FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
WITH ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION
AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2016

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

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For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

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Certified Public Accountants
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MATTOON, ILLINOIS 61938

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Mattoon, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mattoon, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Mattoon, Illinois' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mattoon, as of April 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Notes 1 and 29, during the year ended April 30, 2016, the City adopted GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, which established standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and expenses; modified certain disclosures in the notes to financial statements; and the required supplementary information. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 5-16, pension plans' Schedules of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios on pages 83, 85, and 86, pension plans' Schedule of Employer Contributions on pages 84 and 87, post-employment healthcare benefit program's Schedule of Funding Progress on page 88, and budgetary comparison information on page 89, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Mattoon's basic financial statements. The major fund schedule, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and the combining and individual component unit statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The major fund schedule, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and the combining and individual component unit statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the major fund schedule, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and the combining and individual component unit statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The computation of legal debt margin has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express or provide any assurance on it.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 11, 2016, on our consideration of the City of Mattoon's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Mattoon's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dochrung, Wonders & Co. LLP

Mattoon, Illinois November 11, 2016 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

CITY OF MATTOON, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the City of Mattoon is intended to provide an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2016. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information as furnished in the financial statements, which begin on page 18.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City of Mattoon, including pension component units and the Mattoon Public Library component unit, has total assets and deferred outflows of resources of \$109,225,690 and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of \$110,107,282, resulting in a net position of (\$881,592) as of April 30, 2016. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources increased from April 30, 2015 by \$18,011,467, total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources increased from April 30, 2015 by \$22,035,068, and the net position decreased from April 30, 2015 by \$4,023,601. The decrease in net position is due to the implementation of GASB 68 to record net pension liabilities. The changes in total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position, as presented above, reflect the restated balances at April 30, 2015. Of the net position as of April 30, 2016, \$61,397,469 represents the City's investment in capital assets, net of related debt, \$4,638,444 is held for restricted purposes, and (\$66,917,505) is unrestricted and available to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.
- The City's unrestricted cash position in the governmental activities increased by approximately \$.4 million, from \$10.7 million to \$11.1 million. The City's unrestricted cash position in the business-type activities increased by approximately \$1.7 million, from \$2.5 million to \$4.2 million.
- The following table shows the changes in major revenue sources from fiscal year 2015 to 2016.

City of Mattoon, Illinois Changes in Major Revenue Sources April 30, 2016

Source	2016	2015	Change
Intergovernmental Shared Revenues	\$ 9,756,029	\$ 9,791,099	\$ (35,070)
Property Tax Revenues	4,473,710	4,408,874	64,836
Telecommunications taxes	797,325	834,879	(37,554)
Utility Tax Revenues	1,228,584	1,303,783	(75,199)
Water Fund Charges for Services	3,747,147	3,730,251	16,896
Sewer Fund Charges for Services	4,632,688	4,460,468	172,220
Charges for Services	1,658,895	1,576,710	82,185
Table Totals	\$ 26,294,378	\$ 26,106,064	\$ 188,314

With the exception of Sewer Charges and Charges for Services, revenues are relatively stagnant. The increase in Charges for Services is partly due to increased revenue from ambulance services and increased boat registration fees. Property taxes have slightly increased but are generally restricted due to the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law (PTELL).

- The City has long term capital improvement plans for all funds. In addition, a Mobile Equipment Fund functions as the funding mechanism for the replacement of the City's aging vehicle fleet. Lastly, the City has continued to upgrade the technology used in operations and for the improvement of utility services.
- Illinois statute restricts municipality general obligation debt to less than 8.625% of equalized property value. As most of the City's debt will be retired from revenue sources other than property taxes, the City is well below the statutory limit.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This section serves as an introduction to the City of Mattoon's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements for the City of Mattoon are comprised of three components:

- government-wide statements,
- fund financial statements, and
- notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The two government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to private-sector business entities. The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the City of Mattoon's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in the net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 18 through 20 of this report.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish those functions of the municipality that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, known as governmental activities, from other functions that are intended to recover all, or a significant portion, of their costs through user fees and services charges, called business-type activities. The governmental activities of the City of Mattoon include general government, public safety, public works, health and welfare, culture and recreation, economic development, capital outlay, and other

miscellaneous activities. The business-type activities of the City include the water and sewer utility services.

In addition to these various direct operations of the City, or primary government, the financial statements also include financial information related to legally distinct entities for which the City has financial responsibility and accountability, known as component units. The City of Mattoon's component units include the Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund, Mattoon Police Pension Fund, Mattoon Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Account, and the Mattoon Public Library. These entities are described in Note 1 following the financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Mattoon, like other governmental entities, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with various finance-related legal requirements. Some funds are required by law, while others are established internally to maintain control over a particular activity. All of the funds of the City of Mattoon can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near term inflows and outflows of current spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources that can be converted to cash, and balances available at the end of the fiscal year for future spending. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Governmental funds include the general, special revenue, and capital projects funds. On the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds, the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund are shown as separate columns and data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single column for aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. Reconciliations follow the *Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds* and *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures*, and *Changes in Fund Balances-Governmental Funds*. The reconciliations show the adjustments that are needed to convert the governmental funds financial statements to the government-wide *Statement of Net Position* and *Statement of Activities*.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds maintained by the City of Mattoon are of two different types: enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report those functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for activities that provide supplies and services to the general public. Proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The City's fund financial statements present separate enterprise fund information for the water and sewer utilities. The proprietary fund financial statements begin on page 25 of this report.

Internal service funds are used to account for enterprise-like operations that provide services, on a user fee basis, primarily or exclusively to departmental customers within the governmental entity itself, rather than to external customers. The City of Mattoon uses internal service funds to account for its employee and retiree health and life insurance and to account for the City's general liability, casualty, and workers compensation insurance. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The City does not have any fiduciary funds, but it does include the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and the Mattoon Firefighters' Pension Fund, both of which are fiduciary type discretely presented component units. Financial statements showing these component units combined in a single column begin on page 30. Individual financial information for the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and Mattoon Firefighters' Pension Fund can be found in the *Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules* on pages 118 through 119 of this report. Also, see Note 23 to the financial statements regarding the implementation of GASB 68 during fiscal year 2016.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional detail that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found beginning on page 42 of this report.

Additional Supplementary Information

Following the basic government-wide and fund financial statements and accompanying notes, combining statements are included for the non-major governmental funds and fiduciary component units.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The *Statement of Net Position* for the City of Mattoon is summarized in the following table. As noted earlier, the net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by approximately \$2.6 million as of April 30, 2016. The recording of unfunded pension liabilities under GASB 68 has caused liabilities and deferred inflows of resources to exceed assets and deferred outflows of resources for the first time. The public safety pension funds continue to impose an undue burden on City resources.

Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015		
\$20,220,423	\$19,585,669	\$6,056,115	\$4,637,492	\$26,276,538	\$24,223,161		
17,040,792	17,552	1,103,242	39,347	18.144,034	56,899		
26,928,206	26,692,214	36,027,517	36,671,513	62,955,723	63,363,727		
\$64 189 421	\$46 295 435	\$43 186 874	\$41 348 352	\$107 376 295	\$87,643,787		
ψο 1,100,121	Ψ 10,233,133	ψ13,100,071	ψ11,310,332	Ψ107,570,255	Ψ07,013,707		
\$1,261,734	\$1,013,275	\$736,241	\$657,161	\$1,997,975	\$1,670,436		
4,732,138	4,619,314	-	-	4,732,138	4,619,314		
91,435,041	19,418,208	11,841,295	11,600,815	103,276,336	31,019,023		
\$97,428,913	\$25,050,797	\$12,577,536	\$12,257,976	\$110,006,449	\$37,308,773		
\$23,972,978	\$23,271,370	\$35,736,930	\$27,700,727	\$59,709,908	\$50,972,097		
		-	-	, ,	4,249,042		
(61,812,914)	(6,2/5,7/4)	(5,127,592)	1,389,649	(66,940,506)	(4,886,125)		
(\$33,239,492)	\$21,244,638	\$30,609,338	\$29,090,376	(\$2,630,154)	\$50,335,014		
(34.1%)	85%	243.4%	237%	(2.4%)	135%		
(63.4%)	(25.1%)	(40.8%)	11.3%	(60.9%)	(13.1%)		
	\$20,220,423 17,040,792 26,928,206 \$64,189,421 \$1,261,734 4,732,138 91,435,041 \$97,428,913 \$23,972,978 4,600,444 (61,812,914) (\$33,239,492)	\$20,220,423 \$19,585,669 17,040,792 17,552 26,928,206 26,692,214 \$64,189,421 \$46,295,435 \$1,261,734 \$1,013,275 4,732,138 4,619,314 91,435,041 19,418,208 \$97,428,913 \$25,050,797 \$23,972,978 \$23,271,370 4,600,444 4,249,042 (61,812,914) (6,275,774) (\$33,239,492) \$21,244,638	2016 2015 2016 \$20,220,423 \$19,585,669 \$6,056,115 17,040,792 17,552 1,103,242 26,928,206 26,692,214 36,027,517 \$64,189,421 \$46,295,435 \$43,186,874 \$1,261,734 \$1,013,275 \$736,241 4,732,138 4,619,314 - 91,435,041 19,418,208 11,841,295 \$97,428,913 \$25,050,797 \$12,577,536 \$23,972,978 \$23,271,370 \$35,736,930 4,600,444 4,249,042 - (61,812,914) (6,275,774) (5,127,592) (\$33,239,492) \$21,244,638 \$30,609,338 (34.1%) 85% 243.4%	2016 2015 2016 2015 \$20,220,423 \$19,585,669 \$6,056,115 \$4,637,492 17,040,792 17,552 1,103,242 39,347 26,928,206 26,692,214 36,027,517 36,671,513 \$64,189,421 \$46,295,435 \$43,186,874 \$41,348,352 \$1,261,734 \$1,013,275 \$736,241 \$657,161 4,732,138 4,619,314 - - 91,435,041 19,418,208 11,841,295 11,600,815 \$97,428,913 \$25,050,797 \$12,577,536 \$12,257,976 \$23,972,978 \$23,271,370 \$35,736,930 \$27,700,727 4,600,444 4,249,042 - - (61,812,914) (6,275,774) (5,127,592) 1,389,649 (\$33,239,492) \$21,244,638 \$30,609,338 \$29,090,376	2016 2015 2016 2015 2016 \$20,220,423 \$19,585,669 \$6,056,115 \$4,637,492 \$26,276,538 17,040,792 17,552 1,103,242 39,347 18.144,034 26,928,206 26,692,214 36,027,517 36,671,513 62,955,723 \$64,189,421 \$46,295,435 \$43,186,874 \$41,348,352 \$107,376,295 \$1,261,734 \$1,013,275 \$736,241 \$657,161 \$1,997,975 4,732,138 4,619,314 - - 4,732,138 91,435,041 19,418,208 11,841,295 11,600,815 103,276,336 \$97,428,913 \$25,050,797 \$12,577,536 \$12,257,976 \$110,006,449 \$23,972,978 \$23,271,370 \$35,736,930 \$27,700,727 \$59,709,908 4,600,444 4,249,042 - - 4,600,444 (61,812,914) (6,275,774) (5,127,592) 1,389,649 (66,940,506) (\$33,239,492) \$21,244,638 \$30,609,338 \$29,090,376 (\$2,630,154)		

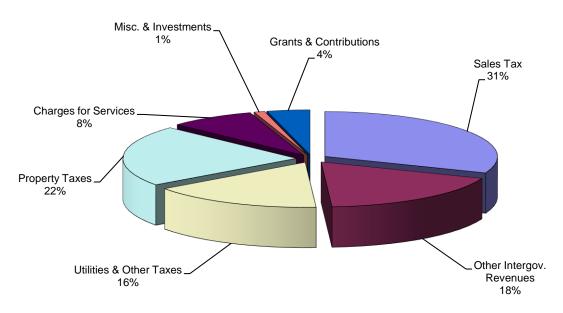
As of April 30, 2016, the Governmental Activities have a negative Unrestricted Net Position of \$61,812,914. The Business-Type Activities have a negative unrestricted net position of \$5,127,592. The extent of the negative net positions is largely due to unfunded net pension liabilities for City workers.

An examination of the *Statement of Activities* provides a concise picture of how the various activities of the City are funded. The following table summarizes the City's governmental and business-type activities.

	Government	Governmental Activities		pe Activities	Total			
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015		
D								
Revenues Program Revenues								
Charges for Services	\$1,658,895	\$1,576,710	\$8,379,835	\$8,190,719	\$10,038,730	\$9,767,429		
Operating Grants & Contr.	427,430	733,552	0	0	427,430	733,552		
Capital Grants & Contr.	403,488	419,541	0	0	403,488	419,541		
General Revenues								
Property Taxes	4,473,710	4,408,874	0	0	4,473,710	4,408,874		
Sales Taxes	6,143,363	6,134,190	0	0	6,143,363	6,134,190		
Utility Taxes Telecommunication	1,228,584	1,303,783	0	0	1,228,584	1,303,783		
Taxes	797,325	834,879	0	0	797,325	834,879		
Other Taxes	1,195,655	1,206,083	0	0	1,195,655	1,206,083		
Other Intergovern. Rev.	3,612,666	3,656,909	0	0	3,612,666	3,656,909		
Investments Income	22,044	18,917	10,462	8,121	32,506	27,038		
Miscellaneous Income Gain (Loss) on Sale of	126,724	145,037	0	0	126,724	145,037		
Assets	(7,649)	72,298	17,159	15,500	9,510	87,798		
Total Revenue	20,082,235	20,510,773	8,407,456	8,214,340	28,489,691	28,725,113		
Expenses								
Program Expenses								
General Government	2,344,112	2,526,794	0	0	2,344,112	2,526,794		
Public Safety	16,501,250	11,998,339	0	0	16,501,250	11,998,339		
Public Works	3,399,078	2,972,654	0	0	3,399,078	2,972,654		
Health and Welfare	266,886	213,429	0	0	266,886	213,429		
Culture and Recreation	1,979,461	1,820,620	0	0	1,979,461	1,820,620		
Economic Development Interest on Long-Term	330,702	333,160	0	0	330,702	333,160		
Debt	439,491	473,762	0	0	439,491	473,762		
Water	0	0	3,333,427	3,258,992	3,333,427	3,258,992		
Sewer	0	0	3,869,771	3,642,992	3,869,771	3,642,992		
Total Expenses	25,260,980	20,338,758	7,203,198	6,901,984	32,464,178	27,240,742		
Increase (decrease) in net posit	tion							
before transfers	(5.178,745)	172,015	1,204,258	1,312,356	(3,974,487)	1,484,371		
Transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Changes in Net Position	(5,178,745)	172,015	1,204,258	1,312,356	(3,974,487)	1,484,371		
Net Position - May 1 (Restated)	(28,060,747)	21,072,623	29,405,080	27,778,020	1,344,333	48,850,643		
Net Position - April 30	(\$33,239,492)	\$21,244,638	\$30,609,338	\$29,090,376	(\$2,630,154)	\$50,335,014		

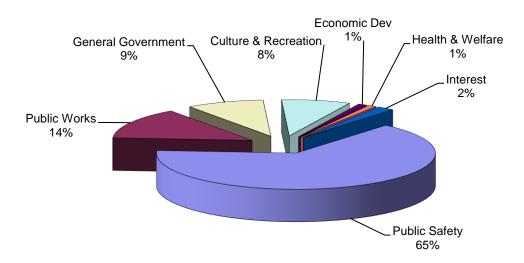
The following chart illustrates how governmental activities are funded. Sales taxes provided thirty-one percent (31%) of the governmental activities revenue. Other intergovernmental revenues (state shared taxes) provided eighteen percent (18%) of the governmental activities revenue. Property taxes provided twenty-two percent (22%) of the governmental activities revenue. Utility taxes and other taxes provided sixteen percent (16%) of the governmental activities revenue. Taxes, in one form or another, comprised eighty-seven percent (87%) of the governmental activities revenue. The remaining thirteen percent (13%) came from Charges for Services, eight percent (8%), Miscellaneous and Investment Revenue, one percent (1%), and Grants and Contributions, four percent (4%).

Governmental Activities Revenue



The following chart illustrates the expenses of the governmental activities. Public safety (fire and police protection) comprised sixty-five percent (65%) of the total expenses of the governmental activities. Public works comprised fourteen percent (14%) of the total expenses of the governmental activities. General government comprised nine percent (9%) of the total expenses of the governmental activities. The remaining twelve percent (12%) came from expenses for culture and recreation, eight percent (8%), economic development, one percent (1%), interest, two percent (2%), and health & welfare, one percent (1%).

Government Activities Expenses



Business-type activities, water and sewer utilities, depend on charges for services as their primary revenue sources. Primarily all revenues are generated from user charges.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S MAJOR FUNDS

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds financial statements is to provide information regarding near-term inflows, outflows, and spendable resources. Such information can be useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

As of April 30, 2016, the City of Mattoon's *Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds* reported combined ending fund balances of \$12,892,054, an increase of \$587,012 from April 30, 2015. Of the ending fund balances total, \$319,701 is considered nonspendable, \$3,451,908 is restricted, \$3,256,792 is committed, \$328,943 is assigned, and \$5,534,710 is unassigned.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund used to account for the governmental operations of the City of Mattoon. The largest revenue sources for the General Fund are taxes and intergovernmental revenues which account for eighty-nine percent (89%) of revenues. Approximately sixty-five percent (65%) of the General Fund expenditures of \$16.6 million are allocated to the public safety sector. Another eleven percent (11%) of the General Fund costs are derived from the general governmental expenditures. Approximately ten percent (10%) of the General Fund's costs are derived from the public works operations.

The General Fund has a fund balance of \$6,051,069, an increase of \$954,686 over the balance as of April 30, 2015. The increase is primarily due to conservative budgeting and spending. The Capital Projects Fund has a fund balance of \$3,202,590, a decrease of \$353,104 from the balance as of April 30, 2015. The General Fund's unassigned fund balance is available to be applied in a future year's budget, to one-time capital projects, or to reduce outstanding debt. The Capital Project Funds may be used to fund the City's various infrastructure projects. The majority of the balance is due to a previous bond issuance for capital projects that have yet to be constructed. Those projects to be constructed include a new Public Works building which has been budgeted for completion during the fiscal year ending April 30, 2017.

With regard to the Other Governmental Funds, the Motor Fuel Tax Fund had a total fund balance of \$1,252,072, the Revolving Loan Fund had a total fund balance of \$1,092,070, the Midtown TIF district fund had a fund balance of \$448,158, and the Broadway East Business district had a fund balance of \$364,359. The Motor Fuel Tax Fund balance primarily reflects the amounts designated to pay for maintenance of existing streets, resurfacing and construction of new streets. The Revolving Loan Fund balance is primarily monies to be pledged for expenditure on loans to assist in the economic development of Mattoon. The Midtown TIF district fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for implementation of the Mattoon Midtown Redevelopment Plan and Project. The Broadway East Business District's fund balance is generally available to pay for eligible redevelopment costs and expenses related to projects within the district. The remaining special revenue funds included in the Other Governmental Funds column in the balance sheet are the Hotel and Motel Tax Fund, Home Rehabilitation Grant Fund, I-57 East TIF District Fund, South Route 45 Business District Fund, I-57 East Business District Fund, Broadway East TIF District Fund, and the South Route 45 TIF District Fund. These remaining funds have a total fund balance as of April 30, 2016 of \$481,736. The total accumulated fund balances of all of the Other Governmental Funds decreased by \$14,570 during the year ended April 30, 2016.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in greater detail. The detail of the City's proprietary funds can be found from page 25 to page 29. The net position of the enterprise type proprietary funds at April 30, 2016 was \$30,609,338, an increase of \$1,518,962 from the previous year.

For the year ended April 30, 2016, operating revenues in the Water Fund totaled \$3,747,147 (an increase of \$16,896 from fiscal year 2015), operating expenses totaled \$3,268,196 (an increase of \$133,975 from fiscal year 2015) producing operating income of \$478,951 (a decrease of \$117,079 from fiscal year 2015). Non-operating revenues and expenses netted a decrease in net position of \$40,897, leaving a profit or increase to net position in the Water Fund of \$438,054. A series of water rate increases were implemented from May 1, 2010 through May 1, 2015. No further increases are anticipated.

For the year ended April 30, 2016, revenues in the Sewer Fund totaled \$4,632,688 (an increase of \$172,220 from fiscal year 2015), operating expenses totaled \$3,745,417 (an increase of \$314,875 from fiscal year 2015) producing operating income of \$887,271 (a decrease of \$142,655 from fiscal year 2015). Non-operating revenues and expenses netted a decrease in net position of \$121,067, leaving a profit or increase to net position in the Sewer fund of \$766,204. Similar to the Water Fund, the Sewer Fund had a series of rate increases with fiscal year 2016 being the final year. No future rate increases are anticipated at this time.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Required Supplementary Information section contains the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual for the General Fund on page 89. The final fiscal year 2016 General Fund budget authorized expenditures and other financing uses of \$17,949,816 funded by anticipated revenues and other financing sources of \$18,061,326 leaving the amount of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses of \$111,510. The actual amount of expenditures and other financing uses under revenues and other financing sources was \$954,686, a positive budget to actual variance of \$843,176.

The largest variance in General Fund revenues was from intergovernmental revenues. Intergovernmental revenues exceeded the budgeted amount by \$409,350 due to the acceleration of state income taxes paid by the state resulting in the receipt of thirteen months of revenue during the fiscal year and due to video gaming and use tax collections being greater than anticipated. General Fund expenditures had an overall variance of \$558,150. There was a positive variance in General Government of \$497,330 and a negative variance in Public Safety of \$168,889.

The Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual for the Capital Projects Fund and each of the Non-major Governmental Funds can be found in the Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules, beginning on page 93.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT

Capital Assets

In accordance with the implementation requirements of GASB No. 34, the City has recorded historical costs and depreciation expense associated with all of its capital assets. In accordance with the implementation requirements of GASB No. 34, the historical costs and depreciation expenses associated with all City infrastructure is reported in the financial statements for the period ending on April 30, 2016. As summarized in the table below, the City's reported investment in capital assets for governmental and business-type activities as of April 30, 2016 totaled \$158.6 million. Forty-six percent (46%) of this total cost was related to the business-type activities, with the City's sewer collection and treatment system and water distribution system comprising the most significant component. The governmental activities comprised approximately fifty-four percent (54%) of the total, with the most significant portion being the infrastructure (roads, bridges, and sidewalks) of the City.

Total accumulated depreciation was \$95.7 million, or sixty percent (60%) of the historical asset cost. Net of accumulated depreciation, the City's investment in capital assets is \$63 million.

City of Mattoon, Illinois Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation April 30, 2016

Classification	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Land	\$ 3,215,264	\$ 587,155	\$ 3,802,419
Buildings and Improvements	10,464,922	13,250,379	23,715,301
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	6,143,492	4,073,028	10,216,520
Improvements other than buildings	4,247,009	215,627	4,462,636
Infrastructure	60,947,866	-	60,947,866
Treat. collect. and distrib. systems	-	51,662,498	51,662,498
Construction in Progress	1,064,223	2,768,255	3,832,478
Subtotal	86,082,776	72,556,942	158,639,718
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(59,154,570)	(36,529,425)	(95,683,995)
Total	\$ 26,928,206	\$ 36,027,517	\$ 62,955,723

Long-Term Liabilities

On April 30, 2016, the City of Mattoon had \$103,276,336 of long-term liabilities outstanding (an increase of \$21,700,595 from April 30, 2015 restated balances), as summarized in the following table:

City of Mattoon, Illinois General Obligation Bonds, Notes Outstanding and Other Long-Term Liabilities April 30, 2016

Classification	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 8,620,562	\$ 6,910,986	\$ 15,531,548
Notes Payable	1,091,569	1,256,057	2,347,626
Capital Leases	325,312	-	325,312
Compensated Absences	1,032,642	231,986	1,264,628
Net Pension Liability	73,167,086	1,505,363	74,672,449
Post-Employment Healthcare	7,197,870	1,936,903	9,134,773
Total	\$ 91,435,041	\$ 11,841,295	\$103,276,336

Of the increase, \$22,792,621 is attributable to the implementation of GASB 68 which requires that the entire unfunded pension liabilities for all City workers be recorded.

The liability for General Obligation Bonds decreased \$2,545,974 due to principal payments on the bonds. The Notes Payable liability increased \$276,969 partly due to new borrowing for a Combined Sewer Overflow project.

The liability for Compensated Absences increased \$13,841 and the Post-Employment Healthcare Benefits liabilities increased \$1,208,430 during this fiscal year. The liability for capital leases decreased by \$45,292. Detailed information regarding specific debt can be found in notes 12, 13, 14, 15, and 16 beginning on page 56.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. The City of Mattoon provides the Financial Statements on our web page (www.mattoonillinois.org). If anyone has any questions about this report or needs additional financial information about the City of Mattoon, please contact the Finance Department at 208 North 19th Street, Mattoon, Illinois, 61938. Finance Department staff can also be reached at (217) 235-5483.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

April 30, 2016

		Component Unit		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Mattoon Public Library
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments, at fair value	\$ 11,131,542 -	\$ 4,260,354 -	\$ 15,391,896 -	\$ 74,514 7,420
Receivables	8,265,834	1,073,958	9,339,792	· -
Internal balances	42,330	(42,330)	-	-
Due from primary government	, -	-	-	215
Due from component units	16,965	_	16,965	
Prepaid items	164,771	6,250	171,021	_
Advances to component units	60,464	-	60,464	_
Restricted assets:	00,101		00,101	
Cash and cash equivalents	304,498	757,883	1,062,381	_
Certificates of deposit	8,880	-	8,880	_
Investments, at fair value	-	_	-	28,892
Noncurrent assets:				
Cemetery development	60,652	_	60,652	-
Long-term receivables	164,487	_	164,487	-
Capital assets, net of depreciation			,	
Land	3,215,264	587,155	3,802,419	-
Buildings and building improvements	7,091,425	7,617,696	14,709,121	1,706,698
Improvements other than buildings	3,635,388	54,345	3,689,733	-
Treatments, collection and	, ,	,	, ,	
distribution systems	_	23,904,978	23,904,978	-
Infrastructure	11,324,806	-	11,324,806	-
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	597,100	1,095,088	1,692,188	31,656
Construction in progress	1,064,223	2,768,255	3,832,478	-
Total assets	47,148,629	42,083,632	89,232,261	1,849,395
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Pension items - IMRF	1,030,542	1,085,561	2,116,103	-
Pension items - Police Pension Fund	11,527,704	-	11,527,704	-
Pension items - Firefighters' Pension Fund	4,469,781	-	4,469,781	-
Advance refunding on debt charges	12,765	17,681	30,446	
Total deferred outflows of resources	17,040,792	1,103,242	18,144,034	
Combined assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 64,189,421	\$ 43,186,874	\$ 107,376,295	\$ 1,849,395

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued)

April 30, 2016

		Component Unit		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Mattoon Public Library
Liabilities: Bank overdraft Accounts payable Payroll liabilities payable Accrued interest expense Due to primary government Due to component units Unearned revenue Other payables from restricted assets Advances from primary government Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year	\$ 13,047 608,048 327,441 183,003 - 56,261 69,740 4,194 - 1,002,877 90,432,164	\$ - 424,811 96,031 63,927 151,472 - 1,549,250 10,292,045	\$ 13,047 1,032,859 423,472 246,930 - 56,261 69,740 155,666 - 2,552,127 100,724,209	\$ - 1,448 3,122 2,021 16,965
Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes	92,696,775	12,577,536	105,274,311 4,732,138	100,833
Combined liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	97,428,913	12,577,536	110,006,449	100,833
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Public safety Highways and streets Culture and recreation Economic development Cemetery maintenance Capital assets Permanent endowment: Nonexpendable Unrestricted	23,972,978 63,197 1,277,424 68,598 1,884,751 306,577 999,897	35,736,930 - - - - - - (5,127,592)	59,709,908 63,197 1,277,424 68,598 1,884,751 306,577 999,897	1,687,561 - - 9,108 - - - - 28,892 23,001
Total net position	\$ (33,239,492)	\$ 30,609,338	\$ (2,630,154)	\$ 1,748,562

CITY OF MATTOON, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

		Program Revenues			Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Position									
		•					-				Co	omponent		
			С	perating		Capital			Prima	ry Government				Unit
		Charges for	Gı	rants and	Gı	rants and	G	overnmental	Βu	ısiness-Type			Mat	ttoon Public
Functions/Programs:	Expenses	Services	Coi	ntributions	Co	ntributions		Activities		Activities		Total		Library
Primary Government:														
Governmental Activities:														
General government	\$ 2,344,112	\$ 252,838	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(2,091,274)	\$	-	\$	(2,091,274)		
Public safety	16,501,250	949,927		86,384		31,537		(15,433,402)		-		(15,433,402)		
Public works	3,399,078	34,428		25,352		371,951		(2,967,347)		-		(2,967,347)		
Health and welfare	266,886	88,375		-		-		(178,511)		-		(178,511)		
Culture and recreation	1,979,461	333,327		315,694		-		(1,330,440)		-		(1,330,440)		
Economic development	330,702	-		-		-		(330,702)		-		(330,702)		
Interest on long-term debt	439,491			-		-		(439,491)				(439,491)		
Total governmental activities	25,260,980	1,658,895		427,430		403,488		(22,771,167)		-		(22,771,167)		
Business-type activities:				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						•				
Water	3,333,427	3,747,147		-		-		-		413,720		413,720		
Sewer	3,869,771	4,632,688		-		-		-		762,917		762,917		
Total business-type activities	7,203,198	8,379,835		-		-		-		1,176,637		1,176,637		
Total primary government	\$ 32,464,178	\$ 10,038,730	\$	427,430	\$	403,488		(22,771,167)		1,176,637		(21,594,530)		
Component Unit:														
Mattoon Public Library	\$ 573,015	\$ 23,128	\$	26,879	\$	-							\$	(523,008)
	General Revenues:					_								
	Property taxes	5						4,073,418		-		4,073,418		-
	TIF property t							400,292		-		400,292		-
	Telecommunic	cations taxes						797,325		-		797,325		-
	Utility taxes							1,228,584		-		1,228,584		-
	Business distr	ct taxes						324,958		-		324,958		-
	Other taxes							870,697		-		870,697		-
	Payments fror	n primary governr	ment					-		-		-		475,120
	Sales taxes							6,143,363		-		6,143,363		-
	Income and u	se taxes						2,309,105		-		2,309,105		-
		vernmental revenu	ıes					1,303,561		-		1,303,561		-
	Investment in	, ,						22,044		10,462		32,506		(1,226)
	Miscellaneous							126,724		-		126,724		-
	, ,	disposal of capita		•				(7,649)		17,159		9,510		
	Total gener	al revenues and to	ransfer	'S				17,592,422		27,621		17,620,043		473,894
	Chang	e in net position						(5,178,745)		1,204,258		(3,974,487)		(49,114)
	Net position - begi	nning, restated (se	ee Not	e 29)				(28,060,747)		29,405,080		1,344,333		1,797,676
	Net position - endi	ng					\$	(33,239,492)	\$	30,609,338	\$	(2,630,154)	\$	1,748,562

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

April 30, 2016

		General Fund		Capital Projects Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total Governmental Funds		
Assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,504,699	\$	3,083,477	\$	3,266,638	\$	10,854,814		
Receivables, net of allowance										
for uncollectibles		7,128,693		215,123		844,068		8,187,884		
Due from other funds		10,871		122,787		20		133,678		
Due from component units		13,557		-		-		13,557		
Prepaid items		12,098		-		22,000		34,098		
Long-term receivables		-		-		164,487		164,487		
Advances to component unit		60,464		-		_		60,464		
Cemetery development		60,652		-		-		60,652		
Restricted assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents		300,242		-		_		300,242		
Certificates of deposit		8,880		-		_		8,880		
Total assets	\$	12,100,156	\$	3,421,387	\$	4,297,213	\$	19,818,756		
Liabilities:					-					
Accounts payable	\$	283,082	\$	3,674	\$	131,343	\$	418,099		
Payroll liabilities payable		323,979		-		3,462		327,441		
Due to other funds		248,697		-		935		249,632		
Due to component units		56,046		-		-		56,046		
Unearned revenue		69,740		-		-		69,740		
Total liabilities		981,544		3,674		135,740		1,120,958		
Deferred inflows of resources		5,067,543		215,123		523,078		5,805,744		
Fund Balance:										
Nonspendable		122 214				186,487		210 701		
Restricted		133,214		-		•		319,701		
Committed		54,202		2 202 500		3,451,908		3,451,908		
				3,202,590		-		3,256,792		
Assigned		328,943		-		-		328,943		
Unassigned Total fund balance		5,534,710		2 202 500		2 620 205		5,534,710		
	-	6,051,069	-	3,202,590		3,638,395		12,892,054		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$	12,100,156	\$	3,421,387	\$	4,297,213	\$	19,818,756		

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

April 30, 2016

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 12,892,054
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different due to:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, not reported in the funds.	26,928,206
Receivables not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, not reported in the funds.	1,073,606
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	443,894
Advance refunding of debt charges are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	12,765
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes, net differences between projected and actual earnings for the pension trust funds and Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund are recognized as deferred outflows and inflows of resources on the statement of net position.	17,028,027
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and total pension liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	 (91,618,044)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (33,239,492)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

		General Capital G Fund Projects Fund		•		Other Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:	4	6 664 017	4		¢.	1 065 646	4	7 720 662
Taxes Licenses and permits	\$	6,664,017 216,461	\$	-	\$	1,065,646	\$	7,729,663 216,461
Intergovernmental revenues		9,722,559		156,829		476,035		10,355,423
Charges for services		1,275,426		130,029		470,033 -		1,275,426
Fines and forfeitures		147,986		_		_		147,986
Investment income		8,931		4,350		8,774		22,055
Contributions and miscellaneous		-,		.,		7,		,
revenues		282,541		52,029		148,904		483,474
Total revenues		18,317,921		213,208		1,699,359		20,230,488
Expenditures: Current:								
General government		1,899,108		5,265		-		1,904,373
Public safety		10,815,828		-		-		10,815,828
Public works		1,673,169		5,151		441,270		2,119,590
Health and welfare		199,461		-		-		199,461
Culture and recreation		1,431,521		-		266,857		1,698,378
Economic development		50,375		-		280,327		330,702
Capital outlay		206,778		920,953		416,099		1,543,830
Debt service:		217 551		260,000		107 510		765.061
Principal		317,551		260,000		187,510		765,061
Interest and fiscal charges		47,875		98,863		121,866		268,604
Total expenditures		16,641,666		1,290,232		1,713,929		19,645,827
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		1,676,255		(1,077,024)		(14,570)		584,661
Other financing sources (uses):				722.020				722.020
Transfers in		(722.020)		723,920		-		723,920
Transfers out Proceeds from sale of assets		(723,920)		-		-		(723,920)
		2,351		 _	-		-	2,351
Total other financing sources (uses)		(721,569)		723,920				2,351
Net change in fund balances		954,686		(353,104)		(14,570)		587,012
Fund balance - beginning		5,096,383		3,555,694		3,652,965		12,305,042
Fund balance - ending	\$	6,051,069	\$	3,202,590	\$	3,638,395	\$	12,892,054

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended April 30, 2016

Net change in fund balances	\$	587,012
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different due to:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement, of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.		245.002
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (e.g. sales and donations) is to decrease net position.		245,992 (10,000)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds and some amounts reported as revenues in the funds were reported as revenues on the		(10,000)
statement of activities in the prior year. This is the net effect of these differences in revenue recognition.		(140,604)
The Statement of Activities amortizes the advance refunding of debt charges. The effect is to decrease net position in the current year.		(4,787)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued; whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of		
these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		771,899
Certain expenses in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in government funds.	((6,628,257)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ ((5,178,745)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

April 30, 2016

	Business-Type	Governmental Activities		
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Totals	Internal Service Funds
Assets:				
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net of allowance Due from other funds Due from component units Prepaid items Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,115,496 466,380 1,426 - - 341,663	\$ 3,144,858 607,578 2,637 - 6,250 416,220	\$ 4,260,354 1,073,958 4,063 - 6,250 757,883	\$ 276,728 77,950 173,237 3,408 130,673
Total current assets	1,924,965	4,177,543	6,102,508	666,252
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Land Buildings and building improvements Improvements other than buildings Treatment, collection and distribution systems Equipment, furniture and vehicles Construction in progress Less: accumulated depreciation	378,724 12,140,524 204,624 12,966,870 2,092,378 88,625 (12,937,455)	208,431 1,109,855 11,003 38,695,628 1,980,650 2,679,630 (23,591,970)	587,155 13,250,379 215,627 51,662,498 4,073,028 2,768,255 (36,529,425)	- - - - - -
Total noncurrent assets	14,934,290	21,093,227	36,027,517	
Total assets	16,859,255	25,270,770	42,130,025	666,252
Deferred outflows of resources: Deferred items - IMRF Advance refunding on debt charges	510,827	574,734 17,681	1,085,561 17,681	<u>-</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	510,827	592,415	1,103,242	
Combined assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 17,370,082	\$ 25,863,185	\$ 43,233,267	\$ 666,252

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

April 30, 2016

	Business-Type	Governmental Activities		
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund Totals		Internal Service Funds
Liabilities:			10000	<u> </u>
Current liabilities:				
Bank overdraft	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,047
Accounts payable	25,542	399,269	424,811	189,949
Payroll liabilities payable	45,835	50,196	96,031	-
Accrued interest	17,699	46,228	63,927	-
Due to other funds	21,800	24,593	46,393	14,953
Due to component unit	- 25 122	-	46 207	215
Compensated absences payable - current General obligation bonds - current	25,123 470,000	21,274 880,000	46,397 1,350,000	-
Notes payable - current	66,558	86,295	1,350,000	_
Other payables from restricted assets	151,472	-	151,472	4,194
Total current liabilities	824,029	1,507,855	2,331,884	222,358
Noncurrent liabilities: Long-term debt payable: General obligation bonds payable, net of unamortized discounts and premiums Notes payable	1,504,753 283,317	4,056,233 819,887	5,560,986 1,103,204	<u>-</u>
Compensated absences payable	100,492	85,097	185,589	_
Net pension liability - IMRF	708,372	796,991	1,505,363	-
Post-employment healthcare benefits	, 00,0,1	, 5 3 , 5 5 =	_,555,555	
obligation	945,478	991,425	1,936,903	
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,542,412	6,749,633	10,292,045	
Total liabilities	4,366,441	8,257,488	12,623,929	222,358
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	14,872,168 (1,868,527)	20,864,762 (3,259,065)	35,736,930 (5,127,592)	- 443,894
Total net position	\$ 13,003,641	\$ 17,605,697	\$ 30,609,338	\$ 443,894

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						vernmental Activities	
	_\	Vater Fund	Sewer Fund		Totals		Inte	ernal Service Funds
Operating revenues: Charges for services Fund charges and employee	\$	3,747,147	\$	4,632,688	\$	8,379,835	\$	-
contributions Miscellaneous operating revenues		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		4,693,665 61,719
Total operating revenues		3,747,147		4,632,688		8,379,835		4,755,384
Operating expenses: Reservoirs and sources of supply Water treatment plant Water distribution Sewer collection system Sewer lift stations Wastewater treatment plant Accounting and collection Administrative and general Insurance Health claims and uninsured judgments		36,728 1,040,275 496,538 - - - 432,613 560,331		506,901 59,131 1,166,779 424,694 684,333		36,728 1,040,275 496,538 506,901 59,131 1,166,779 857,307 1,244,664		- - - - - 364,168 1,144,881 3,246,340
Depreciation		701,711		903,579		1,605,290		-
Total operating expenses		3,268,196		3,745,417		7,013,613		4,755,389
Operating income (loss)		478,951		887,271		1,366,222		(5)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment income Interest expense Gain on sale of capital assets		7,175 (65,231) 17,159		3,287 (124,354) -		10,462 (189,585) 17,159		5 - -
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(40,897)		(121,067)		(161,964)		5
Change in net position		438,054		766,204		1,204,258		-
Total net position - beginning, restated		12,565,587		16,839,493		29,405,080		443,894
Total net position - ending	\$	13,003,641	\$	17,605,697	\$	30,609,338	\$	443,894

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

		Governmental		
	Business-Type	erprise Funds	Activities	
	Water Fund	Cower Fund	Totals	Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	TOLAIS	runus
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 3,733,959	\$ 4,659,474	\$ 8,393,433	\$ -
Receipts from interfund services provided	-	φ 1,033,17 T	-	3,472,902
Receipts from component units	-	-	-	78,552
Receipts from employees and retirees	-	-	-	1,010,924
Payments to employees	(861,994)	(987,847)	(1,849,841)	-
Payments to suppliers	(960,760)	(701,011)	(1,661,771)	(1,498,484)
Payments to claimants	-	-	-	(3,272,725)
Payments for interfund services used	(327,490)	(422,067)	(749,557)	-
Other receipts				29,144
Not and was ided (used) by				
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	1 502 715	2 540 540	4 122 264	(170 607)
operating activities	1,583,715	2,548,549	4,132,264	(179,687)
Cash flows from capital and related financing				
activities:				42.047
Increase in bank overdraft	- (44.270)	(000 045)	-	13,047
Purchase of capital assets	(41,279)	(920,015)	(961,294)	-
Principal payments on debt	(1,124,964)	(388,298)	(1,513,262)	-
Interest and fiscal charges Proceeds from sale of assets	(70,029) 17,159	(143,240)	(213,269) 17,159	-
Proceeds from sale of assets	17,159		17,159	
Net cash provided (used) for capital and				
related financing activities	(1,219,113)	(1,451,553)	(2,670,666)	13,047
5				
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Investment income received (net of expense)	7,175	3,287	10,462	5
				_
Net cash provided by investing activities	7,175	3,287	10,462	5
Net increase (decrease) in cash	371,777	1,100,283	1,472,060	(166,635)
Cash, restricted and unrestricted - beginning	1,085,382	2,460,795	3,546,177	447,619
Cash, restricted and unrestricted - ending	\$ 1,457,159	\$ 3,561,078	\$ 5,018,237	\$ 280,984

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					Governmental Activities	
	Wat	ter Fund	Sewer Fund Totals		Totals	Internal Service Funds	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:							
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$	478,951	\$	887,271	\$ 1,366,222	\$	(5)
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in assets:		701,711		903,579	1,605,290		-
(Increase) decrease in receivables (Increase) decrease in due from other funds		(8,713) 3,348		26,787 5,521	18,074 8,869		(31,064) (99,846)
(Increase) in prepaid items (Increase) in due from component units Increase in deferred outflows of resources:		-		-	-		(1,907) (1,899)
(Increase) in deferred items - IMRF Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	((242,024)		(272,302)	(514,326)		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in payroll liabilities		(81,420)		178,183	96,763		(11,859)
payable Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		6,607 12,183		(3,601) 14,311	3,006 26,494		(30,444)
(Decrease) in due to component units Increase in compensated absences		-		-	-		(454)
payable Increase in other post-employment		2,219		3,981	6,200		-
benefits payable		127,671		143,644	271,315		-
Increase in net pension liability -IMRF (Decrease) in other payables		587,657 (4,475)		661,175	1,248,832 (4,475)		(2,209)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 1,	,583,715	\$ 2	2,548,549	\$ 4,132,264	\$	(179,687)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY COMPONENT UNITS

April 30, 2016

	Pension Component Units	
Assets: Cash Interest receivable Prepaid expenses Due from primary government	\$	3,606,206 77,664 6,343 56,046
Total assets other than investments		3,746,259
Investments, at fair value: Certificate of deposit U.S. government obligations Corporate and municipal bonds Insurance contracts Mutual funds Stocks		101,410 3,387,158 2,367,703 19,933,893 160,947 1,169,077
Total investments		27,120,188
Total assets		30,866,447
Liabilities: Accounts payable Pensions payable		3,762 188,573
Total liabilities		192,335
Net Position: Held in trust for pension benefits	\$	30,674,112

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY COMPONENT UNITS

For the year ended April 30, 2016

	Pension Component Units
Additions: Contributions:	4 2 770 742
Employer Plan members	\$ 2,770,743 455,841
Total contributions	3,226,584
Investment income: Interest income Dividend income Net (decrease) in fair value of investments	408,488 33,101 (1,892,360)
Net investment (loss)	(1,450,771)
Total additions	1,775,813
Deductions: Benefits and refunds of contributions Administrative expenses	4,210,107 80,730
Total deductions	4,290,837
Change in net position	(2,515,024)
Net position held in trust - beginning	33,189,136
Net position held in trust - ending	\$ 30,674,112

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Mattoon, Illinois, operates under an elected Commission form of government. The City's major operations include public safety, public works, recreation and parks, and general administrative services. In addition, the City owns and operates two major enterprise activities, a water plant and local sewer system.

As required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. In accordance with governmental accounting standards, financial accountability is determined on the basis of authoritative appointments of a voting majority of the potential component unit's board, imposition of its will on the potential component unit, the existence of a financial benefit or burden, fiscal dependency, and the designation of management. Entities may also be part of the financial reporting entity if their inclusion is necessary to prevent the financial statements from being misleading or incomplete or if the entities are closely related to or financially integrated with the primary government. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations, so data from these units would be combined with data of the City. Each discretely presented component unit is usually reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government. However, discretely presented component units that are fiduciary in nature are reported separately in statements relating to fiduciary net position. Separate financial statements are not issued for the individual component units listed below.

Blended component unit – The Mattoon Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Account is governed by the 2% Foreign Fire Board. The Mattoon Foreign Fire Insurance Account is treated as a blended component unit because its sole purpose is to account for monies received from the Illinois Municipal League to the City's firefighters to purchase equipment and supplies. The entity is reported as part of the General Fund.

Discretely presented component units – The Mattoon Public Library (Library) serves all of the citizens of the city and is governed by a board appointed by the City Council. The City is liable for a note issued for improvements of the Library and for an early retirement incentive for a Library employee. The Library is reported as a governmental fund type component unit. The Mattoon Police Pension Fund and the Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund are responsible for funding pensions for their respective members. Because their sole purpose is to provide pension funding for the City's police officers and firefighters, the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and the Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund are treated as discretely presented component units. Since they are fiduciary in nature, these component units are presented in fiduciary net position statements.

JOINT VENTURE

The Mattoon Police Department, which is a department within the City of Mattoon, is a participant with the Illinois State Police, the Charleston Police Department, the Arcola Police Department, the Eastern Illinois University Police Department, the Coles County Sheriff's Department, and the Douglas County Sheriff's Department in a joint venture known as the East Central Illinois Task Force (Task Force). This authority was created to provide citizens of each jurisdiction the most effective drug law enforcement protection against those who engage in actions detrimental to the public safety. In the event of dissolution of the Task Force, all Task Force property obtained through grants from the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority shall be disposed of consistent with the current property management or disposition guidelines issued by the Authority's Office of Federal Assistance Programs. All non-grant Task Force property, inventory, and all existing or currently pending forfeited assets will be distributed between the current participants.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

The East Central Illinois Task Force is governed by a Board of Directors which consists of the Sheriff or Chief (as the case may be) of each participating agency and the Zone Commander of the Illinois State Police. Each agency assigns, commissions, or funds a full-time police officer to the Task Force except the Arcola Police Department, which commissions a peace officer for employment by the Task Force. The officers remain employees of the agencies from which they were appointed for payroll purposes with the exception of the personnel from the Arcola Police Department. The City of Mattoon is the fiduciary agency for the Task Force, passing a federal grant through to the Task Force and providing oversight. Complete financial statements for the East Central Illinois Task Force can be obtained from the Mattoon Police Department at 1710 Wabash Avenue, Mattoon, Illinois 61938.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

During fiscal-year 2016, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 established new financial reporting requirements for state and local governments which provide their employees with pension benefits, including additional note disclosures and required supplementary information. In addition, the Statement of Net Position was expected to include a significant liability for the government's proportionate share of the defined benefit employee pension plan. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 71 resolves an issue related to amounts associated with contributions, if any, made by a state or local government employer or non-employer contributing entity to a defined benefit plan after the measurement date of the government's beginning net pension liability.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. The majority of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. However, transactions among City funds that would be treated as revenues and expenditures or if they involved organizations external to City government are accounted for as revenues and expenditures in the funds involved. Therefore, charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government are included since elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, including capital assets. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balance/net position, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are reported as follows.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The City of Mattoon reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund – This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

The City of Mattoon reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Included among these funds are:

Motor Fuel Tax Fund – This fund is used to account for the revenue and expenditures related to projects financed by the motor fuel tax funds collected and distributed by the State of Illinois.

Hotel and Motel Tax Fund – This fund is used to account for the collection of a 5% room occupancy tax.

Home Rehabilitation Grant Fund – This fund is used to account for housing grants and related expenditures.

Revolving Loan Fund – This fund is used to account for loans provided to businesses to promote economic development.

Midtown TIF District Fund – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for implementation of the Mattoon Midtown Redevelopment Plan and Project, including all property tax increment revenues received from Coles County allocable to the operation of the Mattoon Midtown Tax Increment District as required by the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11 - 74.4-3 et seq.).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

I-57 East TIF District Fund – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for implementation of the I-57 East Redevelopment Plan and Project, including all property tax increment revenues received from Coles County allocable to the operation of the I-57 East Tax Increment District as required by the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3 et. seq.).

I-57 East Business District Fund – This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for implementation of the I-57 East Business District Plan and Project, including all sales and hotel/motel tax revenues received from the State of Illinois and City of Mattoon allocable to the operation of the I-57 East Business District Fund as required by the Business District Development and Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/1 74.3-1 et. seg.).

South Rt 45 TIF District Fund – This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for implementation of the South Rt 45 Redevelopment Plan and Project, including all property tax increment revenues received from Coles County allocable to the operation of the South Rt 45 Tax Increment District as required by the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3 et. seq.).

South Rt 45 Business District Fund – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for implementation of the South Rt 45 Business District Plan, including all sales tax and hotel/motel tax revenues received from the State of Illinois and City of Mattoon allocable to the operation of the South Rt 45 Business District Fund as required by the Business District Development and Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/1-74.3-1 et. seq.).

Broadway East TIF District Fund – This fund is used to account for the revenue and expenditures for implementation of the Broadway East Redevelopment Plan and Project, including all property tax increment revenues received from Coles County allocable to the operation of the Broadway East Tax Increment District as required by the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3 et. seq.).

Broadway East Business District Fund – This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for implementation of the Broadway East Business District Plan and Project, including all sales and hotel/motel tax revenues received from the State of Illinois and City of Mattoon allocable to the operation of the Broadway East Business District Fund as required by the Business District Development and Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/1-74.3-1 et. seq.).

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

The City of Mattoon reports the following major proprietary funds:

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Water Fund – This fund is used to account for the activities of the government's water distribution system.

Sewer Fund – This fund is used to account for the activities of the government's sewage treatment plant, sewage pumping stations and collection systems.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Continued)

The City of Mattoon reports the following nonmajor proprietary funds:

Internal Service Funds – Internal Service Funds are used to account for financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the governmental unit, or other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Health Insurance Fund – This fund is used to account for employee and retiree health insurance.

Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund – This fund is used to account for the insurance premiums paid by the City.

OTHER FUND TYPES

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a custodial capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The City does not have any fiduciary funds, but it does include the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and the Mattoon Firefighters' Pension Fund, both of which are fiduciary type discretely presented component units.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The City's records are generally maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The basis of accounting used in the preparation of the basic financial statements is described in the following paragraphs.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues from exchange transactions are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenues from taxes or assessments on exchange transactions (sales taxes, utility taxes) are recognized when the underlying exchange transaction occurs. Revenues from shared nonexchange transactions (state income taxes, motor fuel taxes, replacement taxes) are also recognized in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, provided the state is required to share the revenues under act of law. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year in which they are budgeted to be used. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available, including revenues from taxes or assessments on exchange transactions (sales taxes, utility taxes) and shared nonexchange transactions (state income taxes, motor fuel taxes, replacement taxes). Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers revenues to be available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year in which they are levied as long as they meet the measurable and available criteria. Expenditures generally are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, with the exception of principal and interest payments on general long-term debt which are recognized as liabilities when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period and is not recognized as an inflow of resources or revenue until that time.

Unearned revenues included under the liabilities section of the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet arise when resources are received prior to the City of Mattoon having a legal claim to them.

Property taxes are levied no later than the last Tuesday of December. These taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the calendar year that the levy ordinance was enacted. The taxes are payable by property owners in two equal installments. The first installment is due 30 days after the bills are mailed, while the second payment is due around September 1. The Coles County Treasurer distributed the 2014 tax extension to the City on August 21, 2015, September 11, 2015, October 28, 2015, and December 18, 2015. The City Council adopted the 2015 tax levy (receivable in calendar year 2016) on December 15, 2015. The 2015 property tax levy is a deferred inflow of resources in the governmental funds statements and government-wide statements, since the levy is intended to finance fiscal year 2017 expenditures. Property tax revenues recorded in these financial statements are from the 2014 and prior tax levies.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water enterprise fund, the Sewer enterprise fund, and the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City considers cash on hand, checking accounts, savings accounts, money market funds, and investments held with an original maturity date of less than three months to be cash and cash equivalents. The City maintains a cash pool for use by most funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is included in the financial statements as cash and cash equivalents. Investments of the City, as well as its component units, are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Unrealized gains or losses from the appreciation or depreciation in fair value of investments in the Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund and Mattoon Police Pension Fund are reported as "net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments."

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Statutes authorize the City and the Library to invest in obligations of the United States of America and its agencies, direct obligations of any bank or savings and loan association that is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, short term obligations of corporations subject to certain qualifications, money market mutual funds whose portfolios are limited to governmental securities and obligations, the Illinois Funds Money Market Fund, and bonds of any county, township, city, village, incorporated town, municipal corporation, or school district, subject to certain qualifications.

Statutes authorize the Police and Firefighters Pension component units to invest in obligations of the United States of America and its agencies, bonds of the State of Illinois, bonds of any county, township or municipal corporation of the State of Illinois, Illinois Funds Money Market Fund, money market mutual funds under the Investment Company Act of 1940 subject to certain restrictions, general accounts of life insurance companies authorized to transact business in Illinois, separate accounts managed by life insurance companies subject to certain qualifications, and mutual funds meeting certain requirements. Through an appointed investment adviser, the Pension component units can also invest in common and preferred stocks, subject to certain requirements. Furthermore, investments may be made in banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions covered by depository insurance.

RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" for the current portion of interfund loans or "advances to/from other funds" for the noncurrent portion of interfund loans. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Property taxes receivable have been adjusted for estimated uncollectible accounts. No allowance for uncollectibles is considered necessary at year-end. Ambulance, water, and sewer customer receivables are shown net of the allowance for uncollectible accounts. The allowance for uncollectible accounts is based on historical collection experience. If actual defaults are higher than the historical experience, management's estimate of the recoverability of amounts due the City could be adversely affected.

INVENTORY AND PREPAID ITEMS

It has been the policy of the Water and Sewer Funds to charge all materials, chemicals, repair parts, and supplies directly to expense at the time they are purchased. Therefore, no inventory is included in these funds. Inventories of governmental funds are considered immaterial at year-end.

Certain payments reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance in the applicable governmental funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements. Land, buildings, furniture, equipment, and vehicles are included at estimated historical cost on various dates prior to December 7, 1971. Property purchased subsequent to that date is valued at historical cost. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated.

The City has adopted an ordinance establishing capitalization thresholds for different classes of capital assets. The capitalization thresholds are as follows:

Property	Tł	nreshold
Land	\$	5,000
Buildings and improvements	\$	50,000
Infrastructure	\$	50,000
Equipment and vehicles	\$	10,000
Software	\$	10,000

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. During the year, no interest was capitalized.

Depreciation has been reported using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. Land is not depreciated. The estimated useful lives for each capital asset type are as follows:

Property	Years
Buildings and building improvements	50
Improvements other than buildings	20
Infrastructure:	
Sidewalks and bike paths	15
Streets, curbs and gutters	20
Traffic signals	25
Bridges and storm sewers	50
Radio-read water meter equipment	10
Equipment and vehicles	5
Software	2

COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits to specified maximums. Upon separation from service, employees are eligible to receive only a portion of accumulated time. Such amounts are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. For governmental funds and the governmental component unit, the amount of compensated absences payable from available resources is recorded only when due for payment, such as when an employee retires or resigns.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, if applicable, are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method, as the differences between the straight line method and the effective interest method are considered immaterial. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount, if applicable. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the year incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, bond issuance costs, and refunding charges during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. Charges related to refunding bonds are reported as other financing uses.

FUND BALANCES

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is assets less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources in a governmental fund. The following types of fund balances may be presented in the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds, Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds, and Balance Sheet – Governmental Component Unit (Mattoon Public Library):

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of a governmental fund's fund balance that is not available to be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The General Fund, Hotel and Motel Tax Fund, and Revolving Loan Fund present nonspendable fund balances because the amounts are not in spendable form. The Governmental Component Unit (Mattoon Public Library) presents a nonspendable fund balance because it is required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of a governmental fund's fund balance that is subject to constraints either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The following funds present restricted fund balances: Motor Fuel Tax Fund – restricted for public works, Hotel and Motel Tax Fund – restricted for culture and recreation, Home Rehabilitation Grant Fund, Revolving Loan Fund, Midtown TIF District Fund, I-57 East TIF District Fund, South Rt 45 TIF District Fund, South Rt 45 Business District Fund, Broadway East Business District Fund, and I-57 East Business District Fund – restricted for economic development.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of a governmental fund's fund balance with self-imposed constraints or limitations that have been imposed by action of the government's highest level of decision-making. The Mattoon City Council can establish committed fund balances by adopting ordinances for such purposes. The General Fund and Capital Projects Fund present committed fund balances for capital outlay and the demolition of dilapidated structures.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of a governmental fund's fund balance denoting a government's intended use of resources. The Mattoon City Council is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose. The General Fund presents an assigned fund balance for culture and recreation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

FUND BALANCES (Continued)

Unassigned Fund Balance – The portion of a governmental fund's fund balance that is not designated for a specific purpose. The General Fund presents an unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure is incurred for which resources are available from multiple types of fund balance, it is the City's policy to first apply restricted resources, then committed fund balances, followed by assigned fund balances, and finally unassigned fund balances.

NET POSITION

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, net position represents the difference between combined assets and deferred outflows of resources and combined liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net positions are displayed in three categories:

Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position – Consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

Unrestricted net position – Consists of the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

The governmental activities column on the statement of net position reports a restricted amount of \$4,600,444 of which \$2,345,919 is restricted by enabling legislation.

The discretely presented component unit, the Mattoon Public Library, has permanently restricted net assets with unrestricted investment earnings.

It is the City's policy to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

Budgets are adopted on a basis in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The budget was passed on April 21, 2015.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

2 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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<u>Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide</u>
<u>Statement of Net Position</u>

The reconciliation of total governmental fund balances to net position of governmental activities includes a reconciliation between "total fund balances, governmental funds" and "net position of governmental activities." One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds." The details of the reconciling amount are as follows:

Bonds Payable	\$	(8,545,000)
Plus: bond premium (to be amortized		
as interest expense)		(75,562)
Accrued interest payable		(183,003)
Capital leases payable		(325,312)
Notes payable		(1,091,569)
Compensated absences payable		(1,032,642)
Net pension liability - IMRF		(1,429,068)
Net pension liability - police pension		(35,767,579)
Net pension liability - firefighter pension		(35,970,439)
Post-employment healthcare benefits obligation		(7,197,870)
Net adjustment to reduce "total fund balances,		
governmental funds" to arrive at "net position of	_	(01 (10 014)
governmental activities"	_ \$	(91,618,044)

(0.000)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes, net differences between projected and actual earnings for the pension trust funds and Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund are recognized as deferred outflows and inflows of resources on the statement of net position." The details of the reconciling amounts are as follows:

Deferred items - IMRF	\$ 1,030,542
Deferred items - Mattoon Police Pension Trust Fund	11,527,704
Deferred items - Mattoon Firefighters Pension Trust Fund	4,469,781
	\$ 17,028,027

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

2 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

<u>Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities</u>

The reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances of governmental funds to the statement of activities includes a reconciliation between "net change in fund balances, governmental funds" and "changes in net position of governmental activities." One element of the reconciliation explains that "governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense." The details of the reconciling amount are as follows:

Capital outlay Depreciation	\$ 1,543,830 (1,297,838)
Net adjustment to reduce "net change in fund balances, governmental funds" to arrive at "changes in net position of governmental activities"	\$ 245,992

Another element of that reconciliation states that "The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (e.g. sales and donations) is to decrease net position." The details of the reconciling amounts are as follows:

Net gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets Proceeds from sale of assets	\$ ——	(7,649) (2,351)
Net adjustment to reduce "net change in fund		
balances, governmental funds" to arrive at "changes		
in net position of governmental activities"	\$	(10,000)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

2 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

<u>Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities (Continued)</u>

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued; whereas, these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities." The details of the reconciling amount are as follows:

Principal repayments:	
General obligation bonds	\$ 585,000
Capital leases	45,292
Notes payable	134,769
Amortization of bond premium	 6,838
Net adjustment to increase "net change in fund balances, governmental funds" to arrive at "changes in net position of governmental activities"	\$ 771,899

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of the reconciling amount are as follows:

Compensated absences Accrued interest Post employment healthcare benefits obligation Change in the net pension liability:		\$ (7,641) (172,937) (937,115)
IMRF	(1,185,539)	
Mattoon Police Pension Trust Fund	(14,182,139)	
Mattoon Firefighters Police Pension Trust Fund	(6,176,111)	(21,543,789)
Change in deferred inflows and outflows of resources:		
IMRF	488,258	
Mattoon Police Pension Trust Fund	11,418,669	
Mattoon Firefighters Police Pension Trust Fund	4,126,298	 16,033,225
Net adjustment to reduce "net change in fund balances, governmental funds" to arrive at "changes in net position of governmental activities"		\$ (6,628,257)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. DEPOSITS

At April 30, 2016, the carrying amount of the primary government's deposits was \$13,047,615 and the bank balance was \$13,062,204. The governmental component unit (Mattoon Public Library) had deposits with a carrying amount of \$74,299 and bank balances totaling \$85,309. The fiduciary component units had deposits with a carrying amount of \$3,606,206 and bank balances totaling \$3,609,335. The primary government and governmental component unit (Mattoon Public Library) had cash on hand of \$730 and \$215, respectively.

CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's cash balances are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000 per institution. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At April 30, 2016, deposits at First Mid Illinois Bank & Trust and Prairie State Bank & Trust were fully insured or collateralized by the financial institutions. The City's cash balance at Prairie State Bank & Trust totaled \$4,196,436, with \$3,946,436 uninsured by FDIC, but fully collateralized by securities pledged by the financial institution. The City's cash balance at First Mid Illinois Bank & Trust totaled \$8,855,000, with \$8,605,000 uninsured by FDIC, but fully collateralized by securities pledged by the financial institution.

B. INVESTMENTS

At April 30, 2016, the City's primary government had the following investments:

			Weighted Avg.
		Average	Maturity
Investment Type	Fair Value	Credit Rating	(Years)
Illinois Funds Money Market Fund	\$ 3,414,812	AAAm	Demand *

Weighted Ava

At April 30, 2016, the City's governmental component unit (Mattoon Public Library) had the following investment:

			Average	Weighted Avg. Maturity
Investment Type	Fa	air Value	Credit Rating	(Years)
Investment pool - Southeastern Illinois Community Foundation	\$	36,312	N/A	N/A

At April 30, 2016, the City's fiduciary component units had the following investments:

			Weighted Avg.
		Average	Maturity
Investment Type	Fair Value	Credit Rating	(Years)
Certificates of deposit	\$ 101,410	N/A	N/A
U.S. government obligations	3,387,158	AA+/AAA	19.12
Corporate and municipal bonds	2,367,703	A+/AA3	5.82
Insurance contracts	19,933,893	A/A2	N/A
Mutual funds	160,947	N/A	N/A
Common stock	1,169,077	N/A	N/A
Total	\$ 27,120,188		

^{*-}These accounts are subject to immediate withdrawal and are reflected as cash equivalents in the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

THE ILLINOIS FUNDS MONEY MARKET FUND

The Illinois Funds Money Market Fund (Illinois Funds) enables custodians of public funds an investment option with a competitive rate of return on fully collateralized investments and immediate access to the funds. Although not subject to direct regulatory oversight, the investment pool is administered by the Illinois State Treasurer in accordance with the provisions of the Illinois Public Funds Investment Act, 30 ILCS 235. The investment policy of the Illinois Funds states that, unless authorized specifically by the Treasurer, a minimum of 75% of its investments shall have less than one-year maturity and no investment shall exceed two years maturity. The policy also limits investment categories to 25% of the portfolio, with the exception of cash equivalents and U.S. Treasury securities, unless specifically authorized by the Treasurer. Further, certificates of deposit cannot exceed 10% of any single financial institution's total deposits. The Illinois Funds received Standard & Poor's highest rating.

SOUTHEASTERN ILLINOIS COMMUNITY FOUNDATION

In previous years, the Mattoon Public Library had received a donation from the Lumpkin Family which was used to establish a fund with the Mattoon Area Community Foundation (MACF) to benefit the library. When held by MACF the fund was held in a separate account and invested separately from the other funds of MACF. During the 2008-2009 fiscal year, MACF formed an alliance with the Effingham County Community Foundation. The resulting organization, the Southeastern Illinois Community Foundation (SICF), is an umbrella organization covering its two member foundations. As part of this alliance the individual foundations have pooled their administrative functions, including the investment of the different funds administered by each foundation. This pooling included an aggregation of the investments held by each fund into one investment account. While invested as a pool, the individual funds are accounted for by the foundation on an individual fund basis. The investment policy of the SICF is to keep all its assets invested seventy percent (70%) in equities and thirty percent (30%) in fixed assets and cash or cash equivalents.

CREDIT RISK

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. To help assess this risk, investments in debt securities are rated on their credit quality by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. Statutes state that any short term obligations of corporations invested in by the City's primary government or the Mattoon Public Library component unit must be rated at the time of purchase at one of the three highest classifications established by at least two standard rating services. Investments in bonds of local governments must be rated within the four highest classifications established by a rating service nationally recognized for expertise in rating bonds of states and their political subdivisions. Neither the City nor the Mattoon Public Library governmental component unit has an investment policy that further limits its investments' exposure to credit risk. In addition to the limitations listed above, the City's fiduciary component units' have investment policies that further limit their investments in contracts and agreements of life insurance companies to those rated at least A by A.M. Best Company and A rated by Moody's and Standard and Poor's rating services.

INTEREST RATE RISK

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The primary government of the City and the Mattoon Public Library component unit do not have formal investment policies that limit investment maturities as a means of managing their exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The fiduciary component units' investment policies do not limit investment maturities as a means of managing their exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. State statutes limit the investments in short term obligations of corporations to one-third or less of the government's funds. Neither the City nor the Mattoon Public Library component unit has an investment policy that further limits the percentage of investments from a single issuer. There are no investments (other than investments in external investment pools) in any one issuer that represent five percent or more of total investments for the primary government of the City. The Mattoon Public Library's only investment is in a pooled investment account with Southeastern Illinois Community Foundation.

State statutes limit the fiduciary component units' investments in separate accounts managed by life insurance companies and mutual funds to a maximum of sixty-five percent of the market value of the pension's net present assets in its most recent annual report. Further, the market value of stock in any one corporation cannot exceed five percent of the cash and invested assets of the pension fund. The investment policies of the fiduciary component units do not further limit investment concentrations. More than five percent of the City's fiduciary funds' investments are in the Federal National Mortgage Association (7.97%), and AIG Annuity Insurance Company annuities (29.32%), and Voya Insurance and Annuity Company annuities (39.15%).

C. RECONCILIATION BETWEEN THE DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND CASH ON HAND AS SHOWN IN THE NOTES AND THE CASH, CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENTS AS SHOWN ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Primary Government	Governmental- Type Component Unit (Mattoon Public Library)		(duciary-Type Component Unit (Pensions)
Deposits, investments, and cash on hand per notes:					
Deposits Investments, at fair value Cash on hand	\$ 13,047,615 3,414,812 730	\$	74,299 36,312 215	\$	3,606,206 27,120,188 -
Total deposits, investments and cash on hand	\$ 16,463,157	\$	110,826	\$	30,726,394
Cash, certificates of deposit and investments per statements:					
Cash and cash equivalents Investments, at fair value Restricted assets:	\$ 15,391,896 -	\$	74,514 7,420	\$	3,606,206 27,120,188
Cash and cash equivalents Certificates of deposit	1,062,381 8,880		-		-
Investments, at fair value			28,892		
Total cash and cash equivalents, certificates of deposit and investments	\$ 16,463,157	\$	110,826	\$	30,726,394

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

4 RECEIVABLES

Total

Receivables balances as of April 30, 2016, for the primary government were as follows:

	Governmental Activities									
		G	overr	mental Funds				orietary unds		
		General Fund		Capital Projects Fund	Gove	Other rnmental unds	Se	cernal ervice unds		Total
Property taxes	\$	4,258,000	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	4,258,000
TIF property tax	Ψ	1,230,000	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		4	1,230,000
increment		-		-		576,278		-		576,278
Business district						,				•
taxes		-		-		73,570		-		73,570
Utility taxes		123,384		-		-		-		123,384
Telecommunications										
taxes		179,040		-		-		-		179,040
Income and use										
taxes		739,039		-		-		-		739,039
Sales taxes		1,504,048		-		-		-		1,504,048
Personal property										
replacement taxes		84,953		-		-		-		84,953
Motor fuel taxes		-		-		84,166		-		84,166
Other taxes		60,707		-		32,954		-		93,661
Grants		5,433		215,123		-		-		220,556
Ambulance, net		81,853		-		-		-		81,853
Other receivables		92,236		-		77,100		77,950		247,286

The ambulance billing receivable has been reduced by an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$148,166.

215,123

7,128,693

\$

	Proprietary Funds							
	Water Fund		Se	Sewer Fund		Total		
Customer receivables Other receivables Less: allowance for uncollectible accounts	\$	468,077 1,560 (3,257)	\$	607,083 2,075 (1,580)	\$	1,075,160 3,635 (4,837)		
Total	\$	466,380	\$	607,578	\$	1,073,958		

77,950

8,265,834

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

5 SCHEDULE OF PAYABLES AND RECEIVABLES WITHIN THE REPORTING ENTITY

Payables and receivables between funds consisted of the following at April 30, 2016:

Due to/from Other funds

Fund	Receivable Payable			
Governmental Funds: General Fund	\$ 10,871	\$ 248,697		
Capital Projects Fund	122,787			
Other Governmental Funds Hotel and Motel Tax Fund	20	935		
Total other governmental funds	20	935		
Total governmental funds	133,678	249,632		
Proprietary Funds: Enterprise Funds: Water Fund	1,426	21,800		
Sewer Fund	2,637	24,593		
Total Enterprise Funds Internal Service Funds:	4,063	46,393		
Health Insurance Fund	173,237	-		
Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund		14,953		
Total Internal Service Funds	173,237	14,953		
Total Proprietary Funds	177,300	61,346		
Due To/From Other Funds	\$ 310,978	\$ 310,978		

The amounts receivable to the General Fund, Hotel and Motel Tax Fund, Water Fund and Sewer Fund from the Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund are for overpayment of charges for services. The amount receivable to the Capital Projects Fund from the General Fund consists of the transfer of one-half of the sales tax increase earmarked for capital projects, net of amounts owed for other capital improvements. The amounts receivable to the Health Insurance Fund from the General Fund, Hotel and Motel Tax Fund, Water Fund and Sewer Fund are for underpayment of charges for services.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

5 SCHEDULE OF PAYABLES AND RECEIVABLES WITHIN THE REPORTING ENTITY (Continued)

Payables and receivables between funds and component units consisted of the following at April 30, 2016:

Due between primary government and component units

Fund	Re	ceivable	F	Payable
Primary Government:				_
Governmental Fund:				
General Fund	\$	13,557	\$	56,046
Proprietary Funds:				
Internal Service Funds:				
Health Insurance Fund		3,408		-
Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund				215
Total Internal Service Funds		3,408		215
Total Primary Government		16,965		56,261
Component Units:				
Governmental Component Unit:				
Mattoon Public Library		215		16,965
Fiduciary Component Units:				
Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund		28,023		-
Mattoon Police Pension Fund		28,023		
Total Fiduciary Component Units		56,046		-
Total Component Units		56,261		16,965
Due between primary government				
and component units	\$	73,226	\$	73,226

The amount receivable to the General Fund from the Library is the reimbursement of expenditures of the Library paid by the General Fund, and the reimbursement of debt service payments paid by the General Fund. The amount receivable to the Health Insurance Fund from the Mattoon Public Library is for underpayments of charges for services. The amount receivable to the Mattoon Public Library from the Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund is for overpayments of charges of services. The amount receivable to the Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund and Mattoon Police Pension Fund is for the transfer of video gaming taxes from the General Fund.

Advance between primary government and component units

Fund	Re	ceivable	Payable		
Primary Government:					
Governmental Funds:					
General Fund	\$	60,464	\$	-	
Component Units:					
Governmental Component Unit:					
Mattoon Public Library				60,464	
Advance between primary government					
and component units	\$	60,464	\$	60,464	

The amounts receivable to the General Fund consist of the long-term portion of debt paid by the General Fund on behalf of the Mattoon Public Library.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

6 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	April 30, 2015	Additions	Deletions	April 30, 2016
Dimension				
Primary government:				
Government activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:	± 2.200.047	± 25.247	± 10.000	± 2245264
Land	\$ 3,200,047	\$ 25,217	\$ 10,000	\$ 3,215,264
Construction in progress	704,266	584,844	224,887	1,064,223
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,904,313	610,061	234,887	4,279,487
Control accepts having deconstituted				
Capital assets being depreciated:	10 200 120	74 402		10 464 022
Building and improvements	10,390,430	74,492	-	10,464,922
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(3,143,747)	(229,750)		(3,373,497)
Buildings and improvements, net	7,246,683	(155,258)		7,091,425
* C	60.070.404	077.005		60.047.066
Infrastructure	60,070,481	877,385	-	60,947,866
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(48,959,490)	(663,570)		(49,623,060)
Infrastructure, net	11,110,991	213,815		11,324,806
	4 2 47 222			4 2 47 222
Improvements other than building	4,247,009	-	-	4,247,009
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(454,325)	(157,296)		(611,621)
Improvements other than building, net	3,792,684	(157,296)		3,635,388
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	6,206,945	206,779	270,232	6,143,492
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(5,569,402)	(247,222)	(270,232)	(5,546,392)
Equipment, furniture and vehicles, net	637,543	(40,443)		597,100
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	22,787,901	(139,182)		22,648,719
Total governmental activities, capital	+ 26 602 244	± 470.070	± 224.00=	+ 26 020 266
assets, net	\$ 26,692,214	\$ 470,879	\$ 234,887	\$ 26,928,206

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

6 CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2016, was as follows: (continued)

	Balance		Balance	
	April 30, 2015	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	April 30, 2016
Deigna and Caractine and Carac				
Primary government (continued):				
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:	ф F07.1FF	.	.	ф F07.1FF
Land	\$ 587,155	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 587,155
Construction in progress	1,886,735	881,520		2,768,255
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,473,890	881,520		3,355,410
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Building and improvements	13,235,074	15,305	_	13,250,379
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(5,403,087)	(229,596)	_	(5,632,683)
Buildings and improvements, net	7,831,987	(214,291)		7,617,696
bandings and improvements, nee	7,031,307	(211/231)		7,017,030
Improvements other than building	215,627	_	-	215,627
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(155,324)	(5,958)	-	(161,282)
Improvements other than building, net	60,303	(5,958)		54,345
Treatment, collection, and distribution	51,636,524	25,974	-	51,662,498
systems				
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(26,702,206)	(1,055,314)		(27,757,520)
Treatment, collection, and distribution				
systems, net	24,934,318	(1,029,340)		23,904,978
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	4,034,533	38,495	-	4,073,028
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(2,663,518)	(314,422)		(2,977,940)
Equipment, furniture and vehicles, net	1,371,015	(275,927)		1,095,088
	24.407.655	(4 505 545)		22 672 467
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	34,197,623	(1,525,516)		32,672,107
Total husiness type activities, capital				
Total business-type activities, capital assets, net	\$ 36,671,513	\$ (643,996)	\$ -	\$ 36,027,517
वज्ज्हाज, गहर	ψ 30,071,313	ψ (UTJ,330)	Ψ	Ψ 30,027,317

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

6 CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government Public safety Public works Culture and recreation Health and welfare	\$ 215,247 190,228 798,371 87,840 6,152
Governmental activities, depreciation expense	\$ 1,297,838
Pusinoss type activities:	
Business-type activities:	
Water Sewer	\$ 701,711 903,579
Business-type activities, depreciation expense	\$ 1,605,290

Analysis of changes in component unit capital assets:

Component unit (Mattoon Public Library): Governmental activities:	Balance April 30, 2015	Additions	Deletions	Balance April 30, 2016	
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Building and improvements	\$ 2,810,962	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,810,962	
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(1,048,045)	(56,219)		(1,104,264)	
Buildings and improvements, net	1,762,917	(56,219)		1,706,698	
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	126,952	13,596	-	140,548	
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(93,744)	(15,148)		(108,892)	
Equipment, furniture and vehicles, net	33,208	(1,552)		31,656	
Component unit, capital assets, net	\$ 1,796,125	\$ (57,771)	\$ -	\$ 1,738,354	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the discretely presented component unit, Mattoon Public Library, as follows:

Governmental activities: Mattoon Public Library

\$ 71,367

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

7 CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

The City has active construction projects in progress as of April 30, 2016. The projects include construction of the public works building, the construction of a drainage project, continuing upgrade of WWTP software, the development of a Civil War Memorial, construction projects at the Burgess-Osborne Memorial Auditorium, Heritage Park project, and various street improvements. The renovation of the lake dam has been delayed due to budgetary constraints. However, amounts that have been spent to date will be applicable when construction resumes. At April 30, 2016, the City's construction in progress is as follows:

Project:			F	Remaining		
Primary government: Spent-to-Date				Commitment		
Governmental activities:				_		
Burgess-Osborne Auditorium	\$	77,239	\$	8,040		
Camp Grant - Civil War Memorial		8,652		1,565		
Public Works Building		347,302		2,652,698		
43rd St/9th St./IL-16//Dettro Dr. Design		85,385		3,267		
Heritage Park Project		478,768		421,232		
Marshall Avenue Design & Construction		51,962		838,038		
Southside Drainage Project		14,915		5,085		
Total governmental activities	\$	1,064,223	\$	3,929,925		
Business-type activities:						
CSO/Long Term Control Plan	\$	2,636,698	\$	17,363,302		
WWTP SCADA Updates		42,932		48,825		
Lake Paradise Dam Renovation		88,625		86,375		
Total business-type activities	\$	2,768,255	\$	17,498,502		

8 CEMETERY DEVELOPMENT

Cemetery development consists of land held for future expansion and the Dodge Grove Cemetery Mausoleum. The carrying value of the mausoleum is equal to the cost of renovation less cost of crypt spaces sold.

Mausoleum carrying value, April 30, 2015	\$ 39,473
Less: cost of crypts sold	 _
Mausoleum carrying value, April 30, 2016	39,473
Land held for future expansion, estimated carrying value, April 30, 2016	21,179
Total	\$ 60,652

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

9 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS - ADVANCE REFUNDING ON DEBT CHARGES

For governmental activities, deferred outflows of resources consists of advance refunding of debt charges with an original amount of \$67,015 less accumulated amortization of \$54,250. For business-type activities, deferred outflows of resources consists of advance refunding of debt charges with an original amount of \$267,141 less accumulated amortization of \$249,460. Amortization of advance refunding of debt charges for the year ended April 30, 2016, was \$4,787 for governmental activities and \$27,762 for business-type activities.

10 RESTRICTED ASSETS

The General Fund has restricted cash and investments for mausoleums and cemetery perpetual care. The Water Fund has restricted cash accounts for customer meter deposits. The Water and Sewer Funds have restricted cash accounts for debt service requirements. The Health Insurance Fund has restricted cash for the employees' flexible spending account. The Mattoon Public Library has restricted investments related to an endowment and accumulated earnings.

11 DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

In January 1977, the City entered into a deferred compensation plan agreement with participating employees, funded with a group variable annuity contract in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Additional plans, available to all City employees, permit them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or an unforeseeable emergency. The City has little administrative involvement and performs no investing function for this plan. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to these amounts, property or rights are solely the property and rights of the participants and are not subject to claims of the City's creditors. Accordingly, these plan assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

12 SHORT-TERM DEBT

The City had a short-term loan outstanding with the Mattoon Public Library, a component unit, to provide funding for operating expenses. This short-term loan was repaid during the year ended April 30, 2016, as shown below:

	Bal	lance					Bala	nce
	April 3	30, 2015	F	Additions	Del	etions	April 30	, 2016
Component unit (Mattoon Public Library):								
Governmental activities:								
Short-term loan from								
the City of Mattoon	\$	20,000	\$	-	\$;	(20,000)	\$	-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

13 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Maturity Date	Interest Rates	Amount
Governmental activities: Series 2009A Series 2009B (Taxable)	December 2028 December 2028	1.50% - 4.35% 4.00% - 5.70%	\$ 4,745,000 3,280,000
Governmental activities - refunding: Series 2014 Refunding Bonds	December 2018	2.00%	520,000
Total governmental activities bonds			\$ 8,545,000
		Interest Rates	Amount
Business-type activities - refunding: Series 2014 Refunding Bonds Series 2014 Refunding Bonds Series 2014 Refunding Bonds	December 2017 December 2019 December 2023	2.00% 2.00% 2.00% - 3.00%	\$ 775,000 1,925,000 4,005,000
Total business-type activities bonds			\$ 6,705,000

The General Fund services all of the general obligation bonds for governmental activities, except for the Series 2009A and 2009B bonds. The Capital Projects Fund services the Series 2009A general obligation bonds, while the Broadway East Business District Fund services the Series 2009B bonds.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

	Governmental Activities					Business-t	ype A	Activities	
Year Ending April 30,	Principal		Principal Interest			Principal	Interest		
2017 2018	\$	610,000 635,000	\$	362,833 344,108	\$	1,350,000 1,375,000	\$	153,600 126,600	
2019		660,000		323,858		1,005,000		99,100	
2020 2021		505,000 535,000		302,232 282,738		1,025,000 540,000		79,000 58,500	
2022-2026 2027-2029		3,190,000 2,410,000		1,044,538 240,475		1,410,000 -		76,500 -	
Total	\$	8,545,000	\$	2,900,782	\$	6,705,000	\$	593,300	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

14 CAPITAL LEASES

Previously, the City entered into a lease agreement to finance the purchase of a fire truck. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the net present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The asset acquired through the current capital lease is as follows:

Description	Governmental Activities					
Fire truck Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$	748,078 (748,078)				
	\$					

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of April 30, 2016, were as follows:

Years Ending April 30,	 Governmental Activities			
2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022	\$ 64,452 64,452 64,452 64,452 64,452 64,452			
Total minimum lease payments	386,712			
Less: amount representing interest	 (61,400)			
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 325,312			

15 NOTES PAYABLE

The City has issued various notes as follows:

Governmental activities:

	Maturity Date	Interest Rates	 Amount
First Mid-Illinois Bank & Trust note, serviced by the General Fund, proceeds used to fund early retirement incentives, energy efficient improvements, and future needs in the General Fund	December 2020	2.490%	\$ 434,126
First Mid-Illinois Bank & Trust note, serviced by the South Rt 45 TIF Fund, proceeds used to fund business development along South Rt 45	November 2019	5.500%	574,442

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

15 NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

15 NOTESTATABLE (Continued)	Maturity Date	Maturity Date		Amount
Prairie State Bank & Trust note, serviced by the General Fund, proceeds used to purchase Tymco Regenerative Air Sweeper Total governmental activities notes	August 2018	1.885%	\$ \$	83,001 1,091,569
Business-type activities:	Maturity Date	Interest Rates		Amount
First Mid-Illinois Bank & Trust note, serviced by the Water Fund, proceeds used to fund early retirement incentives and energy efficient improvements	December 2020	2.490%	\$	349,875
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency note, serviced by the Sewer Fund, proceeds used for sewer wastewater treatment plant rehabilitation	January 2018	2.865%		68,032
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency note, serviced by the Sewer Fund, proceeds used for sewer system improvements, loan executed December 2015, \$560,793 of an available \$6,178,861 borrowing base has been drawn down by the City, repayment of loan				
begins June 1, 2017 with a 20 year term	December 2036	1.860%		560,793
First Mid-Illinois Bank & Trust note, serviced by the Sewer Fund, proceeds used to fund early retirement incentives and energy efficient improvements	December 2020	2.490%		277,357
Total business-type activities notes			\$	1,256,057

Notes payable debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Governmental Activities					Business-ty	/pe A	ctivities		
Year Ending April 30,	Principal		Principal Interest		rincipal Intere		Principal			Interest
2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 - 2026 2027 - 2031	\$	138,761 142,956 147,265 571,438 91,149	\$	43,998 39,804 35,495 31,022 2,276	\$	152,853 174,089 149,477 153,050 156,673 132,190 145,016	\$	17,372 30,229 19,599 16,027 12,402 38,281 25,454		
2032 - 2037				-		192,709		11,855		
Total	\$	1,091,569	\$	152,595	\$	1,256,057	\$	171,219		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

16 CHANGE IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the primary government for the year ended April 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Balance April 30, 2015		Additions		F	Reductions	Ą	Balance oril 30, 2016		Oue Within One Year
Primary government:										
Governmental activities:										
General obligation bonds Add amounts:	\$	9,130,000	\$	-	\$	585,000	\$	8,545,000	\$	610,000
For issuance premiums		82,400	_	-		6,838		75,562		
Total general obligation bonds		9,212,400		-		591,838		8,620,562		610,000
Capital leases		370,604		-		45,292		325,312		47,588
Notes payable		1,226,338		_		134,769		1,091,569		138,761
Compensated absences		1,025,001		7,641				1,032,642		206,528
Net pension obligation		1,323,110				1,323,110		-		-
Net pension liability - IMRF, as restated		243,529		1,185,539		-		1,429,068		_
Net pension liability - police pension		213,323		1,105,555				1,125,000		
fund, as restated Net pension liability - police pension fund, as restated Net pension liability - firefighters' pension	on	21,585,440		14,182,139		-		35,767,579		-
fund, as restated	JII	20 704 229		6,176,111				35,970,439		
Post-employment healthcare benefits		29,794,328				-				-
Post-employment healthcare benefits		6,260,755		937,115				7,197,870		
Governmental activities,	.	71 041 505	+	22 400 545	+	2 005 000	+	01 425 041	+	1 002 077
long-term liabilities	\$	71,041,505	\$	22,488,545	\$	2,095,009	\$	91,435,041	\$	1,002,877
Business-type activities: General obligation bonds Add amounts:	\$	8,630,000	\$	-	\$	1,925,000	\$	6,705,000	\$	1,350,000
For issuance premiums		235,122				29,136		205,986		
Total general obligation bonds		8,865,122		-		1,954,136		6,910,986		1,350,000
Notes payable		844,319		560,793		149,055		1,256,057		152,853
Compensated absences		225,786		6,200		-		231,986		46,397
Net pension liability - IMRF, as restated		256,531		1,248,832		_		1,505,363		10,337
Post-employment healthcare benefits		1,665,588		271,315		_		1,936,903		_
rost-employment healthcare benefits		1,005,500		2/1,313				1,930,903		
Business-type activities, long-term liabilities	\$	11,857,346	\$	2,087,140	\$	2,103,191	\$	11,841,295	\$	1,549,250
Component unit (Mattoon Public Library): Governmental activities: Compensated absences	\$	19,471	\$	_	\$	2,658	\$	16,813	\$	3,363
compensated absences	.	15,7/1	<u> </u>		P	2,030	.	10,013	₽	3,303
Component unit, long-term liabilities	\$	19,471	\$	_	\$	2,658	\$	16,813	\$	3,363

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

17 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred inflows of resources on the governmental funds balance sheet were as follows:

	General Fund	Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Property taxes Sales and other related taxes Income taxes Grant revenue Service revenue	\$ 4,258,000 589,544 120,977 - 99,022	\$ 474,137 23,589 - 240,475
Totals	\$ 5,067,543	\$ 738,201

18 TAXES

Tax revenues during the year ended April 30, 2016, were as follows:

3 , , , ,	Ge	eneral Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds
Property taxes	\$	4,073,418	\$	-
TIF property tax increment		-		400,292
Telecommunication taxes		801,412		-
Utility taxes		1,256,039		-
Business district taxes		-		323,965
Road and bridge taxes		149,855		-
Hotel taxes		-		341,389
Cable TV franchise taxes		192,412		-
Gas and electric franchise taxes		190,881		
Totals	\$	6,664,017	\$	1,065,646

19 INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES

Intergovernmental revenues during the year ended April 30, 2016, were as follows:

- , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	G	eneral Fund	Capital jects Fund	Other Governmental Funds		
Income and use taxes	\$	2,658,864	\$ _	\$	_	
Sales taxes		6,151,010	-		-	
Personal property replacement taxes		512,547	-		-	
Video gaming tax		280,236	-		-	
Motor fuel taxes		-	-		476,035	
Foreign fire insurance taxes		34,743	-		-	
Grants and contributions		85,159	156,829		-	
Totals	\$	9,722,559	\$ 156,829	\$	476,035	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

20 COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES EXTENDED, COLLECTED, AND DISTRIBUTED

	For Tax Levy Year								
		2015	2014			2013			
Assessed valuation	\$ 1	92,469,579	\$ 1	90,432,435	\$	189,874,102			
Rate per \$100, excluding road and bridge rate		2.14922		2.14593		2.11231			
Taxes extended, excluding road and bridge taxes		4,136,595		4,086,547		4,010,730			
Add: City's share of road and bridge taxes extended		152,978		151,024		147,395			
Total taxes extended	\$	4,289,573	\$	4,237,571	\$	4,158,125			
Taxes available to City after abatements and losses in collection (2015 estimated)	\$	4,258,000	\$	4,200,258	\$	4,133,009			
Percentage of extension available to City (2015 estimated)		99.26% 99.12%		99.26% 99.12%		99.26% 99.12%			99.40%
			For	Tax Levy Yea	r				
		2015		2014		2013			
Distribution of taxes available (2015 estimated): General fund:									
General government Fire protection	\$	577,000 287,000	\$	695,572 283,123	\$	702,998 283,115			

The City Council has abated the 2013, 2014, and 2015 tax levies applicable to all outstanding general obligation bonds.

287,000

152,000

143,000

439,000

1,234,000

1,139,000

4,258,000

283,123

149,855

141,562

434,122

1,088,793

1,124,108

4,200,258

283,115

146,155

141,557

434,112

1,039,241

1,102,716

4,133,009

Police protection

Mattoon Public Library

Police Pension Fund

Firefighters pension fund

Park

Street, including road & bridge

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

21 SCHEDULE OF OPERATING TRANSFERS WITHIN THE REPORTING ENTITY

Operating transfers between funds during the year ended April 30, 2016, were as follows:

Transfers In	Transfers Out		Amount	
South Rt. 45 TIF District Fund	South Rt. 45 Business District Fund	\$	45,000	
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund		723,920	
	Total	\$	768,920	

The first transfer was for spending related to the South Route 45 TIF District Fund. The second transfer reclassified amounts of one-half sales tax increase earmarked for capital projects.

22 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

IMRF Plan Description

The City's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of a multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this footnote. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefits provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

Benefits Provided

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employee hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employee who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

22 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (Continued)

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months with the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of December 31, 2015, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Participants
Retirees and Beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	139
Inactive Plan Members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	24
Active Plan Members	73
Total	236

Contributions

As set by statute, the City's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The City's annual contribution for calendar year 2015 was 11.82%. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2016, the City contributed \$437,543 to the plan. The City also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at December 31, 2015:

- The Actuarial Cost Method used was Entry Age Normal.
- The Asset Valuation Method used was Market Value of Assets.
- The Inflation Rate was assumed to be 2.75%.
- Salary Increases were expected to be 3.75% to 14.50%, including inflation.
- The Investment Rate of Return was assumed to be 7.48% (regular) and 7.50% (ECO).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

22 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

- Projected Retirement Age was from the Experience-based Table of Rates, specific to the type of eligibility condition, last updated for the 2014 valuation according to an experience study from years 2011 to 2013.
- The IMRF-specific rates for Mortality (for non-disabled retirees) were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.
- For Disabled Retirees, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (based year 2014). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table, applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives.
- For Active Members, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (based year 2014). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.
- The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Portfolio	Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Percentage	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	38%	7.39%
International Equity	17%	7.59%
Fixed Income	27%	3.00%
Real Estate	8%	6.00%
Alternative Investments	9%	2.75% - 8.15%
Cash Equivalents	1%	2.25%
Total	100%	•

Single Discount Rate

A Single Discount Rate of 7.48% (regular) and 7.50% (ECO) was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

22 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (Continued)

Single Discount Rate (Continued)

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.48% (regular) and 7.50% (ECO), the municipal bond rate is 3.57%, and the resulting single discount rate is 7.48% (regular) and 7.50% (ECO)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (A)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)	Net Pension Liability (A) - (B)
Balances at December 31, 2014	\$ 33,528,083	\$ 33,028,023	\$ 500,060
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost	415,804	-	415,804
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	2,459,375	-	2,459,375
Differences Between Expected and Actual			
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	163,267	-	163,267
Changes of Assumptions	82,262	-	82,262
Contributions - Employer	-	463,997	(463,997)
Contributions - Employees	-	176,649	(176,649)
Net Investment Income	-	162,020	(162,020)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds			
of Employee Contributions	(1,888,639)	(1,888,639)	-
Other (Net Transfer)	<u> </u>	(116,329)	116,329
Net Changes	1,232,069	(1,202,302)	2,434,371
Balances at December 31, 2015	\$ 34,760,152	\$ 31,825,721	\$ 2,934,431

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plans' net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.48% for the regular plan and 7.50% for the ECO plan, as well as what the plans' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

		1% Lower (6.48%)	Curi	rent Discount (7.48%)	1	% Higher (8.48%)
Net Pension Liability - regular	\$	7,385,523	\$	2,934,442	\$	729,034
Net rension Liability - regular	Ą	7,303,323	₽	2,337,772	Ą	729,034
		1% Lower	Curi	rent Discount	1	.% Higher
		(6.50%)		(7.50%)		(8.50%)
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - ECO	\$	5,356	\$	(11)	\$	(4,708)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

22 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (Continued)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,869,330. At April 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	C	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Deferred amounts to be recognized in pension Expense in future periods:			
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	118,113 56,756 1,811,136	\$ - - -
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods		1,986,005	
Pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date		130,098	
Total deferred amounts related to pensions	\$	2,116,103	\$ _

\$130,098 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ending April 30, 2017.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Year Ending December 31	Net Deferred Outflows of Resources		Infl	Net Deferred Inflows of Resources		
2016 2017	\$	531,369 531,369	\$	-		
2018		470,480		-		
2019		452,787		-		
2020		-		-		
Thereafter				-		
Total	\$	1,986,005	\$	_		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

23 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting – The financial statements of the Firefighters and Police Pension plans are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The City's contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans.

Method Used to Value Investments - Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

PLAN DESCRIPTIONS

The City of Mattoon contributes to two single-employer defined benefit pension plans: Mattoon Firefighters' Pension Fund and Mattoon Police Pension Fund. Each plan provides retirement and disability benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the Illinois legislature. Although they are single employer pension plans, the defined benefits as well as the employee and employer contribution levels are mandated by the Illinois Compiled Statues, Chapter 40, Article 3 and 4, and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. Separate financial statements are not issued for these pension plans.

Management of each Pension Fund is governed by the Mattoon Police Pension Fund Board and Mattoon Firefighter Pension Fund Board. Each Board consists of five members - which are elected by each Pension Fund's members.

Plan Membership - At April 30, 2016, pension plan membership consisted of the following:

	Police Pension	Firefighters Pension
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	44	51
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	1	2
Active plan members	38_	31
	83	84

BENEFITS PROVIDED

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Tier 1 employees (those hired prior to January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to one-half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75.00% of such salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3.00% of the original pension and 3.00% compounded annually thereafter.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

23 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS (Continued)

BENEFITS PROVIDED (Continued)

Tier 2 employees (those hired on or after January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 55 or older with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the police officer during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Police officers' salary for pension purposes is capped at \$106,800, plus the lesser of ½ of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3.00% compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75.00% of such salary. Employees with at least 10 years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e. ½% for each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 police officer shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the police officer retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Non-compounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3.00% or ½ of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the proceeding calendar year.

The Firefighters' Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Tier 1 employees (those hired prior to January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to one-half of the salary attached to the rank held at the date of retirement. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75.00% of such salary. Employees with at least 10 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a covered employee who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3.00% of the original pension and 3.00% compounded annually thereafter.

Tier 2 employees (those hired on or after January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 55 or older with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the firefighter during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Firefighters' salary for pension purposes is capped at \$106,800, plus the lesser of ½ of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3.00% compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75.00% of such salary. Employees with at least 10 years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e. ½% for each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 firefighter shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the firefighter retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Non-compounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3.00% or ½ of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the proceeding calendar year.

CONTRIBUTIONS

The contribution requirement of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the State legislature. Firefighter plan members are required to contribute 9.455%. Police plan members are required to contribute 9.91%. These contribution rates may vary if members transfer service credit from a previous employer. If an employee, fire or police, leave covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City of Mattoon is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

23 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS (Continued)

CONTRIBUTIONS (Continued)

However, effective January 1, 2011, ILCS requires the City to contribute a minimum amount annually calculated using the projected unit credit actuarial costs method that will result in the funding of 90% of the past service costs of each pension fund by the end of the municipal fiscal year 2040 as required by ILCS. For the year ended April 30, 2016, the City's contribution was 56.5% of covered Police payroll and 64.5% of covered Firefighter payroll.

INVESTMENTS

The deposits and investments of each Fund are held separately from those of the City and are under the control of each Fund's Board of Trustees.

Investment Policy - Each pension plan's policy is established and may be amended by the applicable Board. It is the policy of each Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio. Neither pension fund has a specific asset allocation guideline. Investments must be in accordance with Illinois Compiled Statutes Chapter 40, Act 5/1-113. For ILCS limitations, see Note 3. The following are authorized:

Firefighters' Pension Fund - The funds are invested in those investments selected by the fund's investment managers and can include contracts/agreements of life insurance companies, mutual funds, common and preferred stocks.

Police Pension Fund - The fund can invest in mutual funds, common/preferred stocks, government securities and agencies, corporate bonds, and life insurance policies.

The long-term expected rate of return on the Police and Firefighters' Pension Funds' investments was determined using an asset allocation study conducted by the Fund's investment management consultant in September, 2012 in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (net pension plan investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major assets class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Each Funds' investment policy does not include target allocations across asset classes. Best estimates of future real rates of return and arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of April 30, 2016 are listed in the table below.

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash Alternatives	0.50%
Short-term tax-exempt fixed income	0.20%
Intermediate tax-exempt fixed income	0.60%
Long-term tax-exempt fixed income	0.60%
REIT equity	5.30%
Large-cap growth	5.90%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

23 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS (Continued)

INVESTMENTS (Continued)

	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
Large-cap value	5.90%
Mid-cap growth	6.60%
Mid-cap value	6.40%
Small-cap growth	7.10%
Small-cap value	6.90%
Internationals equity	5.60%
Emerging market equity	7.30%

Rate of Return -- For the year ended April 30, 2016, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was (4.66)% and (5.13)% for the Police Pension Fund and Firefighters' Pension Fund, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of April 30, 2016 (May 1, 2016) using the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Police	Firefighter
Actuarial Valuation Date	April 30, 2016	April 30, 2016
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-age normal	Entry-age normal
Amortization	Straight-line	Straight-line
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Discount rate used for the total pension liability	5.21%	5.49%
Long Term Expected Rate of return on plan assets	6.75%	6.75%
High Quality 20 year tax-exempt G.O. Bond rate	3.32%	3.32%
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Salary increases	2.5% - 22.43%	3.5% - 13.69%
Cost of living adjustments	2.50%	2.50%
Mortality Rate Assumption	L&A 2016 IL Police Study	L&A 2016 IL Firefighter Study

All rates are assumed to be annual rates compounded on an annual basis. There have been no changes in assumptions from the prior year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

23 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS (Continued)

DISCOUNT RATE

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.21% for the Police Pension Fund and 5.49% for the Firefighters' Pension Fund in the current year. In the prior year, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75% for the Police Pension Fund and 5.42% for the Firefighters' Pension Fund. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Police Pension Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all project future benefit payments of current plan members through 2048. The Firefighters' Pension Fund fiduciary net position was projected to cover future benefit payments in full for the current employees through 2050. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected payments to determine the total pension liability for the Firefighters' Pension Fund.

Discount Rate Sensitivity -- The following is a sensitive analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension liability of each pension fund calculated using the discount rate of 6.75% as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.75)% or 1 percentage point higher (7.75)% than the current rate:

Employer Net Pension Liability	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	4.21%	Rate - 5.21%	6.21%
Police Pension Fund	\$ 44,173,678	\$ 35,767,580	\$ 29,024,267
Employer Net Pension Liability	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	4.49%	Rate - 5.49%	6.49%
Firefighters' Pension Fund	\$ 43,234,346	\$ 35,970,439	\$ 30,031,227

The sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the discount rate is based primarily on two factors:

- 1. The duration of the plan's expected benefit payments. Younger plans with benefit payments further in the future will be more sensitive to changes in the discount rate.
- 2. The funded percentage of the plan (ratio of the net position to the total pension liability). The higher the funded percentage, the higher the sensitivity to the discount rate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

23 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS (Continued)

PENSION LIABILITY

Changes in the Net Pension Liability:

es in the Net rension Liability.	Police Pension Fund		
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at April 30, 2015	\$ 38,731,300	\$ 17,145,860	\$ 21,585,440
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	819,041	-	819,041
Interest	1,966,213	-	1,966,213
Actuarial experience	726,953	-	726,953
Assumptions changes	11,558,737	-	11,558,737
Contributions - employer	-	1,403,051	(1,403,051)
Contributions - employee	-	253,098	(253,098)
Net investment income	-	(715,510)	715,510
Benefit payments, including refunds	(1,984,166)	(1,984,166)	-
Administrative expense		(51,834)	51,834
Net changes	13,086,778	(1,095,361)	14,182,139
Balances at April 30, 2016	\$ 51,818,078	\$ 16,050,499	\$ 35,767,579
	Total Pension Liability (a)	fighters' Pension For Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	und Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at April 30, 2015	\$ 45,838,011	\$ 16,043,276	\$ 29,794,735
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	672,938	_	672,938
Interest	2,455,405	-	2,455,405
Actuarial experience	741,876	-	741,876
Assumptions changes	3,111,763	-	3,111,763
Contributions - employer	-	1,367,692	(1,367,692)
Contributions - employee	-	202,743	(202,743)
Net investment income	-	(735,261)	735,261
Benefit payments, including refunds	(2,225,941)	(2,225,941)	-
Administrative expense	4 750 044	(28,896)	28,896
Net changes	4,756,041	(1,419,663)	6,175,704
rec changes	.,,,,,,,,,	(=/:=5/555)	3/2/3//3/

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

23 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS (Continued)

PENSION EXPENSE, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS

For the year ended April 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,763,470 for the Police Pension fund and \$2,049,813 for the Firefighters' Pension Fund. At April 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Police Pension Fund			und
	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	0	f Resources	of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	594,054	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		9,445,622		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
Earnings on pension plan investments		1,488,028		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		-		-
Total	\$	11,527,704	\$	-

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date may be recognized as a reduction to the NPL. However, as presented above, there were no contributions subsequent to the measurement date. Subsequent to the measurement date, the following amounts will be recognized in pension expense in the upcoming years:

Year ended April 30:				
2017	\$	2,618,022		
2018		2,618,022		
2019		2,618,022		
2020		2,618,018		
2021		1,055,620		
Thereafter				
	\$	11,527,704		
		Firefighters' P	ension Fu	nd
	Defer	red Outflows		
	of	Resources	of Reso	ources
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	584,030	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		2,449,685		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,436,066		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		-		-
Total	\$	4,469,781	\$	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

23 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS (Continued)

PENSION EXPENSE, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS (Continued)

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date may be recognized as a reduction to the NPL. However, there were no contributions subsequent to the measurement date. Subsequent to the measurement date, the following amounts will be recognized in pension expense in the upcoming years:

Year ended April 30:		
2017	\$	1,178,941
2018		1,178,941
2019		1,178,941
2020		932,958
2021		-
Thereafter		-
	\$	4,469,781

24 POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

The City provides post-employment healthcare benefits to former employees and retirees.

Former employees, who are not retirees, are provided COBRA healthcare benefits mandated by the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act. Former employees, who are qualified under the Act, may apply for coverage by the City's self-insured health plan. The cost is 100% funded on a monthly pay-as-you-go basis by the former employee based upon actual cost of the health plan for either "single" or "family" coverage.

Illinois statutes mandate that a municipality must offer its retirees a health insurance plan equivalent to that offered to active employees. Illinois statutes enable a municipality to make the health plan benefits supplemental to Medicare and to offer these supplemental benefits at a different retiree contribution rate than regular benefits provided by the group plan. State statutes do not presently require the municipality to pay any portion of the cost of the plan for retired employees. Because the actuarial cost of health benefits for retirees exceeds the average amount paid by retirees, the additional cost is paid by the City and is the basis for the OPEB obligation accounted for under GASB 45. Separate financial statements are not issued for the post-employment healthcare benefits program.

FUNDING POLICY

For fiscal year 2016, the City contributed \$1,065,670 for retiree healthcare benefits. For retirees hired prior to May 1, 2007, the City required retirees with monthly pensions less than \$1,625 per month to contribute \$85 per month for those with no dependents or \$320 per month for those with dependents, 20% of the total cost of their healthcare. Retirees with a monthly pension greater than \$1,625 per month were required to contribute \$149 per month for those with no dependents or \$560 per month for those with dependents, 35% of the total cost of their healthcare. Retirees hired after April 30, 2007, pay 100% of the blended average monthly cost. The municipality bears all cost up to the stop loss insurance and above the amount contributed by retirees on a pay-as-you-go basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

24 POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS (Continued)

ANNUAL OPEB COST AND NET OPEB OBLIGATION

The City's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC). The ARC represents the normal cost each year and an amount to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability over thirty years. The following table shows the calculation of the net OPEB obligation. The Net OPEB Obligation is the amount entered as of year end as the net liability for post-employment benefits.

Item	Total		
Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB Obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$ 2,383,053 356,686 (465,657)		
Annual OPEB cost (expense) Contributions made	2,274,082 (1,065,670)		
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	1,208,412 7,926,361		
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 9,134,773		

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligations were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual OPEB Cost		Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
2016	\$	2,274,082	46.90%	\$ 9,134,773
2015		2,390,076	50.50%	7,926,361
2014		2,406,759	46.00%	6,743,770

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

24 POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS (Continued)

FUNDED STATUS AND FUNDING PROGRESS

As of April 30, 2016, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$33,305,091. The covered payroll was approximately \$7,514,798, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 443.2%. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents information about the actuarial value of plan assets and the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan understood by the employer and plan members) and include the benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members.

Actuarial Methods	Post-Employment Health Care Benefits
Funding Method	Entry Age Normal Cost
Amortization Method	Level dollar (30 years) - Closed amortization period
Interest Rate	4.50%
Salary Progression	3.50%
Claim Costs: Single Coverage Family Coverage	\$575 \$1,539
Employee Contributions: Hired prior to May 1, 2007 Pension amount less than \$1,625/month Pension amount more than \$1,625/month Hired after April 30, 2007	20% of cost 35% of cost 100% of cost
Mortality Rate	RP2000 Blue Collar table projected to 2016 for Police RP2000 table projected to 2016 for all others
Retirement, Withdrawal, and Disability Rates	Age-related tables with varying rates
Participation	90% of employees hired prior to May 1, 2007, that are currently enrolled

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

24 POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS (Continued)

ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS (Continued)

Actuarial Methods	Post-Employment Health Care	Post-Employment Health Care Benefits		
	50% of employees hired after April 30, are currently enrolled	2007, that		
Spouse Information	50% employees assumed to have participating spouses Females assumed to be 3 years younger than male			
Health Care Cost Inflation Rates	Period	Rate		
	2016	8%		
	2017	7.5%		
	2018	7%		
	2019 and after	4.5% - 6.5%		

25 SELF-INSURANCE

The City has offered its employees and retirees a self-insured group health insurance plan managed by a third party administrator (TPA) since January 1, 1983. The health plan offers medical, dental and prescription drug benefits. A third party administrator is responsible for the approval and processing of claims and for the payment of claims from the City's Health Insurance Internal Service Fund. The City is responsible for the payment of monthly administration fees and stop loss insurance premiums to the plan administrators. The plan administrators are Coventry Health Care for medical benefits and Delta Dental for dental benefits.

The municipality requires active employee and retiree contributions to the health plan. Note 24 provides the funding information for retirees. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2016, the contribution for active employees was \$85 per month for those with no dependents or \$320 per month for those with dependents, approximately 20% of total costs. The municipality bears all cost above the amount contributed by employees on a pay-as-you-go basis.

In addition to the monthly contributions, participants are required to pay an annual deductible and co-payments on claims incurred after the annual deductible. The co-payments required of participants are lower for PPO providers. The plan underwrites 100% of the cost of claims after the participant has made co-payments in excess of the deductible each calendar year up to the stop loss insurance threshold. The City's plan has a \$600 calendar year family deductible and a \$300 calendar year single deductible for PPO providers. There is a \$2,000 calendar year out of pocket family maximum and \$1,000 calendar year out of pocket single maximum for PPO providers, after contract year deductible. For out-of-network providers, the City's plan has a \$1,000 calendar year family deductible and a \$500 calendar year single deductible. There is a \$4,000 calendar year out of pocket family maximum and \$2,000 calendar year out of pocket single maximum for out-of-network providers, after contract year deductible. There are separate annual deductible, co-payment and yearly maximums for the dental plan. There are separate copayment amounts required for the prescription drug benefit.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

25 SELF-INSURANCE (Continued)

The specific stop loss insurance coverage presently attaches at costs in excess of \$150,000 per participant. The aggregate stop loss coverage attaches at costs in excess of about \$1 million per calendar year. The exact attachment point for the annual aggregate coverage varies each year and is determined by a formula and the number of enrolled participants.

At the end of the fiscal year, the City had 271 employees, former employees, and retirees participating in the group health plan. Of this number, 130 were active employees, and 141 were retirees. 81 of the participants had single coverage, and 190 had family coverage.

The health plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The City incurred health plan claims expenditures of \$3,246,340 in the fiscal year that ended April 30, 2016, which includes \$169,129 of claims incurred, but not paid. An actuarial estimate of claims incurred, but not reported, was not determined.

26 INSURANCE

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; natural disasters; errors and omissions; and injuries to employees for which the City carries commercial insurance. There have been no decreases of insurance coverage in the last three years. The following schedule presents information pertaining to lines of insurance coverage that were in effect at the end of the fiscal year.

Exposure	Insurer	Limits of Coverage	Expiration
Workers Compensation	IPRF ¹	\$3 million each accident \$3 million each employee \$3 million policy limit	1/1/2017
Property & Casualty	Federal ²	Replacement Cost \$73,173,481 Blanket Building and Contents Limit \$1,000,000 Extra Expense and Business Income Property- \$5,000 deductible Extra Expense and Business Income \$5,000 deductible	12/1/2016
General Liability ³	Lloyd's London	\$1 million each occurrence \$3 million aggregate	12/1/2016
Flood	American ⁴	\$445,500 Blower Building Structure \$378,000 Blower Building Contents \$145,800 Pump Station Building \$232,500 Pump Station Contents \$25,000 deductible	12/1/2016
Volunteers	Federal ²	\$100,000 each occurrence	12/1/2016

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

26 INSURANCE (Continued)

Fiduciary Liability	Federal ²	\$1 million aggregate	12/1/2016
Public Officials Liability	Lloyd's London	\$1 million each occurrence \$3 million aggregate \$5,000 deductible	12/1/2016
Employment Practices Liability	Lloyd's London	\$1 million each occurrence \$3 million aggregate \$10,000 per claim - back wages \$5,000 deductible for each wrongfu \$5,000 deductible for back wages	12/1/2016 I act
Automobile Physical Damage	Lloyd's London	Actual cash value \$1,000 deductible	12/1/2016
Automobile Liability	Lloyd's London	\$1 million	12/1/2016
Law Enforcement Liability	Lloyd's London	\$1 million each occurrence \$3 million aggregate \$5,000 deductible	12/1/2016
Crime	Hanover ⁵	Limit - \$500,000	12/1/2016
Inland Marine	Federal ²	\$2,344,773 \$2,500 deductible	12/1/2016
Umbrella Liability ⁶	Lloyd's London	\$10 million each occurrence \$10 million aggregate	12/1/2016

¹ Illinois Public Risk Fund.

² Federal Insurance Company.

³ The general liability coverage is subject to exclusions and sub-limits for exposures related to Products/Completed Operations, Personal & Advertising Injury, Damage to Premises Rented to You, and Employee Benefits. See the policy on file with the City for exclusion and sub-limit information.

⁴ American Banker's Insurance Company of Florida.

⁵ Hanover Insurance Company.

⁶ The umbrella policy is excess liability coverage for the following policies: Commercial General Liability, Commercial Automobile Liability, Public Officials Liability, Law Enforcement, and Employment Practices Liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

27 CONTINGENCIES

At April 30, 2016, the City was a defendant in a pending lawsuit. The City's legal counsel is unable to express an opinion as to the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome on the lawsuit. However, the City believes it has numerous meritorious defenses and is vigorously defending this litigation.

28 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The City of Mattoon services a \$2,000,000 loan that was issued December 16, 2010, to fund early retirement incentives and energy efficient improvements throughout the City's buildings. The loan is serviced by the primary government. The Mattoon Public Library, a discretely presented component unit, had an employee retire using the early retirement incentive and received various energy efficient improvements that were paid for from the proceeds of the loan. Therefore, the Library reports an amount due to the General Fund for the cost of these items, minus grants received to help cover the cost. The Library makes monthly payments to the General Fund to reimburse the amount owed plus the interest on the note proceeds used for the Library. At April 30, 2016, the balance due to the General Fund from the Library for this transaction was \$60,464.

29 PENSION FUNDS - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

As described in Note 1, the City implemented GASB No. 68 and GASB No. 71 during the year ended April 30, 2016. As a result, the City recorded adjustments to net position as follows:

	Governmental Activities	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Total
Net position at April 30, 2015, as previously reported	\$ 21,244,638	\$ 29,090,376	\$	50,335,014
Changes from implementation of new pension standards:				
Net pension obligation - Police Pension	648,881	-		648,881
Net pension obligation - Firefighters' Pension	674,229	-		674,229
Net pension liability - IMRF	(243,529)	(256,531)		(500,060)
Deferred outflows - IMRF	578,959	609,869		1,188,828
Deferred inflows - IMRF	(36,675)	(38,634)		(75,309)
Net pension liability - Police Pension	(21,585,440)	-		(21,585,440)
Deferred outflows - Police Pension	109,035	-		109,035
Net pension liability - Firefighters' Pension	(29,794,328)	-		(29,794,328)
Deferred outflows - Firefighters' Pension	343,483			343,483
Net position at April 30, 2015, as restated	\$ (28,060,747)	\$ 29,405,080	\$	1,344,333

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Other than Management's Discussion and Analysis)

ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

December 31, 2015

Total	Pension	Liab	oility:
· Oca.			,

Service Cost	\$ 415,804
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	2,459,375
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	
of the Total Pension Liability	163,267
Changes of Assumptions	82,262
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions	 (1,888,639)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	1,232,069
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	 33,528,083
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	 34,760,152
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:	
Contributions - Employer	463,997
Contributions - Employees	176,649
Net Investment Income	162,020
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(1,888,639)
Other (Net Transfer)	(116,329)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(1,202,302)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	33,028,023
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	 31,825,721
Net Pension Liability - Ending (A) - (B)	\$ 2,934,431
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	91.56%
Covered Valuation Payroll	3,925,524
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Valuation Payroll	74.75%

Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

April 30, 2016

Actual Contribution

Year Ended December 31	Actuarially Determined Contribution			Actual ntribution	Defic	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Valuation Payroll	as a Percentage of Covered Valuation Payroll
2015	\$	463,997	\$	463,997	\$	-	\$	3,925,524	11.82%
Notes to Requir	ed S	Supplement	tary Info	rmation:					
Actuarial Valuat	tion I	Date	Decem	ber 31, 2015					
Actuarial Cost N	1eth	od	Aggreg	ate Entry Age	Normal				
Amortization Me	etho	d	Level P	ercentage of	Payroll, C	Closed			
Remaining Amo	ort. P	eriod	Non-Ta	xing bodies:	10-year r	olling peri	od		
			_	•				groups): 28- -year rolling pe	year closed period until riod).
				etirement Inder er upon adop			ies: a	a period up to	10 years selected by the
								Public Act 94-7 e financed over	712 were financed over 23 · 32 years).
Asset Valuation	Met	hod	5-Year	smoothed ma	arket; 20°	% corrido	-		
Wage growth			4.00%						
Price Inflation			3.0% -	approximate	; No expli	cit price i	nflatio	on assumption	is used in this valuation.
Salary Increase	S		4.40%	to 16.00% in	cluding ir	nflation			
Investment Rat	e of	Return	7.50%						
Retirement Age	!			dated for the				•	ppe of eligibility condition. rience study of the period
Mortality			2020 u	sing projection, 92% of the	on scale <i>A</i> e table ra	AA. For mates were	nen, used	120% of the ta	mortality improvements to able rates were used. For lives, the mortality rates

There were no benefit changes during the year.

2015 contribution rate was based on valuation assumptions used in the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation.

are the rates applicable to non-disabled lives set forward 10 years.

POLICE PENSION FUND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

April 30, 2016

	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability Service Cost Interest Actuarial experience Assumption changes Benefit Payments and Refunds	\$ 819,041 1,966,213 726,953 11,558,737 (1,984,166)	\$ 570,535 2,473,846 - - (1,925,291)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	13,086,778	1,119,090
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	38,731,300	37,612,210
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	\$ 51,818,078	\$ 38,731,300
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - Employer Contributions - Member Net Investment Income Benefit Payments and Refunds Administrative Expense	\$ 1,403,051 253,098 (715,510) (1,984,166) (51,834)	\$ 1,422,547 227,982 956,536 (1,925,291) (56,136)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(1,095,361)	625,638
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	17,145,860	16,520,222
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	\$ 16,050,499	\$ 17,145,860
Employer Net Pension Liability - Ending (A) - (B)	\$ 35,767,579	\$ 21,585,440
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	30.97%	44.27%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 2,481,680	\$ 2,339,454
Employer Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	1441.26%	922.67%
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	-4.66%	6.53%

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional year's information will be displayed as it becomes available.

FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

April 30, 2016

	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability Service Cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit Payments and Refunds	\$ 672,938 2,455,405 741,876 3,111,763 (2,225,941)	\$ 714,453 2,375,442 - - (2,158,444)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	4,756,041	931,451
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	45,838,011	44,906,560
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	\$ 50,594,052	\$ 45,838,011
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - Employer Contributions - Member Net Investment Income Benefit Payments and Refunds Administrative Expense	\$ 1,367,692 202,743 (735,261) (2,225,941) (28,896)	\$ 1,356,510 202,721 623,230 (2,158,444) (16,823)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(1,419,663)	7,194
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	16,043,276	16,036,082
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	\$ 14,623,613	\$ 16,043,276
Employer Net Pension Liability - Ending (A) - (B)	\$ 35,970,439	\$ 29,794,735
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	28.90%	35.00%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 2,119,559	\$ 2,053,279
Employer Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	1697.07%	1451.08%
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	-5.13%	4.62%

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional year's information will be displayed as it becomes available.

SCHEDULES OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

April 30, 2016

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - POLICE PENSION

	2016	 2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 1,641,766 1,403,051	\$ 1,841,839 1,422,547
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 238,715	\$ 419,292
Covered-Employee Payroll Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 2,481,680 56.54%	\$ 2,339,454 60.81%

NOTE: The 2015 actuarially determined contribution (ADC) shown is from the May 1, 2013 actuary's report completed by Lauterbach and Amen, LLP for the tax levy recommendation for the December, 2013 tax levy. The 2016 ADC is from May 1, 2014 actuary's report completed by Lauterbach and Amen, LLP for the tax levy recommendation for the December, 2014 tax levy.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION

Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 1,781,786 1,367,692	\$ 1,488,746 1,356,510
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 414,094	\$ 132,236
Covered-Employee Payroll Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 2,119,559 64.53%	\$ 2,053,279 66.07%

NOTE: The 2015 actuarially determined contribution (ADC) shown is from the May 1, 2013 actuary's report completed by Tepfer Consulting Group, Ltd. for the tax levy recommendation for the December, 2013 tax levy. The 2016 ADC is from May 1, 2014 actuary's report completed by Lauterbach and Amen, LLP for the tax levy recommendation for the December, 2014 tax levy.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

	Police	Firefighter
Actuarial Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method	May 1, 2014 Entry-age normal	May 1, 2014 Entry-age normal
Amortization Method	Level dollar amount - closed amortization period	Level dollar amount - closed amortization period
Remaining Amortization Period	30 Years	26 Years
Investment Rate of Return, Net of Investment Plan Expenses, Including Inflation	6.75%	6.75%
Inflation Rate	3.00%	3.00%
Salary Increases	4.5% - 6.5%	4.0% - 6.5%
Asset Valuation Method	5 Year Smoothed Market Value	5 Year Smoothed Market Value
Mortality Rate Assumption	L&A 2012 IL Police Study	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table

POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFIT PROGRAM SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS (UNAUDITED)

April 30, 2016

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)		Lia	uarial Accrued ability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
04/30/16	\$	-	\$	33,305,091	\$33,305,091	0.00%	\$ 7,514,798	443.19%
04/30/15		-		34,781,920	34,781,920	0.00%	7,578,608	458.95%
04/30/14		-		33,928,066	33,928,066	0.00%	7,322,327	463.35%
04/30/13		-		30,084,328	30,084,328	0.00%	7,387,512	407.23%
04/30/12		-		29,342,006	29,342,006	0.00%	7,143,490	410.75%
04/30/11		-		23,103,333	23,103,333	0.00%	6,789,837	340.26%

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive	
		Original	,	Final	Amounts		egative)
Revenues: Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Investment income Contributions & miscellaneous revenues	\$	6,711,968 201,300 9,313,209 1,340,039 117,700 3,900	\$	6,711,968 201,300 9,313,209 1,340,039 117,700 3,900	\$ 6,664,017 216,461 9,722,559 1,275,426 147,986 8,931 282,541	\$	(47,951) 15,161 409,350 (64,613) 30,286 5,031 (45,669)
Total revenues		18,016,326		18,016,326	 18,317,921		301,595
Expenditures: Current General government Public safety Public works Health and welfare Culture and recreation Economic development Capital outlay Debt service Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures Excess of revenues		2,396,438 10,646,939 1,732,023 202,186 1,431,773 50,000 332,858 380,582 27,017 17,199,816		2,396,438 10,646,939 1,732,023 202,186 1,431,773 50,000 332,858 380,582 27,017 17,199,816	 1,899,108 10,815,828 1,673,169 199,461 1,431,521 50,375 206,778 317,551 47,875		497,330 (168,889) 58,854 2,725 252 (375) 126,080 63,031 (20,858) 558,150
over expenditures Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out Proceeds from sale of assets Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balance		45,000 (750,000) - (705,000) 111,510		45,000 (750,000) - (705,000) 111,510	 - (723,920) 2,351 (721,569) 954,686		(45,000) 26,080 2,351 (16,569) 843,176
_	P	111,310	<u> </u>	111,310		Ą	UTJ,17U
Fund balance -beginning					 5,096,383		
Fund balance - ending					\$ 6,051,069		

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

1 ADJUSTMENT FOR DIFFERENCES IN PERSPECTIVE

Generally accepted accounting principles require the presentation of a budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund. However, the City's General Fund is comprised of two funds, the General Fund and Festival Management Fund, each with its own legally adopted budget. The following reconciling schedule shows the budget and actual amounts for each account and the totals as shown on the General Fund's Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual.

2 BUDGET OVERAGES

The following funds had an excess of actual expenditures over budget for the fiscal year:

I-57 East TIF District Fund	\$ 62
South Route 45 TIF District Fund	122
Broadway East TIF District Fund	286

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

1 ADJUSTMENTS FOR DIFFERENCES IN PERSPECTIVE (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

General Fund Festival Management Fund Totals Variance with Variance with Variance with Final Budget-Final Budget-Final Budget-Positive **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Positive **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Positive **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Original Final **Amounts** (Negative) Original Final Amounts (Negative) Original Final Amounts (Negative) Revenues: \$6,711,968 \$6,711,968 \$6,664,017 \$ (47,951) \$ \$6,711,968 \$6,711,968 \$6,664,017 (47.951)Taxes \$ Licenses and permits 201,300 201,300 216,461 15,161 201,300 201,300 216,461 15,161 9,722,559 409,350 9,722,559 Intergovernmental revenues 9,313,209 9,313,209 9,313,209 9,313,209 409,350 Charges for services 1,340,039 1,340,039 1,275,426 (64,613)1,340,039 1,340,039 1,275,426 (64,613)147,986 30,286 147,986 30,286 Fines and forfeitures 117,700 117,700 117,700 117,700 Investment income 3,900 3,900 8,931 5,031 3,900 3,900 8,931 5,031 Contributions & miscellaneous revenues 114,500 114,500 137,646 23,146 213,710 213,710 144,895 (68,815)328,210 328,210 282,541 (45,669)Total revenues 17.802.616 17,802,616 18,173,026 370.410 213,710 213,710 144,895 (68.815)18.016.326 18,016,326 18,317,921 301,595 Expenditures: Current General government 2,396,438 2,396,438 1.899,108 497,330 2,396,438 2,396,438 1,899,108 497,330 Public safety 10,646,939 10,646,939 10,815,828 (168,889)10,646,939 10,646,939 10.815.828 (168,889)1.732.023 1.732.023 1,732,023 58,854 Public works 1,673,169 58,854 1.732.023 1,673,169 Health and welfare 202,186 202,186 199,461 2,725 202,186 202,186 199,461 2,725 184,400 1,431,521 Culture and recreation 1,247,373 1,247,373 1,246,472 901 184,400 185,049 (649)1,431,773 1,431,773 252 Economic development 50,000 50,000 50,375 (375)50,000 50,000 50,375 (375)332,858 206,778 332,858 206,778 Capital outlay 332,858 126,080 332,858 126,080 Debt service Principal 380,582 380,582 317,551 63,031 380,582 380,582 317,551 63,031 Interest and fiscal charges 27.017 27,017 47,875 (20,858)27,017 27,017 47,875 (20,858)Total expenditures 17,015,416 16,456,617 184,400 185,049 (649)17,199,816 17,199,816 16,641,666 17,015,416 558,799 184,400 558,150 Excess of revenues over expenditures 787,200 787,200 1,716,409 929,209 29,310 29,310 (40,154)(69,464)816,510 816,510 1,676,255 859,745 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 45,000 45,000 (45,000)45,000 45,000 (45,000)26,080 Transfers out (750,000)(750,000)(723.920)(750,000)(750,000)(723,920)26,080 Proceeds from sale of assets 2,351 2,351 2,351 2,351 Total other financing sources (uses): (750,000)(750,000)(721,569)28,431 45,000 45,000 (45,000)(705,000)(705,000)(721,569)(16,569)Net change in fund balance \$ 37,200 \$ 37,200 994,840 957,640 (40,154) \$ (114,464) \$ 111,510 \$ 111,510 954,686 \$ \$74,310 \$74,310 \$ 843,176 4,956,659 5,096,383 Fund balance -beginning 139,724 Fund balance - ending \$5,951,499 \$ 99,570 \$6,051,069

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

	Budgeted	Δmc	nunts	Actual		-	riance with nal Budget- Positive
	 Original	AIIIC	Final		Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental revenues Investment income Contributions & miscellaneous	\$ 469,000 1,000	\$	469,000 1,000	\$	156,829 4,350	\$	(312,171) 3,350
revenues	51,500		51,500		52,029		529
Total revenues	521,500		521,500		213,208		(308,292)
Expenditures: Current							
General government Public safety	5,000 -		5,000 -		5,265 -		(265)
Public works Culture and recreation	-		-		5,151		(5,151)
Capital outlay Debt service	4,063,500		4,063,500		920,953		3,142,547
Principal Interest and fiscal charges	 260,000 191,923		260,000 191,923		260,000 98,863		93,060
Total expenditures	4,520,423		4,520,423		1,290,232		3,230,191
(Deficiency) of revenues under expenditures	(3,998,923)		(3,998,923)		(1,077,024)		2,921,899
Other financing sources: Transfers in	 750,000		750,000		723,920		(26,080)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (3,248,923)	\$	(3,248,923)		(353,104)	\$	2,895,819
Fund balance -beginning	 				3,555,694		
Fund balance - ending				\$	3,202,590		

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Acceto	lotor Fuel Tax Fund	 l and Motel ax Fund	Home Rehabilitation Grant Fund	
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Due from other funds Prepaid items Long-term receivables	\$ 1,199,145 109,518 - - -	\$ 90,947 32,954 20 22,000	\$	37 - - - -
Total assets	\$ 1,308,663	\$ 145,921	\$	37
Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll liabilities payable Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$ 31,239	\$ 4,922 3,462 935	\$	- - -
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue	31,239 25,352	9,319		
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Restricted	- 1,252,072	 22,000 114,602		- 37
Total fund balance	 1,252,072	136,602		37
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$ 1,308,663	\$ 145,921	\$	37

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Continued) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Revolving Loan Fund		dtown TIF strict Fund	I-57 East TIF District Fund		
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Due from other funds Prepaid items Long-term receivables	\$	876,015 51,748 - - 164,487	\$ 434,789 458,750 - -	\$	155,394 37,659 - -	
Total assets	<u> </u>	1,092,250	\$ 893,539	\$	193,053	
Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll liabilities payable Due to other funds	\$	180 - -	\$ 88,772 - -	\$	- - -	
Total liabilities		180	88,772			
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue			356,609		37,659	
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Restricted		164,487 927,583	- 448,158		- 155,394	
Total fund balance		1,092,070	448,158		155,394	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$	1,092,250	\$ 893,539	\$	193,053	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Continued) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	South Rt 45 TIF District Fund		Rt 45	South Business rict Fund	Broadway East TIF District Fund		
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Due from other funds Prepaid items Long-term receivables	\$	2,814 30,694 - - -	\$	42,312 6,430 - - -	\$	128,010 49,175 - - -	
Total assets	\$	33,508	\$	48,742	\$	177,185	
Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll liabilities payable Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue		30,694		1,882		49,175	
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Restricted		- 2,814		- 46,860		- 128,010	
Total fund balance		2,814		46,860		128,010	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$	33,508	\$	48,742	\$	177,185	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Continued) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Broadway East Business District Fund		I-57 East Business District Fund		Eliminations		 Totals
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Due from other funds Prepaid items Long-term receivables	\$	325,710 66,265 - - -	\$	11,465 875 - - -	\$	- - - -	\$ 3,266,638 844,068 20 22,000 164,487
Total assets	\$	391,975	\$	12,340	\$	_	\$ 4,297,213
Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll liabilities payable Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$	6,230 - - - 6,230	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$ 131,343 3,462 935 135,740
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue		21,386		321			523,078
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Restricted		- 364,359		- 12,019		- -	186,487 3,451,908
Total fund balance		364,359		12,019			 3,638,395
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$	391,975	\$	12,340	\$		\$ 4,297,213

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Davida		lotor Fuel Tax Fund		and Motel ax Fund	Home Rehabilitation Grant Fund		
Revenues:	+		.	241 200	.		
Taxes	\$	- 476,035	\$	341,389	\$	-	
Intergovernmental revenues Investment income		1,348		-		-	
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues		1,340		160		-	
Contributions and miscenarieous revenues				100			
Total revenues		477,383		341,549			
Expenditures:							
Current							
Public works		441,270		_		_	
Culture and recreation		-		266,857		_	
Economic development		_		-		_	
Capital outlay		231,119		_		_	
Debt service							
Principal		_		_		_	
Interest and fiscal charges						_	
Total expenditures		672,389		266,857			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(195,006)		74,692			
Other financing sources (uses): Transfer in Transfer out		- -		- -		- -	
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u>-</u>					
Net change in fund balances		(195,006)		74,692		-	
Fund balance - beginning		1,447,078		61,910		37	
Fund balance - ending	\$	1,252,072	\$	136,602	\$	37	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

	Revolving Loan Fund			Itown TIF trict Fund	I-57 East TIF District Fund		
Revenues:	•		,				
Taxes	\$	-	\$	298,246	\$	36,636	
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-		-	
Investment income		6,575		341		3	
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues			•	148,744			
Total revenues		6,575		447,331		36,639	
Expenditures:							
Current							
Public works		-		-		-	
Culture and recreation		-		-		-	
Economic development		1,890		211,643		7,785	
Capital outlay		-		184,980		-	
Debt service							
Principal		-		-		-	
Interest and fiscal charges							
Total expenditures		1,890		396,623		7,785	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		4,685		50,708		28,854	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfer in		-		-		-	
Transfer out							
Total other financing sources (uses)							
Net change in fund balances		4,685		50,708		28,854	
Fund balance - beginning		1,087,385		397,450		126,540	
Fund balance - ending	\$	1,092,070	\$	448,158	\$	155,394	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

	Rt 4	outh 45 TIF ict Fund	Rt 45	South Business rict Fund	Broadway East TIF District Fund		
Revenues:	+	20,622	+	22.005	.	26 707	
Taxes Intergovernmental revenues	\$	28,623	\$	33,995	\$	36,787	
Investment income		2		25		3	
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues	,	<u> </u>	-	-			
Total revenues		28,625		34,020		36,790	
Expenditures:							
Current							
Public works		-		-		-	
Culture and recreation		-		-		- 11 005	
Economic development Capital outlay		11,779		_		11,865	
Debt service							
Principal		27,510		-		-	
Interest and fiscal charges		33,107					
Total expenditures		72,396				11,865	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(43,771)		34,020		24,925	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfer in		45,000					
Transfer out		45,000		(45,000)		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		45,000		(45,000)		_	
Net change in fund balances		1,229		(10,980)		24,925	
Fund balance - beginning		1,585		57,840		103,085	
Fund balance - ending	\$	2,814	\$	46,860	\$	128,010	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

	Broadway East Business			I-57 East Business				
		trict Fund	D	istrict Fund	Elim	inations		Totals
Revenues: Taxes	\$	287,522	\$	2,448	\$	_	\$	1,065,646
Intergovernmental revenues	Þ	207,322	Þ	2,440	Þ	-	Þ	476,035
Investment income		477		-		-		8,774
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues				-				148,904
Total revenues		287,999		2,448				1,699,359
Expenditures:								
Current								
Public works		-		-		-		441,270
Culture and recreation Economic development		- 35,365		_		-		266,857 280,327
Capital outlay		33,303 -		_		_		416,099
Debt service								110,055
Principal		160,000		-		-		187,510
Interest and fiscal charges		88,759						121,866
Total expenditures		284,124						1,713,929
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		3,875		2,448		-		(14,570)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfer in		_		_		(45,000)		_
Transfer out		_		-		45,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)								
Net change in fund balances		3,875		2,448		-		(14,570)
Fund balance - beginning		360,484		9,571			•	3,652,965
Fund balance - ending	\$	364,359	\$	12,019	\$	_	\$	3,638,395

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

Variance with

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Final Budget- Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 548,000	\$ 548,000	\$ 476,035	\$ (71,965)		
Investment income	300	300	1,348	1,048		
				•		
Total revenues	548,300	548,300	477,383	(70,917)		
	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Expenditures:						
Current						
Public works	562,600	562,600	441,270	121,330		
Capital outlay	364,000	364,000	231,119	132,881		
,						
Total expenditures	926,600	926,600	672,389	254,211		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	(378,300)	(378,300)	(195,006)	183,294		
over experience	(37 3/333)	(373/333)	(155/666)	100/20 !		
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in (out)	_	_	_	_		
Transiers in (out)						
Net change in fund balance	\$ (378,300)	\$ (378,300)	(195,006)	\$ 183,294		
Net change in rand balance	Ψ (370,300)	ψ (570,500)	(155,000)	Ψ 103,231		
Fund balance - beginning			1,447,078			
i unu palance - peginining			1,447,070			
Fund halance anding			¢ 1 252 072			
Fund balance - ending			\$ 1,252,072			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND HOTEL AND MOTEL TAX FUND

		Amounts		Variance with Final Budget- Positive	
	Original Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 328,138	\$ 328,138	\$ 341,389	\$ 13,251	
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues			160	160	
Total revenues	328,138	328,138	341,549	13,411	
Expenditures: Current					
Culture and recreation	281,452	281,452	266,857	14,595	
Capital outlay			-	- 1,	
·					
Total expenditures	281,452	281,452	266,857	14,595	
Excess of revenues					
over expenditures	46,686	46,686	74,692	28,006	
Other financing (uses):					
Transfers out	(45,000)	(45,000)		45,000	
			74.600		
Net change in fund balance	\$ 1,686	\$ 1,686	74,692	\$ 73,006	
			64.646		
Fund balance - beginning			61,910		
Fund halance anding			¢ 126.602		
Fund balance - ending			\$ 136,602		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND HOME REHABILITATION GRANT FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

Variance with

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual		Final Budget- Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Expenditures: Current Economic development								
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$			-	\$	
Fund balance - beginning						37		
Fund balance - ending					\$	37		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND REVOLVING LOAN FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts						al Budget- Positive
	Original	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:							
Investment income	\$ 1,900	\$	1,900	\$	6,575	\$	4,675
Contributions and miscellaneous revenue	 57,444		57,444				(57,444)
Total revenues	59,344		59,344		6,575		(52,769)
Expenditures: Current							
Economic development	 59,344		59,344		1,890		57,454
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	\$			4,685	\$	4,685
Fund balance - beginning				1,	087,385		
Fund balance - ending				\$ 1,	092,070		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND MIDTOWN TIF DISTRICT FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

	Budgeted	Amounts		Final Budget- Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000	\$ 298,246	\$ (1,754)		
Investment income	250	250	341	91		
Contributions and miscellaneous revenue	694,000	694,000	148,744	(545,256)		
Total revenues	994,250	994,250	447,331	(546,919)		
Expenditures:						
Current						
Economic development	1,043,200	1,043,200	211,643	831,557		
Capital outlay			184,980	(184,980)		
Total expenditures	1,043,200	1,043,200	396,623	646,577		
Net change in fund balance	\$ (48,950)	\$ (48,950)	50,708	\$ 99,658		
Fund balance - beginning			397,450			
Fund balance - ending			\$ 448,158			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND I-57 EAST TIF DISTRICT FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual	P	Final Budget- Positive	
Revenues:		Jilgiriai		ГПа	Actual		(146	(Negative)	
Taxes Investment income	\$	36,115 6	\$	36,115 6	\$	36,636 3	\$	521 (3)	
Total revenue		36,121		36,121		36,639		518	
Expenditures: Current									
Economic development		7,723		7,723		7,785		(62)	
Net change in fund balance	\$	28,398	\$	28,398		28,854	\$	456	
Fund balance - beginning						126,540			
Fund balance - ending					\$	155,394			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SOUTH RT 45 TIF DISTRICT FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

		Budgeted	d Amou	ınts			Final Budget- Positive	
		Original	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	28,013	\$	28,013	\$	28,623	\$	610
Investment income		5		5		2		(3)
Total revenues		28,018		28,018		28,625		607
Expenditures:								
Current								
Economic development		11,657		11,657		11,779		(122)
Debt service								
Principal		27,516		27,516		27,510		6
Interest and fiscal charges		33,101	-	33,101		33,107	1	(6)
Total expenditures		72,274		72,274		72,396		(122)
(Deficiency) of revenues								
under expenditures		(44,256)		(44,256)		(43,771)		485
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in		45,000		45,000		45,000		_
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	744	\$	744		1,229	\$	485
Fund balance - beginning						1,585		
Fund balance - ending					\$	2,814		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SOUTH RT 45 BUSINESS DISTRICT FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts					Antoni	Final Budget- Positive		
D		Original	Final		Actual		(1)	(Negative)	
Revenues:	+	46,000	.	46,000	4	22.005	4	(12.005)	
Taxes	\$	46,000	\$	46,000	\$	33,995	\$	(12,005)	
Investment income		20		20		25		5	
Total revenues		46,020		46,020		34,020		(12,000)	
Other financing (uses):									
Transfers out		(45,000)		(45,000)		(45,000)		_	
		(10/000)		(10/000)		(10/000)			
Net change in fund balance	\$	1,020	\$	1,020		(10,980)	\$	(12,000)	
Fund balance - beginning						57,840			
Fund balance - ending					\$	46,860			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BROADWAY EAST TIF DISTRICT FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts							l Budget- ositive
		Original	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:	4	25 602	.	25 602	.	26 707	.	1 105
Taxes Investment income	\$ ——	35,682 6	\$ 	35,682 6	\$ ——	36,787 3	\$ 	1,105 (3)
Total revenue		35,688		35,688		36,790		1,102
Expenditures: Current								
Economic development		11,579		11,579		11,865		(286)
Net change in fund balance	\$	24,109	\$	24,109		24,925	\$	816
Fund balance - beginning						103,085		
Fund balance - ending					\$	128,010		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BROADWAY EAST BUSINESS DISTRICT FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Final Budget- Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues: Taxes	\$ 256,185	\$ 256,185	\$ 287,522	\$ 31,337	
Investment income	150	150	477	327	
Total revenues	256,335	256,335	287,999	31,664	
Expenditures: Current					
Economic development Debt service	32,214	32,214	35,365	(3,151)	
Principal	160,000	160,000	160,000	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	176,716	176,716	88,759	87,957	
Total expenditures	368,930	368,930	284,124	84,806	
Net change in fund balance	\$ (112,595)	\$ (112,595)	3,875	\$ 116,470	
Fund balance - beginning			360,484		
Fund balance - ending			\$ 364,359		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND I-57 EAST BUSINESS DISTRICT FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget- Positive		
D.	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)		
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues	\$	2,100	\$	2,100	\$	2,448	\$	348	
Fund balance - beginning						9,571			
Fund balance - ending					\$	12,019			

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

April 30, 2016

	Health	Insurance and Tort			
	Insurance Fund	Judgment Fund	Total		
Assets:					
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other funds Due from component units Prepaid items Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ - 5,705 173,237 3,408 - 4,256	\$ 276,728 72,245 - - 130,673	\$ 276,728 77,950 173,237 3,408 130,673 4,256		
Total current assets	186,606	479,646	666,252		
Liabilities: Current liabilities: Bank overdraft Accounts payable Due to other funds Due to component units Payable from restricted assets Other payables Total current liabilities	13,047 169,365 - - - 4,194 186,606	20,584 14,953 215 - 35,752	13,047 189,949 14,953 215 4,194		
Net Position: Unrestricted	\$ -	\$ 443,894	\$ 443,894		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

	Health Insurance Fund		Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund			Total
Operating revenues:	modrani	e i ana	Juug	Jaagment i ana		Total
Fund charges and employee contributions Miscellaneous operating revenue	\$ 3,9	35 , 289 -	\$	758,376 61,719	\$	4,693,665 61,719
Total operating revenue	3,9	35,289		820,095		4,755,384
Operating expenses:						
Administrative and general		06,724		57,444		364,168
Insurance Health claims and uninsured judgments		82,230 46,340		762,651 -		1,144,881 3,246,340
Total operating expenses	3,9	35,294		820,095		4,755,389
Operating loss		(5)		-		(5)
Non-operating revenues: Investment income		5				5
Change in net position		-		-		-
Net position - beginning				443,894		443,894
Net position - ending	\$		\$	443,894	\$	443,894

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

		Health	a	surance nd Tort	
Cook flows from an arcting activities	Ins	urance Fund	Judg	ment Fund	 Totals
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from interfund services provided Receipts from component units Receipts from employees and retirees Payments to suppliers Payments to claimants Other receipts (payments)	\$	2,755,959 68,016 1,010,924 (688,797) (3,272,725) (156)	\$	716,943 10,536 - (809,687) - 29,300	\$ 3,472,902 78,552 1,010,924 (1,498,484) (3,272,725) 29,144
Net cash (used) by operating activities		(126,779)		(52,908)	(179,687)
Cash flows from investing activities: Investment income		5		-	5
Net cash provided by investing activities		5_			5_
Cash flows from financing activities: Increase in bank overdraft		13,047			13,047
Net cash provided by financing activities		13,047			13,047
Net decrease in cash		(113,727)		(52,908)	(166,635)
Cash, restricted and unrestricted - beginning		117,983		329,636	447,619
Cash, restricted and unrestricted - ending	\$	4,256	\$	276,728	\$ 280,984
Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash (used) by operating activities: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash (used) by operating activities	\$	(5)	\$	-	\$ (5)
(Increase) decrease in receivables (Increase) in due from other funds (Increase) in due from component units (Increase) in prepaid items Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (Decrease) in due to other funds (Decrease) in due to component units (Decrease) in other payables		1,355 (99,846) (1,899) - (24,175) - - (2,209)		(32,419) - (1,907) 12,316 (30,444) (454)	(31,064) (99,846) (1,899) (1,907) (11,859) (30,444) (454) (2,209)
Net cash (used) by operating activities	\$	(126,779)	\$	(52,908)	\$ (179,687)

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL COMPONENT UNIT (MATTOON PUBLIC LIBRARY)

April 30, 2016

Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments, at fair value Due from primary government	\$ 74,514 7,420 215
Restricted assets Investments, at fair value	 28,892
Total assets	\$ 111,041
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable Payroll liabilities	\$ 1,448 3,122
Due to primary government	16,965
Advances from primary government	 60,464
	81,999
Fund Balance:	
Restricted	9,108
Nonspendable	28,892
Unassigned	 (8,958)
Total fund balances	 29,042
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 111,041

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL COMPONENT UNIT (MATTOON PUBLIC LIBRARY)

Revenues: Payments from primary government Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Investment income (loss) Operating contributions	\$ 475,120 1,830 21,298 (1,226) 26,879
Total revenues	 523,901
Expenditures: Current Culture and recreation Capital outlay Debt service Interest Total expenditures	 502,539 13,595 2,021 518,155
Excess of revenues over expenditures	5,746
Fund balance - beginning	23,296
Fund balance - ending	\$ 29,042

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY COMPONENT UNITS

April 30, 2016

	-	Mattoon Mattoon Police Firefighters Pension Fund Pension Fund		Totals		
Assets: Cash Interest receivable Prepaid expenses Due from primary government	\$	2,087,151 35,903 6,343 28,023	\$	1,519,055 41,761 - 28,023	\$	3,606,206 77,664 6,343 56,046
Total assets other than investments		2,157,420		1,588,839		3,746,259
Investments at fair value Certificates of deposit U.S. government obligations Corporate and municipal bonds Insurance contracts Mutual funds Stocks		1,492,750 1,401,563 10,694,066 - 308,462		101,410 1,894,408 966,140 9,239,827 160,947 860,615		101,410 3,387,158 2,367,703 19,933,893 160,947 1,169,077
Total investments		13,896,841		13,223,347		27,120,188
Total assets		16,054,261		14,812,186		30,866,447
Liabilities: Accounts payable Pensions payable		3,762 -		- 188,573		3,762 188,573
Total liabilities		3,762		188,573		192,335
Net position: Held in trust for pension benefits	\$	16,050,499	\$	14,623,613	\$	30,674,112

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY COMPONENT UNITS

	Mattoon Mattoon Police Firefighters					
		ension Fund	Pension Fund		Totals	
Additions:						
Contributions: Employer	\$	1,403,051	\$	1,367,692	\$	2,770,743
Plan members	<u> </u>	253,098	Ψ 	202,743	<u> </u>	455,841
Total contributions		1,656,149		1,570,435		3,226,584
Investment income:						
Interest income		198,972		209,516		408,488
Dividend income		8,432		24,669		33,101
Net (decrease) in fair value of investments		(922,914)		(969,446)		(1,892,360)
Net investment (loss)		(715,510)		(735,261)		(1,450,771)
Total additions		940,639		835,174		1,775,813
Deductions:						
Benefits and refunds of contributions		1,984,166		2,225,941		4,210,107
Administrative expenses		51,834		28,896		80,730
Total deductions		2,036,000		2,254,837		4,290,837
Change in net position		(1,095,361)		(1,419,663)		(2,515,024)
Net position held in trust - beginning		17,145,860		16,043,276		33,189,136
Net position held in trust - ending	\$	16,050,499	\$	14,623,613	\$	30,674,112

ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION SECTION

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN (UNAUDITED)

April 30, 2016

Assessed valuation, 2015 levy		\$	192,469,579
Statutory debt limitation: (8.625% of assessed valuation)		\$	16,600,501
Total debt:			
General obligation bonds Capital leases Notes payable	\$ (15,250,000) (325,312) (2,347,626)	•	
Total debt			(17,922,938)
Less debt exempt from statutory debt limitation computation:			
General obligation bonds Notes payable - IEPA loans	15,250,000 628,825		
Total debt exempt from statutory debt limitation			15,878,825
Legal debt margin		\$	14,556,388

COMPLIANCE SECTION

DOEHRING, WINDERS & CO. LLP

Certified Public Accountants
1601 LAFAYETTE AVENUE
MATTOON, ILLINOIS 61938

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Mattoon, Illinois

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mattoon, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Mattoon's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 11, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Mattoon's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Mattoon's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Mattoon's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses to be material weaknesses (2016-01, 2016-02).

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompany Schedule of Findings and Responses to be a significant deficiency (2016-03).

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS* (Continued)

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Mattoon's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Mattoon's Responses to Findings

The City of Mattoon's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The City of Mattoon's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Mattoon's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Mattoon's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dochrung, Winders & Co. LLP

Mattoon, Illinois November 11, 2016

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

FINDING NO. 2016-01 - Controls Over Financial Statement Preparation (Repeat of 15-01, 14-01)

Criteria/specific requirement

A system of internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) is necessary to prepare GAAP based financial statements including all disclosures.

Condition:

As is common with organizations its size, the City does not currently prepare its own financial statements, complete with notes, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Statements on Auditing Standards do not provide exceptions to financial reporting deficiencies that are adequately mitigated with nonaudit services rendered by the auditor or deficiencies for which the remedy would be cost prohibitive.

During the audit and preparation of the City of Mattoon's financial statements, we noted the City of Mattoon's accounting records required material year-end adjusting journal entries to conform to generally accepted accounting principles. In addition, significant year-end adjusting journal entries were required to convert the City of Mattoon's individual fund financial statements to government-wide financial statements. Proposed adjusting entries were approved and accepted by the City of Mattoon's management.

Effect:

The City of Mattoon management or its employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, may not prevent or detect financial statement misstatements and disclosure omissions in a timely manner.

Cause:

The City has limited resources to prepare GAAP based financial statements including all disclosures.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the City continually monitor the cost/benefit analysis of preparing its own financial statements, complete with notes, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Management's Response:

The City meets all audit reporting requirements including those under GASB and will continue to do so in the future. Currently, the City Treasurer and other personnel review the annual financial statements. As additional resources become available, the City will review the cost/benefit involved with preparing the financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

FINDING NO. 2016-02 - Inadequate Controls over Capital Assets (Repeat of 15-02, 14-02, 13-04, 12-05, and 11-04)

Criteria/specific requirement

Internal controls should be in place to provide reasonable assurance that capital assets are properly recorded.

Condition:

Capital outlay is not always effectively recorded during the year. For budgeting purposes, capital outlay transactions are recorded to various functional expenditure accounts. Some reclassification is necessary to accurately classify capital outlay expenditures. When assets are disposed, original cost information is not always readily identifiable.

Effect:

The financial statements could be misstated due to incorrect classification of capital outlay expenditures. Assets sold, traded in, or otherwise disposed could cause the government-wide capital outlay balances and related depreciation to be overstated.

Cause:

There are no internal procedures in place to maintain a listing of capital assets, updated periodically for capital outlay additions and dispositions.

Recommendation:

The City should implement a system to ensure that capital asset information is maintained to identify asset description, date purchased, cost, and other information necessary to properly account for these assets. The accounts used to record capital outlay should be limited to the minimum number required to properly accumulate costs for projects. Non-capital items should be excluded from these accounts. A list of disposals, including sales and abandonments, should also be maintained.

Management's Response:

A Mobile Equipment Fund has been established as a funding mechanism for future capital purchases and is used for budgeting and to record capital purchases. A central data base of all capital assets will be developed when resources become available.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

FINDING NO. 2016-03 - Segregation of Duties over Cash (Repeat of 15-04, 14-05)

Criteria/specific requirement

The City of Mattoon should have adequate segregation of duties with respect to record-keeping and custody over cash.

Condition:

During our testing, we noted that an employee within the City's finance department has job duties that result in inadequate segregation of duties. The employee's job duties consist of recording transactions in the accounting software and also making deposits at the bank. We also noted other finance department employees who had access to funds and had the ability to post transactions to the billings program.

Effect:

Not having an adequate segregation of duties increases the risk of errors or irregularities occurring and not being detected and corrected in a timely manner. It can also lead to misappropriation of funds, whether intentional or unintentional.

Cause:

Job duties are not appropriately segregated with controls implemented to reduce the risk or errors or irregularities occurring and not being timely detected.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the City segregate employee duties sufficiently to separate the custody of assets and recording of transactions. Further, controls should be established to ensure that errors or irregularities could be detected or corrected in a timely manner.

Management's Response:

All transactions will be reviewed by the Finance Director on a monthly basis. In addition, all adjustments made to Water and Sewer billings will be subject to review.