement incentives, energy efficient improvements, and future needs in the General Fund	December 2020	2.490%	\$ 514,734
First Mid-Illinois Bank & Trust note, serviced by the South Rt 45 TIF Fund, proceeds used to fund business development along South Rt 45	November 2019	5.500%	601,952

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

15 NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

15 Notes (Anale (continued)	Maturity Date	Interest Rates	Amount
Prairie State Bank & Trust note, serviced by the General Fund, proceeds used to purchase Tymco Regenerative Air Sweeper		1.885%	109,652
Total governmental activities notes			\$ 1,226,338
Business-type activities:	Maturity Date	Interest Rates	Amount
First Mid-Illinois Bank & Trust note, serviced by the Water Fund, proceeds used to fund early retirement incentives and energy efficient improvements		2.490%	\$ 414,839
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency note, serviced by the Sewer Fund, proceeds used for sewer wastewater treatment plant rehabilitation		2.865%	100,624
First Mid-Illinois Bank & Trust note, serviced by the Sewer Fund, proceeds used to fund early retirement incentives and energy efficient improvements		2.490%	 328,856
Total business-type activities notes			\$ 844,319

Notes payable debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Governmental Activities					Business-ty	ype Ad	ctivities		
Year Ending April 30,	Principal		Principal			Interest	rest Principal			Interest
2016 2017 2018 2019	\$	134,769 138,761 142,956 147,265	\$	47,991 43,998 39,804 35,495	\$	149,055 152,853 156,834 125,381	\$	21,169 17,372 13,390 9,601		
2019 2020 2021		571,438 91,149		31,022 2,276		128,503 131,693		6,479 3,288		
Total	\$	1,226,338	\$	200,586	\$	844,319	\$	71,299		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

16 CHANGE IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the primary government for the year ended April 30, 2015, was as follows:

	A	Balance pril 30, 2014		Additions	Reductions		_Aŗ	Balance oril 30, 2015	Oue Within One Year
Primary government:									
Governmental activities:									
General obligation bonds	\$	9,700,000	\$	685,000	\$	1,255,000	\$	9,130,000	\$ 585,000
Add amounts:	•	, ,	Ċ	,	•	, ,	•	, ,	•
For issuance premiums		72,556		19,568		9,724		82,400	 N/A
Total general obligation bonds		9,772,556		704,568		1,264,724		9,212,400	585,000
Capital leases		413,670		-		43,066		370,604	45,292
Notes payable		1,357,221		_		130,883		1,226,338	134,769
Compensated absences		966,650		58,351				1,025,001	205,000
Net pension obligation		674,271		648,839		-		1,323,110	N/A
Post-employment healthcare benefits		5,354,578		906,177		-		6,260,755	N/A
• •		, ,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•			 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Governmental activities,									
long-term liabilities	\$	18,538,946	\$	2,317,935	\$	1,438,673	\$	19,418,208	\$ 970,061
Business-type activities: General obligation bonds Add amounts:	\$	2,720,000	\$	8,030,000	\$	2,120,000	\$	8,630,000	\$ 1,925,000
For issuance premiums		22,848		256,882		44,608		235,122	 N/A
Total general obligation bonds		2,742,848		8,286,882		2,164,608		8,865,122	1,925,000
Notes payable		8,883,734		-		8,039,415		844,319	149,055
Compensated absences		232,267		_		6,481		225,786	45,157
Post-employment healthcare benefits		1,389,174		276,414		-		1,665,588	N/A
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							-		
Business-type activities, long-term liabilities	\$	13,248,023	\$	8,563,296	\$	10,210,504	\$	11,600,815	\$ 2,119,212
Component unit (Mattoon Public Library): Governmental activities:									
Compensated absences	\$	8,916	\$	10,555	\$	_	\$	19,471	\$ 3,894
Component unit, long-term liabilities	\$	8,916	\$	10,555	\$		\$	19,471	\$ 3,894

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

17 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred inflows of resources on the governmental funds balance sheet were as follows:

	General Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds
Property taxes Sales and other related taxes Income taxes Service revenue	\$ 4,214,000 628,732 470,736 88,306	\$	405,315 26,435 - -
Totals	\$ 5,401,774	\$	431,750

18 TAXES

Tax revenues during the year ended April 30, 2015, were as follows:

	Ge	eneral Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds
Property taxes	\$	4,009,586	\$	-
TIF property tax increment		-		399,288
Telecommunication taxes		818,786		-
Utility taxes		1,276,329		-
Business district taxes		-		334,042
Road and bridge taxes		146,155		-
Hotel taxes		-		361,014
Cable TV franchise taxes		189,316		-
Gas and electric franchise taxes		190,881		
Totals	\$	6,631,053	\$	1,094,344

19 INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES

Intergovernmental revenues during the year ended April 30, 2015, were as follows:

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds		
Income and use taxes Sales taxes Personal property replacement taxes Video gaming tax Pull tabs and jar games tax Motor fuel taxes Foreign fire insurance taxes Grants and contributions	\$ 2,192,071 6,107,410 556,740 210,443 4,273 - 32,873 130,517	\$ - - - - - - 198,345	\$ - - - - 574,681 - 213,742		
Totals	\$ 9,234,327	\$ 198,345	\$ 788,423		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

20 COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES EXTENDED, COLLECTED, AND DISTRIBUTED

	For Tax Levy Year					
	2014 2013			2012		
Assessed valuation	\$ 19	90,432,435	\$ 1	89,874,102	\$	190,700,894
Rate per \$100, excluding road and bridge rate		2.14593		2.11231		2.04930
Taxes extended, excluding road and bridge taxes		4,086,547		4,010,730		3,908,109
Add: City's share of road and bridge taxes extended		151,024		147,395		146,934
Total taxes extended	\$	4,237,571	\$	4,158,125	\$	4,055,043
Taxes available to City after abatements and losses in collection (2014 estimated)	\$	4,214,000	\$	4,155,741	\$	4,049,384
Percentage of extension available to City (2014 estimated)	99.44%		99.94%			99.86%

	For Tax Levy Year						
	2014			2013		2012	
Distribution of taxes available (2014 estimated):				_		_	
General fund:							
General government	\$	698,000	\$	721,915	\$	614,229	
Fire protection		284,000		283,443		284,586	
Police protection		284,000		283,443		284,586	
Street, including road & bridge		150,000		141,722		143,621	
Park		142,000		146,155		142,293	
Mattoon Public Library		436,000		434,617		436,367	
Firefighters pension fund		1,092,000		1,040,449		1,121,389	
Police Pension Fund		1,128,000		1,103,997		1,022,313	
	\$	4,214,000	\$	4,155,741	\$	4,049,384	

The City Council has abated the 2012, 2013, and 2014 tax levies applicable to all outstanding general obligation bonds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

21 SCHEDULE OF OPERATING TRANSFERS WITHIN THE REPORTING ENTITY

Operating transfers between funds during the year ended April 30, 2015, were as follows:

Transfers In	Transfers Out		Amount	
General Fund	Hotel and Motel Tax Fund	\$	44,500	
South Rt. 45 TIF District Fund	South Rt. 45 Business District Fund		45,000	
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund		758,570	
	Total	\$	848,070	

The first transfer allocated hotel taxes to the General Fund for culture and recreation. The second transfer was for spending related to the South Route 45 TIF District Fund. The third transfer reclassified amounts of one-half sales tax increase earmarked for capital projects.

22 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description - The City's defined benefit pension plan for Regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City plan is affiliated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer plan. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI). That report may be obtained on-line at www.imrf.org.

Funding Policy - As set by statute, the City Regular plan members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires the City to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The City annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2014 was 13.59%. The City also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Annual Pension Cost - The required contribution for calendar year 2014 was \$503,928.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

22 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Three-Year Trend Information for

Calendar Year Ending	 ual Pension ost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation	-
12/31/2014	\$ 503,928	100%	\$	-
12/31/2013	524,974	100%		-
12/31/2012	545,024	100%		-

The required contribution for 2014 was determined as part of the December 31, 2012, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at December 31, 2012, included (a) 7.5% investment rate of return (net of administrative and direct investment expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 4% a year, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.4% to 10% per year depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) post retirement benefit increases of 3% annually. The actuarial value of the City Regular plan assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period with a 20% corridor between the actuarial and market value of assets. The City Regular plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability at December 31, 2012 is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open 29 year basis.

Funded Status and Funding Progress - As of December 31, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Regular plan was 83.98% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$14,121,245 and the actuarial value of assets was \$11,859,220, resulting in an underfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$2,262,025. The covered payroll for calendar year 2014 (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$3,708,076 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 61%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplemental information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

23 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting – The financial statements of the Firefighters and Police Pension plans are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The City's contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans.

Method Used to Value Investments - Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

PLAN DESCRIPTIONS

The City of Mattoon contributes to two single-employer defined benefit pension plans: Mattoon Firefighters' Pension Fund and Mattoon Police Pension Fund. Each plan provides retirement and disability benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the Illinois legislature. Although they are single employer pension plans, the defined benefits as well as the employee and employer contribution levels are mandated by the Illinois Compiled Statues, Chapter 40, Article 3 and 4, and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. Separate financial statements are not issued for these pension plans.

Management of each Pension Fund is governed by the Mattoon Police Pension Fund Board and Mattoon Firefighter Pension Fund Board. Each Board consists of five members - which are elected by each Pension Fund's members.

Plan Membership - At April 30, 2015, pension plan membership consisted of the following:

	Police Pension	Firefighters Pension
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	44	51
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-	2
Active plan members	38	31
	82	84

BENEFITS PROVIDED

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Tier 1 employees (those hired prior to January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to one-half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75.00% of such salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3.00% of the original pension and 3.00% compounded annually thereafter.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

23 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS (Continued)

BENEFITS PROVIDED (Continued)

Tier 2 employees (those hired on or after January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 55 or older with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the police officer during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Police officers' salary for pension purposes is capped at \$106,800, plus the lesser of $\frac{1}{2}$ of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3.00% compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75.00% of such salary. Employees with at least 10 years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e. $\frac{1}{2}$ % for each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 police officer shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the police officer retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Non-compounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3.00% or $\frac{1}{2}$ of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the proceeding calendar year.

The Firefighters' Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Tier 1 employees (those hired prior to January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to one-half of the salary attached to the rank held at the date of retirement. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75.00% of such salary. Employees with at least 10 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a covered employee who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3.00% of the original pension and 3.00% compounded annually thereafter.

Tier 2 employees (those hired on or after January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 55 or older with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the firefighter during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Firefighters' salary for pension purposes is capped at \$106,800, plus the lesser of ½ of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3.00% compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75.00% of such salary. Employees with at least 10 years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e. ½% for each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 firefighter shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the firefighter retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Non-compounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3.00% or ½ of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the proceeding calendar year.

CONTRIBUTIONS

The contribution requirement of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the State legislature. Firefighter plan members are required to contribute 9.455%. Police plan members are required to contribute 9.91%. These contribution rates may vary if members transfer service credit from a previous employer. If an employee, fire or police, leave covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City of Mattoon is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

23 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS (Continued)

CONTRIBUTIONS (Continued)

The City's required contributions for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2015, were \$1,331,633 and \$1,267,174 for the Police and Firefighters' Pension plans, respectively. The annual contribution requirements are equal to the normal cost of the pension fund for the year involved plus an amount using the projected unit credit actuarial costs method that will result in the funding of the past service costs of each pension fund by the end of the municipal fiscal year 2040 as required by ILCS.

INVESTMENTS

The deposits and investments of each Fund are held separately from those of the City and are under the control of each Fund's Board of Trustees.

Investment Policy - Each pension plan's policy is established and may be amended by the applicable Board. It is the policy of each Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio. Neither pension fund has a specific asset allocation guideline. Investments must be in accordance with Illinois Compiled Statutes Chapter 40, Act 5/1-113. For ILCS limitations, see Note 3. The following are authorized:

Firefighters' Pension Fund - The funds are invested in those investments selected by the fund's investment managers and can include contracts/agreements of life insurance companies, mutual funds, common and preferred stocks.

Police Pension Fund - The fund can invest in mutual funds, common/preferred stocks, government securities and agencies, corporate bonds, and life insurance policies.

The long-term expected rate of return on the Police and Firefighters' Pension Funds' investments was determined using an asset allocation study conducted by the Fund's investment management consultant in September 2013 in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (net pension plan investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major assets class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Each Funds' investment policy does not include target allocations across asset classes. Best estimates of future real rates of return and arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of April 30, 2015 are listed in the table below.

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash Alternatives	0.50%
Short-term tax-exempt fixed income	-0.30%
Intermediate tax-exempt fixed income	0.10%
Long-term tax-exempt fixed income	0.30%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

23 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS (Continued)

INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
REIT equity	4.40%
Large-cap growth	5.20%
Large-cap value	4.90%
Mid-cap growth	5.80%
Mid-cap value	5.40%
Small-cap growth	6.10%
Small-cap value	5.90%
Internationals equity	5.30%
Emerging market equity	6.80%

Rate of Return -- For the year ended April 30, 2015, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 6.53 percent and 4.62 percent for the Police Pension Fund and Firefighters' Pension Fund, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Deposits with Financial Institutions -- Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of a bank's failure, the Fund's deposits may not be returned to them. The Fund's investment policy requires all bank balances to be covered by federal depository insurance.

PENSION LIABILITY

Net Pension Liability -- The components of the net pension liability of the City as of April 30, 2015 were as follows:

	Police	Firefighter	Total
Total pension liability	\$ 38,731,300	\$ 45,838,011	\$ 84,569,311
Plan fiduciary net position	17,145,860	16,043,276	33,189,136
City's net pension liability	\$ 21,585,440	\$ 29,794,735	\$ 51,380,175
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	44.27%	35.00%	39.24%

See the Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios on Page 80-81 of the required supplementary information for additional information related to the funded status of the Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

23 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS (Continued)

PENSION LIABILITY (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions -- The total pension liability above was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of April 30, 2015 (May 1, 2015) using the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

	Police	Firefighter
Actuarial Valuation Date	April 30, 2015	April 30, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-age normal	Entry-age normal
Amortization	Straight-line	Straight-line
Remaining Amortization Period	29 Years	29 Years
Assumptions:		
Discount rate used for the total pension liability	6.75%	5.42%
Long Term Expected Rate of return on plan assets	6.75%	6.75%
High Quality 20 year tax-exempt G.O. Bond rate	3.62%	3.62%
Inflation	3.00%	3.00%
Salary increases	4.5% - 6.5%	4.0% - 6.5%
Cost of living adjustments	3.00%	3.00%
Asset Valuation Method	Market	Market
Mortality Rate Assumption	L&A 2012 IL Police Study	L&A 2012 IL Firefighter Study

All rates are assumed to be annual rates compounded on an annual basis. There have been no changes in assumptions from the prior year.

Discount Rate -- The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75% for the Police Pension Fund and 5.42% for the Firefighters' Pension Fund, the same as the prior valuation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Police Pension Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all project future benefit payments of current plan members. The Firefighters' Pension Fund fiduciary net position was projected to cover future benefit payments in full for the current employees through 2045. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected payments to determine the total pension liability for the Police Pension Fund, and the discount rate was applied to determine the total pension liability for the Firefighters' Pension Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

23 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS (Continued)

PENSION LIABILITY (Continued)

Discount Rate Sensitivity -- The Net Pension Liability has been determined using the discount rate listed in the assumption section. Below is a table illustrating the sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the discount rate assumption.

Employer Net Pension Liability	1% Decrease 5.75%	Current Discount Rate - 6.75%	1% Increase 7.75%
Police Pension Fund	\$ 26,418,825	\$ 21,585,440	\$ 17,480,569
Employer Net Pension Liability	1% Decrease 4.42%	Current Discount Rate - 5.42%	1% Increase 6.42%
Firefighters' Pension Fund	\$ 35,911,625	\$ 29,794,735	\$ 24,725,656

The sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the discount rate is based primarily on two factors:

- 1. The duration of the plan's expected benefit payments. Younger plans with benefit payments further in the future will be more sensitive to changes in the discount rate.
- 2. The funded percentage of the plan (ratio of the net position to the total pension liability). The higher the funded percentage, the higher the sensitivity to the discount rate.

ANNUAL PENSION COST AND NET PENSION OBLIGATION

The City's annual pension cost and net pension obligation for the current year were as follows:

	Police Pension				
Annual required contribution (ARC) Interest on net pension obligation Adjustment to ARC	\$	1,641,766 28,701 (24,234)	\$	1,781,786 16,813 (16,936)	
Annual pension cost Contributions made		1,646,233 1,422,547		1,781,663 1,356,510	
Increase in net pension obligation Net pension obligation - beginning of year Net pension obligation - end of year	\$	223,686 425,195 648,881	\$	425,153 249,076 674,229	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

23 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS (Continued)

ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Significant actuarial methods and assumptions used in valuations on which reported information about the ARC, annual pension cost, and the funded status and funding progress of pension plans are disclosed below:

	Police Pension	Firefighters Pension	
Actuarial Valuation Date	April 30, 2014	April 30, 2014	
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	
Amortization Method	Level dollar amount- closed amortization period	Level dollar amount- closed amortization period	
Remaining Amortization Period	30 years	26 years	
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year Smoothed Market Value	5-Year Smoothed Market Value	
Actuarial Assumptions	Police Pension	Firefighters Pension	
Actuarial Assumptions Investment Rate of Return	Police Pension 6.75%, compounded annually	Firefighters Pension 6.75%, compounded annually	
·			
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%, compounded annually L&A Assumption Study for	6.75%, compounded annually L&A Assumption Study for	
Investment Rate of Return Mortality Rate Assumption	6.75%, compounded annually L&A Assumption Study for Police 2012	6.75%, compounded annually L&A Assumption Study for Firefighters 2012	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

23 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS (Continued)

MATTOON POLICE PENSION FUND

Three-Year Trend Information

Year Ended April 30,	 Annual Pension Cost		Employer Contribution		Percentage Contribution		Net Pension Obligation	
2015	\$ 1,646,233	\$	1,422,547		86.41%	\$	648,881	
2014	1,841,173		1,372,591		74.55%		425,195	
2013	1,281,491		1,139,516		88.92%		(43,387)	

MATTOON FIREFIGHTERS PENSION FUND

Three-Year Trend Information

Year Ended April 30,	Annual Pension Cost		Employer Contribution		Percentage Contribution		Net Pension Obligation	
2015	\$	1,781,663	\$	1,356,510	76.14%	\$	674,229	
2014		1,354,661		1,398,877	103.26%		249,076	
2013		1,440,359		1,354,955	94.07%		293,292	

FUNDING STATUS AND PROGRESS

As of May 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date for the net pension obligation, the Police Pension was 42.69% funded. For the Police Pension Fund, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$38,679,431, and the actuarial value of assets was \$16,511,433, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$22,167,998. The covered payroll for fiscal year 2014 was \$2,305,606 and the ratio of UAAL to the covered payroll was 961.48%.

As of May 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date for the net pension obligation, the Firefighters Pension was 43.50% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$37,259,052, and the actuarial value of assets was \$16,206,638, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$21,052,414. The covered payroll for fiscal year 2014 was \$1,956,669 and the ratio of UAAL to the covered payroll was 1,075.93%.

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

The Schedules of Funding Progress for the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund present multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial liability for benefits. The Schedules of Funding Progress for the past six years are reported as required supplementary information immediately following the notes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

24 POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

The City provides post-employment healthcare benefits to former employees and retirees.

Former employees, who are not retirees, are provided COBRA healthcare benefits mandated by the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act. Former employees, who are qualified under the Act, may apply for coverage by the City's self-insured health plan. The cost is 100% funded on a monthly pay-as-you-go basis by the former employee based upon actual cost of the health plan for either "single" or "family" coverage.

Illinois statutes mandate that a municipality must offer its retirees a health insurance plan equivalent to that offered to active employees. Illinois statutes enable a municipality to make the health plan benefits supplemental to Medicare and to offer these supplemental benefits at a different retiree contribution rate than regular benefits provided by the group plan. State statutes do not presently require the municipality to pay any portion of the cost of the plan for retired employees. Because the actuarial cost of health benefits for retirees exceeds the average amount paid by retirees, the additional cost is paid by the City and is the basis for the OPEB obligation accounted for under GASB 45. Separate financial statements are not issued for the post-employment healthcare benefits program.

FUNDING POLICY

For fiscal year 2015, the City contributed \$1,207,485 for retiree healthcare benefits. The City required retirees with monthly pensions less than \$1,625 per month to contribute \$73 per month for those with no dependents or \$226 per month for those with dependents, 15% of the total cost of their healthcare. Retirees with a monthly pension greater than \$1,625 per month were required to contribute \$159 per month for those with no dependents or \$489 per month for those with dependents, 32.5% of the total cost of their healthcare. The municipality bears all cost up to the stop loss insurance and above the amount contributed by retirees on a pay-as-you-go basis.

ANNUAL OPEB COST AND NET OPEB OBLIGATION

The City's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC). The ARC represents the normal cost each year and an amount to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability over thirty years. The following table shows the calculation of the net OPEB obligation. The Net OPEB Obligation is the amount entered as of year end as the net liability for post-employment benefits.

Item	 Total
Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB Obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$ 2,476,688 320,329 (406,941)
Annual OPEB cost (expense) Contributions made	2,390,076 (1,207,485)
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	1,182,591 6,743,770
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 7,926,361

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

24 POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS (Continued)

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligations were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Ar	nnual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
4/30/2015	\$	2,390,076	50.50%	\$ 7,926,361
4/30/2014	\$	2,406,759	46.00%	\$ 6,743,770
4/30/2013		2,139,312	52.30%	5,444,796

FUNDED STATUS AND FUNDING PROGRESS

As of April 30, 2015, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$34,781,920. The covered payroll was approximately \$7,578,608, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 407%. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents information about the actuarial value of plan assets and the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan understood by the employer and plan members) and include the benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members.

Actuarial Methods	Post-Employment Health Care Benefits				
Funding Method	Entry Age Normal Cost				
Amortization Method	Level percentage of pay				
Interest Rate	4.75%				
Salary Progression	3.50%				
Claim Costs (as of April 30, 2014): Single Coverage Family Coverage	\$488 \$1,504				
Employee Contributions: Hired prior to May 1, 2007 Pension amount less than \$1,625/month Pension amount more than \$1,625/month Hired after April 30, 2007	15% of cost 32.5% of cost 100% of cost				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

24 POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS (Continued)

ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions	Post-Employment Health Care Benefits			
Mortality Rate	RP-2000 projected to 2013 Combined Table For Males and Females			
Retirement, Withdrawal, and Disability Rates	Age-related tables with varying rates			
Participation	90% of employees hired prior to May 1, 2007, that are currently enrolled			
	50% of employees hired after April 30, 2007, that are currently enrolled			
Spouse Information	50% of employees are assumed to be married, female assumed to be 3 years younger than male			
Health Care Cost Inflation Rates	Period	Rate		
	2015 2016 2017 2018 and after	8% 7% 6% 5%		

25 SELF-INSURANCE

The City has offered its employees and retirees a self-insured group health insurance plan managed by a third party administrator (TPA) since January 1, 1983. The health plan offers medical, dental and prescription drug benefits. A third party administrator is responsible for the approval and processing of claims and for the payment of claims from the City's Health Insurance Internal Service Fund. The City is responsible for the payment of monthly administration fees and stop loss insurance premiums to the plan administrators. The plan administrators are Coventry Health Care for medical benefits and Delta Dental for dental benefits.

The municipality requires active employee and retiree contributions to the health plan. Note 24 provides the funding information for retirees. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2015, the contribution for active employees was \$85 per month for those with no dependents or \$263 per month for those with dependents, approximately 17.5% of total costs. The municipality bears all cost above the amount contributed by employees on a pay-as-you-go basis.

In addition to the monthly contributions, participants are required to pay an annual deductible and co-payments on claims incurred after the annual deductible. The co-payments required of participants are lower for PPO providers. The plan underwrites 100% of the cost of claims after the participant has made co-payments in excess of the deductible each calendar year up to the stop loss insurance threshold. The City's plan has a \$600 calendar year family deductible and a \$300 calendar year single deductible for PPO providers. There is a \$2,000 calendar year out of pocket family maximum and \$1,000 calendar year out of pocket single maximum for PPO providers, after contract year deductible. For out-of-network providers, the City's plan has a \$1,000 calendar year family deductible and a \$500 calendar year single deductible. There is a \$4,000 calendar year out of pocket family maximum and \$2,000 calendar year out of pocket single maximum for out-of-network providers, after contract year deductible. There are separate annual deductible, co-payment and yearly maximums for the dental plan. There are separate copayment amounts required for the prescription drug benefit.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

25 SELF-INSURANCE (Continued)

The specific stop loss insurance coverage presently attaches at costs in excess of \$150,000 per participant. The aggregate stop loss coverage attaches at costs in excess of about \$1 million per calendar year. The exact attachment point for the annual aggregate coverage varies each year and is determined by a formula and the number of enrolled participants.

At the end of the fiscal year, the City had 267 employees, former employees, and retirees participating in the group health plan. Of this number, 132 were active employees, and 135 were retirees. 83 of the participants had single coverage, and 184 had family coverage.

The health plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The City incurred health plan claims expenditures of \$3,662,943 in the fiscal year that ended April 30, 2015, which includes \$130,118 of claims incurred, but not paid. An actuarial estimate of claims incurred, but not reported, was not determined.

26 INSURANCE

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; natural disasters; errors and omissions; and injuries to employees for which the City carries commercial insurance. There have been no decreases of insurance coverage in the last three years. The following schedule presents information pertaining to lines of insurance coverage that were in effect at the end of the fiscal year.

Exposure	Insurer	Limits of Coverage	Expiration 1/1/2016	
Workers Compensation	IPRF ¹	\$3 million each accident \$3 million each employee \$3 million policy limit		
Property & Casualty	Federal ²	Replacement Cost \$72,061,348 Blanket Building and Contents Limit \$1,000,000 Extra Expense and Business Income Property- \$5,000 deductible Extra Expense and Business Income \$5,000 deductible	12/1/2015	
General Liability ³	Lloyd's London	\$3 million each occurrence \$3 million aggregate	12/1/2015	
Flood	American ⁴	\$405,000 Blower Building Structure \$360,000 Blower Building Contents \$132,500 Pump Station Building \$221,400 Pump Station Contents \$25,000 deductible	12/1/2015	
Volunteers	Federal ²	\$100,000 each occurrence	12/1/2015	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

26 INSURANCE (Continued)

Fiduciary Liability	Federal ²	\$1 million aggregate	12/1/2015
Public Officials Liability	Lloyd's London	\$1 million each occurrence \$3 million aggregate \$5,000 deductible	12/1/2015
Employment Practices Liability	Lloyd's London	\$1 million each occurrence \$3 million aggregate \$50,000 limit for back wages \$5,000 deductible for each wrongful \$10,000 deductible for back wages	12/1/2015
Automobile Physical Damage	Lloyd's London	Actual cash value \$1,000 deductible	12/1/2015
Automobile Liability	Lloyd's London	\$1 million	12/1/2015
Law Enforcement Liability	Lloyd's London	\$1 million each occurrence \$10 million aggregate \$10,000 deductible	12/1/2015
Crime	Hanover ⁵	Limit - \$500,000	12/1/2015
Inland Marine	Federal ²	\$2,686,132 \$2,500 deductible	12/1/2015
Umbrella Liability ⁶	Lloyd's London	\$10 million each occurrence \$10 million aggregate	12/1/2015

¹ Illinois Public Risk Fund.

² Federal Insurance Company.

³ The general liability coverage is subject to exclusions and sub-limits for exposures related to Products/Completed Operations, Personal & Advertising Injury, Damage to Premises Rented to You, and Employee Benefits. See the policy on file with the City for exclusion and sub-limit information.

⁴ American Banker's Insurance Company of Florida.

⁵ Hanover Insurance Company.

⁶ The umbrella policy is excess liability coverage for the following policies: Commercial General Liability, Commercial Automobile Liability, Public Officials Liability, Law Enforcement, and Employment Practices Liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

27 CONTINGENCIES

At April 30, 2015, the City was a defendant in two pending lawsuits. The City's legal counsel is unable to express an opinion as to the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome on the lawsuits. However, the City believes it has numerous meritorious defenses and is vigorously defending this litigation.

28 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The City of Mattoon services a \$2,000,000 loan that was issued December 16, 2010, to fund early retirement incentives and energy efficient improvements throughout the City's buildings. The loan is serviced by the primary government. The Mattoon Public Library, a discretely presented component unit, had an employee retire using the early retirement incentive and received various energy efficient improvements that were paid for from the proceeds of the loan. Therefore, the Library reports an amount due to the General Fund for the cost of these items, minus grants received to help cover the cost. The Library makes monthly payments to the General Fund to reimburse the amount owed plus the interest on the note proceeds used for the Library. At April 30, 2015, the balance due to the General Fund from the Library for this transaction was \$81,176.

29 FUTURE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION CHANGES

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB No. 27*. This statement will be implemented for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2016. The revised requirements establish new financial reporting requirements for state and local governments which provide their employees with pension benefits, including additional note disclosures and required supplementary information. In addition, the Statement of Net Position is expected to include a significant liability for the City's proportionate share of the employee pension plan.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Other than Management's Discussion and Analysis)

ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS (UNAUDITED)

April 30, 2015

	Actuarial	Actuarial Accrued	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Actuarial	Value of	Liability (AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	Percentage of
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
12/31/14	\$ 11,859,220	\$ 14,121,245	\$ 2,262,025	83.98%	\$ 3,708,076	61.00%
12/31/13	10,573,021	12,860,458	2,287,437	82.21%	3,643,120	62.79%
12/31/12	8,456,984	11,851,724	3,394,740	71.36%	3,638,342	93.30%

On a market value basis, the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2014 is \$14,875,985. On a market basis, the funded ratio would be 105.34%.

The actuarial value of assets and accrued liability cover active and inactive members who have service credit with the City of Mattoon. They do not include amounts for retirees. The actuarial accrued liability for retirees is 100% funded.

POLICE PENSION FUND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (UNAUDITED)

April 30, 2015

	2015
Total Pension Liability Service Cost Interest Benefit Payments and Refunds	\$ 570,535 2,473,846 (1,925,291)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	1,119,090
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	37,612,210
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	\$ 38,731,300
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - Employer Contributions - Member Net Investment Income Benefit Payments and Refunds Administrative Expense	\$ 1,422,547 227,982 956,536 (1,925,291) (56,136)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	625,638
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	16,520,222
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	\$ 17,145,860
Employer Net Pension Liability - Ending (A) - (B)	\$ 21,585,440
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	44.27%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 2,339,454
Employer Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	922.67%

The annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 6.53 percent for the Police Pension Fund.

FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (UNAUDITED)

April 30, 2015

	2015
Total Pension Liability Service Cost Interest Benefit Payments and Refunds	\$ 714,453 2,375,442 (2,158,444)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	931,451
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	44,906,560
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	\$ 45,838,011
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - Employer Contributions - Member Net Investment Income Benefit Payments and Refunds Administrative Expense	\$ 1,356,510 202,721 623,230 (2,158,444) (16,823)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	7,194
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	16,036,082
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	\$ 16,043,276
Employer Net Pension Liability - Ending (A) - (B)	\$ 29,794,735
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	35.00%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 2,053,279
Employer Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	1,451.08%

The annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 4.62 percent for the Firefighters' Pension Fund.

SCHEDULES OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS (UNAUDITED)

April 30, 2015

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - POLICE PENSION

	 2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 1,841,839 1,422,547
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 419,292
Covered-Employee Payroll Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 2,339,454 60.81%

NOTE: The actuarially determined contribution shown is from the May 1, 2013 actuary's report completed by Lauterbach and Amen, LLP for the tax levy recommendation for the December, 2013 tax levy.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION

Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 1,488,746 1,356,510	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 132,236	
Covered-Employee Payroll Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 2,053,279 66.07%	

NOTE: The actuarially determined contribution shown is from the May 1, 2013 actuary's report completed by Tepfer Consulting Group, Ltd. for the tax levy recommendation for the December, 2013 tax levy.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

	Police	Firefighter
Actuarial Valuation Date	May 1, 2013	May 1, 2013
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-age normal	Entry-age normal
Amortization Method	Level dollar amount - closed amortization period	Level dollar amount - closed amortization period
Remaining Amortization Period	27 Years	27 Years
Investment Rate of Return, Net of Investment Plan Expenses, Including Inflation	6.75%	6.75%
Inflation Rate	3.00%	3.00%
Salary Increases	4.5% - 6.5%	3.50%
Asset Valuation Method	5 Year Smoothed Market Value	5 Year Smoothed Market Value
Mortality Rate Assumption	L&A 2012 IL Police Study	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table

POLICE PENSION FUND SCHEDULES OF FUNDING PROGRESS AND EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS (UNAUDITED)

April 30, 2015

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Li	uarial Accrued ability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
05/01/14	\$16,511,433	\$	38,679,431	\$ 22,167,998	42.69%	\$ 2,305,606	961.48%
05/01/13	15,398,506		36,781,930	21,383,424	41.86%	2,233,137	957.55%
05/01/12	14,698,221		32,880,106	18,181,885	44.70%	2,112,905	860.52%
05/01/11	13,735,199		31,576,257	17,841,058	43.50%	2,030,275	878.75%
04/30/10	14,004,793		30,557,604	16,552,811	45.83%	2,020,572	819.21%
04/30/09	12,055,157		28,704,172	16,649,015	42.00%	2,229,284	746.83%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Year		Annual			
Ended		Required		Employer	Percentage
April 30,	Contribution		C	ontribution	Contribution
2015	\$	1,641,766	\$	1,422,547	86.65%
2014		1,841,839		1,372,591	74.52%
2013		1,284,797		1,139,516	88.69%
2012		1,226,438		1,082,520	88.27%
2011		1,152,945		1,142,947	99.13%
2010		1,145,967		1,010,614	88.19%

FIREFIGHTERS PENSION FUND SCHEDULES OF FUNDING PROGRESS AND EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS (UNAUDITED)

April 30, 2015

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)		Liability (AAL) AAL Entry Age (UAAL)			Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)	
05/01/14	\$ 16,206,638	\$	37,259,052	\$21,052,414		43.50%	\$ 1,956,669	1,075.93%	
05/01/13	15,364,125		32,309,347	16,945,222		47.55%	1,940,183	873.38%	
05/01/12	14,576,771		33,341,735	18,764,964		43.72%	1,885,888	995.02%	
05/01/11	13,840,400		32,630,851	18,790,451		42.42%	1,860,445	1,010.00%	
04/30/10	14,534,029		33,027,916	18,493,887		44.01%	1,896,588	975.11%	
04/30/09	12,788,406		31,736,657	18,948,251		40.30%	2,096,818	903.67%	

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Year		Annual			
Ended		Required		Employer	Percentage
April 30,	Contribution		С	ontribution	Contribution
2015	\$	1,781,786	\$	1,356,510	76.13%
2014		1,352,449		1,398,877	103.43%
2013		1,438,452		1,354,955	94.20%
2012		1,402,670		1,292,792	92.17%
2011		1,349,661		1,375,069	101.88%
2010		1,385,894		1,230,187	88.76%

POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFIT PROGRAM SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS (UNAUDITED)

April 30, 2015

	Act	uarial	Actı	uarial Accrued	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Actuarial	Val	ue of	Lia	ability (AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	Percentage of
Valuation	Assets		Entry Age		(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
Date	(a)		(a) (b)		(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
04/30/15	\$	-	\$	34,781,920	\$34,781,920	0.00%	\$ 7,578,608	458.95%
04/30/14		-		33,928,066	33,928,066	0.00%	7,322,327	463.35%
04/30/13		-		30,084,328	30,084,328	0.00%	7,387,512	407.23%
04/30/12		-		29,342,006	29,342,006	0.00%	7,143,490	410.75%
04/30/11		-		23,103,333	23,103,333	0.00%	6,789,837	340.26%
04/30/10		-		23,181,829	23,181,829	0.00%	6,438,912	360.03%

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive		
		Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues: Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Investment income Contributions & miscellaneous	\$	6,652,503 199,030 8,994,875 1,213,648 121,200 4,000	\$	6,702,503 199,030 9,094,875 1,328,648 121,200 4,000	\$	6,631,053 194,573 9,234,327 1,271,306 140,755 6,494	\$	(71,450) (4,457) 139,452 (57,342) 19,555 2,494	
revenues		315,110		315,110		360,597		45,487	
Total revenues		17,500,366		17,765,366		17,839,105		73,739	
Expenditures: Current General government Public safety Public works Health and welfare Culture and recreation Economic development Capital outlay Debt service Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures Excess of revenues over expenditures		2,365,251 10,410,549 1,739,881 199,023 1,427,900 50,000 189,452 373,632 48,768 16,804,456		2,365,251 10,510,549 1,739,881 199,023 1,458,900 50,000 298,452 373,632 48,768 17,044,456		2,241,236 10,490,812 1,642,956 194,940 1,423,143 50,000 119,750 1,002,873 72,444 17,238,154		124,015 19,737 96,925 4,083 35,757 - 178,702 (629,241) (23,676) (193,698)	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out Debt proceeds Bond premiums Proceeds from sale of assets Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balance	\$	140,500 (740,000) - - - (599,500) 96,410	\$	140,500 (765,000) - - - (624,500) 96,410		44,500 (758,570) 685,000 19,568 74,723 65,221	<u>\$</u>	(96,000) 6,430 685,000 19,568 74,723 689,721	
Fund balance -beginning						4,430,211			
Fund balance - ending					\$	5,096,383			

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

1 ADJUSTMENT FOR DIFFERENCES IN PERSPECTIVE

Generally accepted accounting principles require the presentation of a budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund. However, the City's General Fund is comprised of two funds, the General Fund and Festival Management Fund, each with its own legally adopted budget. The following reconciling schedule shows the budget and actual amounts for each account and the totals as shown on the General Fund's Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual.

2 BUDGET OVERAGES

The following funds had an excess of actual expenditures over budget for the fiscal year:

General Fund	\$ 193,698
Hotel and Motel Tax Fund	10,083
Home Rehabilitation Grant Fund	25,706
Midtown TIF District Fund	210,542
Broadway East Business District	92,861
I-57 East TIF District Fund	105
South Route 45 TIF District Fund	140
Broadway East TIF District Fund	480

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

1 ADJUSTMENTS FOR DIFFERENCES IN PERSPECTIVE (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

		Gener	al Fund			Festival Ma	anagement Fu	und		Totals		
	Dudgatad			Variance with Final Budget- Positive	Dudgatas		-	Variance with Final Budget- Positive	Dudgeted			Variance with Final Budget- Positive
	Budgeted Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)	Original	l Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)	Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
Devenues	Original	Tillai	7411041145	(Negative)	Original	Tillai	7411041165	(Negative)	Original	- 1 11101	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues: Taxes Licenses and permits	\$6,652,503 199,030	\$6,702,503 199,030	\$6,631,053 194,573	\$ (71,450) (4,457)	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$6,652,503 199,030	\$6,702,503 199,030	\$6,631,053 194,573	\$ (71,450) (4,457)
Intergovernmental revenues	8,994,875	9,094,875	9,234,327	139,452	-	-	-	-	8,994,875	9,094,875	9,234,327	139,452
Charges for services	1,213,648	1,328,648	1,271,306	(57,342)	-	-	-	-	1,213,648	1,328,648	1,271,306	(57,342)
Fines and forfeitures	121,200	121,200	140,755	19,555	-	-	-	-	121,200	121,200	140,755	19,555
Investment income Contributions & miscellaneous	4,000	4,000	6,494	2,494	-	-	-	-	4,000	4,000	6,494	2,494
revenues	204,110	204,110	205,517	1,407	111,000	111,000	155,080	44,080	315,110	315,110	360,597	45,487
Total revenues	17,389,366	17,654,366	17,684,025	29,659	111,000	111,000	155,080	44,080	17,500,366	17,765,366	17,839,105	73,739
Expenditures: Current												
General government	2,365,251	2,365,251	2,241,236	124,015	-	-	-	-	2,365,251	2,365,251	2,241,236	124,015
Public safety	10,410,549	10,510,549	10,490,812	19,737	-	-	-	-	10,410,549	10,510,549	10,490,812	19,737
Public works	1,739,881	1,739,881	1,642,956	96,925	-	-	-	-	1,739,881	1,739,881	1,642,956	96,925
Health and welfare	199,023	199,023	194,940	4,083	-	-	-	- (47.204)	199,023	199,023	194,940	4,083
Culture and recreation	1,278,900	1,309,900	1,256,859	53,041	149,000	149,000	166,284	(17,284)	1,427,900	1,458,900	1,423,143	35,757
Economic development	50,000	50,000	50,000	170 702	-	-	-	-	50,000	50,000	50,000	170 702
Capital outlay Debt service	189,452	298,452	119,750	178,702	-	-	-	-	189,452	298,452	119,750	178,702
Principal	373,632	373,632	1,002,873	(629,241)	_	_	_	-	373,632	373,632	1,002,873	(629,241)
Interest and fiscal charges	48,768	48,768	72,444	(23,676)					48,768	48,768	72,444	(23,676)
Total expenditures	16,655,456	16,895,456	17,071,870	(176,414)	149,000	149,000	166,284	(17,284)	16,804,456	17,044,456	17,238,154	(193,698)
Excess of revenues												
over expenditures	733,910	758,910	612,155	(146,755)	(38,000)	(38,000)	(11,204)	26,796	695,910	720,910	600,951	(119,959)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	96,000	96,000		(96,000)	44,500	44,500	44,500		140,500	140,500	44,500	(96,000)
Transfers out	(740,000)	(765,000)	(758,570)	6,430	-11 ,300	-44,300	-11 ,300	_	(740,000)	(765,000)	(758,570)	6,430
Debt proceeds	(740,000)	(703,000)	685,000	685,000	_	_	_	_	(740,000)	(703,000)	685,000	685,000
Bond premiums	_	_	19,568	19,568	_	_	_	_	_	_	19,568	19,568
Proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	74,723	74,723	-	-	-	-	_	-	74,723	74,723
Total other financing												· <u></u>
sources (uses):	(644,000)	(669,000)	20,721	689,721	44,500	44,500	44,500		(599,500)	(624,500)	65,221	689,721
Net change in fund balance	\$ 89,910	\$ 89,910	632,876	\$ 542,966	\$ 6,500	\$ 6,500	33,296	\$ 26,796	\$ 96,410	\$ 96,410	666,172	\$ 569,762
Fund balance -beginning			4,323,783				106,428				4,430,211	
Fund balance - ending			\$4,956,659				\$139,724				\$5,096,383	

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

	Budgeted	Δma	nunts	Actual		Variance with Final Budget- Positive	
	 Original	7 11110	Final		Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues Investment income Contributions & miscellaneous	\$ 625,000 2,000	\$	625,000 2,000	\$	198,345 1,969	\$	(426,655) (31)
revenues	 59,000		59,000		20,831		(38,169)
Total revenues	 686,000		686,000		221,145		(464,855)
Expenditures: Current	2 500		2 500		2 102		1 210
General government Public safety	3,500 -		3,500 -		2,182 -		1,318 -
Public works	1,000		1,000		-		1,000
Culture and recreation Capital outlay Debt service	- 4,367,754		- 4,392,754		843,038		3,549,716
Principal Interest and fiscal charges	250,000 199,370		250,000 199,370		250,000 295,785		- (96,415)
Total expenditures	4,821,624		4,846,624		1,391,005		3,455,619
(Deficiency) of revenues under expenditures	(4,135,624)		(4,160,624)		(1,169,860)		2,990,764
Other financing sources: Transfers in	740,000		765,000		758,570		(6,430)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (3,395,624)	\$	(3,395,624)		(411,290)	\$	2,984,334
Fund balance -beginning	 				3,966,984		
Fund balance - ending				\$	3,555,694		

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	lotor Fuel Tax Fund	 and Motel	Home Rehabilitation Grant Fund	
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Due from other funds Long-term receivables	\$ 1,390,196 86,826 - -	\$ 17,961 59,509 82	\$	37 - - -
Total assets	\$ 1,477,022	\$ 77,552	\$	37
Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll liabilities payable Due to other funds	\$ 29,944 - -	\$ 9,387 2,726 325	\$	- - -
Total liabilities	29,944	 12,438		
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue		3,204		
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Restricted	 - 1,447,078	- 61,910		- 37_
Total fund balance	 1,447,078	 61,910		37
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$ 1,477,022	\$ 77,552	\$	37

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Continued) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Revolving Loan Fund		ltown TIF trict Fund	I-57 East TIF District Fund		
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$	754,246 56,143	\$ 407,615 303,269	\$	126,540 36,636	
Due from other funds Long-term receivables		276,996	 <u> </u>		<u>-</u>	
Total assets	\$	1,087,385	\$ 710,884	\$	163,176	
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable Payroll liabilities payable	\$	-	\$ 10,165 -	\$	-	
Due to other funds			 			
Total liabilities		-	10,165		-	
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue			303,269		36,636	
Fund Balance:						
Nonspendable Restricted		276,996 810,389	397,450		- 126,540	
Total fund balance		1,087,385	397,450		126,540	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$	1,087,385	\$ 710,884	\$	163,176	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Continued) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	South Rt 45 TIF District Fund		Rt 45	outh Business ict Fund	Broadway East TIF District Fund		
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Due from other funds Long-term receivables	\$	1,585 28,623 - -	\$	52,796 7,340 - -	\$	103,085 36,787 - -	
Total assets	\$	30,208	\$	60,136	\$	139,872	
Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll liabilities payable Due to other funds	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	
Total liabilities							
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue		28,623		2,296		36,787	
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Restricted		- 1,585		- 57,840		- 103,085	
Total fund balance		1,585		57,840		103,085	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$	30,208	\$	60,136	\$	139,872	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Continued) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Eas	Broadway East Business District Fund		I-57 East Business District Fund		ations	Totals	
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Due from other funds Long-term receivables	\$	317,058 70,043 - -	\$	9,119 620 - -	\$	- - -	\$	3,180,238 685,796 82 276,996
Total assets	\$	387,101	\$	9,739	\$		\$	4,143,112
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable Payroll liabilities payable Due to other funds	\$	5,850 - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	55,346 2,726 325
Total liabilities		5,850						58,397
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue		20,767		168				431,750
Fund Balance:								
Nonspendable Restricted		- 360,484		- 9,571		- -		276,996 3,375,969
Total fund balance		360,484		9,571				3,652,965
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$	387,101	\$	9,739	\$		\$	4,143,112

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Davidan	otor Fuel ax Fund		and Motel ax Fund	Home Rehabilitation Grant Fund		
Revenues:			261.014	_		
Taxes	\$ - 762 717	\$	361,014	\$	- 25 706	
Intergovernmental revenues Investment income	762,717		-		25,706	
	323		2 240		-	
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues	 	•	2,240		<u>-</u>	
Total revenues	 763,040		363,254		25,706	
Expenditures:						
Current						
Public works	437,593		_		_	
Culture and recreation	-		265,616		_	
Economic development	_		,		25,706	
Capital outlay	276,668		_			
Debt service	27 07000					
Principal	_		_		_	
Interest and fiscal charges						
Total expenditures	 714,261		265,616		25,706	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	48,779		97,638		-	
, ,						
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfer in	-		-		-	
Transfer out	 		(44,500)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>		(44,500)			
Net change in fund balances	48,779		53,138		-	
Fund balance - beginning	 1,398,299		8,772		37	
Fund balance - ending	\$ 1,447,078	\$	61,910	\$	37	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

		Revolving Loan Fund		ltown TIF trict Fund	I-57 East TIF District Fund		
Revenues:	•						
Taxes	\$	-	\$	299,478	\$	36,115	
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-		-	
Investment income		9,518		352		4	
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues		70,739		286,118			
Total revenues		80,257		585,948		36,119	
Expenditures:							
Current							
Public works		-		-		-	
Culture and recreation		-		-		-	
Economic development		1,509		190,984		7,674	
Capital outlay		-		365,289		-	
Debt service							
Principal		-		-		-	
Interest and fiscal charges							
Total expenditures		1,509		556,273		7,674	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		78,748		29,675		28,445	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfer in		-		-		-	
Transfer out							
Total other financing sources (uses)							
Net change in fund balances		78,748		29,675		28,445	
Fund balance - beginning		1,008,637		367,775		98,095	
Fund balance - ending	\$	1,087,385	\$	397,450	\$	126,540	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

	Rt	South : 45 TIF trict Fund	Rt 4.	South 5 Business trict Fund	Broadway East TIF District Fund		
Revenues: Taxes	¢.	28,013	¢	45,170	¢	35,682	
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	20,013	\$	45,170	\$	33,062	
Investment income		3		24		4	
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues		<u>-</u>					
Total revenues		28,016		45,194		35,686	
Expenditures:							
Current Public works							
Culture and recreation		-		_		-	
Economic development		11,657		_		11,580	
Capital outlay		-		-		-	
Debt service							
Principal		26,075		-		-	
Interest and fiscal charges	•	34,542					
Total expenditures		72,274				11,580	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(44,258)		45,194		24,106	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfer in		45,000		- (45,000)		-	
Transfer out		<u>-</u> _		(45,000)			
Total other financing sources (uses)		45,000	-	(45,000)			
Net change in fund balances		742		194		24,106	
Fund balance - beginning		843		57,646		78,979	
Fund balance - ending	\$	1,585	\$	57,840	\$	103,085	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

		adway East Business	I-57 East Business					
		strict Fund		District Fund	Elimi	nations		Totals
Revenues:	+	206 740	+	2 122	¢.		4	1 004 244
Taxes Intergovernmental revenues	\$	286,740	\$	2,132	\$	-	\$	1,094,344 788,423
Investment income		213		_		_		10,441
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues								359,097
Total revenues		286,953		2,132				2,252,305
Expenditures:								
Current								
Public works		-		-		-		437,593
Culture and recreation Economic development		- 34,050		-		-		265,616 283,160
Capital outlay		3 4 ,030 -		_		_		641,957
Debt service								011,557
Principal		150,000		-		-		176,075
Interest and fiscal charges		271,474						306,016
Total expenditures		455,524						2,110,417
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(168,571)		2,132		-		141,888
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfer in		-		-		(45,000)		-
Transfer out						45,000		(44,500)
Total other financing sources (uses)								(44,500)
Net change in fund balances		(168,571)		2,132		-		97,388
Fund balance - beginning		529,055		7,439				3,555,577
Fund balance - ending	\$	360,484	\$	9,571	\$	_	\$	3,652,965

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND

	Budgeted	Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental revenues Investment income	\$ 747,000 300	\$ 747,000 300	\$ 762,717 323	\$ 15,717 23
Total revenues	747,300	747,300	763,040	15,740
Expenditures: Current				
Public works	772,000	772,000	437,593	334,407
Capital outlay	428,000	428,000	276,668	151,332
Total expenditures	1,200,000	1,200,000	714,261	485,739
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(452,700)	(452,700)	48,779	501,479
Other financing sources: Transfers in (out)				
Net change in fund balance	\$ (452,700)	\$ (452,700)	48,779	\$ 501,479
Fund balance - beginning			1,398,299	
Fund balance - ending			\$ 1,447,078	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND HOTEL AND MOTEL TAX FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Budgeted			Final Budget- Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues: Taxes Contributions and miscellaneous revenues	\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000	\$ 361,014 2,240	\$ 61,014 2,240		
Total revenues	300,000	300,000	363,254	63,254		
Expenditures: Current Culture and recreation	255,533	255,533	265,616	(10,083)		
Capital outlay						
Total expenditures	255,533	255,533	265,616	(10,083)		
Excess of revenues over expenditures	44,467	44,467	97,638	53,171		
Other financing (uses): Transfers out	(44,500)	(44,500)	(44,500)			
Net change in fund balance	\$ (33)	\$ (33)	53,138	\$ 53,171		
Fund balance - beginning			8,772			
Fund balance - ending			\$ 61,910			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND HOME REHABILITATION GRANT FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amo			unts Final		Actual		Final Budget- Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,706	\$	25,706	
Expenditures: Current Economic development				<u>-</u>		25,706		(25,706)	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$		\$			-	\$		
Fund balance - beginning						37			
Fund balance - ending					\$	37			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND REVOLVING LOAN FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts						F	Final Budget- Positive	
D.	Original		<u>Final</u>		Actual		(Negative)		
Revenues: Investment income Contributions and miscellaneous revenue	\$	450 83,344	\$	450 83,344	\$	9,518 70,739	\$	9,068 (12,605)	
Total revenues		83,794		83,794		80,257		(3,537)	
Expenditures: Current Economic development		83,794		83,794		1,509		82,285	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$		\$			78,748	\$	78,748	
Fund balance - beginning					1	,008,637			
Fund balance - ending					\$ 1	.,087,385			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND MIDTOWN TIF DISTRICT FUND

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget- Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000	\$ 299,478	\$ (522)	
Investment income	200	200	352	152	
Contributions and miscellaneous revenue			286,118	286,118	
Total revenues	300,200	300,200	585,948	285,748	
Expenditures: Current					
Economic development	270,731	270,731	190,984	79,747	
Capital outlay	75,000	75,000	365,289	(290,289)	
Total expenditures	345,731	345,731	556,273	(210,542)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	. (45 524)	. (45 524)	20.675	. 75 206	
over expenditures	\$ (45,531)	\$ (45,531)	29,675	\$ 75,206	
Fund balance - beginning			367,775		
Fund balance - ending			\$ 397,450		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND I-57 EAST TIF DISTRICT FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts							l Budget- ositive
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues: Taxes Investment income	\$	35,345 -	\$	35,345 -	\$	36,115 4	\$	770 4
Total revenue		35,345		35,345		36,119		774
Expenditures: Current Economic development		7,569		7,569		7,674		(105)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$	27,776	\$	27,776		28,445	\$	669
Fund balance - beginning						98,095		
Fund balance - ending					\$	126,540		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SOUTH RT 45 TIF DISTRICT FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	 Budgeted Amounts					Final Budget- Positive	
5)riginal		Final		Actual	(Ne	gative)
Revenues:	27 247		27 247	_	20.012	_	606
Taxes	\$ 27,317	\$	27,317	\$	28,013	\$	696
Investment income	 				3		3
Total revenues	 27,317		27,317		28,016		699
Expenditures:							
Current							(4.40)
Economic development	11,517		11,517		11,657		(140)
Debt service	26.002		26,002		26.075		7
Principal	26,082		26,082		26,075		7
Interest and fiscal charges	 34,535		34,535		34,542		(7)
Total expenditures	 72,134		72,134		72,274		(140)
(Deficiency) of revenues							
under expenditures	 (44,817)		(44,817)		(44,258)		559
Other financing sources:							
Transfers in	 45,000		45,000		45,000		
Net change in fund balance	\$ 183	\$	183		742	\$	559
Fund balance - beginning					843		
Fund balance - ending				\$	1,585		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SOUTH RT 45 BUSINESS DISTRICT FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

		Budgeted ginal	Amou	ints Final	Actual	P	l Budget- ositive egative)
Revenues:		giriai		Tillal	 Actual		-gative)
Taxes Investment income	\$!	51,276 20	\$	51,276 20	\$ 45,170 24	\$	(6,106) 4
Total revenues	!	51,296		51,296	45,194		(6,102)
Other financing (uses): Transfers out	(45,000 <u>)</u>		(45,000)	 (45,000)		<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	\$	6,296	\$	6,296	194	\$	(6,102)
Fund balance - beginning					57,646		
Fund balance - ending					\$ 57,840		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BROADWAY EAST TIF DISTRICT FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Budgeted	Amou			P	l Budget- ositive
	 Original		Final	 Actual	(Ne	egative)
Revenues: Taxes Investment income	\$ 33,760	\$	33,760	\$ 35,682 4	\$	1,922 4
Total revenue	33,760		33,760	35,686		1,926
Expenditures: Current Economic development	11,100		11,100	11,580		(480)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$ 22,660	\$	22,660	24,106	\$	1,446
Fund balance - beginning				 78,979		
Fund balance - ending				\$ 103,085		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BROADWAY EAST BUSINESS DISTRICT FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Budgeted	Amounts		Final Budget- Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 247,972	\$ 247,972	\$ 286,740	\$ 38,768
Investment income	150	150	213	63
Total revenues	248,122	248,122	286,953	38,831
Expenditures:				
Current				
Economic development	30,000	30,000	34,050	(4,050)
Debt service				
Principal	150,000	150,000	150,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	182,663	182,663	271,474	(88,811)
Total expenditures	362,663	362,663	455,524	(92,861)
(Deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	\$ (114,541)	\$ (114,541)	(168,571)	\$ (54,030)
Fund balance - beginning			529,055	
Fund balance - ending			\$ 360,484	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND I-57 EAST BUSINESS DISTRICT FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			Budget- sitive
	0	riginal	ı	Final	 Actual	(Neg	gative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues	\$	2,800	\$	2,800	\$ 2,132	\$	(668)
Fund balance - beginning					7,439		
Fund balance - ending					\$ 9,571		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

April 30, 2015

	lealth ance Fund	Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund		Total
Assets:				
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other funds Due from component units Prepaid items Restricted assets:	\$ 111,518 7,060 73,391 1,509	\$	329,636 39,826 - - 128,766	\$ 441,154 46,886 73,391 1,509 128,766
Cash and cash equivalents	6,465			6,465
Total current assets	 199,943		498,228	698,171
Liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Due to component units Payable from restricted assets Other payables	193,540 - - - 6,403		8,268 45,397 669	201,808 45,397 669 6,403
Total current liabilities	199,943		54,334	254,277
Net Position: Unrestricted	\$ 	\$	443,894	\$ 443,894

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Health	Insurance and Tort	
	Insurance Fund	Judgment Fund	Total
Operating revenues:			
Fund charges and employee contributions	\$ 4,174,972	\$ 699,702	\$ 4,874,674
Miscellaneous operating revenue		141,380	141,380
Total operating revenue	4,174,972	841,082	5,016,054
Operating expenses:	404 760	40= 000	207.454
Administrative and general	191,769	105,382	297,151
Insurance	320,264	735,700	1,055,964
Health claims and uninsured judgments	3,662,943		3,662,943
Total operating expenses	4,174,976	841,082	5,016,058
Onesiation	(4)		(4)
Operating loss	(4)	-	(4)
Non-operating revenues:			
Investment income	4	_	4
investment income			т
Change in net position	_	_	_
Change in net position			
Net position - beginning	-	443,894	443,894
. 3		,	<u>, </u>
Net position - ending	\$ -	\$ 443,894	\$ 443,894

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Inc	Health Surance Fund	ā	nsurance and Tort	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from interfund services provided Receipts from component units Receipts from employees and retirees Payments to suppliers Payments to claimants Other receipts (payments)	\$	3,158,132 64,018 851,498 (511,998) (3,586,438)	<u> </u>	670,385 8,997 - (881,120) - 103,834	\$ 3,828,517 73,015 851,498 (1,393,118) (3,586,438) 103,798
Net cash (used) by operating activities		(24,824)		(97,904)	(122,728)
Cash flows from investing activities: Investment income		4			4
Net cash provided by investing activities		4			 4
Net decrease in cash		(24,820)		(97,904)	(122,724)
Cash, restricted and unrestricted - beginning		142,803		427,540	 570,343
Cash, restricted and unrestricted - ending	\$	117,983	\$	329,636	\$ 447,619
Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash (used) by operating activities: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities (Increase) in receivables (Increase) in due from other funds (Increase) in prepaid items (Increase) in due from component units Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (Decrease) in due to other funds (Decrease) in due to component units Increase in other payables	\$	(4) (7,060) (73,391) - (1,509) 76,428 (19,015) (350) 77	\$	(37,546) - (4,800) - (35,239) (19,882) (437)	\$ (4) (44,606) (73,391) (4,800) (1,509) 41,189 (38,897) (787) 77
Net cash (used) by operating activities	\$	(24,824)	\$	(97,904)	\$ (122,728)

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL COMPONENT UNIT (MATTOON PUBLIC LIBRARY)

April 30, 2015

Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments, at fair value Due from primary government	\$	94,681 5,995 669
Restricted assets Investments, at fair value		31,620
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	132,965
Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll liabilities Due to primary government Advances from primary government	\$	2,382 2,549 33,792 70,946
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Unassigned		31,620 (8,324)
Total fund balances		23,296
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	132,965

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL COMPONENT UNIT (MATTOON PUBLIC LIBRARY)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

Revenues:	
Payments from primary government	\$ 474,977
Intergovernmental revenues	23,194
Charges for services	370
Fines and forfeitures	20,328
Investment income	1,138
Operating contributions	53,519_
Total revenues	573,526
Expenditures:	
Current Culture and recreation	480,574
Debt service	100,37 1
Interest	2,274_
Total expenditures	482,848
Excess of revenues over expenditures	90,678
Fund balance (deficit) - beginning	(67,382)
Fund balance - ending	\$ 23,296

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY COMPONENT UNITS

April 30, 2015

	Mattoon Police			Firefighters	
	P6	ension Fund	Pension Fund		 Totals
Assets:					
Cash	\$	1,349,942	\$	485,127	\$ 1,835,069
Interest receivable		54,931		60,310	115,241
Prepaid expenses		4,608		-	4,608
Due from primary government		21,044		21,044	42,088
Total assets other than investments		1,430,525		566,481	1,997,006
Investments at fair value					
U.S. government obligations		3,945,900		4,839,801	8,785,701
Insurance contracts		11,470,278		10,077,426	21,547,704
Mutual funds		-		179,083	179,083
Stocks		304,053		562,817	866,870
Total investments		15,720,231		15,659,127	31,379,358
Total assets		17,150,756		16,225,608	33,376,364
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		4,896		_	4,896
Pensions payable		-		182,332	 182,332
Total liabilities		4,896		182,332	187,228
Net position:					
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$	17,145,860	\$	16,043,276	\$ 33,189,136

NOTE: A schedule of funding progress is presented on pages 83-84.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY COMPONENT UNITS

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Ma					
	Mattoon Police Pension Fund		Firefighters Pension Fund			Totals
Additions:						
Contributions: Employer	\$	1,422,547	\$	1,356,510	\$	2,779,057
Plan members	<u> </u>	227,982	<u> </u>	202,721	<u> </u>	430,703
Total contributions		1,650,529		1,559,231		3,209,760
Investment income:						
Interest income		184,839		228,632		413,471
Dividend income		7,506		17,872		25,378
Net increase in fair value of investments		764,191		376,726		1,140,917
Net investment income		956,536	-	623,230		1,579,766
Total additions		2,607,065		2,182,461		4,789,526
Deductions:						
Benefits and refunds of contributions		1,925,291		2,158,444		4,083,735
Administrative expenses		56,136		16,823		72,959
Total deductions		1,981,427		2,175,267		4,156,694
Change in net position		625,638		7,194		632,832
Net position held in trust - beginning		16,520,222		16,036,082		32,556,304
Net position held in trust - ending	\$	17,145,860	\$	16,043,276	\$	33,189,136

ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION SECTION

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN (UNAUDITED)

April 30, 2015

Assessed valuation, 2014 levy		\$	190,432,435
Statutory debt limitation: (8.625% of assessed valuation)		\$	16,424,798
Total debt:			
General obligation bonds Capital leases Notes payable	\$ (17,760,000) (370,604) (2,070,657)		
Total debt			(20,201,261)
Less debt exempt from statutory debt limitation computation:			
General obligation bonds Notes payable - IEPA loans	17,760,000 100,624	_	
Total debt exempt from statutory debt limitation			17,860,624
Legal debt margin		\$	14,084,161

COMPLIANCE SECTION

DOEHRING, WINDERS & CO. LLP

Certified Public Accountants
1601 LAFAYETTE AVENUE
MATTOON, ILLINOIS 61938

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Mattoon, Illinois

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mattoon, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Mattoon's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 16, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Mattoon's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Mattoon's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Mattoon's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses to be material weaknesses (2015-01, 2015-02, 2015-03).

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompany Schedule of Findings and Responses to be a significant deficiency (2015-04).

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (Continued)

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Mattoon's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Mattoon's Responses to Findings

The City of Mattoon's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The City of Mattoon's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Mattoon's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Mattoon's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dochrung, Winders & Co. LLP

Mattoon, Illinois November 16, 2015

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

FINDING NO. 2015-01 - Controls Over Financial Statement Preparation (Repeat of 14-01)

Criteria/specific requirement

A system of internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) is necessary to prepare GAAP based financial statements including all disclosures.

Condition:

As is common with organizations its size, the City does not currently prepare its own financial statements, complete with notes, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Statements on Auditing Standards do not provide exceptions to financial reporting deficiencies that are adequately mitigated with nonaudit services rendered by the auditor or deficiencies for which the remedy would be cost prohibitive.

During the audit and preparation of the City of Mattoon's financial statements, we noted the City of Mattoon's accounting records required material year-end adjusting journal entries to conform to generally accepted accounting principles. In addition, significant year-end adjusting journal entries were required to convert the City of Mattoon's individual fund financial statements to government-wide financial statements. Proposed adjusting entries were approved and accepted by the City of Mattoon's management.

Effect:

The City of Mattoon management or its employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, may not prevent or detect financial statement misstatements and disclosure omissions in a timely manner.

Cause:

The City has limited resources to prepare GAAP based financial statements including all disclosures.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the City continually monitor the cost/benefit analysis of preparing its own financial statements, complete with notes, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Management's Response:

The City meets all audit reporting requirements including those under GASB and will continue to do so in the future. Currently, the City Treasurer and other personnel review the annual financial statements. As additional resources become available, the City will review the cost/benefit involved with preparing the financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

FINDING NO. 2015-02 - Inadequate Controls over Capital Assets (Repeat of 14-02, 13-04, 12-05, and 11-04)

Criteria/specific requirement

Internal controls should be in place to provide reasonable assurance that capital assets are properly recorded.

Condition:

Capital outlay is not always effectively recorded during the year. For budgeting purposes, capital outlay transactions are recorded to various functional expenditure accounts. Some reclassification is necessary to accurately classify capital outlay expenditures. When assets are disposed, original cost information is not always readily identifiable.

Effect:

The financial statements could be misstated due to incorrect classification of capital outlay expenditures. Assets sold, traded in, or otherwise disposed could cause the government-wide capital outlay balances and related depreciation to be overstated.

Cause:

There are no internal procedures in place to maintain a listing of capital assets, updated periodically for capital outlay additions and dispositions.

Recommendation:

The City should implement a system to ensure that capital asset information is maintained to identify asset description, date purchased, cost, and other information necessary to properly account for these assets. The accounts used to record capital outlay should be limited to the minimum number required to properly accumulate costs for projects. Non-capital items should be excluded from these accounts. A list of disposals, including sales and abandonments, should also be maintained.

Management's Response:

A Mobile Equipment Fund has been established as a funding mechanism for future capital purchases and is used for budgeting and to record capital purchases. A central data base of all capital assets will be developed when resources become available.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

FINDING NO. 2015-03 - Ambulance Billing Cycle (Repeat of 14-03)

Criteria/specific requirement

Internal controls should be in place that provide reasonable assurance that ambulance invoices are properly prepared and that revenues and billed receivables are properly authorized, recorded, and received.

Condition:

The ambulance billing software is separate from the general ledger accounting software. The ambulance unit prepares its own billings, monitors ambulance receivables, and receives ambulance payments. There is no clear evidence of review of ambulance billings, which could result in erroneous billings. The finance department is not provided with and does not retain a copy of an ambulance accounts receivable aging schedule. A lack of segregation of duties exists as ambulance payments are received by the same employee that bills and records transactions. Checks are forwarded to the finance department to make the deposit and to record cash collection activity in the general ledger. The finance department converts ambulance revenue to the accrual basis at year end by adjusting for beginning and ending accounts receivable.

We also noted during our ambulance billing testing that the City does not charge its employees or retired employees participating in the City's health insurance plan for ambulance services, even though there is no board resolution or other formal documentation in place to reflect this practice.

Effect

The financial statements could be misstated due to receivables that were not reported to the finance department since a proper reconciliation of the billing program and general ledger ambulance revenue was not performed. In addition, the lack of segregation of duties could lead to the misappropriation of assets.

Cause:

There are limited procedures in place for the review and approval of ambulance invoices by the finance department. In addition, one employee in the ambulance unit is responsible for preparing ambulance invoices, receiving payments and posting payments to customer accounts, which results in inadequate segregation of duties.

Recommendation:

The City should develop a more effective function to effectively connect the billing and accounting programs enabling more accurate recording of ambulance revenues and receivables. Employee duties should be segregated sufficiently so that custody of assets and recordkeeping is separated. Controls should be in place to indicate that review of transactions is evident. Coordination of personnel between the ambulance unit and the finance department could alleviate the segregation of duties issue noted above.

Further, appropriate authorized guidelines should exist for determination of when City services are not to be charged to City employees and retirees.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

FINDING NO. 2015-03 - Ambulance Billing Cycle (Continued)

Management's Response:

The Assistant Fire Chief will begin documenting his review of the ambulance billings. Duties will be reassigned so that the billing clerk does not receive ambulance payments. In addition, the Finance Department will receive and reconcile the Accounts Receivable aging from the billing program to the General Ledger on a monthly basis. The City will consider formalizing guidance for billing ambulance use by City employees and retirees.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

FINDING NO. 2015-04 - Segregation of Duties over Cash (Repeat of 14-05)

Criteria/specific requirement

The City of Mattoon should have adequate segregation of duties with respect to record-keeping and custody over cash.

Condition:

During our testing, we noted that an employee within the City's finance department has job duties that result in inadequate segregation of duties. The employee's job duties consist of recording transactions in the accounting software and also making deposits at the bank. We also noted other finance department employees who had access to funds and had the ability to post transactions to the billings program.

Effect:

Not having an adequate segregation of duties increases the risk of errors or irregularities occurring and not being detected and corrected in a timely manner. It can also lead to misappropriation of funds, whether intentional or unintentional.

Cause:

Job duties are not appropriately segregated with controls implemented to reduce the risk or errors or irregularities occurring and not being timely detected.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the City segregate employee duties sufficiently to separate the custody of assets and recording of transactions. Further, controls should be established to ensure that errors or irregularities could be detected or corrected in a timely manner.

Management's Response:

All transactions will be reviewed by the Finance Director on a monthly basis. In addition, all adjustments made to Water and Sewer billings will be subject to review.