FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
WITH ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION
AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION

# For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

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# DOEHRING, WINDERS & CO. LLP

Certified Public Accountants
1601 LAFAYETTE AVENUE
MATTOON, ILLINOIS 61938

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Mattoon, Illinois

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mattoon, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Mattoon, Illinois' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mattoon, as of April 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)**

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 5-16, pension plans' Schedules of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios on pages 83, 85, and 86, pension plans' Schedule of Employer Contributions on pages 84 and 87, post-employment healthcare benefit program's Schedule of Funding Progress on page 88, and budgetary comparison information on page 89, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Mattoon's basic financial statements. The major fund schedule, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and the combining and individual component unit statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The major fund schedule, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and the combining and individual component unit statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the major fund schedule, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and the combining and individual component unit statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The computation of legal debt margin has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express or provide any assurance on it.

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)**

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 3, 2017, on our consideration of the City of Mattoon's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Mattoon's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dochring, Winders & Co. LLP

Mattoon, Illinois November 3, 2017 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### CITY OF MATTOON, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the City of Mattoon is intended to provide an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2017. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information as furnished in the financial statements, which begin on page 18.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City of Mattoon, including pension component units and the Mattoon Public Library component unit, has total assets and deferred outflows of resources of \$113,659,208 and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of \$116,279,457, resulting in a net position of (\$2,620,249) as of April 30, 2017. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources increased from April 30, 2016 by \$4,433,518, total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources increased from April 30, 2016 by \$6,172,175, and the net position decreased from April 30, 2016 by \$1,738,657. The decrease in net position is mostly due to the change in deferred outflows and inflows of resources for pensions under GASB 68. Of the net position as of April 30, 2017, \$61,359,226 represents the City's investment in capital assets, net of related debt, \$3,950,044 is held for restricted purposes, and (\$67,929,519) is unrestricted and available to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.
- The City's unrestricted cash position in the governmental activities decreased by approximately \$.1 million, from \$11.1 million to \$11 million. The City's unrestricted cash position in the business-type activities increased by approximately \$1.9 million, from \$4.3 million to \$6.2 million.
- The following table shows the changes in major revenue sources from fiscal year 2016 to 2017.

# City of Mattoon, Illinois Changes in Major Revenue Sources April 30, 2017

Source	2017	2016	Change
Intergovernmental Shared Revenues	\$ 9,840,961	\$ 9,756,029	\$ 84,932
Property Tax Revenues	4,619,355	4,473,710	145,645
Telecommunications taxes	790,916	797,325	(6,409)
Utility Tax Revenues	1,417,576	1,228,584	188,992
Water Fund Charges for Services	3,864,621	3,747,147	117,474
Sewer Fund Charges for Services	4,620,104	4,632,688	(12,584)
Charges for Services	1,722,418	1,658,895	63,523
Table Totals	\$ 26,875,951	\$ 26,294,378	\$ 581,573

Shared revenues from the State, utility taxes, charges for water, and charges for services all saw increases during the year. Charges for sewer and telecommunications taxes saw slight decreases. Property taxes have increased somewhat but are generally restricted due to the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law (PTELL).

- The City has long term capital improvement plans for all funds. In addition, a Mobile Equipment Fund functions as the funding mechanism for the replacement of the City's aging vehicle fleet. A grant will be used towards the purchase of a new fire truck in fiscal year 2018. The City has continued to upgrade the technology used in operations and for the improvement of utility services.
- Illinois statute restricts municipality general obligation debt to less than 8.625% of equalized property value. As most of the City's debt will be retired from revenue sources other than property taxes, the City is well below the statutory limit.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This section serves as an introduction to the City of Mattoon's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements for the City of Mattoon are comprised of three components:

- government-wide statements,
- fund financial statements, and
- notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The two government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to private-sector business entities. The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the City of Mattoon's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in the net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 18 through 20 of this report.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish those functions of the municipality that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, known as governmental activities, from other functions that are intended to recover all, or a significant portion, of their costs through user fees and services charges, called business-type activities. The governmental activities of the City of Mattoon include general government, public safety, public works, health and welfare, culture and recreation, economic development, capital outlay, and other

miscellaneous activities. The business-type activities of the City include the water and sewer utility services.

In addition to these various direct operations of the City, or primary government, the financial statements also include financial information related to legally distinct entities for which the City has financial responsibility and accountability, known as component units. The City of Mattoon's component units include the Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund, Mattoon Police Pension Fund, Mattoon Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Account, and the Mattoon Public Library. These entities are described in Note 1 following the financial statements.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Mattoon, like other governmental entities, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with various finance-related legal requirements. Some funds are required by law, while others are established internally to maintain control over a particular activity. All of the funds of the City of Mattoon can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near term inflows and outflows of current spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources that can be converted to cash, and balances available at the end of the fiscal year for future spending. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Governmental funds include the general, special revenue, and capital projects funds. On the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds, the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund are shown as separate columns and data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single column for aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. Reconciliations follow the Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Governmental Funds. The reconciliations show the adjustments that are needed to convert the governmental funds financial statements to the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary funds maintained by the City of Mattoon are of two different types: enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report those functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for activities that provide supplies and services to the general public. Proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The City's fund financial statements present separate enterprise fund information for the water and sewer utilities. The proprietary fund financial statements begin on page 25 of this report.

Internal service funds are used to account for enterprise-like operations that provide services, on a user fee basis, primarily or exclusively to departmental customers within the governmental entity itself, rather than to external customers. The City of Mattoon uses internal service funds to account for its employee and retiree health and life insurance and to account for the City's general liability, casualty, and workers compensation insurance. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The City does not have any fiduciary funds, but it does include the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and the Mattoon Firefighters' Pension Fund, both of which are fiduciary type discretely presented component units. Financial statements showing these component units combined in a single column begin on page 30. Individual financial information for the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and Mattoon Firefighters' Pension Fund can be found in the *Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules* on pages 118 through 119 of this report.

#### **Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional detail that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found beginning on page 33 of this report.

#### **Additional Supplementary Information**

Following the basic government-wide and fund financial statements and accompanying notes, combining statements are included for the non-major governmental funds and fiduciary component units.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The *Statement of Net Position* for the City of Mattoon is summarized in the following table. As noted earlier, the net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by approximately \$4.5 million as of April 30, 2017. While the net position for business-type activities has improved, the net position for governmental activities has continued to decrease. This is primarily due to the implementation of GASB 68 and the burden imposed on the City by its public safety pensions.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	To	otal
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Current & Other Assets Deferred Outflows of	\$20,785,010	\$20,220,423	\$8,147,684	\$6,056,115	\$28,932,694	\$26,276,538
Resources	13,651,719	17,040,792	892,880	1,103,242	14.544,599	18,144,034
Capital Assets (net)	28,376,035	26,928,206	39,793,501	36,027,517	68,169,536	62,955,723
Total Assets and Deferred	Ф.CO. 0.1.0. 7.6.4	ФС4 100 4 <b>0</b> 1	<b>0.40.02.4.0</b> 67	Φ42.10 ¢ 07.4	<b>#111 (46 020</b>	Φ107.27 ¢ 205
Outflows of Resources	\$62,812,764	\$64,189,421	\$48,834,065	\$43,186,874	\$111,646,829	\$107,376,295
Current Liabilities Deferred Inflows of	\$1,632,786	\$1,261,734	\$751,975	\$736,241	\$2,384,761	\$1,997,975
Resources	8,578,169	4,732,138	76,971	-	8,655,140	4,732,138
Non-current Liabilities	89,816,960	91,435,041	15,278,783	11,841,295	105,095,743	103,276,336
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$100,027,915	\$97,428,913	\$16,107,729	\$12,577,536	\$116,135,644	\$110,006,449
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted	\$25,520,284 3,914,771	\$23,972,978 4,600,444	\$34,141,501 -	\$35,736,930 -	\$59,661,785 3,914,771	\$59,709,908 4,600,444
Unrestricted	(66,650,206)	(61,812,914)	(1,415,165)	(5,127,592)	(68,065,371)	(66,940,506)
Total Net Position	(\$37,215,151)	(\$33,239,492)	\$32,726,336	\$30,609,338	(\$4,488,815)	(\$2,630,154)
Total Net Position as a % of Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	(37.2%)	(34.1%)	203.2%	243.4%	(3.9%)	(2.4%)
Unrestricted Net Position as a % of Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	(66.6%)	(63.4%)	(8.8%)	(40.8%)	(58.6%)	(60.9%)

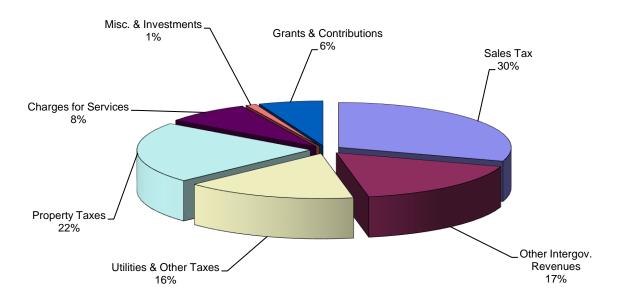
As of April 30, 2017, the governmental activities have a negative unrestricted net position of \$66,650,206. The business-type activities have a negative unrestricted net position of \$1,415,165. The extent of the negative net positions is largely due to unfunded net pension liabilities for City workers.

An examination of the *Statement of Activities* provides a concise picture of how the various activities of the City are funded. The following table summarizes the City's governmental and business-type activities.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	T	otal
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Revenues						
Program Revenues						
Charges for Services Operating Grants &	\$1,722,418	\$1,658,895	\$8,484,725	\$8,379,835	\$10,207,143	\$10,038,730
Contr.	313,179	427,430	0	0	313,179	427,430
Capital Grants & Contr.	1,012,874	403,488	0	0	1,012,874	403,488
General Revenues						
Property Taxes	4,619,355	4,473,710	0	0	4,619,355	4,473,710
Sales Taxes	6,230,679	6,143,363	0	0	6,230,679	6,143,363
Utility Taxes Telecommunication	1,417,576	1,228,584	0	0	1,417,576	1,228,584
Taxes	790,916	797,325	0	0	790,916	797,325
Other Taxes	1,202,938	1,195,655	0	0	1,202,938	1,195,655
Other Intergovern. Rev.	3,610,282	3,612,666	0	0	3,610,282	3,612,666
Investments Income	37,051	22,044	9,037	10,462	46,088	32,506
Miscellaneous Income Gain (Loss) on Sale of	91,168	126,724	0	0	91,168	126,724
Assets	3,039	(7,649)	26,187	17,159	29,226	9,510
Total Revenue	21,051,475	20,082,235	8,519,949	8,407,456	29,571,424	28,489,691
Expenses						
Program Expenses						
General Government	2,418,951	2,344,112	0	0	2,418,951	2,344,112
Public Safety	16,741,172	16,501,250	0	0	16,741,172	16,501,250
Public Works	3,001,555	3,399,078	0	0	3,001,555	3,399,078
Health and Welfare	199,093	266,886	0	0	199,093	266,886
Culture and Recreation	1,836,466	1,979,461	0	0	1,836,466	1,979,461
Economic Development Interest on Long-Term	450,343	330,702	0	0	450,343	330,702
Debt	379,554	439,491	0	0	379,554	439,491
Water	0	0	3,101,464	3,333,427	3,101,464	3,333,427
Sewer	0	0	3,301,487	3,869,771	3,301,487	3,869,771
Total Expenses	25,027,134	25,260,980	6,402,951	7,203,198	31,430,085	32,464,178
Increase (decrease) in net posi	tion					
before transfers	(3.975,659)	(5,178,745)	2,116,998	1,204,258	(1,858,661)	(3,974,487)
Transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0
Changes in Net Position	(3,975,659)	(5,178,745)	2,116,998	1,204,258	(1,858,661)	(3,974,487)
Net Position - May 1	(33,239,492)	(28,060,747)	30,609,338	29,405,080	(2,630,154)	1,344,333
Net Position - April 30	(\$37,215,151)	(\$33,239,492)	\$32,726,336	\$30,609,338	(\$4,488,815)	(\$2,630,154)

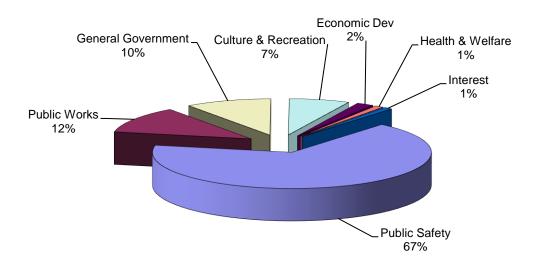
The following chart illustrates how governmental activities are funded. Sales taxes provided thirty percent (30%) of the governmental activities revenue. Other intergovernmental revenues (state shared taxes) provided seventeen percent (17%) of the governmental activities revenue. Property taxes provided twenty-two percent (22%) of the governmental activities revenue. Utility taxes and other taxes provided sixteen percent (16%) of the governmental activities revenue. Taxes, in one form or another, comprised eighty-five percent (85%) of the governmental activities revenue. The remaining fifteen percent (15%) came from charges for services, eight percent (8%), miscellaneous and investment revenue, one percent (1%), and grants and contributions, six percent (6%).

### **Governmental Activities Revenue**



The following chart illustrates the expenses of the governmental activities. Public safety (fire and police protection) comprised sixty-seven percent (67%) of the total expenses of the governmental activities. Public works comprised twelve percent (12%) of the total expenses of the governmental activities. General government comprised ten percent (10%) of the total expenses of the governmental activities. The remaining eleven percent (11%) came from expenses for culture and recreation, seven percent (7%), economic development, two percent (2%), interest, one percent (1%), and health & welfare, one percent (1%).

# **Government Activities Expenses**



Business-type activities, water and sewer utilities, depend on charges for services as their primary revenue sources. Primarily all revenues are generated from user charges.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S MAJOR FUNDS

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the City's governmental funds financial statements is to provide information regarding near-term inflows, outflows, and spendable resources. Such information can be useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

As of April 30, 2017, the City of Mattoon's *Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds* reported combined ending fund balances of \$12,512,444, a decrease of \$379,610 from April 30, 2016. Of the ending fund balances total, \$829,337 is considered nonspendable, \$3,219,161 is restricted, \$2,682,062 is committed, \$285,295 is assigned, and \$5,496,589 is unassigned.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund used to account for the governmental operations of the City of Mattoon. Its basic operations are public safety and public works. The largest revenue sources for the General Fund are taxes and intergovernmental revenues which account for eighty-nine percent (89%) of revenues. Approximately sixty-five percent (65%) of the General Fund expenditures of \$16.9 million are allocated to the public safety sector. Another thirteen percent (13%) of the General Fund expenditures are derived from the functions of general government.. Approximately ten percent (10%) of the General Fund's expenditures are derived from the public works operations.

The General Fund has a fund balance of \$6,533,636, an increase of \$482,567 over the balance as of April 30, 2016. The increase is largely due to conservative budgeting and spending. The Capital Projects Fund has a fund balance of \$2,620,257, a decrease of \$582,333 from the balance as of April 30, 2016. The General Fund's unassigned fund balance is available to be applied in a future year's budget, to one-time capital projects, or to reduce outstanding debt. The Capital Project Funds may be used to fund the City's various infrastructure projects. The majority of the balance is due to a previous bond issuance for capital projects that are currently under construction and near completion.

With regard to the Other Governmental Funds, the Motor Fuel Tax Fund had a total fund balance of \$1,015,997, the Revolving Loan Fund had a total fund balance of \$1,094,032, the Midtown TIF District Fund had a fund balance of \$390,589, and the Broadway East Business District Fund had a fund balance of \$270,968. The Motor Fuel Tax Fund balance primarily reflects the amounts designated to pay for maintenance of existing streets, resurfacing and construction of new streets. The Revolving Loan Fund balance is primarily monies restricted for making loans to assist in the economic development of Mattoon. The Midtown TIF District Fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for implementation of the Mattoon Midtown Redevelopment Plan and Project. The Broadway East Business District's fund balance is generally available to pay for eligible redevelopment costs and expenses related to projects within the district. The remaining special revenue funds included in the Other Governmental Funds column in the Balance Sheet are the Hotel and Motel Tax Fund, Home Rehabilitation Grant Fund, I-57 East TIF District Fund, South Route 45 Business District Fund, I-57 East Business District Fund, Broadway East TIF District Fund, and the South Route 45 TIF District Fund. These remaining funds have a total fund balance as of April 30, 2017 of \$586,965. The total accumulated fund balances of all of the Other Governmental Funds decreased by \$279,844 during the year ended April 30, 2017.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The City's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in greater detail. The detail of the City's proprietary funds can be found from page 25 to page 29. The net position of the enterprise type proprietary funds at April 30, 2017 was \$32,726,336, an increase of \$2,116,998 from the previous year.

For the year ended April 30, 2017, operating revenues in the Water Fund totaled \$3,864,621 (an increase of \$117,474 from fiscal year 2016), operating expenses totaled \$3,065,019 (a decrease of \$203,177 from fiscal year 2016) producing operating income of \$799,602 (an increase of \$320,651 from fiscal year 2016). Non-operating revenues and expenses netted to a decrease in net position of \$4,518, leaving an increase to net position in the Water Fund of \$795,084. No water rate increases occurred during fiscal year 2017. The last increase was implemented on May 1, 2015 and no future increases are anticipated at this time.

For the year ended April 30, 2017, revenues in the Sewer Fund totaled \$4,620,104 (a decrease of \$12,584 from fiscal year 2016), operating expenses totaled \$3,249,108 (a decrease of \$496,309 from fiscal year 2016) producing operating income of \$1,370,996 (an increase of \$483,725 from fiscal year 2016). Non-operating revenues and expenses netted to a decrease in net position of \$49,082, leaving an increase to net position in the Sewer Fund of \$1,321,914. Similar to the Water Fund, the Sewer Fund had a series of rate increases with fiscal year 2016 being the final year. No future rate increases are anticipated.

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Required Supplementary Information section contains the *Schedule of Revenues*, *Expenditures*, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual for the General Fund on page 89. The final fiscal year 2017 General Fund budget authorized expenditures and other financing uses of \$18,341,192 funded by anticipated revenues and other financing sources of \$18,358,542 leaving the amount of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses of \$17,350. The actual amount of expenditures and other financing uses under revenues and other financing sources was \$482,567, a positive budget to actual variance of \$465,217.

The largest variance in General Fund revenues was from intergovernmental revenues. Intergovernmental revenues fell under the budgeted amount by \$217,705. General Fund expenditures had an overall variance of \$679,476. There were positive variances in General Government of \$586,364 and in Capital Outlay of \$117,422.

The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual for the Capital Projects Fund and each of the Non-major Governmental Funds can be found in the Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules, beginning on page 93.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT

#### **Capital Assets**

In accordance with the implementation requirements of GASB No. 34, the City has recorded historical costs and depreciation expense associated with all of its capital assets in the financial statements for the period ending on April 30, 2017. As summarized in the table below, the City's investment in capital assets for governmental and business-type activities as of April 30, 2017 totaled \$166.4 million. Forty-seven percent (47%) of this total cost was related to the business-type activities, with the City's sewer collection and treatment system and water distribution system comprising the most significant component. The governmental activities comprised approximately fifty-three percent (53%) of the total, with the most significant portion being the infrastructure (roads, bridges, and sidewalks) of the City.

Total accumulated depreciation was \$98.2 million, or fifty-nine percent (59%) of the historical asset cost. Net of accumulated depreciation, the City's investment in capital assets is \$68 million.

City of Mattoon, Illinois
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation
April 30, 2017

Classification	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total		
Land	\$ 3,249,149	\$ 587,155	\$ 3,836,304		
<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>	10,448,362	13,250,379	23,698,741		
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	6,170,352	4,338,951	10,509,303		
Improvements other than buildings	5,138,218	304,252	5,442,470		
Infrastructure	60,947,866	-	60,947,866		
Treat. collect. and distrib. systems	-	51,662,498	51,662,498		
Construction in Progress	2,677,269	7,635,085	10,312,354		
Subtotal	88,631,216	77,778,320	166,409,536		
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(60,255,181)	(37,984,819)	(98,240,000)		
Total	\$ 28,376,035	\$ 39,793,501	\$ 68,169,536		

#### **Long-Term Liabilities**

On April 30, 2017, the City of Mattoon had \$105,095,743 of long-term liabilities outstanding (an increase of \$1,819,407 from April 30, 2016, as summarized in the following table:

City of Mattoon, Illinois General Obligation Bonds, Notes Outstanding and Other Long-Term Liabilities April 30, 2017

Classification	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 8,003,725	\$ 5,532,035	\$ 13,535,760
Notes Payable	954,659	5,959,636	6,914,295
Capital Leases	276,987	-	276,987
Compensated Absences	1,070,967	257,082	1,328,049
Net Pension Liability	71,464,656	1,340,007	72,804,663
Post-Employment Healthcare	8,045,966	2,190,023	10,235,989
Total	\$ 89,816,960	\$ 15,278,783	\$105,095,743

The liability for General Obligation Bonds decreased \$1,995,788 due to principal payments on the bonds. The Notes Payable liability increased \$4,566,669 mainly due to new IEPA borrowings for a Combined Sewer Overflow project.

The Net Pension Liability decreased \$1,867,786 from the prior year. The liability for Compensated Absences increased \$63,421 and the Post-Employment Healthcare Benefits liabilities increased \$1,101,216 during this fiscal year. The liability for capital leases decreased by \$48,325. Detailed information regarding specific debt can be found in notes 12, 13, 14, and 15 beginning on page 57.

Subsequent to the year ended April 30, 2017, the City refunded General Obligation Bonds 2009A and 2009B as outlined in Note 29 on page 81.

### **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. The City of Mattoon provides the Financial Statements on our web page (www.mattoonillinois.org). If anyone has any questions about this report or needs additional financial information about the City of Mattoon, please contact the Finance Department at 208 North 19<sup>th</sup> Street, Mattoon, Illinois, 61938. Finance Department staff can also be reached at (217) 235-5483.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

April 30, 2017

		Component Unit		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Mattoon Public Library
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments, at fair value	\$ 10,983,837 -	\$ 6,162,685 -	\$ 17,146,522 -	\$ 185,222 8,882
Receivables	8,468,519	1,069,494	9,538,013	· -
Internal balances	4,495	(4,495)	-	-
Due from primary government	-	-	-	1,183
Due from component units	16,639	_	16,639	-/
Prepaid items	717,983	6,250	724,233	_
Advances to component units	49,718	-	49,718	_
Restricted assets:	15,7 10		15,7 10	
Cash and cash equivalents	334,897	913,750	1,248,647	_
Certificates of deposit	8,880	-	8,880	_
Investments, at fair value	-	_	-	30,636
Noncurrent assets:				
Cemetery development	60,652	_	60,652	-
Long-term receivables	139,390	-	139,390	_
Capital assets, net of depreciation	,		,	
Land	3,249,149	587,155	3,836,304	_
Buildings and building improvements	6,846,580	7,387,794	14,234,374	1,769,796
Improvements other than buildings	4,362,202	137,012	4,499,214	-
Treatments, collection and	, ,	,	. ,	
distribution systems	-	22,938,284	22,938,284	-
Infrastructure	10,771,997	-	10,771,997	-
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	468,838	1,108,171	1,577,009	16,660
Construction in progress	2,677,269	7,635,085	10,312,354	<u> </u>
Total assets	49,161,045	47,941,185	97,102,230	2,012,379
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Pension items - IMRF	819,966	885,808	1,705,774	-
Pension items - Police Pension Fund	9,030,989	-	9,030,989	-
Pension items - Firefighters' Pension Fund	3,792,786		3,792,786	-
Advance refunding on debt charges	7,978	7,072	15,050	
Total deferred outflows of resources	13,651,719	892,880	14,544,599	
Combined assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 62,812,764	\$ 48,834,065	\$ 111,646,829	\$ 2,012,379

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued)

April 30, 2017

	F	Component Unit		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Mattoon Public Library
Liabilities:	072 200	200 020	1 261 220	0.752
Accounts payable	973,290	388,039	1,361,329	8,752
Payroll liabilities payable	333,948	103,156	437,104	2,011
Accrued interest expense	171,623	76,170	247,793	1,768
Due to primary government	-	-	-	16,639
Due to component units	63,903	-	63,903	-
Unearned revenue	83,608	-	83,608	-
Other payables from restricted assets	6,413	184,610	191,023	-
Advances from primary government Noncurrent liabilities:	-	-	-	49,718
Due within one year	1,046,728	1,816,069	2,862,797	7,985
Due in more than one year	88,770,232	13,462,714	102,232,946	56,940
Total liabilities	91,449,745	16,030,758	107,480,503	143,813
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Pension items - IMRF	71,250	76,971	148,221	-
Pension items - Police Pension Fund	1,682,255	-	1,682,255	-
Pension items - Firefighters' Pension Fund	1,604,376	-	1,604,376	-
Property taxes	5,220,288	-	5,220,288	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	8,578,169	76,971	8,655,140	
Combined liabilities and deferred				
inflows of resources	100,027,914	16,107,729	116,135,643	143,813
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	25,520,284	34,141,501	59,661,785	1,697,441
Public safety	91,606	-	91,606	-
Highways and streets	1,015,997	-	1,015,997	-
Culture and recreation	143,854	-	143,854	4,637
Economic development	1,884,071	-	1,884,071	-
Cemetery maintenance	306,932	_	306,932	_
Capital assets	472,311	-	472,311	-
Permanent endowment:	· -/		· -/	
Nonexpendable	_	-	-	30,636
Unrestricted	(66,650,206)	(1,415,165)	(68,065,371)	135,852
Total net position	\$ (37,215,151)	\$ 32,726,336	\$ (4,488,815)	\$ 1,868,566

# CITY OF MATTOON, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

		Program Revenues				Net I	Reven	ue (Expense) a	nd Cha	anges in Net Posi	tion			
											Co	omponent		
			С	perating		Capital			Prima	ary Government	:			Unit
		Charges for	Gı	rants and	G	rants and	G	overnmental	Ві	usiness-Type			Mat	ttoon Public
Functions/Programs:	Expenses	Services	Coi	ntributions	Со	ontributions		Activities		Activities		Total		Library
Primary Government:														
Governmental Activities:														
General government	\$ 2,418,951	\$ 250,728	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(2,168,223)	\$	-	\$	(2,168,223)		
Public safety	16,741,172	987,474		140,064		20,469		(15,593,165)		-		(15,593,165)		
Public works	3,001,555	32,575		19,485		464,088		(2,485,407)		-		(2,485,407)		
Health and welfare	199,093	108,930		-		-		(90,163)		-		(90,163)		
Culture and recreation	1,836,466	342,711		153,630		528,317		(811,808)		-		(811,808)		
Economic development	450,343	-		-		-		(450,343)		-		(450,343)		
Interest on long-term debt	379,554			-		-		(379,554)				(379,554)		
Total governmental activities	25,027,134	1,722,418		313,179		1,012,874		(21,978,663)		-		(21,978,663)		
Business-type activities:														
Water	3,101,464	3,864,621		-		-		-		763,157		763,157		
Sewer	3,301,487	4,620,104		-		-		-		1,318,617		1,318,617		
Total business-type activities	6,402,951	8,484,725		-		-		-		2,081,774		2,081,774		
Total primary government	\$ 31,430,085	\$ 10,207,143	\$	313,179	\$	1,012,874		(21,978,663)		2,081,774		(19,896,889)		
Component Unit:														
Mattoon Public Library	\$ 502,576	\$ 17,756	\$	42,657	\$	35,000							\$	(407,163)
	General Revenues:													
	Property taxes	S						4,145,492		-		4,145,492		-
	TIF property t	ax increment						473,863		-		473,863		-
	Telecommunio	cations taxes						790,916		-		790,916		-
	Utility taxes							1,417,576		-		1,417,576		-
	Business distri	ict taxes						313,777		-		313,777		-
	Other taxes							889,161		-		889,161		-
	Payments fror	m primary governn	nent					-		-		-		523,868
	Sales taxes							6,230,679		-		6,230,679		-
	Income and u							2,214,649		-		2,214,649		-
	-	vernmental revenu	es					1,395,633		-		1,395,633		
	Investment in							37,051		9,037		46,088		3,299
	Miscellaneous							91,168		- 26 107		91,168		-
		sal of capital asset						3,039		26,187		29,226		<del>-</del>
	5	al revenues and tr	ansfer	rs				18,003,004		35,224		18,038,228		527,167
	Chang	e in net position						(3,975,659)		2,116,998		(1,858,661)		120,004
	Net position - begin	nning						(33,239,492)		30,609,338		(2,630,154)		1,748,562
	Net position - endi	ng					\$	(37,215,151)	\$	32,726,336	\$	(4,488,815)	\$	1,868,566

# BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

April 30, 2017

		General Fund				Other overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Assets:								,	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,439,348	\$	2,859,477	\$	3,243,228	\$	10,542,053	
Receivables, net of allowance	·	, ,	·		·			. ,	
for uncollectibles		7,295,542		_		1,160,184		8,455,726	
Due from other funds		61,623		127,312		109		189,044	
Due from component units		14,869		-		-		14,869	
Prepaid items		579,577		_		_		579,577	
Long-term receivables		-		_		139,390		139,390	
Advances to component unit		49,718		_		-		49,718	
Cemetery development		60,652		_		_		60,652	
Restricted assets:		,						,	
Cash and cash equivalents		329,006		_		-		329,006	
Certificates of deposit		8,880		-		-		8,880	
Total assets	\$	12,839,215	\$	2,986,789	\$	4,542,911	\$	20,368,915	
Liabilities:		<u> </u>							
Accounts payable	\$	212,380	\$	366,532	\$	226,386	\$	805,298	
Payroll liabilities payable		330,365	'	, _		3,583	'	333,948	
Due to other funds		191,010		_		12,377		203,387	
Due to component units		62,720		_		, -		62,720	
Unearned revenue		83,608		_		-		83,608	
Total liabilities		880,083		366,532		242,346		1,488,961	
Deferred inflows of resources		5,425,496		_		942,014		6,367,510	
Fund Balance:									
Nonspendable		689,947		_		139,390		829,337	
Restricted		-		_		3,219,161		3,219,161	
Committed		61,805		2,620,257		-		2,682,062	
Assigned		285,295		-		_		285,295	
Unassigned		5,496,589		_		_		5,496,589	
Total fund balance		6,533,636	-	2,620,257		3,358,551		12,512,444	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,		3,000,000	-	=,==,==,=		-,000,002		,,	
and fund balance	\$	12,839,215	\$	2,986,789	\$	4,542,911	\$	20,368,915	

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

April 30, 2017

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 12,512,444
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different due to:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, not reported in the funds.	28,376,035
Receivables not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, not reported in the funds.	1,147,221
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	443,894
Advance refunding of debt charges are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	7,978
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes, net differences between projected and actual earnings for the pension trust funds and Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund are recognized as deferred outflows and inflows of resources on the statement of net position.	10,285,860
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and total pension liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	 (89,988,583)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (37,215,151)

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues: Taxes	\$ 6,887,286	\$ -	\$ 1,110,440	\$ 7,997,726
Licenses and permits	227,248	-	-	227,248
Intergovernmental revenues	9,241,086	215,531	964,453	10,421,070
Charges for services	1,323,313	-	-	1,323,313
Fines and forfeitures Investment income	162,226 20,884	4,080	11,986	162,226 36,950
Contributions and miscellaneous	20,004	7,000	11,500	30,330
revenues	256,179	20,297	529,807	806,283
Total revenues	18,118,222	239,908	2,616,686	20,974,816
Expenditures:				
Current: General government	2,114,010	1,449		2,115,459
Public safety	10,953,585	1,449	- -	10,953,585
Public works	1,722,624	24,666	395,234	2,142,524
Health and welfare	176,729	· -	-	176,729
Culture and recreation	1,405,941	7,096	275,257	1,688,294
Economic development	50,000	-	400,343	450,343
Capital outlay	120,230	1,101,446	1,425,195	2,646,871
Debt service: Principal	328,087	270,000	197,148	795,235
Interest and fiscal charges	40,510	149,114	203,353	392,977
Total expenditures	16,911,716	1,553,771	2,896,530	21,362,017
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	1,206,506	(1,313,863)	(279,844)	(387,201)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	-	731,530	-	731,530
Transfers out	(731,530)	-	-	(731,530)
Proceeds from sale of assets	7,591			7,591
Total other financing sources (uses)	(723,939)	731,530		7,591
Net change in fund balances	482,567	(582,333)	(279,844)	(379,610)
Fund balance - beginning	6,051,069	3,202,590	3,638,395	12,892,054
Fund balance - ending	\$ 6,533,636	\$ 2,620,257	\$ 3,358,551	\$ 12,512,444

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended April 30, 2017

Net change in fund balances	\$ (379,610)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different due to:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement, of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.	1,452,381
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (e.g. sales and donations) is to decrease net position.	(4,552)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds and some amounts reported as revenues in the funds were reported as revenues on the statement of activities in the prior year. This is the net effect of these differences in revenue recognition.	73,615
The Statement of Activities amortizes the advance refunding of debt charges.  The effect is to decrease net position in the current year.	(4,787)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued; whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	802,072
Certain expenses in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in government funds.	(5,914,778)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (3,975,659)

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

April 30, 2017

	Business-Type	Governmental Activities		
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Totals	Internal Service Funds
	- Water Fund	<u>Sever rana</u>	Totals	<u>r unus</u>
Assets:				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,120,001	\$ 4,042,684	\$ 6,162,685	\$ 441,784
Receivables, net of allowance	473,386	596,108	1,069,494	12,793
Due from other funds	7,654	15,044	22,698	103,268
Due from component units	-	-	-	1,770
Prepaid items	-	6,250	6,250	138,406
Restricted assets:	244 400	FC0 2C2	012.750	F 001
Cash and cash equivalents	344,488	569,262	913,750	5,891
Total current assets	2,945,529	5,229,348	8,174,877	703,912
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets:				
Land	378,724	208,431	587,155	-
Buildings and building improvements	12,140,524	1,109,855	13,250,379	-
Improvements other than buildings	293,249	11,003	304,252	-
Treatment, collection and				
distribution systems	12,966,870	38,695,628	51,662,498	-
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	2,217,841	2,121,110	4,338,951	-
Construction in progress	17,443	7,617,642	7,635,085	-
Less: accumulated depreciation	(13,606,882)	(24,377,937)	(37,984,819)	
Total noncurrent assets	14,407,769	25,385,732	39,793,501	
Total assets	17,353,298	30,615,080	47,968,378	703,912
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Deferred items - IMRF	427,638	458,170	885,808	_
Advance refunding on debt charges	-	7,072	7,072	
Total deferred outflows of resources	427,638	465,242	892,880	
Combined assets and deferred				
outflows of resources	\$ 17,780,936	\$ 31,080,322	\$ 48,861,258	\$ 703,912

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

April 30, 2017

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						Governmental Activities	
	Water Fund		Se	ewer Fund		Totals		nal Service Funds
Liabilities: Current liabilities:								<u> </u>
Accounts payable Payroll liabilities payable Accrued interest Due to other funds	\$	53,740 48,289 13,541 12,952	\$	334,299 54,867 62,629 14,241	\$	388,039 103,156 76,170 27,193	\$	167,992 - - 84,430
Due to component unit Compensated absences payable - current General obligation bonds - current Notes payable - current Other payables from restricted assets		27,177 475,000 68,239 184,610		24,240 900,000 321,413		51,417 1,375,000 389,652 184,610		1,183 - - - 6,413
Total current liabilities		883,548		1,711,689		2,595,237		260,018
Noncurrent liabilities: Long-term debt payable: General obligation bonds payable, net of unamortized discounts and premiums Notes payable Compensated absences payable Net pension liability - IMRF Post-employment healthcare benefits		1,023,119 215,078 108,707 646,909		3,133,916 5,354,906 96,958 693,098		4,157,035 5,569,984 205,665 1,340,007		- - - -
obligation  Total noncurrent liabilities		1,067,691 3,061,504		1,122,332 .0,401,210		2,190,023 13,462,714		
Total liabilities		3,945,052		.2,112,899		16,057,951		260,018
Deferred inflows of resources:  Deferred items - IMRF		37,159		39,812		76,971		-
Combined assets and deferred inflows of resources	\$	3,982,211	\$ 1	.2,152,711	\$	16,134,922	\$	260,018
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted		14,354,635 (555,910)	1	.9,786,866 (859,255)		34,141,501 (1,415,165)		- 443,894
Total net position	\$	13,798,725	\$ 1	.8,927,611	\$ 3	32,726,336	\$	443,894

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							vernmental Activities
	Water Fund		Sewer Fund			Totals		ernal Service Funds
Operating revenues: Charges for services Fund charges and employee	\$	3,864,621	\$	4,620,104	\$	8,484,725	\$	-
contributions Miscellaneous operating revenues		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		4,766,398 256,929
Total operating revenues		3,864,621		4,620,104		8,484,725		5,023,327
Operating expenses: Reservoirs and sources of supply Water treatment plant Water distribution Sewer collection system Sewer lift stations Wastewater treatment plant Accounting and collection Administrative and general		25,923 973,051 453,911 - - 412,976 510,735		398,548 53,315 1,004,071 382,278 620,930		25,923 973,051 453,911 398,548 53,315 1,004,071 795,254 1,131,665		- - - - - - - 587,980
Insurance Health claims and uninsured judgments Depreciation		- - 688,423		- - 789,966		- - 1,478,389		1,298,306 3,137,046 -
Total operating expenses		3,065,019		3,249,108		6,314,127		5,023,332
Operating income (loss)		799,602		1,370,996		2,170,598		(5)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment income Interest expense Gain on sale of capital assets		5,740 (36,445) 26,187		3,297 (52,379) -		9,037 (88,824) 26,187		5 - -
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(4,518)		(49,082)		(53,600)		5
Change in net position		795,084		1,321,914		2,116,998		-
Total net position - beginning		13,003,641		17,605,697		30,609,338		443,894
Total net position - ending	\$	13,798,725	\$	18,927,611	\$	32,726,336	\$	443,894

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Dueiness Tun	Governmental Activities		
	Business-Type	erprise runus	Internal Service	
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Totals	Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:	vvater i unu	<u> </u>	Totals	Turius
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 3,890,754	\$ 4,631,574	\$ 8,522,328	\$ -
Receipts from interfund services provided	-	-	-	3,865,763
Receipts from component units	-	-	-	66,634
Receipts from employees and retirees	-	-	-	976,511
Payments to employees	(893,817)	(977,388)	(1,871,205)	-
Payments to suppliers	(905,083)	(893,380)	(1,798,463)	(1,910,979)
Payments to claimants	-	-	-	(3,139,825)
Payments for interfund services used	(370,754)	(473,215)	(843,969)	-
Other receipts				321,629
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,721,100	2,287,591	4,008,691	179,733
Cash flows from capital and related financing				
activities:				
(Decrease) in bank overdraft	_	_	_	(13,047)
Purchase of capital assets	(161,902)	(5,082,471)	(5,244,373)	(13,017)
Principal payments on debt	(536,558)	(966,295)	(1,502,853)	_
Interest and fiscal charges	(47,237)	(47,686)	(94,923)	_
Proceeds from debt	-	4,856,432	4,856,432	-
Proceeds from sale of assets	26,187	-	26,187	-
Net cash (used) for capital and related				
financing activities	(719,510)	(1,240,020)	(1,959,530)	(13,047)
Code flows from investigate attition				
Cash flows from investing activities:	F 740	2 207	0.027	г
Investment income received (net of expense)	5,740	3,297	9,037	5
Net cash provided by investing activities	5,740	3,297	9,037	5
Net increase in cash	1,007,330	1,050,868	2,058,198	166,691
Cash, restricted and unrestricted - beginning	1,457,159	3,561,078	5,018,237	280,984
Cash, restricted and unrestricted - ending	\$ 2,464,489	\$ 4,611,946	\$ 7,076,435	\$ 447,675

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					Governmental Activities Internal Service	
	Wa	ater Fund	Sewer Fund	Totals	Funds		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:							
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	799,602	\$ 1,370,996	\$ 2,170,598	\$	(5)	
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in assets:		688,423	789,966	1,478,389		-	
(Increase) decrease in receivables (Increase) decrease in due from other funds		(7,006) (6,228)	11,470 (12,407)	4,464 (18,635)		65,157 69,969	
Decrease in due from component units (Increase) in prepaid items		-	-	-		1,638 (7,733)	
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources:  Decrease in deferred items - IMRF Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		83,189	116,564	199,753		-	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase in payroll liabilities payable		28,198 2,454	(64,970) 4,671	(36,772) 7,125		(21,957) -	
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds Increase in due to component units		(8,848)	(10,352)	(19,200)		69,477 968	
Increase in compensated absences payable Increase in other post-employment		10,269	14,828	25,097		-	
benefits payable		122,213	130,906	253,119		-	
(Decrease) in net pension liability -IMRF Increase in other payables Increase in deferred inflows of resources:		(61,463) 33,138	(103,893)	(165,356) 33,138		2,219	
Increase in deferred items - IMRF		37,159	39,812	76,971			
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,721,100	\$ 2,287,591	\$ 4,008,691	\$	179,733	

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY COMPONENT UNITS

#### April 30, 2017

		Pension
	(	Component
		Units
Assets: Cash Interest receivable Prepaid expenses Due from primary government	\$	1,757,700 91,103 2,867 62,720
Total assets other than investments		1,914,390
Investments, at fair value: Certificate of deposit U.S. government obligations Corporate and municipal bonds Insurance contracts Mutual funds Stocks  Total investments  Total assets		149,570 3,003,791 4,093,503 22,357,821 181,736 1,303,662 31,090,083
		33,001,173
Liabilities: Accounts payable Pensions payable		7,688 201,109
Total liabilities		208,797
Net Position: Held in trust for pension benefits	\$	32,795,676

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY COMPONENT UNITS

For the year ended April 30, 2017

	Pension Component Units
Additions: Contributions:	± 2.070.022
Employer Plan members	\$ 2,970,832 454,168
Total contributions	3,425,000
Investment income: Interest income Dividend income Net increase in fair value of investments	275,335 36,933 2,889,259
Net investment income	3,201,527
Total additions	6,626,527
Deductions: Benefits and refunds of contributions Administrative expenses	4,432,897 72,066
Total deductions	4,504,963
Change in net position	2,121,564
Net position held in trust - beginning	30,674,112
Net position held in trust - ending	\$ 32,795,676

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

#### 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Mattoon, Illinois, operates under an elected Commission form of government. The City's major operations include public safety, public works, recreation and parks, and general administrative services. In addition, the City owns and operates two major enterprise activities, a water plant and local sewer system.

As required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. In accordance with governmental accounting standards, financial accountability is determined on the basis of authoritative appointments of a voting majority of the potential component unit's board, imposition of its will on the potential component unit, the existence of a financial benefit or burden, fiscal dependency, and the designation of management. Entities may also be part of the financial reporting entity if their inclusion is necessary to prevent the financial statements from being misleading or incomplete or if the entities are closely related to or financially integrated with the primary government. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations, so data from these units would be combined with data of the City. Each discretely presented component unit is usually reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government. However, discretely presented component units that are fiduciary in nature are reported separately in statements relating to fiduciary net position. Separate financial statements are not issued for the individual component units listed below.

Blended component unit – The Mattoon Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Account is governed by the 2% Foreign Fire Board. The Mattoon Foreign Fire Insurance Account is treated as a blended component unit because its sole purpose is to account for monies received from the Illinois Municipal League to the City's firefighters to purchase equipment and supplies. The entity is reported as part of the General Fund.

Discretely presented component units – The Mattoon Public Library (Library) serves all of the citizens of the city and is governed by a board appointed by the City Council. The City is liable for a note issued for improvements of the Library and for an early retirement incentive for a Library employee. The Library is reported as a governmental fund type component unit. The Mattoon Police Pension Fund and the Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund are responsible for funding pensions for their respective members. Because their sole purpose is to provide pension funding for the City's police officers and firefighters, the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and the Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund are treated as discretely presented component units. Since they are fiduciary in nature, these component units are presented in fiduciary net position statements.

## JOINT VENTURE

The Mattoon Police Department, which is a department within the City of Mattoon, is a participant with the Illinois State Police, the Charleston Police Department, the Arcola Police Department, the Eastern Illinois University Police Department, the Coles County Sheriff's Department, and the Douglas County Sheriff's Department in a joint venture known as the East Central Illinois Task Force (Task Force). This authority was created to provide citizens of each jurisdiction the most effective drug law enforcement protection against those who engage in actions detrimental to the public safety. In the event of dissolution of the Task Force, all Task Force property obtained through grants from the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority shall be disposed of consistent with the current property management or disposition guidelines issued by the Authority's Office of Federal Assistance Programs. All non-grant Task Force property, inventory, and all existing or currently pending forfeited assets will be distributed between the current participants.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

## 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

The East Central Illinois Task Force is governed by a Board of Directors which consists of the Sheriff or Chief (as the case may be) of each participating agency and the Zone Commander of the Illinois State Police. Each agency assigns, commissions, or funds a full-time police officer to the Task Force except the Arcola Police Department, which commissions a peace officer for employment by the Task Force. The officers remain employees of the agencies from which they were appointed for payroll purposes with the exception of the personnel from the Arcola Police Department. The City of Mattoon is the fiduciary agency for the Task Force, passing a federal grant through to the Task Force and providing oversight. Complete financial statements for the East Central Illinois Task Force can be obtained from the Mattoon Police Department at 1710 Wabash Avenue, Mattoon, Illinois 61938.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. The majority of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. However, transactions among City funds that would be treated as revenues and expenditures or if they involved organizations external to City government are accounted for as revenues and expenditures in the funds involved. Therefore, charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government are included since elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, including capital assets. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

## FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balance/net position, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are reported as follows.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

## 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

The City of Mattoon reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund – This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

The City of Mattoon reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Included among these funds are:

Motor Fuel Tax Fund – This fund is used to account for the revenue and expenditures related to projects financed by the motor fuel tax funds collected and distributed by the State of Illinois.

Hotel and Motel Tax Fund – This fund is used to account for the collection of a 5% room occupancy tax.

Home Rehabilitation Grant Fund – This fund is used to account for housing grants and related expenditures.

Revolving Loan Fund – This fund is used to account for loans provided to businesses to promote economic development.

Midtown TIF District Fund – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for implementation of the Mattoon Midtown Redevelopment Plan and Project, including all property tax increment revenues received from Coles County allocable to the operation of the Mattoon Midtown Tax Increment District as required by the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11 - 74.4-3 et seq.).

I-57 East TIF District Fund – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for implementation of the I-57 East Redevelopment Plan and Project, including all property tax increment revenues received from Coles County allocable to the operation of the I-57 East Tax Increment District as required by the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3 et. seq.).

I-57 East Business District Fund – This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for implementation of the I-57 East Business District Plan and Project, including all sales and hotel/motel tax revenues received from the State of Illinois and City of Mattoon allocable to the operation of the I-57 East Business District Fund as required by the Business District Development and Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/1 74.3-1 et. seg.).

South Rt 45 TIF District Fund – This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for implementation of the South Rt 45 Redevelopment Plan and Project, including all property tax increment revenues received from Coles County allocable to the operation of the South Rt 45 Tax Increment District as required by the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3 et. seq.).

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

## 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

**GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)** 

South Rt 45 Business District Fund – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for implementation of the South Rt 45 Business District Plan, including all sales tax and hotel/motel tax revenues received from the State of Illinois and City of Mattoon allocable to the operation of the South Rt 45 Business District Fund as required by the Business District Development and Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/1-74.3-1 et. seq.).

Broadway East TIF District Fund – This fund is used to account for the revenue and expenditures for implementation of the Broadway East Redevelopment Plan and Project, including all property tax increment revenues received from Coles County allocable to the operation of the Broadway East Tax Increment District as required by the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3 et. seq.).

Broadway East Business District Fund – This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for implementation of the Broadway East Business District Plan and Project, including all sales and hotel/motel tax revenues received from the State of Illinois and City of Mattoon allocable to the operation of the Broadway East Business District Fund as required by the Business District Development and Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/1-74.3-1 et. seq.).

## PROPRIETARY FUNDS

The City of Mattoon reports the following major proprietary funds:

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Water Fund – This fund is used to account for the activities of the government's water distribution system.

Sewer Fund – This fund is used to account for the activities of the government's sewage treatment plant, sewage pumping stations and collection systems.

The City of Mattoon reports the following nonmajor proprietary funds:

Internal Service Funds – Internal Service Funds are used to account for financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the governmental unit, or other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Health Insurance Fund – This fund is used to account for employee and retiree health insurance.

Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund – This fund is used to account for the insurance premiums paid by the City.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

## 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### OTHER FUND TYPES

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a custodial capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The City does not have any fiduciary funds, but it does include the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and the Mattoon Firefighters' Pension Fund, both of which are fiduciary type discretely presented component units.

#### MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The City's records are generally maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The basis of accounting used in the preparation of the basic financial statements is described in the following paragraphs.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues from exchange transactions are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenues from taxes or assessments on exchange transactions (sales taxes, utility taxes) are recognized when the underlying exchange transaction occurs. Revenues from shared nonexchange transactions (state income taxes, motor fuel taxes, replacement taxes) are also recognized in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, provided the state is required to share the revenues under act of law. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year in which they are budgeted to be used. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available, including revenues from taxes or assessments on exchange transactions (sales taxes, utility taxes) and shared nonexchange transactions (state income taxes, motor fuel taxes, replacement taxes). Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers revenues to be available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year in which they are levied as long as they meet the measurable and available criteria. Expenditures generally are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, with the exception of principal and interest payments on general long-term debt which are recognized as liabilities when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period and is not recognized as an inflow of resources or revenue until that time.

Unearned revenues included under the liabilities section of the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet arise when resources are received prior to the City of Mattoon having a legal claim to them.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

## 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

Property taxes are levied no later than the last Tuesday of December. These taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the calendar year that the levy ordinance was enacted. The taxes are payable by property owners in two equal installments. The first installment is due 30 days after the bills are mailed, while the second payment is due around September 1. The Coles County Treasurer distributed the 2015 tax extension to the City on July 1, 2016, July 22, 2016, September 30, 2016, and November 13, 2016. The City Council adopted the 2016 tax levy (receivable in calendar year 2017) on December 6, 2016. The 2016 property tax levy is a deferred inflow of resources in the governmental funds statements and government-wide statements, since the levy is intended to finance fiscal year 2018 expenditures. Property tax revenues recorded in these financial statements are from the 2015 and prior tax levies.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water enterprise fund, the Sewer enterprise fund, and the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

The City considers cash on hand, checking accounts, savings accounts, money market funds, and investments held with an original maturity date of less than three months to be cash and cash equivalents. The City maintains a cash pool for use by most funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is included in the financial statements as cash and cash equivalents. Investments of the City, as well as its component units, are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Unrealized gains or losses from the appreciation or depreciation in fair value of investments in the Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund and Mattoon Police Pension Fund are reported as "net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments."

During 2017, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, which provides a framework for measuring fair value under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. This statement requires that valuation techniques maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs and establishes a fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the valuation inputs into three broad levels as described below.

- Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology derived from unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
- Level 2 Other observable inputs including quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active or inactive markets, and inputs that are principally derived from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.
- Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology which are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurements. These inputs are only used when Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

## 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Statutes authorize the City and the Library to invest in obligations of the United States of America and its agencies, direct obligations of any bank or savings and loan association that is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, short term obligations of corporations subject to certain qualifications, money market mutual funds whose portfolios are limited to governmental securities and obligations, the Illinois Funds Money Market Fund, and bonds of any county, township, city, village, incorporated town, municipal corporation, or school district, subject to certain qualifications.

Statutes authorize the Police and Firefighters Pension component units to invest in obligations of the United States of America and its agencies, bonds of the State of Illinois, bonds of any county, township or municipal corporation of the State of Illinois, Illinois Funds Money Market Fund, money market mutual funds under the Investment Company Act of 1940 subject to certain restrictions, general accounts of life insurance companies authorized to transact business in Illinois, separate accounts managed by life insurance companies subject to certain qualifications, and mutual funds meeting certain requirements. Through an appointed investment adviser, the Pension component units can also invest in common and preferred stocks, subject to certain requirements. Furthermore, investments may be made in banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions covered by depository insurance.

#### RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" for the current portion of interfund loans or "advances to/from other funds" for the noncurrent portion of interfund loans. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Property taxes receivable have been adjusted for estimated uncollectible accounts. No allowance for uncollectibles is considered necessary at year-end. Ambulance, water, and sewer customer receivables are shown net of the allowance for uncollectible accounts. The allowance for uncollectible accounts is based on historical collection experience. If actual defaults are higher than the historical experience, management's estimate of the recoverability of amounts due the City could be adversely affected.

#### INVENTORY AND PREPAID ITEMS

It has been the policy of the Water and Sewer Funds to charge all materials, chemicals, repair parts, and supplies directly to expense at the time they are purchased. Therefore, no inventory is included in these funds. Inventories of governmental funds are considered immaterial at year-end.

Certain payments reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance in the applicable governmental funds.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

## 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements. Land, buildings, furniture, equipment, and vehicles are included at estimated historical cost on various dates prior to December 7, 1971. Property purchased subsequent to that date is valued at historical cost. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated.

The City has adopted an ordinance establishing capitalization thresholds for different classes of capital assets. The capitalization thresholds are as follows:

Property	Tł	Threshold	
Land	\$	5,000	
Buildings and improvements		50,000	
Infrastructure		50,000	
Equipment and vehicles		10,000	
Software		10,000	

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Depreciation has been reported using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. Land is not depreciated. The estimated useful lives for each capital asset type are as follows:

Property	Years
Buildings and building improvements	50
Improvements other than buildings	20
Infrastructure:	
Sidewalks and bike paths	15
Streets, curbs and gutters	20
Traffic signals	25
Bridges and storm sewers	50
Radio-read water meter equipment	10
Equipment and vehicles	5
Software	2

#### COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits to specified maximums. Upon separation from service, employees are eligible to receive only a portion of accumulated time. Such amounts are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. For governmental funds and the governmental component unit, the amount of compensated absences payable from available resources is recorded only when due for payment, such as when an employee retires or resigns.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

## 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, if applicable, are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method, as the differences between the straight line method and the effective interest method are considered immaterial. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount, if applicable. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the year incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, bond issuance costs, and refunding charges during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. Charges related to refunding bonds are reported as other financing uses.

#### **FUND BALANCES**

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is assets less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources in a governmental fund. The following types of fund balances may be presented in the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds, Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds, and Balance Sheet – Governmental Component Unit (Mattoon Public Library):

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of a governmental fund's fund balance that is not available to be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The General Fund and Revolving Loan Fund present nonspendable fund balances because the amounts are not in spendable form. The Governmental Component Unit (Mattoon Public Library) presents a nonspendable fund balance because it is required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of a governmental fund's fund balance that is subject to constraints either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The following funds present restricted fund balances: Motor Fuel Tax Fund – restricted for public works, Hotel and Motel Tax Fund – restricted for culture and recreation, Home Rehabilitation Grant Fund, Revolving Loan Fund, Midtown TIF District Fund, I-57 East TIF District Fund, South Rt 45 TIF District Fund, South Rt 45 Business District Fund, Broadway East TIF District Fund, Broadway East Business District Fund, and I-57 East Business District Fund – restricted for economic development.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of a governmental fund's fund balance with self-imposed constraints or limitations that have been imposed by action of the government's highest level of decision-making. The Mattoon City Council can establish committed fund balances by adopting ordinances for such purposes. The General Fund and Capital Projects Fund present committed fund balances for capital outlay and the demolition of dilapidated structures.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of a governmental fund's fund balance denoting a government's intended use of resources. The Mattoon City Council is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose. The General Fund presents an assigned fund balance for culture and recreation.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

## 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

**FUND BALANCES (Continued)** 

Unassigned Fund Balance – The portion of a governmental fund's fund balance that is not designated for a specific purpose. The General Fund presents an unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure is incurred for which resources are available from multiple types of fund balance, it is the City's policy to first apply restricted resources, then committed fund balances, followed by assigned fund balances, and finally unassigned fund balances.

#### **NET POSITION**

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, net position represents the difference between combined assets and deferred outflows of resources and combined liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net positions are displayed in three categories:

Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position – Consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

Unrestricted net position – Consists of the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

The governmental activities column on the statement of net position reports a restricted amount of \$3,914,771 of which \$1,632,162 is restricted by enabling legislation.

The discretely presented component unit, the Mattoon Public Library, has permanently restricted net assets with unrestricted investment earnings.

It is the City's policy to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

## BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

Budgets are adopted on a basis in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The budget was passed on April 19, 2016.

## **USE OF ESTIMATES**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

#### 2 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position</u>

The reconciliation of total governmental fund balances to net position of governmental activities includes a reconciliation between "total fund balances, governmental funds" and "net position of governmental activities." One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds." The details of the reconciling amount are as follows:

Bonds Payable	\$ (7,935,000)
Plus: bond premium (to be amortized	
as interest expense)	(68,725)
Accrued interest payable	(171,623)
Capital leases payable	(276,987)
Notes payable	(954,659)
Compensated absences payable	(1,070,967)
Net pension liability - IMRF	(1,240,403)
Net pension liability - police pension	(34,806,152)
Net pension liability - firefighter pension	(35,418,101)
Post-employment healthcare benefits obligation	 (8,045,966)
Net adjustment to reduce "total fund balances, governmental funds" to arrive at "net position of	
governmental activities"	\$ (89,988,583)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes, net differences between projected and actual earnings for the pension trust funds and Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund are recognized as deferred outflows and inflows of resources on the statement of net position." The details of the reconciling amounts are as follows:

Deferred outflows - IMRF	\$	819,966
Deferred outflows - Mattoon Police Pension Trust Fund		9,030,989
Deferred outflows - Mattoon Firefighters Pension Trust Fund		3,792,786
Deferred inflows - IMRF		(71,250)
Deferred inflows - Mattoon Police Pension Trust Fund		(1,682,255)
Deferred inflows - Mattoon Firefighters Pension Trust Fund		(1,604,376)
	_ \$	10,285,860

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

## 2 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

<u>Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities</u>

The reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances of governmental funds to the statement of activities includes a reconciliation between "net change in fund balances, governmental funds" and "changes in net position of governmental activities." One element of the reconciliation explains that "governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense." The details of the reconciling amount are as follows:

Capital outlay Depreciation	\$ 2,646,871 (1,194,490)
Net adjustment to reduce "net change in fund balances, governmental funds" to arrive at "changes in net position of governmental activities"	\$ 1,452,381

Another element of that reconciliation states that "The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (e.g. sales and donations) is to decrease net position." The details of the reconciling amounts are as follows:

Proceeds from sale of assets	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$  3,039 (7,591)
Net adjustment to reduce "net change in fund balances, governmental funds" to arrive at "changes		
in net position of governmental activities"	!	\$ (4,552)

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

## 2 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

<u>Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities (Continued)</u>

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued; whereas, these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities." The details of the reconciling amount are as follows:

	_	
Net adjustment to increase "net change in fund balances, governmental funds" to arrive at "changes in net position of governmental activities"	_	\$ 802,072
Amortization of bond premium	_	6,837
Notes payable		136,910
Capital leases		48,325
General obligation bonds		\$ 610,000
Principal repayments:		

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of the reconciling amount are as follows:

Compensated absences Accrued interest Post employment healthcare benefits obligation Change in the net pension liability:		\$ (38,325) 11,380 (848,096)
IMRF	188,665	
Mattoon Police Pension Trust Fund	961,427	
Mattoon Firefighters Police Pension Trust Fund	552,338	1,702,430
Change in deferred inflows and outflows of resources:		
IMRF	(281,826)	
Mattoon Police Pension Trust Fund	(4,178,970)	
Mattoon Firefighters Police Pension Trust Fund	(2,281,371)	(6,742,167)
Net adjustment to reduce "net change in fund balances, governmental funds" to arrive at "changes		
in net position of governmental activities"		\$ (5,914,778)

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

#### 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

#### A. DEPOSITS

At April 30, 2017, the carrying amount of the primary government's deposits was \$14,759,232 and the bank balance was \$14,789,023. The governmental component unit (Mattoon Public Library) had deposits with a carrying amount of \$185,007 and bank balances totaling \$200,049. The fiduciary component units had deposits with a carrying amount of \$1,757,700 and bank balances totaling \$1,757,736. The primary government and governmental component unit (Mattoon Public Library) had cash on hand of \$730 and \$215, respectively.

#### CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's cash balances are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000 per institution. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At April 30, 2017, deposits at First Mid Illinois Bank & Trust and Prairie State Bank & Trust were fully insured or collateralized by the financial institutions. The City's cash balance at Prairie State Bank & Trust totaled \$4,173,178, with \$3,923,178 uninsured by FDIC, but fully collateralized by securities pledged by the financial institution. The City's cash balance at First Mid Illinois Bank & Trust totaled \$10,604,899, with \$10,354,899 uninsured by FDIC, but fully collateralized by securities pledged by the financial institution.

#### B. INVESTMENTS

At April 30, 2017, the City's primary government had the following investments:

			Weighted Avg.
		Average	Maturity
Investment Type	Fair Value	Credit Rating	(Years)
Illinois Funds Money Market Fund	\$ 3,644,087	AAAm	Demand *

Weighted Ava

At April 30, 2017, the City's governmental component unit (Mattoon Public Library) had the following investment:

			Average	Weighted Avg. Maturity
Investment Type	Fa	air Value	Credit Rating	(Years)
Investment pool - Southeastern Illinois Community Foundation	\$	39,518	N/A	N/A

At April 30, 2017, the City's fiduciary component units had the following investments:

				Weighted Avg.
	Level of		Average	Maturity
Investment Type	Hierarchy	Fair Value	Credit Rating	(Years)
Mutual funds	1	\$ 181,736	N/A	N/A
Common stock	1	1,303,662	N/A	N/A
Certificates of deposit	2	149,570	N/A	N/A
U.S. government obligations	2	3,003,791	AA+/AAA	19.68
Corporate and municipal bonds	2	4,093,503	A+/AA3	5.66
Insurance contracts		22,357,821	A/A2	N/A
Total		\$ 31,090,083		

<sup>\*-</sup>These accounts are subject to immediate withdrawal and are reflected as cash equivalents in the financial statements.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

## 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### THE ILLINOIS FUNDS MONEY MARKET FUND

The Illinois Funds Money Market Fund (Illinois Funds) enables custodians of public funds an investment option with a competitive rate of return on fully collateralized investments and immediate access to the funds. Although not subject to direct regulatory oversight, the investment pool is administered by the Illinois State Treasurer in accordance with the provisions of the Illinois Public Funds Investment Act, 30 ILCS 235. The investment policy of the Illinois Funds states that, unless authorized specifically by the Treasurer, a minimum of 75% of its investments shall have less than one-year maturity and no investment shall exceed two years maturity. The policy also limits investment categories to 25% of the portfolio, with the exception of cash equivalents and U.S. Treasury securities, unless specifically authorized by the Treasurer. Further, certificates of deposit cannot exceed 10% of any single financial institution's total deposits. The Illinois Funds received Standard & Poor's highest rating.

#### SOUTHEASTERN ILLINOIS COMMUNITY FOUNDATION

In previous years, the Mattoon Public Library had received a donation from the Lumpkin Family which was used to establish a fund with the Mattoon Area Community Foundation (MACF) to benefit the library. When held by MACF the fund was held in a separate account and invested separately from the other funds of MACF. During the 2008-2009 fiscal year, MACF formed an alliance with the Effingham County Community Foundation. The resulting organization, the Southeastern Illinois Community Foundation (SICF), is an umbrella organization covering its two member foundations. As part of this alliance the individual foundations have pooled their administrative functions, including the investment of the different funds administered by each foundation. This pooling included an aggregation of the investments held by each fund into one investment account. While invested as a pool, the individual funds are accounted for by the foundation on an individual fund basis. The investment policy of the SICF is to keep all its assets invested seventy percent (70%) in equities and thirty percent (30%) in fixed assets and cash or cash equivalents.

## **CREDIT RISK**

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. To help assess this risk, investments in debt securities are rated on their credit quality by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. Statutes state that any short term obligations of corporations invested in by the City's primary government or the Mattoon Public Library component unit must be rated at the time of purchase at one of the three highest classifications established by at least two standard rating services. Investments in bonds of local governments must be rated within the four highest classifications established by a rating service nationally recognized for expertise in rating bonds of states and their political subdivisions. Neither the City nor the Mattoon Public Library governmental component unit has an investment policy that further limits its investments' exposure to credit risk. In addition to the limitations listed above, the City's fiduciary component units' have investment policies that further limit their investments in contracts and agreements of life insurance companies to those rated at least A by A.M. Best Company and A rated by Moody's and Standard and Poor's rating services.

#### INTEREST RATE RISK

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The primary government of the City and the Mattoon Public Library component unit do not have formal investment policies that limit investment maturities as a means of managing their exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The fiduciary component units' investment policies do not limit investment maturities as a means of managing their exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

## **3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

#### CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. State statutes limit the investments in short term obligations of corporations to one-third or less of the government's funds. Neither the City nor the Mattoon Public Library component unit has an investment policy that further limits the percentage of investments from a single issuer. There are no investments (other than investments in external investment pools) in any one issuer that represent five percent or more of total investments for the primary government of the City. The Mattoon Public Library's only investment is in a pooled investment account with Southeastern Illinois Community Foundation.

State statutes limit the fiduciary component units' investments in separate accounts managed by life insurance companies and mutual funds to a maximum of sixty-five percent of the market value of the pension's net present assets in its most recent annual report. Further, the market value of stock in any one corporation cannot exceed five percent of the cash and invested assets of the pension fund. The investment policies of the fiduciary component units do not further limit investment concentrations. More than five percent of the City's fiduciary funds' investments are in the Federal National Mortgage Association (5.86%), and AIG Annuity Insurance Company annuities (29.09%), and Voya Insurance and Annuity Company annuities (39.37%).

# C. RECONCILIATION BETWEEN THE DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND CASH ON HAND AS SHOWN IN THE NOTES AND THE CASH, CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENTS AS SHOWN ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Governmental- Type Component Primary Unit (Mattoon Government Public Library)		Type Fidu Component Co Primary Unit (Mattoon Government Public Library) (F		Type Component Unit (Mattoon		duciary-Type Component Unit (Pensions)
Deposits, investments, and cash on hand per notes:							
Deposits Investments, at fair value Cash on hand	\$ 14,759,232 3,644,087 730	\$	185,007 39,518 215	\$	1,757,700 31,090,083 -		
Total deposits, investments and cash on hand	\$ 18,404,049	\$	224,740	\$	32,847,783		
Cash, certificates of deposit and investments per statements:							
Cash and cash equivalents Investments, at fair value Restricted assets:	\$ 17,146,522 -	\$	185,222 8,882	\$	1,757,700 31,090,083		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,248,647		-		_		
Certificates of deposit	8,880		-		-		
Investments, at fair value			30,636		_		
Total cash and cash equivalents, certificates of deposit and investments	\$ 18,404,049	\$	224,740	\$	32,847,783		

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

## 4 RECEIVABLES

Total

Receivables balances as of April 30, 2017, for the primary government were as follows:

	Governmental Activities									
	Governmental Funds						prietary Funds			
		General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Other ernmental Funds	S	ternal ervice Funds		Total
Property taxes	\$	4,336,000	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	4,336,000
TIF property tax	·	, ,	•		·		·		•	, ,
increment		-		-		884,288		-		884,288
Business district						77.005				77.025
taxes		- 117 424		-		77,035		-		77,035
Utility taxes Telecommunications		117,424		-		-		-		117,424
taxes		178,753		_		_		_		178,753
Income and use		170,733								170,733
taxes		733,670		-		-		-		733,670
Sales taxes		1,537,811		-		-		-		1,537,811
Personal property										
replacement taxes		87,539		-		-		-		87,539
Motor fuel taxes		-		-		81,816		-		81,816
Other taxes		62,590		-		65,406		-		127,996
Grants		20,113		-		-		-		20,113
Ambulance, net		112,914		-		-		-		112,914
Other receivables		108,728				51,639		12,793		173,160

The ambulance billing receivable has been reduced by an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$189,684.

7,295,542

	Business-Type Activities								
	Proprietary Funds								
	Water Fund Sewer Fund					Total			
Customer receivables Other receivables Less: allowance for uncollectible accounts	\$	475,057 105 (1,776)	\$	598,474 1,325 (3,691)	\$	1,073,531 1,430 (5,467)			
Total	\$	473,386	\$	596,108	\$	1,069,494			

1,160,184

12,793

8,468,519

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

## 5 SCHEDULE OF PAYABLES AND RECEIVABLES WITHIN THE REPORTING ENTITY

Payables and receivables between funds consisted of the following at April 30, 2017:

## Due to/from Other funds

Fund	Receivable Payable			
Governmental Funds: General Fund	\$ 61,623	\$ 191,010		
Capital Projects Fund	127,312			
Other Governmental Funds Hotel and Motel Tax Fund Motor Fuel tax Fund	109	481 11,896		
Total other governmental funds	109	12,377		
Total governmental funds	189,044	203,387		
Proprietary Funds: Enterprise Funds: Water Fund Sewer Fund	7,654 15,044	12,952 14,241		
Total Enterprise Funds Internal Service Funds:	22,698	27,193		
Health Insurance Fund	103,268	-		
Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund		84,430		
Total Internal Service Funds	103,268	84,430		
Total Proprietary Funds	125,966	111,623		
Due To/From Other Funds	\$ 315,010	\$ 315,010		

The amounts receivable to the General Fund, Hotel and Motel Tax Fund, Water Fund and Sewer Fund from the Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund are for overpayment of charges for services. The amount receivable to the Capital Projects Fund from the General Fund consists of the transfer of one-half of the sales tax increase earmarked for capital projects, net of amounts owed for other capital improvements. The amount receivable to the Capital Projects Fund from the Motor Fuel Tax Fund is for amounts owed for capital improvements. The amounts receivable to the Health Insurance Fund from the General Fund, Hotel and Motel Tax Fund, Water Fund and Sewer Fund are for underpayment of charges for services.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

## 5 SCHEDULE OF PAYABLES AND RECEIVABLES WITHIN THE REPORTING ENTITY (Continued)

Payables and receivables between funds and component units consisted of the following at April 30, 2017:

## Due between primary government and component units

Fund	Re	eceivable	Payable		
Primary Government:					
Governmental Fund:					
General Fund	\$	14,869	\$	62,720	
Proprietary Funds:					
Internal Service Funds:					
Health Insurance Fund		1,770		-	
Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund				1,183	
Total Internal Service Funds		1,770		1,183	
Total Primary Government		16,639		63,903	
Component Units:					
Governmental Component Unit:					
Mattoon Public Library		1,183		16,639	
Fiduciary Component Units:					
Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund		31,360		-	
Mattoon Police Pension Fund		31,360		_	
Total Fiduciary Component Units		62,720		_	
Total Component Units		63,903		16,639	
Due between primary government					
and component units	\$	80,542	\$	80,542	

The amount receivable to the General Fund from the Library is the reimbursement of expenditures of the Library paid by the General Fund, and the reimbursement of debt service payments paid by the General Fund. The amount receivable to the Health Insurance Fund from the Mattoon Public Library is for underpayments of charges for services. The amount receivable to the Mattoon Public Library from the Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund is for overpayments of charges of services. The amount receivable to the Mattoon Firefighters Pension Fund and Mattoon Police Pension Fund is for the transfer of video gaming taxes from the General Fund.

## Advance between primary government and component units

Fund	Re	ceivable	Payable		
Primary Government:					
Governmental Funds:					
General Fund	\$	49,718	\$	-	
Component Units:					
Governmental Component Unit:					
Mattoon Public Library		_		49,718	
Advance between primary government					
and component units	\$	49,718	\$	49,718	

The amounts receivable to the General Fund consist of the long-term portion of debt paid by the General Fund on behalf of the Mattoon Public Library.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

## **6 CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2017, was as follows:

	Balance April 30, 2016	Additions	Deletions	Balance April 30, 2017
Primary government:				
Government activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 3,215,264	\$ 33,885	\$ -	\$ 3,249,149
Construction in progress	1,064,223	1,688,574	75,528	2,677,269
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,279,487	1,722,459	75,528	5,926,418
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Building and improvements	10,464,922	-	16,560	10,448,362
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(3,373,497)	(244,845)	(16,560)	(3,601,782)
Buildings and improvements, net	7,091,425	(244,845)		6,846,580
Infrastructure	60,947,866	-	-	60,947,866
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(49,623,060)	(552,809)		(50,175,869)
Infrastructure, net	11,324,806	(552,809)		10,771,997
Improvements other than building	4,247,009	891,209	_	5,138,218
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(611,621)	(164,395)	_	(776,016)
Improvements other than building, net	3,635,388	726,814		4,362,202
improvemente outer than banany, net	3/033/300	720/021		.,502,202
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	6,143,492	108,730	81,870	6,170,352
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(5,546,392)	(232,441)	(77,319)	(5,701,514)
Equipment, furniture and vehicles, net	597,100	(123,711)	4,551	468,838
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	22,648,719	(194,551)	4,551	22,449,617
Total governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$ 26,928,206	\$1,527,908	\$ 80,079	\$ 28,376,035

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

# **6 CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)**

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2017, was as follows: (continued)

	Balance			Balance
	April 30, 2016	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	April 30, 2017
Diameter and Constituted by				
Primary government (continued):				
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:	ф го <del>л</del> 1гг	<b>.</b>	<b>.</b>	ф F07.1FF
Land	\$ 587,155	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 587,155
Construction in progress	2,768,255	4,955,455	88,625	7,635,085
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,355,410	4,955,455	88,625	8,222,240
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Building and improvements	13,250,379	-	-	13,250,379
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(5,632,683)	(229,902)	-	(5,862,585)
Buildings and improvements, net	7,617,696	(229,902)		7,387,794
Improvements other than building	215,627	88,625	-	304,252
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(161,282)	(5,958)	_	(167,240)
Improvements other than building, net	54,345	82,667		137,012
Treatment, collection, and distribution	51,662,498	-	-	51,662,498
systems				
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(27,757,520)	(966,694)		(28,724,214)
Treatment, collection, and distribution				
systems, net	23,904,978	(966,694)		22,938,284
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	4,073,028	288,918	22,995	4,338,951
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(2,977,940)	(275,835)	(22,995)	(3,230,780)
Equipment, furniture and vehicles, net	1,095,088	13,083		1,108,171
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	32,672,107	(1,100,846)		31,571,261
Total business-type activities, capital				
assets, net	\$ 36,027,517	\$3,854,609	\$ 88,625	\$ 39,793,501

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

## **6 CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)**

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

## Governmental activities:

General government	\$ 221,551
Public safety	200,063
Public works	682,490
Culture and recreation	83,169
Health and welfare	7,217
Governmental activities, depreciation expense	\$ 1,194,490
usiness-tyne activities:	

# Business-type activities:

Water	\$ 688,423
Sewer	789,966
Business-type activities, depreciation expense	\$ 1,478,389

During 2017, interest expense of \$35,009 and \$106,871 was capitalized for governmental and business-type activities, respectively.

Analysis of changes in component unit capital assets:

Component unit (Mattoon Public Library):	Balance			Balance
Governmental activities:	April 30, 2016	Additions	Deletions	April 30, 2017
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Building and improvements	\$ 2,810,962	\$ 120,522	\$ -	\$ 2,931,484
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(1,104,264)	(57,424)		(1,161,688)
Buildings and improvements, net	1,706,698	63,098		1,769,796
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	140,548		3,286	137,262
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(108,892)	(14,996)	(3,286)	(120,602)
Equipment, furniture and vehicles, net	31,656	(14,996)		16,660
Component unit, capital assets, net	\$ 1,738,354	\$ 48,102	\$ -	\$ 1,786,456

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the discretely presented component unit, Mattoon Public Library, as follows:

Governmental activities: Mattoon Public Library

\$ 72,420

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

#### 7 CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

The City has active construction projects in progress as of April 30, 2017. The projects include construction of the public works building, the construction of a drainage project, continuing upgrade of WWTP and WTP software, construction projects at the Burgess-Osborne Memorial Auditorium, Heritage Park project, and various street improvements. The renovation of the lake dam has been delayed due to budgetary constraints. However, amounts that have been spent to date will be applicable when construction resumes. At April 30, 2017, the City's construction in progress is as follows:

Project:			Remaining		
Primary government:	Sp	ent-to-Date	Cc	ommitment	
Governmental activities:		_		_	
Burgess-Osborne auditorium	\$	132,375	\$	88,603	
Public works building		1,357,182		1,700,000	
43rd St/9th St./IL-16//Dettro Dr. design		87,886		41,411	
Heritage park project		1,096,479		12,000	
Marshall Avenue design & construction- phase 2		3,347		90,000	
Total governmental activities	\$	2,677,269	\$	1,932,014	
Business-type activities:					
CSO/long term control plan	\$	7,553,488	\$	10,896,018	
WWTP SCADA updates	Ψ	56,079	Ψ	2,564	
WWTP screen replacements		8,075		1,000,000	
WTP SCADA updates		2,489		150,000	
Ground storage tank		14,954		15,000	
Total business-type activities	_ \$	7,635,085	\$	12,063,582	

#### **8 CEMETERY DEVELOPMENT**

Cemetery development consists of land held for future expansion and the Dodge Grove Cemetery Mausoleum. The carrying value of the mausoleum is equal to the cost of renovation less cost of crypt spaces sold.

Mausoleum carrying value, April 30, 2016	\$ 39,473
Less: cost of crypts sold	
Mausoleum carrying value, April 30, 2017	39,473
Land held for future expansion, estimated carrying value, April 30, 2017	21,179
Total	\$ 60,652

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

#### 9 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS - ADVANCE REFUNDING ON DEBT CHARGES

For governmental activities, deferred outflows of resources consists of advance refunding of debt charges with an original amount of \$67,015 less accumulated amortization of \$59,037. For business-type activities, deferred outflows of resources consists of advance refunding of debt charges with an original amount of \$267,141 less accumulated amortization of \$260,069. Amortization of advance refunding of debt charges for the year ended April 30, 2017, was \$4,787 for governmental activities and \$10,608 for business-type activities.

#### 10 RESTRICTED ASSETS

The General Fund has restricted cash and investments for mausoleums and cemetery perpetual care. The Water Fund has restricted cash accounts for customer meter deposits. The Water and Sewer Funds have restricted cash accounts for debt service requirements. The Health Insurance Fund has restricted cash for the employees' flexible spending account. The Mattoon Public Library has restricted investments related to an endowment and accumulated earnings and restricted contributions and grants.

#### 11 DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

In January 1977, the City entered into a deferred compensation plan agreement with participating employees, funded with a group variable annuity contract in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Additional plans, available to all City employees, permit them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or an unforeseeable emergency. The City has little administrative involvement and performs no investing function for this plan. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to these amounts, property or rights are solely the property and rights of the participants and are not subject to claims of the City's creditors. Accordingly, these plan assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

## 12 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Maturity Date	Interest Rates	 Amount
Governmental activities: Series 2009A Series 2009B (Taxable)	December 2028 December 2028	1.50% - 4.35% 4.00% - 5.70%	\$ 4,475,000 3,110,000
Governmental activities - refunding: Series 2014 Refunding Bonds	December 2018	2.00%	 350,000
Total governmental activities bonds			\$ 7,935,000
		Interest Rates	 Amount
Business-type activities - refunding: Series 2014 Refunding Bonds Series 2014 Refunding Bonds Series 2014 Refunding Bonds	December 2017 December 2019 December 2023	2.00% 2.00% 2.00% - 3.00%	\$ 395,000 1,455,000 3,505,000
Total business-type activities bonds			\$ 5,355,000

The General Fund services all of the general obligation bonds for governmental activities, except for the Series 2009A and 2009B bonds. The Capital Projects Fund services the Series 2009A general obligation bonds, while the Broadway East Business District Fund services the Series 2009B bonds.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

	Governmental Activities				Business-t	ype A	activities			
Year Ending April 30,	Principal			ncipal Interest		Interest Principal				Interest
2018	\$	635,000	\$	344,108	\$	1,375,000	\$	126,600		
2019		660,000		323,858		1,005,000		99,100		
2020		505,000		302,232		1,025,000		79,000		
2021		535,000		282,738		540,000		58,500		
2022		570,000		261,323		555,000		42,300		
2023-2027		3,375,000		900,816		855,000		34,200		
2028-2031		1,655,000		122,875		-				
		_			-					
Total	\$	7,935,000	\$	2,537,950	\$	5,355,000	\$	439,700		

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

## 13 CAPITAL LEASES

Previously, the City entered into a lease agreement to finance the purchase of a fire truck. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the net present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The asset acquired through the current capital lease is as follows:

Description	Governmental Activities					
Fire truck Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$	748,078 (748,078)				
	\$					

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of April 30, 2017, were as follows:

Years Ending April 30,	 Governmental Activities				
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022	\$ 64,452 64,452 64,452 64,452 46,433				
Total minimum lease payments	304,241				
Less: amount representing interest	 (27,254)				
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 276,987				

## 14 NOTES PAYABLE

The City has issued various notes as follows:

## Governmental activities:

	Maturity Date	Interest Rates	Amount
First Mid-Illinois Bank & Trust note, serviced by the General Fund, proceeds used to fund early retirement incentives, energy efficient improvements, and future needs in the General Fund	December 2020	2.490%	\$ 351,541
First Mid-Illinois Bank & Trust note, serviced by the South Rt 45 TIF Fund, proceeds used to fund business development along South Rt 45, refinanced			
September 2016	November 2029	4.875%	547,294

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

# 14 NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

14 NOTES PATABLE (Continued)	Maturity Date	Interest Rates		Amount
Prairie State Bank & Trust note, serviced by the General Fund, proceeds used to purchase Tymco Regenerative Air Sweeper  Total governmental activities notes	August 2018	1.885%	\$ \$	55,824 954,659
Business-type activities:	Maturity Date	Interest Rates		Amount
First Mid-Illinois Bank & Trust note, serviced by the Water Fund, proceeds used to fund early retirement incentives and energy efficient improvements	December 2020	2.490%	\$	283,317
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency note, serviced by the Sewer Fund, proceeds used for sewer wastewater treatment plant rehabilitation	January 2018	2.865%		34,500
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency note, serviced by the Sewer Fund, proceeds used for sewer system improvements, loan executed December 2015, \$5,417,225 of an available \$6,178,861 borrowing base has been drawn down by the City, repayment of loan begins August 3, 2017 with a 19.5 year term	August 2036	1.860%		5,417,225
First Mid-Illinois Bank & Trust note, serviced by the Sewer Fund, proceeds used to fund early retirement incentives and energy efficient improvements	December 2020	2.490%		224,594
Total business-type activities notes			\$	5,959,636

Notes payable debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Governmental Activities				Business-t	ype Ad	ctivities	
Year Ending April 30,	Principal		Interest		Principal			Interest
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 - 2027 2028 - 2032	\$	142,480 147,355 122,937 126,742 37,388 216,082 161,675	\$	37,249 32,351 28,075 24,269 20,198 71,849 16,146	\$	389,653 362,550 370,103 377,809 250,715 1,325,623 1,454,196	\$	113,073 104,933 97,379 89,674 81,787 336,883 208,311
2033 - 2037		-		_		1,428,987		67,268
Total	\$	954,659	\$	230,137	\$	5,959,636	\$	1,099,308

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

## 15 CHANGE IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the primary government for the year ended April 30, 2017, was as follows:

	A	Balance pril 30, 2016		Additions		Reductions	_A	Balance pril 30, 2017		Oue Within One Year
Primary government:										
Governmental activities:										
General obligation bonds	\$	8,545,000	\$	-	\$	610,000	\$	7,935,000	\$	635,000
Add amounts:						,				•
For issuance premiums		75,562				6,837		68,725		
Total general obligation bonds		8,620,562		-		616,837		8,003,725		635,000
Capital leases		325,312		_		48,325		276,987		55,055
Notes payable		1,091,569		-		136,910		954,659		142,480
Compensated absences		1,032,642		38,325		-		1,070,967		214,193
Net pension liability - IMRF		1,429,068		, -		188,665		1,240,403		-
Net pension liability - police pension		, ,				,		, ,		
fund		35,767,579		-		961,427		34,806,152		-
Net pension liability - firefighters' pension	on	, ,				,		, ,		
fund		35,970,439		-		552,338		35,418,101		-
Post-employment healthcare benefits		7,197,870		848,096				8,045,966		
Governmental activities,										
long-term liabilities	¢	91,435,041	\$	886,421	¢	2,504,502	\$	89,816,960	\$	1,046,728
Business-type activities:	_	6 705 000	<b>.</b>		_	1 250 000		F 3FF 000	<b>.</b>	1 275 000
General obligation bonds Add amounts:	\$	6,705,000	\$	-	\$	1,350,000	\$	5,355,000	\$	1,375,000
For issuance premiums		205,986				28,951		177,035		
Total general obligation bonds		6,910,986		-		1,378,951		5,532,035		1,375,000
Notes payable		1,256,057		4,856,432		152,853		5,959,636		389,652
Compensated absences		231,986		25,096		-		257,082		51,417
Net pension liability - IMRF		1,505,363		-		165,356		1,340,007		- /
Post-employment healthcare benefits		1,936,903		253,120				2,190,023		
Business-type activities,										
long-term liabilities	\$	11,841,295	\$	5,134,648	\$	1,697,160	\$	15,278,783	\$	1,816,069
Component unit										
(Mattoon Public Library):										
Governmental activities:	_		_	E0 000	_			E0 000	_	F 000
Notes payable Compensated absences	\$	- 16 012	\$	50,000	\$	1 000	\$	50,000 14,025	\$	5,000
Compensated absences		16,813		<del>-</del>	_	1,888		14,925		2,985
Component unit, long-term liabilities	¢	16,813	¢	50,000	\$	1,888	ď	64,925	¢	7,985
iong-term liabilities	\$	10,013	\$	30,000	P	1,000	\$	U-T, 343	\$	7,303

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

## 16 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred inflows of resources on the governmental funds balance sheet were as follows:

	General Fu			Governmental Funds			
Property taxes	\$	4,336,000	\$	884,288			
Sales and other related taxes		596,461		57,726			
Income taxes		377,307		-			
Grant revenue		13,680		-			
Service revenue		102,048		-			
Totals	\$	5,425,496	\$	942,014			

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## 17 TAXES

Tax revenues during the year ended April 30, 2017, were as follows:

J , , , ,	G	eneral Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds
Property taxes	\$	4,145,492	\$	-
TIF property tax increment		-		473,863
Telecommunication taxes		791,993		-
Utility taxes		1,417,576		-
Business district taxes		-		308,808
Road and bridge taxes		152,471		-
Hotel taxes		-		327,769
Cable TV franchise taxes		188,874		-
Gas and electric franchise taxes		190,880		
Totals	\$	6,887,286	\$	1,110,440

## **18 INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES**

Intergovernmental revenues during the year ended April 30, 2017, were as follows:

	_Ge	eneral Fund	Capital jects Fund	Go	Otner overnmental Funds
Income and use taxes	\$	1,958,319	\$ -	\$	-
Sales taxes		6,222,685	-		-
Personal property replacement taxes		569,355	-		-
Video gaming tax		313,597	-		-
Pull tabs and jar games tax		8,229			
Motor fuel taxes		-	-		469,556
Foreign fire insurance taxes		34,896	-		-
Grants and contributions		134,005	 215,531		494,897
Totals	\$	9,241,086	\$ 215,531	\$	964,453

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

# 19 COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES EXTENDED, COLLECTED, AND DISTRIBUTED

	For Tax Levy Year				
	2016	2015	2014		
Assessed valuation	\$ 197,365,815	\$ 192,469,579	\$ 190,432,435		
Rate per \$100, excluding road and bridge rate	2.13233	2.14922	2.14593		
Taxes extended, excluding road and bridge taxes	4,208,490	4,136,595	4,086,547		
Add: City's share of road and bridge taxes extended	155,719	152,978	151,024		
Total taxes extended	\$ 4,364,209	\$ 4,289,573	\$ 4,237,571		
Taxes available to City after abatements and losses in collection (2016 estimated)	\$ 4,336,000	\$ 4,272,385	\$ 4,200,258		
Percentage of extension available to City (2016 estimated)	99.35% 99.60%		99.12%		

	For Tax Levy Year				
		2016		2015	2014
Distribution of taxes available (2016 estimated):	. <u></u>				
General fund:					
General government	\$	36,000	\$	578,819	\$ 695,572
Fire protection		294,000		287,541	283,123
Police protection		294,000		287,541	283,123
Street, including road & bridge		155,000		152,471	149,855
Park		147,000		143,769	141,562
Mattoon Public Library		451,000		440,897	434,122
Firefighters pension fund		1,574,000		1,238,586	1,088,793
Police Pension Fund		1,385,000		1,142,761	1,124,108
	\$	4,336,000	\$	4,272,385	\$ 4,200,258

The City Council has abated the 2014, 2015, and 2016 tax levies applicable to all outstanding general obligation bonds.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

#### 20 SCHEDULE OF OPERATING TRANSFERS WITHIN THE REPORTING ENTITY

Operating transfers between funds during the year ended April 30, 2017, were as follows:

Transfers In	Transfers Out		Amount
South Rt. 45 TIF District Fund	South Rt. 45 Business District Fund	\$	44,000
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund		731,530
	Total	\$	775,530

The first transfer was for spending related to the South Route 45 TIF District Fund. The second transfer reclassified amounts of one-half sales tax increase earmarked for capital projects.

#### 21 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

## IMRF Plan Description

The City's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of a multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this footnote. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefits provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

#### Benefits Provided

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employee hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employee who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

## 21 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (Continued)

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months with the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of December 31, 2016, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Participants
Retirees and Beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	138
Inactive Plan Members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	24
Active Plan Members	69
Total	231

## **Contributions**

As set by statute, the City's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The City's annual contribution for calendar year 2016 was 11.57%. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2017, the City contributed \$424,899 to the plan. The City also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

## Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

## Actuarial Assumptions

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at December 31, 2016:

- The Actuarial Cost Method used was Entry Age Normal.
- The Asset Valuation Method used was Market Value of Assets.
- The Inflation Rate was assumed to be 2.75%.
- Salary Increases were expected to be 3.75% to 14.50%, including inflation.
- The Investment Rate of Return was assumed to be 7.50% (regular) and 7.50% (ECO).

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

## 21 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

- Projected Retirement Age was from the Experience-based Table of Rates, specific to the type of eligibility condition, last updated for the 2014 valuation according to an experience study from years 2011 to 2013.
- The IMRF-specific rates for Mortality (for non-disabled retirees) were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.
- For Disabled Retirees, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table, applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives.
- For Active Members, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.
- The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Portfolio	Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Percentage	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	38%	6.85%
International Equity	17%	6.75%
Fixed Income	27%	3.00%
Real Estate	8%	5.75%
Alternative Investments	9%	2.65-7.35%
Cash Equivalents	1%	2.25%
Total	100%	

## Single Discount Rate

A Single Discount Rate of 7.50% (regular) and 7.50% (ECO) was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

## 21 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (Continued)

Single Discount Rate (Continued)

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.50% (regular) and 7.50% (ECO), the municipal bond rate is 3.57%, and the resulting single discount rate is 7.50% (regular) and 7.50% (ECO).

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (A)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)	Net Pension Liability (A) - (B)	
Balances at December 31, 2015	\$ 34,760,152	\$ 31,825,721	\$ 2,934,431	
Changes for the year:				
Service Cost	430,604	-	430,604	
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	2,545,607	-	2,545,607	
Differences Between Expected and Actual				
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	(201,004)	-	(201,004)	
Changes of Assumptions	(82,309)	-	(82,309)	
Contributions - Employer	-	428,047	(428,047)	
Contributions - Employees	-	166,483	(166,483)	
Net Investment Income	-	2,195,532	(2,195,532)	
Benefit Payments, including Refunds				
of Employee Contributions	(1,886,904)	(1,886,904)	-	
Other (Net Transfer)		256,857	(256,857)	
Net Changes	805,994	1,160,015	(354,021)	
Balances at December 31, 2016	\$ 35,566,146	\$ 32,985,736	\$ 2,580,410	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plans' net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.50% for the regular plan and 7.50% for the ECO plan, as well as what the plans' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

	1% Lower	Current Discount	1% Higher
	(6.50%)	(7.50%)	(8.50%)
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - regular	\$ 7,010,550	\$ 2,580,410	\$ (1,082,850)

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

## 21 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (Continued)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$629,428. At April 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred amounts to be recognized in pension Expense in future periods:				
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	65,033 31,250 1,482,541	\$	89,401 56,684 2,136
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods		1,578,824		148,221
Pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date		126,950		
Total deferred amounts related to pensions	\$	1,705,774	\$	148,221

\$126,950 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ending April 30, 2018.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Year Ending December 31	Net Deferred Outflows of Resources	Net Deferred Inflows of Resources
2017 2018 2019 2020 2021	\$ 495,842 434,953 469,295 30,513	\$ - - - -
Thereafter Total	\$ 1,430,603	\$ -

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

#### 22 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting – The financial statements of the Firefighters and Police Pension plans are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The City's contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans.

Method Used to Value Investments - Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

#### PLAN DESCRIPTIONS

The City of Mattoon contributes to two single-employer defined benefit pension plans: Mattoon Firefighters' Pension Fund and Mattoon Police Pension Fund. Each plan provides retirement and disability benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the Illinois legislature. Although they are single employer pension plans, the defined benefits as well as the employee and employer contribution levels are mandated by the Illinois Compiled Statues, Chapter 40, Article 3 and 4, and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. Separate financial statements are not issued for these pension plans.

Management of each Pension Fund is governed by the Mattoon Police Pension Fund Board and Mattoon Firefighter Pension Fund Board. Each Board consists of five members - which are appointed by the Mayor or elected by each Pension Fund's members.

Plan Membership - At April 30, 2017, pension plan membership consisted of the following:

	Police Pension	Firefighters Pension
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	45	53
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-	2
Active plan members	38	31
	83	86

## **BENEFITS PROVIDED**

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Tier 1 employees (those hired prior to January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to one-half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75.00% of such salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3.00% of the original pension and 3.00% compounded annually thereafter.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

#### 22 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS (Continued)

#### BENEFITS PROVIDED (Continued)

Tier 2 employees (those hired on or after January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 55 or older with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the police officer during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Police officers' salary for pension purposes is capped at \$106,800, plus the lesser of ½ of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3.00% compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75.00% of such salary. Employees with at least 10 years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e. ½% for each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 police officer shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the police officer retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Non-compounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3.00% or ½ of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the proceeding calendar year.

The Firefighters' Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Tier 1 employees (those hired prior to January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to one-half of the salary attached to the rank held at the date of retirement. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75.00% of such salary. Employees with at least 10 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a covered employee who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3.00% of the original pension and 3.00% compounded annually thereafter.

Tier 2 employees (those hired on or after January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 55 or older with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the firefighter during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Firefighters' salary for pension purposes is capped at \$106,800, plus the lesser of ½ of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3.00% compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75.00% of such salary. Employees with at least 10 years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e. ½% for each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 firefighter shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the firefighter retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Non-compounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3.00% or ½ of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the proceeding calendar year.

#### **CONTRIBUTIONS**

The contribution requirement of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the State legislature. Firefighter plan members are required to contribute 9.455%. Police plan members are required to contribute 9.91%. These contribution rates may vary if members transfer service credit from a previous employer. If an employee, fire or police, leave covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City of Mattoon is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

#### 22 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS (Continued)

#### CONTRIBUTIONS (Continued)

However, effective January 1, 2011, ILCS requires the City to contribute a minimum amount annually calculated using the projected unit credit actuarial costs method that will result in the funding of 90% of the past service costs of each pension fund by the end of the municipal fiscal year 2040 as required by ILCS. For the year ended April 30, 2017, the City's contribution was 56.9% of covered Police payroll and 71.4% of covered Firefighter payroll.

#### **INVESTMENTS**

The deposits and investments of each Fund are held separately from those of the City and are under the control of each Fund's Board of Trustees.

Investment Policy - Each pension plan's policy is established and may be amended by the applicable Board. It is the policy of each Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio. Neither pension fund has a specific asset allocation guideline. Investments must be in accordance with Illinois Compiled Statutes Chapter 40, Act 5/1-113. For ILCS limitations, see Note 3. The following are authorized:

Firefighters' Pension Fund - The funds are invested in those investments selected by the fund's investment managers and can include contracts/agreements of life insurance companies, mutual funds, common and preferred stocks.

Police Pension Fund - The fund can invest in mutual funds, common/preferred stocks, government securities and agencies, corporate bonds, and life insurance policies.

The long-term expected rate of return on the Police and Firefighters' Pension Funds' investments was determined using an asset allocation study conducted by the Fund's investment management consultant in September, 2012 in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (net pension plan investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major assets class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Each Funds' investment policy does not include target allocations across asset classes. Best estimates of future real rates of return and arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of April 30, 2017 are listed in the table below.

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash Alternatives	0.00%
Short-term tax-exempt fixed income	-0.40%
Intermediate tax-exempt fixed income	0.10%
Long-term tax-exempt fixed income	0.50%
Public Real Estate	6.20%
Private Real Estate	6.30%

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

#### 22 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS (Continued)

**INVESTMENTS** (Continued)

	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
U.S. Large Cap Equities	6.40%
U.S. Mid Cap Equities	7.30%
U.S. Small Cap Equities	7.80%
Developed Market ex. U.S. Equities	6.40%
Developed Market ex. U.S. Small Cap Equities	7.50%
Emerging market equity	9.00%
Commodities	3.00%

Rate of Return -- For the year ended April 30, 2017, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 10.99% and 10.47% for the Police Pension Fund and Firefighters' Pension Fund, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### **ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS**

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of April 30, 2017 (May 1, 2017) using the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

	Police	Firefighter
Actuarial Valuation Date	April 30, 2017	April 30, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-age normal	Entry-age normal
Amortization	Straight-line	Straight-line
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Discount rate used for the total pension liability	5.31%	5.68%
Long Term Expected Rate of return on plan assets	6.75%	6.75%
High Quality 20 year tax-exempt G.O. Bond rate	3.82%	3.82%
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Salary increases	2.5% - 22.43%	3.5% - 12.19%
Cost of living adjustments	2.50%	2.50%
Mortality Rate Assumption	L&A 2016 IL Police Study	L&A 2016 IL Firefighter Study

All rates are assumed to be annual rates compounded on an annual basis. Some assumptions were changed from the prior year. The assumed rate on High Quality 20 year Tax-Exempt G.O. Bonds was changed from 3.32% to 3.82%. In addition, the discount rate was adjusted as noted in the following paragraph.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

#### 22 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS (Continued)

#### DISCOUNT RATE

The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.31% for the Police Pension Fund and 5.68% for the Firefighters' Pension Fund in the current year. In the prior year, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.21% for the Police Pension Fund and 5.49% for the Firefighters' Pension Fund. The projection of cash flows used to determine these single discount rates assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The single discount rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of the most recent valuations, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 6.75%, the municipal bond rate is 3.82%, and the resulting single discount rate is 5.31% for the Police Pension Fund and 5.68% for the Firefighters' Pension Fund.

Discount Rate Sensitivity -- The following is a sensitive analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension liability of the Police and Firefighter's Pension fund calculated using the discount rate of 5.31% and 5.68%, respectively as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

Employer Net Pension Liability	1% Decrease 4.31%	Current Discount Rate - 5.31%	1% Increase 6.31%
Police Pension Fund	\$ 43,127,509	\$ 34,806,152	\$ 28,144,719
Employer Net Pension Liability	1% Decrease 4.68%	Current Discount Rate - 5.68%	1% Increase 6.68%
Firefighters' Pension Fund	\$ 42,681,988	\$ 35,418,101	\$ 29,503,816

The sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the discount rate is based primarily on two factors:

- 1. The duration of the plan's expected benefit payments. Younger plans with benefit payments further in the future will be more sensitive to changes in the discount rate.
- 2. The funded percentage of the plan (ratio of the net position to the total pension liability). The higher the funded percentage, the higher the sensitivity to the discount rate.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

# 22 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS (Continued)

#### PENSION LIABILITY

Changes in the Net Pension Liability:

es in the Net i choisin Elability.	F	Police Pension Fund	i
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at April 30, 2016	\$ 51,818,078	\$ 16,050,499	\$ 35,767,579
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	952,466	-	952,466
Interest	2,696,963	-	2,696,963
Actuarial experience	154,740	-	154,740
Assumptions changes	(1,474,935)	-	(1,474,935)
Contributions - employer	-	1,437,453	(1,437,453)
Contributions - employee	-	249,841	(249,841)
Net investment income	(2.055.644)	1,656,958	(1,656,958)
Benefit payments, including refunds	(2,055,641)	(2,055,641)	-
Administrative expense		(53,591)	53,591
Net changes	273,593	1,235,020	(961,427)
Balances at April 30, 2017	\$ 52,091,671	\$ 17,285,519	\$ 34,806,152
	Total Pension Liability (a)	efighters' Pension For Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	und  Net Pension  Liability  (a) - (b)
Balances at April 30, 2016	\$ 50,594,052	\$ 14,623,613	\$ 35,970,439
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	712,881	_	712,881
Interest	2,806,228	_	2,806,228
Actuarial experience	634,737	-	634,737
Assumptions changes	(1,442,384)	-	(1,442,384)
Contributions - employer	-	1,533,379	(1,533,379)
Contributions - employee	-	204,327	(204,327)
Net investment income	-	1,544,569	(1,544,569)
Benefit payments, including refunds	(2,377,256)	(2,377,256)	-
Administrative expense	-	(18,475)	18,475
Net changes	334,206	886,544	(552,338)
Balances at April 30, 2017	\$ 50,928,258	\$ 15,510,157	\$ 35,418,101

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

#### 22 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS (Continued)

PENSION EXPENSE, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS

For the year ended April 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$4,654,995 for the Police Pension fund and \$3,262,412 for the Firefighters' Pension Fund. At April 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Police Pension Fund			
	Defer	red Outflows	Deferred Inflows	
	of	Resources	0	f Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	588,312	\$	_
Changes of assumptions	4	7,332,507	Ψ	1,212,023
Net difference between projected and actual Earnings on pension plan investments		1,110,170		470,232
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		-		
Total	\$	9,030,989	\$	1,682,255

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date may be recognized as a reduction to the NPL. However, as presented above, there were no contributions subsequent to the measurement date. Subsequent to the measurement date, the following amounts will be recognized in pension expense in the upcoming years:

2018	\$	2,263,184		
2019		2,263,184		
2020		2,263,183		
2021		702,733		
2022		(143,550)		
Thereafter		<u> </u>		
	\$	7,348,734		
	<del></del>			
		Firefighters' F	Pensio	on Fund
	Defer	red Outflows		erred Inflows
		Resources		f Resources
Differences between expected and actual		_		
experience	\$	928,130	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		1,787,607		1,140,630
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1 077 040		162 716
earrings on bension bian investments		1,077,049		463,746
		-		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	\$	3,792,786	\$	- 1,604,376

Year ended April 30:

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

#### 22 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS (Continued)

PENSION EXPENSE, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS (Continued)

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date may be recognized as a reduction to the NPL. However, there were no contributions subsequent to the measurement date. Subsequent to the measurement date, the following amounts will be recognized in pension expense in the upcoming years:

Year ended April 30:		
2018		\$ 894,041
2019		894,041
2020		648,058
2021		(247,730)
2022		-
Thereafter	_	
		\$ 2,188,410

#### 23 POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

The City provides post-employment healthcare benefits to former employees and retirees.

Former employees, who are not retirees, are provided COBRA healthcare benefits mandated by the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act. Former employees, who are qualified under the Act, may apply for coverage by the City's self-insured health plan. The cost is 100% funded on a monthly pay-as-you-go basis by the former employee based upon actual cost of the health plan for either "single" or "family" coverage.

Illinois statutes mandate that a municipality must offer its retirees a health insurance plan equivalent to that offered to active employees. Illinois statutes enable a municipality to make the health plan benefits supplemental to Medicare and to offer these supplemental benefits at a different retiree contribution rate than regular benefits provided by the group plan. State statutes do not presently require the municipality to pay any portion of the cost of the plan for retired employees. Because the actuarial cost of health benefits for retirees exceeds the average amount paid by retirees, the additional cost is paid by the City and is the basis for the OPEB obligation accounted for under GASB 45. Separate financial statements are not issued for the post-employment healthcare benefits program.

#### **FUNDING POLICY**

For fiscal year 2017, the City contributed \$1,156,252 for retiree healthcare benefits. For retirees hired prior to May 1, 2007, the City required retirees with monthly pensions less than \$1,625 per month to contribute \$115 per month for those with no dependents or \$308 per month for those with dependents, 20% of the total cost of their healthcare. Retirees with a monthly pension greater than \$1,625 per month were required to contribute \$201 per month for those with no dependents or \$539 per month for those with dependents, 35% of the total cost of their healthcare. Retirees hired after April 30, 2007, pay 100% of the blended average monthly cost. The municipality bears all cost up to the stop loss insurance and above the amount contributed by retirees on a pay-as-you-go basis.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

# 23 POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS (Continued)

#### ANNUAL OPEB COST AND NET OPEB OBLIGATION

The City's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC). The ARC represents the normal cost each year and an amount to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability over thirty years. The following table shows the calculation of the net OPEB obligation. The Net OPEB Obligation is the amount entered as of year end as the net liability for post-employment benefits.

Item	Total
Annual required contribution	\$ 2,383,053
Interest on net OPEB Obligation	411,065
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(536,650)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	2,257,468
Contributions made	(1,156,252)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	1,101,216
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	9,134,773
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 10,235,989

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligations were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual OPEB Cost		Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
2017	\$	2,257,468	51.20%	\$ 10,235,989
2016		2,274,082	46.90%	9,134,773
2015		2,390,076	50.50%	7,926,361

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

#### 23 POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS (Continued)

#### FUNDED STATUS AND FUNDING PROGRESS

As of April 30, 2017, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$34,093,207. The covered payroll was approximately \$7,777,816, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 438.3%. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents information about the actuarial value of plan assets and the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

#### ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan understood by the employer and plan members) and include the benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members.

Actuarial Methods	Post-Employment Health Care Benefits
Funding Method	Entry Age Normal Cost
Amortization Method	Level dollar (30 years) - Closed amortization period
Interest Rate	4.50%
Salary Progression	3.50%
Claim Costs: Single Coverage Family Coverage	\$575 \$1,539
Employee Contributions:  Hired prior to May 1, 2007  Pension amount less than \$1,625/month  Pension amount more than \$1,625/month  Hired after April 30, 2007	20% of cost 35% of cost 100% of cost
Mortality Rate	RP2000 Blue Collar table projected to 2016 for Police RP2000 table projected to 2016 for all others
Retirement, Withdrawal, and Disability Rates	Age-related tables with varying rates
Participation	90% of employees hired prior to May 1, 2007, that are currently enrolled

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

#### 23 POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS (Continued)

ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS (Continued)

Actuarial Methods	Post-Employment Health Care	Post-Employment Health Care Benefits		
	50% of employees hired after April 30, are currently enrolled	2007, that		
Spouse Information	50% employees assumed to have parti Females assumed to be 3 years younge	. • .		
Health Care Cost Inflation Rates	Period	Rate		
	2016	8%		
	2017	7.5%		
	2018	7%		
	2019 and after	4.5% - 6.5%		

#### 24 SELF-INSURANCE

The City has offered its employees and retirees a self-insured group health insurance plan managed by a third party administrator (TPA) since January 1, 1983. The health plan offers medical, dental and prescription drug benefits. A third party administrator is responsible for the approval and processing of claims and for the payment of claims from the City's Health Insurance Internal Service Fund. The City is responsible for the payment of monthly administration fees and stop loss insurance premiums to the plan administrators. The plan administrators are Aetna for medical and pharmacy benefits and Delta Dental for dental benefits.

The municipality requires active employee and retiree contributions to the health plan. Note 23 provides the funding information for retirees. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2017, the contribution for active employees was \$115 per month for those with no dependents or \$308 per month for those with dependents, approximately 20% of total monthly costs. The municipality bears all cost above the amount contributed by employees on a pay-as-you-go basis.

In addition to the monthly contributions, participants are required to pay an annual deductible and co-payments on claims incurred after the annual deductible. The co-payments required of participants are lower for PPO providers. The plan underwrites 100% of the cost of claims after the participant has made co-payments in excess of the deductible each calendar year up to the stop loss insurance threshold. The City's plan has a \$600 calendar year family deductible and a \$300 calendar year single deductible for PPO providers. There is a \$2,000 calendar year out of pocket family maximum and \$1,000 calendar year out of pocket single maximum for PPO providers, after contract year deductible. For out-of-network providers, the City's plan has a \$1,000 calendar year family deductible and a \$500 calendar year single deductible. There is a \$4,000 calendar year out of pocket family maximum and \$2,000 calendar year out of pocket single maximum for out-of-network providers, after contract year deductible. There are separate annual deductible, co-payment and yearly maximums for the dental plan. There are separate copayment amounts required for the prescription drug benefit.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

#### 24 SELF-INSURANCE (Continued)

The specific stop loss insurance coverage presently attaches at costs in excess of \$150,000 per participant. The aggregate stop loss coverage attaches at costs in excess of about \$1 million per calendar year. The exact attachment point for the annual aggregate coverage varies each year and is determined by a formula and the number of enrolled participants.

At the end of the fiscal year, the City had 268 employees, former employees, and retirees participating in the group health plan. Of this number, 129 were active employees, and 139 were retirees. 79 of the participants had single coverage, and 189 had family coverage.

The health plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The City incurred health plan claims expenditures of \$3,137,046 in the fiscal year that ended April 30, 2017, which includes \$164,023 of claims incurred, but not paid. An actuarial estimate of claims incurred, but not reported, was not determined.

The City also has Medicare supplemental insurance offered to current Medicare-eligible participants through Aetna. The City pays the monthly premiums with participants' contributions the same as the City's plan. There are no deductibles, out-of-pocket, or stop loss expenses. There is no network. At April 30, 2017, the City had 73 retirees and 37 dependents on the policy, each having individual policies.

#### **25 INSURANCE**

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; natural disasters; errors and omissions; and injuries to employees for which the City carries commercial insurance. There have been no decreases of insurance coverage in the last three years. The following schedule presents information pertaining to lines of insurance coverage that were in effect at the end of the fiscal year.

Exposure	Insurer	Limits of Coverage	Expiration
Workers Compensation	IPRF <sup>1</sup>	\$3 million each accident \$3 million each employee \$3 million policy limit	1/1/2018
Property & Casualty	Federal <sup>2</sup>	Replacement Cost \$74,875,047 Blanket Building and Contents Limit \$1,000,000 Extra Expense and Business Income Property- \$5,000 deductible Extra Expense and Business Income \$5,000 deductible	12/1/2017
General Liability <sup>3</sup>	Lloyd's London	\$1 million each occurrence \$3 million aggregate	12/1/2017
Flood	American <sup>4</sup>	\$500,000 Blower Building Structure \$416,700 Blower Building Contents \$176,400 Pump Station Building \$256,300 Pump Station Contents \$25,000 deductible	12/1/2017

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

#### 25 INSURANCE (Continued)

Volunteers	Federal <sup>2</sup>	\$100,000 each occurrence	12/1/2017
Fiduciary Liability	Federal <sup>2</sup>	\$1 million aggregate	12/1/2017
Public Officials Liability	Lloyd's London	\$1 million each occurrence \$3 million aggregate \$5,000 deductible	12/1/2017
Employment Practices Liability	Lloyd's London	\$1 million each occurrence \$3 million aggregate \$10,000 per claim - back wages \$5,000 deductible for each wrongfu \$5,000 deductible for back wages	12/1/2017 I act
Automobile Physical Damage	Lloyd's London	Actual cash value \$1,000 deductible	12/1/2017
Automobile Liability	Lloyd's London	\$1 million	12/1/2017
Law Enforcement Liability	Lloyd's London	\$1 million each occurrence \$3 million aggregate \$5,000 deductible	12/1/2017
Crime	Hanover <sup>5</sup>	Limit - \$500,000	12/1/2017
Inland Marine	Federal <sup>2</sup>	\$2,869,782 \$2,500 deductible	12/1/2017
Umbrella Liability <sup>6</sup>	Lloyd's London	\$10 million each occurrence \$10 million aggregate	12/1/2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Illinois Public Risk Fund.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Federal Insurance Company.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The general liability coverage is subject to exclusions and sub-limits for exposures related to Products/Completed Operations, Personal & Advertising Injury, Damage to Premises Rented to You, and Employee Benefits. See the policy on file with the City for exclusion and sub-limit information.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> American Banker's Insurance Company of Florida.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Hanover Insurance Company.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The umbrella policy is excess liability coverage for the following policies: Commercial General Liability, Commercial Automobile Liability, Public Officials Liability, Law Enforcement, and Employment Practices Liability.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

#### **26 CONTINGENCIES**

At April 30, 2017, the City was a defendant in a pending lawsuit. The City's legal counsel is unable to express an opinion as to the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome on the lawsuit. However, the City believes it has numerous meritorious defenses and is vigorously defending this litigation.

#### 27 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The City of Mattoon services a \$2,000,000 loan that was issued December 16, 2010, to fund early retirement incentives and energy efficient improvements throughout the City's buildings. The loan is serviced by the primary government. The Mattoon Public Library, a discretely presented component unit, had an employee retire using the early retirement incentive and received various energy efficient improvements that were paid for from the proceeds of the loan. Therefore, the Library reports an amount due to the General Fund for the cost of these items, minus grants received to help cover the cost. The Library makes monthly payments to the General Fund to reimburse the amount owed plus the interest on the note proceeds used for the Library. At April 30, 2017, the balance due to the General Fund from the Library for this transaction was \$49,718.

#### 28 FUTURE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION CHANGES

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement No 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets that are not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. This statement will be implemented for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2018. The requirements establish revised reporting requirements for the Police and Firefighters' Pension Funds and adjusts some actuarial determinations. The impact on the pension liability is not determined.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement No 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans - replacing GASB No. 43 and 57* and Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions - replacing GASB No. 45 and 57*. These statements will be implemented for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2019. The revised requirements establish new financial reporting requirements for state and local governments which provide their employees with postemployment benefits, including additional note disclosures and required supplementary information. In addition, the Statement of Net Position is expected to include a significant liability for the City's proportionate share of the employee postemployment benefit plan.

#### **29 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Subsequent events were evaluated through the date of the Independent Auditor's Report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. On May 2, 2017, the City passed Ordinance No. 2017-5397 authorizing general obligation refunding bonds (alternate revenue source) series 2017A for \$4,255,000 which refunds Series 2009A Bonds and Ordinance No. 2017-5398 authorizing taxable general obligation refunding bonds (alternate revenue source) series 2017B for \$2,980,000 which refunds Series 2009B Bonds. Management believes no such other events require additional disclosure.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Other than Management's Discussion and Analysis)

# ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

#### December 31, 2016

Total Pension Liability:	2017		2016	
Service Cost	\$ 430,604	\$	415,804	
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	2,545,607		2,459,375	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience				
of the Total Pension Liability	(201,004)		163,267	
Changes of Assumptions	(82,309)		82,262	
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(1,886,904)		(1,888,639)	
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	805,994		1,232,069	
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	34,760,152		33,528,083	
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	 35,566,146		34,760,152	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:				
Contributions - Employer	428,047		463,997	
Contributions - Employees	166,483		176,649	
Net Investment Income	2,195,532		162,020	
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(1,886,904)	(1,888,639)		
Other (Net Transfer)	256,857		(116,329)	
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	1,160,015		(1,202,302)	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	31,825,721		33,028,023	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	32,985,736		31,825,721	
Net Pension Liability - Ending (A) - (B)	\$ 2,580,410	\$	2,934,431	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	92.74%		91.56%	
Covered Valuation Payroll	3,699,627		3,925,524	
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Valuation Payroll	69.75%		74.75%	

#### Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

#### ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

April 30, 2017

**Actual Contribution** 

	Deteri	arially mined ibution		ctual cribution	Contributi Deficiend (Excess	У		Covered Valuation Payroll	as a Percentage of Covered Valuation Payroll		
2016 2015		28,047 53,997	\$	428,047 463,997	\$	-	\$	3,699,627 3,925,524	11.57% 11.82%		
Notes to Required Supplementary Information:  Actuarial Valuation Date December 31, 2016											
Actuarial Cost Me	ethod		Aggrega	nte Entry Ag	e Normal						
Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed											
Remaining Amor	t. Perio	od	Non-Tax	king bodies:	10-year rollir	ig perio	od				
			_		ular, SLEP an ears (then 15		_		losed period until remaining		
			-		ncentive Plan ption of ERI.	liabilit	ies:	a period up to	o 10 years selected by the		
SLEP supplemental liabilities attributable to Public Act 94-712 were financed over 22 years for most employers (2 employers were financed over 31 years).											
Asset Valuation N	Method	d	5-Year s	smoothed m	arket; 20% c	orridor					
Wage growth			3.50%								
Price Inflation			2.75% -	approxima	te; No explicit	price	nfla	tion assumption	n is used in this valuation.		
Salary Increases			3.75% t	o 14.50% ir	ncluding inflat	ion					
Investment Rate	of Ret	turn	7.50%								
Retirement Age			•	dated for th				•	type of eligibility condition. erience study of the period		
Mortality			generati were de adjustm specific (base ye Retirees disabled fully ger were de	ional project eveloped from ents to ma mortality to ear 2012). To Mortality To l lives. For merational pro-	tion scale Mom the RP-20 atch current able was use The IMRF spe able applying active membrojection scal- m the RP-201	P-2014 14 Blu IMRF ed with cific ra the sa pers, and	(bae Co exp fu tes t me n IM 014	ase year 2012) ollar Health Anierience. For olly generational were developed adjustment that IRF specific monopole (base year 201	table was used with fully a contract the specific rates that the specific rates that the specific rates that the specific rates are specific rates at the specific rates at the specific rates are specific rates at the specific rates are specific rates at the specific rates are specific rates.		

There were no benefit changes during the year. 2016 contribution rates were based on valuation assumptions used in the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation.

# POLICE PENSION FUND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

#### April 30, 2017

	2017	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability Service Cost Interest Actuarial experience Assumption changes Benefit Payments and Refunds	\$ 952,466 2,696,963 154,740 (1,474,935) (2,055,641)	\$ 819,041 1,966,213 726,953 11,558,737 (1,984,166)	\$ 570,535 2,473,846 - - (1,925,291)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	273,593	13,086,778	1,119,090
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	51,818,078	38,731,300	37,612,210
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	\$ 52,091,671	\$ 51,818,078	\$ 38,731,300
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - Employer Contributions - Member Net Investment Income Benefit Payments and Refunds Administrative Expense	\$ 1,437,453 249,841 1,656,958 (2,055,641) (53,591)	\$ 1,403,051 253,098 (715,510) (1,984,166) (51,834)	\$ 1,422,547 227,982 956,536 (1,925,291) (56,136)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	1,235,020	(1,095,361)	625,638
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	16,050,499	17,145,860	16,520,222
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	\$ 17,285,519	\$ 16,050,499	\$ 17,145,860
Employer Net Pension Liability - Ending (A) - (B)	\$ 34,806,152	\$ 35,767,579	\$ 21,585,440
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	33.18%	30.97%	44.27%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 2,526,791	\$ 2,481,680	\$ 2,339,454
Employer Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	1377.48%	1441.26%	922.67%
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	10.99%	-4.66%	6.53%

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional year's information will be displayed as it becomes available.

# FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

#### April 30, 2017

	2017	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability Service Cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit Payments and Refunds	\$ 712,881 2,806,228 634,737 (1,442,384) (2,377,256)	\$ 672,938 2,455,405 741,876 3,111,763 (2,225,941)	\$ 714,453 2,375,442 - - (2,158,444)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	334,206	4,756,041	931,451
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	50,594,052	45,838,011	44,906,560
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	\$ 50,928,258	\$ 50,594,052	\$ 45,838,011
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - Employer Contributions - Member Net Investment Income Benefit Payments and Refunds Administrative Expense	\$ 1,533,379 204,327 1,544,569 (2,377,256) (18,475)	\$ 1,367,692 202,743 (735,261) (2,225,941) (28,896)	\$ 1,356,510 202,721 623,230 (2,158,444) (16,823)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	886,544	(1,419,663)	7,194
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	14,623,613	16,043,276	16,036,082
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	\$ 15,510,157	\$ 14,623,613	\$ 16,043,276
Employer Net Pension Liability - Ending (A) - (B)	\$ 35,418,101	\$ 35,970,439	\$ 29,794,735
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	30.45%	28.90%	35.00%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 2,149,131	\$ 2,119,559	\$ 2,053,279
Employer Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	1648.02%	1697.07%	1451.08%
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	11.68%	-5.13%	4.62%

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional year's information will be displayed as it becomes available.

#### SCHEDULES OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

April 30, 2017

#### SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - POLICE PENSION

	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 1,619,160	\$ 1,641,766	\$ 1,841,839
	1,437,453	1,403,051	1,422,547
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 181,707	\$ 238,715	\$ 419,292
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 2,526,791	\$ 2,481,680	\$ 2,339,454
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	56.89%	56.54%	60.81%

NOTE: The 2015, 2016, 2017 actuarially determined contribution (ADC) shown is from the May 1, 2013, 2014, 2015 actuary's report completed by Lauterbach and Amen, LLP for the tax levy recommendation for the December, 2013, 2014, 2015 tax levy, respectively.

#### SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION

Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 1,920,452	\$ 1,781,786	\$ 1,488,746
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	 1,533,379	 1,367,692	 1,356,510
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 387,073	\$ 414,094	\$ 132,236
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 2,149,131	\$ 2,119,559	\$ 2,053,279
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	71.35%	64.53%	66.07%

NOTE: The 2015 actuarially determined contribution (ADC) shown is from the May 1, 2013 actuary's report completed by Tepfer Consulting Group, Ltd. for the tax levy recommendation for the December, 2013 tax levy. The 2016 and 2017 ADC is from May 1, 2014 and 2015 actuary's report completed by Lauterbach and Amen, LLP for the tax levy recommendation for the December, 2014 and 2015 tax levy, respectively.

#### Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

	Police	Firefighter
Actuarial Valuation Date	May 1, 2015	May 1, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-age normal	Entry-age normal
Amortization Method	Level dollar amount - closed amortization period	Level dollar amount - closed amortization period
Remaining Amortization Period	90% Funded in year 2040	90% Funded in year 2040
Investment Rate of Return, Net of Investment Plan Expenses, Including Inflation	6.75%	6.75%
Inflation Rate	3.00%	3.00%
Salary Increases	4.0% - 6.5%	4.0% - 6.5%
Asset Valuation Method	5 Year Smoothed Market Value	5 Year Smoothed Market Value
Mortality Rate Assumption	L&A 2015 IL Police Study	L&A 2012 IL Firefighter Study

### POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFIT PROGRAM SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS (UNAUDITED)

April 30, 2017

	Actuarial Actuarial A		Unfunded			UAAL as a
Actuarial	Value of	Liability (AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	Percentage of
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	( c)	( (b-a)/c )
04/30/17	\$ -	\$ 34,093,207	\$34,093,207	0.00%	\$ 7,777,816	438.34%
04/30/16	-	33,305,091	33,305,091	0.00%	7,514,798	443.19%
04/30/15	-	34,781,920	34,781,920	0.00%	7,578,608	458.95%
04/30/14	-	33,928,066	33,928,066	0.00%	7,322,327	463.35%
04/30/13	-	30,084,328	30,084,328	0.00%	7,387,512	407.23%
04/30/12	-	29,342,006	29,342,006	0.00%	7,143,490	410.75%
04/30/11	-	23,103,333	23,103,333	0.00%	6,789,837	340.26%

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

		Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:     Taxes     Licenses and permits     Intergovernmental revenues     Charges for services     Fines and forfeitures     Investment income     Contributions & miscellaneous     revenues	\$	6,822,901 201,200 9,458,791 1,460,750 142,500 1,400 271,000	\$	6,822,901 201,200 9,458,791 1,460,750 142,500 1,400 271,000	\$	6,887,286 227,248 9,241,086 1,323,313 162,226 20,884 256,179	\$	64,385 26,048 (217,705) (137,437) 19,726 19,484 (14,821)	
Total revenues  Expenditures:		18,358,542		18,358,542		18,118,222	-	(240,320)	
Current General government Public safety Public works Health and welfare Culture and recreation Economic development Capital outlay Debt service Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures Excess of revenues over expenditures		2,700,374 10,883,080 1,657,916 204,963 1,447,901 50,000 237,652 387,567 21,739 17,591,192		2,700,374 10,883,080 1,657,916 204,963 1,447,901 50,000 237,652 387,567 21,739 17,591,192		2,114,010 10,953,585 1,722,624 176,729 1,405,941 50,000 120,230 328,087 40,510 16,911,716		586,364 (70,505) (64,708) 28,234 41,960 - 117,422 59,480 (18,771) 679,476	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out Proceeds from sale of assets		- (750,000) -		(750,000) -		(731,530) 7,591		439,156 - 18,470 7,591	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(750,000)		(750,000)		(723,939)		26,061	
Net change in fund balance	\$	17,350	\$	17,350		482,567	\$	465,217	
Fund balance -beginning Fund balance - ending						6,051,069 6,533,636			
. and Salarice Charing					$\dot{-}$	11			

#### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

#### 1 ADJUSTMENT FOR DIFFERENCES IN PERSPECTIVE

Generally accepted accounting principles require the presentation of a budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund. However, the City's General Fund is comprised of two funds, the General Fund and Festival Management Fund, each with its own legally adopted budget. The reconciling schedule on page 91 shows the budget and actual amounts for each account and the totals as shown on the General Fund's Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual.

#### 2 BUDGET OVERAGES

The following funds had an excess of actual expenditures over budget for the fiscal year:

South Route 45 TIF District Fund \$ 383 Broadway East TIF District Fund 2,600

#### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

#### 1 ADJUSTMENTS FOR DIFFERENCES IN PERSPECTIVE (Continued)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

	General Fund					Festival Mar	nagement Fur	ıd		Totals			
	Budgeted	Amounts	Variance with Final Budget- Actual Positive				Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues:													
Taxes	\$ 6,822,901	\$ 6,822,901	\$ 6,887,286	\$ 64,385	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,822,901	\$ 6,822,901	\$ 6,887,286	\$ 64,385	
Licenses and permits	201,200	201,200	227,248	26,048	-	-	-	-	201,200	201,200	227,248	26,048	
Intergovernmental revenues	9,458,791	9,458,791	9,241,086	(217,705)	-	-	-	-	9,458,791	9,458,791	9,241,086	(217,705)	
Charges for services	1,460,750	1,460,750	1,323,313	(137,437)	-	-	-	-	1,460,750	1,460,750	1,323,313	(137,437)	
Fines and forfeitures	142,500	142,500	162,226	19,726	-	-	-	-	142,500	142,500	162,226	19,726	
Investment income	1,400	1,400	20,884	19,484	-	-	-	-	1,400	1,400	20,884	19,484	
Contributions & miscellaneous revenues	143,000	143,000	124,064	(18,936)	128,000	128,000	132,115	4,115	271,000	271,000	256,179	(14,821)	
Total revenues	18,230,542	18,230,542	17,986,107	(244,435)	128,000	128,000	132,115	4,115	18,358,542	18,358,542	18,118,222	(240,320)	
	10,230,342	10,230,342	17,900,107	(244,433)	120,000	120,000	132,113	4,113	10,330,342	10,330,342	10,110,222	(240,320)	
Expenditures:													
Current General government	2,700,374	2,700,374	2,114,010	586,364					2,700,374	2,700,374	2,114,010	586,364	
Public safety	10,883,080	10,883,080	10,953,585	(70,505)	_	_	_	_	10,883,080	10,883,080	10,953,585	(70,505)	
Public works	1,657,916	1,657,916	1,722,624	(64,708)	_	_	_	_	1,657,916	1,657,916	1,722,624	(64,708)	
Health and welfare	204,963	204,963	1,722,024	28,234	_	_	_	_	204,963	204,963	176,729	28,234	
Culture and recreation	1,295,051	1,295,051	1,246,055	48,996	152,850	152,850	159,886	(7,036)	1,447,901	1,447,901	1,405,941	41,960	
Economic development	50,000	50,000	50,000	-10,550	132,030	132,030	133,000	(7,030)	50,000	50,000	50,000	11,500	
Capital outlay	237,652	237,652	120,230	117,422	_	_	_	_	237,652	237,652	120,230	117,422	
Debt service	237,032	•	120,230	117,122					,	,	,	,	
Principal	387,567	387,567	328,087	59,480	-	-	-	-	387,567	387,567	328,087	59,480	
Interest and fiscal charges	21,739	21,739	40,510	(18,771)					21,739	21,739	40,510	(18,771)	
Total expenditures	17,438,342	17,438,342	16,751,830	686,512	152,850	152,850	159,886	(7,036)	17,591,192	17,591,192	16,911,716	679,476	
Excess of revenues													
over expenditures	792,200	792,200	1,234,277	442,077	(24,850)	(24,850)	(27,771)	(2,921)	767,350	767,350	1,206,506	439,156	
Other financing sources (uses):													
Transfers in	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Transfers out	(750,000)	(750,000)	(731,530)	18,470	_	_	_	_	(750,000)	(750,000)	(731,530)	18,470	
Proceeds from sale of assets			7,591	7,591							7,591	7,591	
Total other financing													
sources (uses):	(750,000)	(750,000)	(723,939)	26,061	_	_	_	-	(750,000)	(750,000)	(723,939)	26,061	
Net change in fund balance		\$ 42,200	510,338	\$ 468,138	\$ (24,850)	\$ (24.850)	(27,771)	\$ (2,921)	\$ 17,350	\$ 17,350	482,567	\$ 465,217	
J	Ψ 12,200	Ψ 12,200	5,951,499	Ψ 100,130	ψ (21,030)	ψ (21,030)		ψ (2,321)	Ψ 17,550	Ψ 17,550	•	ψ 103,217	
Fund balance -beginning							99,570				6,051,069		
Fund balance - ending			\$ 6,461,837				\$ 71,799				\$ 6,533,636		

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		riance with nal Budget- Positive
		Original	7 11110	Final		Amounts	(	Negative)
Revenues:	•							<u> </u>
Intergovernmental revenues Investment income Contributions & miscellaneous	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	215,531 4,080	\$	215,531 80
revenues		17,500		17,500		20,297		2,797
Total revenues		21,500		21,500		239,908		218,408
Expenditures: Current								
General government Public safety		4,000		4,000		1,449		2,551
Public works		-		-		24,666		(24,666)
Culture and recreation		-		-		7,096		(7,096)
Capital outlay Debt service		3,336,500		3,336,500		1,101,446		2,235,054
Principal		270,000		270,000		270,000		_
Interest and fiscal charges		185,820		185,820		149,114		36,706
Total expenditures		3,796,320		3,796,320		1,553,771	,	2,242,549
(Deficiency) of revenues								
under expenditures		(3,774,820)		(3,774,820)		(1,313,863)		2,460,957
Other financing sources: Transfers in		750,000		750,000		731,530		(18,470)
Net change in fund balance	\$	(3,024,820)	\$	(3,024,820)		(582,333)	\$	2,442,487
Fund balance -beginning						3,202,590		
Fund balance - ending					\$	2,620,257		

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Acceto	otor Fuel Tax Fund	 l and Motel ax Fund	Home Rehabilitation Grant Fund	
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Due from other funds Prepaid items Long-term receivables	\$ 1,148,303 90,134 - - -	\$ 162,947 65,406 109 -	\$	37 - - - -
Total assets	\$ 1,238,437	\$ 228,462	\$	37
Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll liabilities payable Due to other funds  Total liabilities	\$ 210,544 - 11,896 222,440	\$ 4,627 3,583 481 8,691	\$	- - - -
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue	<u>-</u>	29,167		
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Restricted	- 1,015,997	- 190,604		- 37
Total fund balance	 1,015,997	 190,604		37
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$ 1,238,437	\$ 228,462	\$	37

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Continued) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Revolving Loan Fund	idtown TIF strict Fund	I-57 East TIF District Fund		
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Due from other funds Prepaid items Long-term receivables	\$ 911,872 43,322 - - 139,390	\$ 395,862 746,156 - -	\$	185,526 34,685 - -	
Total assets	\$ 1,094,584	\$ 1,142,018	\$	220,211	
Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll liabilities payable Due to other funds	\$ 552 - -	\$ 5,273 - -	\$	- - -	
Total liabilities	552	5,273			
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue	<u>-</u>	746,156		34,685	
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Restricted	 139,390 954,642	- 390,589		- 185,526	
Total fund balance	 1,094,032	390,589		185,526	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$ 1,094,584	\$ 1,142,018	\$	220,211	

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Continued) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Rt	South 45 TIF rict Fund	Rt 45	South  Business  rict Fund	Broadway East TIF District Fund		
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Due from other funds Prepaid items Long-term receivables	\$	4,733 58,037 - - -	\$	23,960 11,460 - - -	\$	162,720 45,410 - - -	
Total assets	\$	62,770	\$	35,420	\$	208,130	
Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll liabilities payable Due to other funds  Total liabilities	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue		58,037		7,621		45,410	
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Restricted		- 4,733		- 27,799		- 162,720	
Total fund balance		4,733		27,799		162,720	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$	62,770	\$	35,420	\$	208,130	

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Continued) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Accedes	Broadway East Business District Fund		I-57 East Business District Fund		Eliminations		 Totals
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Due from other funds Prepaid items Long-term receivables	\$	232,310 64,785 - -	\$	14,958 789 - - -	\$	- - - -	\$ 3,243,228 1,160,184 109 - 139,390
Total assets	\$	297,095	\$	15,747	\$	_	\$ 4,542,911
Liabilities: Accounts payable Payroll liabilities payable Due to other funds  Total liabilities	\$	5,390 - - - 5,390	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$  226,386 3,583 12,377 242,346
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue		20,737		201			942,014
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Restricted		- 270,968		- 15,546		- -	139,390 3,219,161
Total fund balance		270,968		15,546			 3,358,551
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$	297,095	\$	15,747	\$		\$ 4,542,911

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

_	lotor Fuel Tax Fund		and Motel ax Fund	Home Rehabilitation Grant Fund		
Revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental revenues Investment income	\$ - 964,453 5,298	\$	327,769	\$	- - -	
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues  Total revenues	969,751		1,490 329,259		<u>-</u>	
Expenditures: Current Public works Culture and recreation	395,234 -		- 275,257		- -	
Economic development Capital outlay Debt service	- 810,592		- -		-	
Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures	1,205,826		275,257			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (236,075)		54,002			
Other financing sources (uses): Transfer in Transfer out	- -		<u>-</u>		- -	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 					
Net change in fund balances	(236,075)		54,002		-	
Fund balance - beginning	1,252,072	,	136,602		37	
Fund balance - ending	\$ 1,015,997	\$	190,604	\$	37	

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

	Revolving Loan Fund		Itown TIF trict Fund	I-57 East TIF District Fund		
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$	-	\$ 356,343	\$	37,659	
Intergovernmental revenues		-	-		-	
Investment income		5,755	364		5	
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues			528,317			
Total revenues		5,755	 885,024		37,664	
Expenditures:						
Current						
Public works		-	-		-	
Culture and recreation		-	-		-	
Economic development		3,793	327,990		7,532	
Capital outlay		-	614,603		-	
Debt service						
Principal		-	-		-	
Interest and fiscal charges						
Total expenditures		3,793	 942,593		7,532	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		1,962	(57,569)		30,132	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfer in		-	-		-	
Transfer out					-	
Total other financing sources (uses)			 			
Net change in fund balances		1,962	(57,569)		30,132	
Fund balance - beginning		1,092,070	448,158		155,394	
Fund balance - ending	\$	1,094,032	\$ 390,589	\$	185,526	

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

	Rt	South 45 TIF rict Fund	Rt 45	South  Business  rict Fund	Broadway East TIF District Fund		
Revenues:	<u></u>	20.604	+	24.015	_	40.167	
Taxes Intergovernmental revenues	\$	30,694	\$	24,915	\$	49,167	
Investment income		4		24		7	
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>	
Total revenues		30,698		24,939		49,174	
Expenditures:							
Current							
Public works		-		-		-	
Culture and recreation		-		-		-	
Economic development Capital outlay		12,193		-		14,464	
Debt service		_		_		_	
Principal		27,148		_		-	
Interest and fiscal charges		33,438					
Total expenditures		72,779				14,464	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(42,081)		24,939		34,710	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfer in		44,000		-		-	
Transfer out				(44,000)			
Total other financing sources (uses)		44,000		(44,000)			
Net change in fund balances		1,919		(19,061)		34,710	
Fund balance - beginning		2,814		46,860		128,010	
Fund balance - ending	\$	4,733	\$	27,799	\$	162,720	

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

	Broadway East Business District Fund		I-57 East Business District Fund		Eliminations		Totals
Revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental revenues Investment income	\$	280,366 - 529	\$	3,527	\$	- - -	\$ 1,110,440 964,453 11,986
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues							 529,807
Total revenues		280,895		3,527			 2,616,686
Expenditures: Current							
Public works Culture and recreation		-		-		-	395,234 275,257
Economic development		34,371		-		-	400,343
Capital outlay Debt service		-		-		-	1,425,195
Principal		170,000		-		-	197,148
Interest and fiscal charges		169,915		-			 203,353
Total expenditures		374,286					2,896,530
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(93,391)		3,527			 (279,844)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfer in Transfer out		- -		<u>-</u>		(44,000) 44,000	 - -
Total other financing sources (uses)							
Net change in fund balances		(93,391)		3,527		-	(279,844)
Fund balance - beginning		364,359		12,019			 3,638,395
Fund balance - ending	\$	270,968	\$	15,546	\$		\$ 3,358,551

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND

. •.		55, =5=7		
	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	<u> </u>		·	
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 936,000	\$ 936,000	\$ 964,453	\$ 28,453
Investment income	300	300	5,298	4,998
Total revenues	936,300	936,300	969,751	33,451
Expenditures: Current				
Public works	549,600	549,600	395,234	154,366
Capital outlay	828,000	828,000	810,592	17,408
,				
Total expenditures	1,377,600	1,377,600	1,205,826	171,774
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(441,300)	(441,300)	(236,075)	205,225
Other financing sources:				
Transfers in (out)				
Net change in fund balance	\$ (441,300)	\$ (441,300)	(236,075)	\$ 205,225
Fund balance - beginning			1,252,072	
Fund balance - ending			\$ 1,015,997	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND HOTEL AND MOTEL TAX FUND

	Budgeted		Variance with Final Budget- Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:	± 225.000	± 225.000	± 227.760	± (7.221)
Taxes Contributions and miscellaneous revenues	\$ 335,000	\$ 335,000	\$ 327,769 1,490	\$ (7,231) 1,490
Contributions and miscenarieous revenues			1,490	1,490
Total revenues	335,000	335,000	329,259	(5,741)
Expenditures: Current				
Culture and recreation Capital outlay	286,133	286,133	275,257 	10,876
Total expenditures	286,133	286,133	275,257	10,876
Net change in fund balance	\$ 48,867	\$ 48,867	54,002	\$ 5,135
Fund balance - beginning			136,602	
Fund balance - ending			\$ 190,604	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND HOME REHABILITATION GRANT FUND

#### For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

Variance with

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual		Final Budget- Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Expenditures: Current Economic development								
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$			-	\$	
Fund balance - beginning						37		
Fund balance - ending					\$	37		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND REVOLVING LOAN FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

	Budgeted	ınts				al Budget- Positive	
	 Original	7	Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:							<u> </u>
Investment income	\$ 2,200	\$	2,200	\$	5,755	\$	3,555
Contributions and miscellaneous revenue	 28,861		28,861				(28,861)
Total revenues	31,061		31,061		5,755		(25,306)
Expenditures: Current							
Economic development	31,061		31,061		3,793		27,268
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	\$			1,962	\$	1,962
Fund balance - beginning				1,	092,070		
Fund balance - ending				\$ 1,	094,032		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND MIDTOWN TIF DISTRICT FUND

	Rudgeted	I Amounts		Variance with Final Budget- Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:			Actual	(Negative)
Taxes	\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000	\$ 356,343	\$ 56,343
Investment income	300	300	364	64
Contributions and miscellaneous revenue	600,000	600,000	528,317	(71,683)
Total revenues	900,300	900,300	885,024	(15,276)
Expenditures: Current				
Economic development	700,000	700,000	327,990	372,010
Capital outlay	448,646	448,646	614,603	(165,957)
,				
Total expenditures	1,148,646	1,148,646	942,593	206,053
Net change in fund balance	\$ (248,346)	\$ (248,346)	(57,569)	\$ 190,777
Fund balance - beginning			448,158	
Fund balance - ending			\$ 390,589	

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND I-57 EAST TIF DISTRICT FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

	 Budgeted	Amou	ınts		F	al Budget- Positive
	 Original		Final	Actual		egative)
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ 36,636	\$	36,636	\$ 37,659	\$	1,023
Investment income	 3_		3	 5		2
Total revenue	36,639		36,639	37,664		1,025
Expenditures: Current						
Economic development	 7,827		7,827	 7,532		295
Net change in fund balance	\$ 28,812	\$	28,812	30,132	\$	1,320
Fund balance - beginning				155,394		
Fund balance - ending				\$ 185,526		

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SOUTH RT 45 TIF DISTRICT FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

		Budgeted	d Amou	unts		Final Budget- Positive		
		Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:							<u> </u>	
Taxes	\$	28,623	\$	28,623	\$ 30,694	\$	2,071	
Investment income		2		2	 4		2	
Total revenues		28,625		28,625	 30,698		2,073	
Expenditures:								
Current								
Economic development		11,779		11,779	12,193		(414)	
Debt service								
Principal		27,070		27,070	27,148		(78)	
Interest and fiscal charges		33,547		33,547	33,438		109	
Total expenditures		72,396		72,396	72,779		(383)	
(Deficiency) of revenues								
under expenditures		(43,771)		(43,771)	 (42,081)		1,690	
OIL 6								
Other financing sources:  Transfers in		44 000		44 000	44 000			
Transfers III	_	44,000		44,000	 44,000	-		
Net change in fund balance	\$	229	\$	229	1,919	\$	1,690	
Fund balance - beginning					 2,814			
Fund balance - ending					\$ 4,733			

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SOUTH RT 45 BUSINESS DISTRICT FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts							Final Budget- Positive		
	Original Final				Actual	(N	legative)			
Revenues:						_				
Taxes	\$	37,800	\$	37,800	\$	24,915	\$	(12,885)		
Investment income		25		25		24		(1)		
Total revenues		37,825		37,825		24,939		(12,886)		
Other financing (uses): Transfers out		(44,000)		(44,000)		(44,000)				
Net change in fund balance	\$	(6,175)	\$	(6,175)		(19,061)	\$	(12,886)		
Fund balance - beginning						46,860				
Fund balance - ending					\$	27,799				

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BROADWAY EAST TIF DISTRICT FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual	Final Budget- Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:		Original				Actual		egaave
Taxes Investment income	\$	36,787 3	\$	36,787 3	\$	49,167 7	\$	12,380 4
Total revenue		36,790		36,790		49,174		12,384
Expenditures: Current								
Economic development		11,864		11,864		14,464		(2,600)
Net change in fund balance	\$	24,926	\$	24,926		34,710	\$	9,784
Fund balance - beginning						128,010		
Fund balance - ending					\$	162,720		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BROADWAY EAST BUSINESS DISTRICT FUND

### For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Final Budget- Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues: Taxes	\$ 268,700	\$ 268,700	\$ 280,366	d 11 666		
Investment income	500	500	\$ 280,366 529	\$ 11,666 29		
Total revenues	269,200	269,200	280,895	11,695		
Expenditures: Current						
Economic development Debt service	36,768	36,768	34,371	2,397		
Principal	170,000	170,000	170,000	_		
Interest and fiscal charges	169,113	169,113	169,915	(802)		
Total expenditures	375,881	375,881	374,286	1,595		
Net change in fund balance	\$ (106,681)	\$ (106,681)	(93,391)	\$ 13,290		
Fund balance - beginning			364,359			
Fund balance - ending			\$ 270,968			

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND I-57 EAST BUSINESS DISTRICT FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts							Budget- ositive
	Original Final		/	Actual		(Negative)		
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues	\$	2,300	\$	2,300	\$	3,527	\$	1,227
Fund balance - beginning						12,019		
Fund balance - ending					\$	15,546		

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

### April 30, 2017

	Health rance Fund	Insurance and Tort Judgment Fund		 Total
Assets:				
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other funds Due from component units Prepaid items Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 54,604 5,247 103,268 1,770 - 5,891	\$	387,180 7,546 - - 138,406	\$ 441,784 12,793 103,268 1,770 138,406
Total current assets	170,780		533,132	703,912
Liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Due to component units Payable from restricted assets Other payables	164,367 - - - 6,413		3,625 84,430 1,183	167,992 84,430 1,183 6,413
Total current liabilities	170,780		89,238	260,018
Net Position: Unrestricted	\$ 	\$	443,894	\$ 443,894

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

		Health		nd Tort		Tatal
One wating way any age	Insu	rance Fund	Juag	ment Fund		Total
Operating revenues:	4	4 074 200	\$	602.009	<b>+</b>	4 766 200
Fund charges and employee contributions  Miscellaneous operating revenue	\$	4,074,300 456	Þ	692,098 256,473	\$	4,766,398 256,929
Miscellaneous operating revenue		730		230,773		230,323
Total operating revenue		4,074,756		948,571		5,023,327
Operating expenses:						
Administrative and general		557,768		30,212		587,980
Insurance		379,947		918,359		1,298,306
Health claims and uninsured judgments		3,137,046				3,137,046
Total operating expenses		4,074,761		948,571		5,023,332
Operating loss		(5)		-		(5)
Non-operating revenues:						
Investment income		5				5
Change in net position		-		-		-
Net position - beginning				443,894		443,894
Net position - ending	\$		\$	443,894	\$	443,894

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

		Health		nd Tort		
	Insur	ance Fund	Judg	ment Fund		Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:  Receipts from interfund services provided	<b>+</b>	2 114 155	<b>.</b>	751 600	<b>+</b>	2 065 762
Receipts from component units	\$	3,114,155 55,699	\$	751,608 10,935	\$	3,865,763 66,634
Receipts from employees and retirees		976,511		10,933		976,511
Payments to suppliers		(937,715)		(973,264)		(1,910,979)
Payments to claimants		(3,139,825)		-		(3,139,825)
Other receipts		456		321,173		321,629
Net cash provided by						
operating activities		69,281		110,452		179,733
_		05/202		110/ 102		
Cash flows from investing activities:						_
Investment income		5				5_
Net cash provided by investing activities		5_				5_
Cash flows from financing activities:						
Decrease in bank overdraft		(13,047)				(13,047)
Net cash used by financing activities		(13,047)				(13,047)
Net insure in each		FC 220		110 453		166 601
Net increase in cash		56,239		110,452		166,691
Cash, restricted and unrestricted - beginning		4,256		276,728		280,984
Cash, restricted and unrestricted - ending	\$	60,495	\$	387,180	\$	447,675
Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash						
provided by operating activities:	_	(5)	_		_	<b>(F)</b>
Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net	\$	(5)	\$	-	\$	(5)
cash (used) by operating activities				<b>.</b>		<b>_</b>
Decrease in receivables		458		64,699		65,157
Decrease in due from other funds		69,969		-		69,969
Decrease in due from component units (Increase) in prepaid items		1,638		(7,733)		1,638 (7,733)
(Decrease) in accounts payable		(4,998)		(16,959)		(21,957)
Increase in due to other funds		(1,550)		69,477		69,477
Increase in due to component units		-		968		968
Increase in other payables		2,219				2,219
Net cash provided by operating activities						

### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL COMPONENT UNIT (MATTOON PUBLIC LIBRARY)

### April 30, 2017

Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 185,222
Investments, at fair value	8,882
Due from primary government	1,183
Restricted assets	
Investments, at fair value	 30,636
Total assets	\$ 225,923
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 8,752
Payroll liabilities	2,011
Due to primary government	16,639
Advances from primary government	 49,718
	77,120
	,===
Fund Balance:	
Nonspendable	30,636
Restricted	4,637
Unassigned	 113,530
Total fund balances	148,803
	 2 .0,000
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 225,923

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL COMPONENT UNIT (MATTOON PUBLIC LIBRARY)

Revenues:		
Payments from primary government	\$	523,868
Charges for services	·	1,525
Fines and forfeitures		16,231
Investment income		3,299
Operating contributions		42,657
Capital grants		35,000
cupital grants		33/000
Total revenues		622,580
Expenditures:		
Current		
Culture and recreation		429,841
Capital outlay		120,522
Debt service		,-
Interest		2,456
		· · · · · ·
Total expenditures		552,819
Excess of revenues over expenditures		69,761
·		•
Other financing sources - loan proceeds		50,000
Fund balance - beginning		29,042
<b>.</b>		
Fund balance - ending	\$	148,803

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY COMPONENT UNITS

### April 30, 2017

	ttoon Police ension Fund			Totals	
Assets: Cash Interest receivable Prepaid expenses Due from primary government	\$ 892,528 43,885 2,867 31,360	\$	865,172 47,218 - 31,360	\$	1,757,700 91,103 2,867 62,720
Total assets other than investments	970,640		943,750		1,914,390
Investments at fair value Certificates of deposit U.S. government obligations Corporate and municipal bonds Insurance contracts Mutual funds Stocks	1,445,748 2,244,583 12,294,356 - 337,880		149,570 1,558,043 1,848,920 10,063,465 181,736 965,782		149,570 3,003,791 4,093,503 22,357,821 181,736 1,303,662
Total investments	 16,322,567		14,767,516		31,090,083
Total assets	 17,293,207		15,711,266		33,004,473
Liabilities: Accounts payable Pensions payable	7,688 -		- 201,109		7,688 201,109
Total liabilities	 7,688		201,109		208,797
Net position: Held in trust for pension benefits	\$ 17,285,519	\$	15,510,157	\$	32,795,676

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY COMPONENT UNITS

	Mattoon Mattoon Police Firefighters					
		ension Fund	Firefighters Pension Fund		Totals	
Additions:						
Contributions:	_	1 427 452	_	1 522 270	_	2.070.022
Employer Plan members	\$	1,437,453 249,841	\$	1,533,379 204,327	\$	2,970,832 454,168
Total contributions		1,687,294		1,737,706		3,425,000
Investment income:						
Interest income		150,707		124,628		275,335
Dividend income		8,639		28,294		36,933
Net increase in fair value of investments		1,497,612		1,391,647		2,889,259
Net investment income		1,656,958		1,544,569		3,201,527
Total additions		3,344,252		3,282,275		6,626,527
Deductions:						
Benefits and refunds of contributions		2,055,641		2,377,256		4,432,897
Administrative expenses		53,591		18,475		72,066
Total deductions		2,109,232		2,395,731		4,504,963
Change in net position		1,235,020		886,544		2,121,564
Net position held in trust - beginning		16,050,499		14,623,613		30,674,112
Net position held in trust - ending	\$	17,285,519	\$	15,510,157	\$	32,795,676

ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION SECTION

### LEGAL DEBT MARGIN (UNAUDITED)

April 30, 2017

Assessed valuation, 2016 levy		\$	197,365,815
Statutory debt limitation: (8.625% of assessed valuation)  Total debt:		\$	17,022,802
Total debt.			
General obligation bonds Capital leases Notes payable	\$ (13,290,000) (276,987) (6,914,295)		
Total debt			(20,481,282)
Less debt exempt from statutory debt limitation computation:			
General obligation bonds Notes payable - IEPA loans	13,290,000 5,451,725	_	
Total debt exempt from statutory debt limitation			18,741,725
Legal debt margin		\$	15,283,245

COMPLIANCE SECTION

### DOEHRING, WINDERS & CO. LLP

Certified Public Accountants
1601 LAFAYETTE AVENUE
MATTOON, ILLINOIS 61938

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Mattoon, Illinois

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mattoon, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Mattoon's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 3, 2017.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Mattoon's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Mattoon's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Mattoon's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses to be a material weakness (2017-001).

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompany Schedule of Findings and Responses to be a significant deficiency (2017-002).

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS* (Continued)

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Mattoon's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### City of Mattoon's Responses to Findings

The City of Mattoon's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The City of Mattoon's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Mattoon's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Mattoon's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Doehring, Winders & Co. LLP

Mattoon, Illinois November 3, 2017

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

### **Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results**

### **Financial Statements**

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

### FINDING NO. 2017-001 - Controls Over Financial Statement Preparation (Repeat of 2016-01, 2015-01, 2014-01)

### **Criteria/specific requirement**

A system of internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) is necessary to prepare GAAP based financial statements including all disclosures.

#### Condition:

As is common with organizations its size, the City does not currently prepare its own financial statements, complete with notes, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Statements on Auditing Standards do not provide exceptions to financial reporting deficiencies that are adequately mitigated with nonaudit services rendered by the auditor or deficiencies for which the remedy would be cost prohibitive.

During the audit and preparation of the City of Mattoon's financial statements, we noted the City of Mattoon's accounting records required material year-end adjusting journal entries to conform to generally accepted accounting principles. In addition, significant year-end adjusting journal entries were required to convert the City of Mattoon's individual fund financial statements to government-wide financial statements. Proposed adjusting entries were reviewed, approved and accepted by the City of Mattoon's management.

#### **Effect:**

The City of Mattoon management or its employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, may not prevent or detect financial statement misstatements and disclosure omissions in a timely manner.

#### Cause:

The City has limited resources to prepare GAAP based financial statements including all disclosures.

### **Recommendation:**

We recommend that the City continually monitor the cost/benefit analysis of preparing its own financial statements, complete with notes, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Management's Response:**

The City meets all audit reporting requirements including those under GASB and will continue to do so in the future. Currently, the City Treasurer and other personnel review the annual financial statements. As additional resources become available, the City will review the cost/benefit involved with preparing the financial statements.

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (Continued)

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

### FINDING NO. 2017-002 - Inadequate Controls over Capital Assets (Repeat of 2016-02, 2015-02, 2014-02, 2013-04, 2012-05, and 2011-04)

### Criteria/specific requirement

Internal controls should be in place to provide reasonable assurance that capital assets are properly tracked and recorded.

#### Condition:

No internal record of the City's capital assets are reconciled to the fixed asset totals in the financial statements. When assets are disposed, original cost information is not always readily identifiable. A Mobile Equipment Fund is being used as a funding mechanism for future capital purchases and is used for budgeting and to record capital purchases. Some reclassification is necessary to accurately classify capital outlay expenditures.

#### **Effect:**

Assets sold, traded in, or otherwise disposed could cause the government-wide capital outlay balances and related depreciation to be overstated. The financial statements could be misstated due to incorrect classification of capital outlay expenditures.

### Cause:

There are no internal procedures in place to maintain a complete listing of capital assets, updated periodically for capital outlay additions and dispositions.

#### Recommendation:

The City should implement a system to ensure that capital asset information is maintained to identify asset description, date purchased, cost, and other information necessary to properly account for these assets.

#### **Management's Response:**

A central data base of all capital assets will be developed when resources become available. In addition, an asset listing used for insurance purposes will be reconciled to the fixed asset recorded in the financial statements.