### City of Mattoon, Illinois

# ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2025



FINANCIAL SECTION		PAGE
Independent Auditors' Report		1
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)		
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	EXHIBIT	
Government-wide Financial Statements		
Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities		
Fund Financial Statements		
Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet	C	19
Governmental Funds - Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds		
Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	D	20
Governmental Funds - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	E	21
Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,	E	21
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement		
of Activities	F	22
Proprietary Funds - Statement of Net Position		
Proprietary Funds - Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and		
Changes in Fund Net Position		
Proprietary Funds - Statement of Cash Flows		
Fiduciary Funds - Statement of Fiduciary Net Position		
Fiduciary Funds - Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	K	27
Notes to the Financial Statements		28
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)		
General Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and		
Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	•••••	91
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund -		
Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability (Asset) a	nd Related R	atios -
Primary Government		
Mattoon Public Library		
Total Government		94
Schedule of Employer Contributions -		a -
Primary Government		
Mattoon Public Library		

**PAGE** REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) (Continued) Police Pension Fund -Firefighters' Pension Fund -Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios..................99 Schedule of Employer Contributions 100 Post-Employment Healthcare Benefit Program -Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios -Primary Government 101 Total Government 102 **SCHEDULE** SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Combining Balance Sheet \_\_\_\_\_\_1 \_\_\_\_1 Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances 2 105 Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual 3 107 **Internal Service Funds:** Combining Statement of Net Position 4 114 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position 5 115 Combining Statement of Cash Flows \_\_\_\_\_\_\_6 \_\_\_\_116 Governmental Component Unit (Mattoon Public Library): Balance Sheet \_\_\_\_\_\_7 \_\_\_117 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance 8 118 Fiduciary Component Units: Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position 9 119 Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position 10 120 **OTHER INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)** Legal Debt Margin \_\_\_\_\_\_121 Comparative Schedule of Property Taxes Extended, Collected, and Distributed 122



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor Members of the City Council City of Mattoon, Illinois

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mattoon, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Mattoon, Illinois' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mattoon, Illinois, as of April 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Mattoon, Illinois, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Emphasis of Matter – Restatement of Prior Year Financial Statements**

As discussed in Note 17 to the financial statements, the prior year financial statements have been restated to correct certain errors. The corrections resulted in adjustments to the beginning net position and fund balance as of May 1, 2024. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Illinois

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#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Mattoon, Illinois' ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Mattoon, Illinois' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Mattoon, Illinois' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.



We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 5 to 16, General Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual on page 91, Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund - Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios and Schedule of Employer Contributions on pages 92 to 96, Police Pension Fund -Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios and Schedule of Employer Contributions on pages 97 to 98, Firefighters' Pension Fund - Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios and Schedule of Employer Contributions on pages 99 to 100, and Post-Employment Healthcare Benefit Program - Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios on pages 101 to 102, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Mattoon, Illinois' basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



#### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual financial report. The other information comprises the legal debt margin computation and comparative schedule of property taxes extended, collected, and distributed but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 30, 2025, on our consideration of the City of Mattoon, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Mattoon, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Mattoon, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Chicago, Illinois October 30, 2025

Roth ! Company LLP



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

This discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the City of Mattoon, Illinois (City) is intended to provide an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2025. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information as furnished in the financial statements, which begin on page 17.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City, including the Mattoon Public Library (Library) component unit, has total assets and deferred outflows of resources of \$135,779,806 and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of \$130,612,446, resulting in a net position of \$5,167,360 as of April 30, 2025. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources increased from April 30, 2024 by \$5,848,077, total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources decreased from April 30, 2024 by \$10,077,063, and the net position increased from April 30, 2024 by \$15,925,140. Of the net position as of April 30, 2025, \$76,928,786 represents the City and Library's investment in capital assets, net of related debt, \$3,873,333 is held for restricted purposes, and (\$75,634,759) is unrestricted and available to meet the City and Library's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.
- The City's unrestricted cash position in the governmental activities decreased by approximately \$0.4 million, from \$19.7 million to \$19.3 million. The City's unrestricted cash position in the business-type activities increased by approximately \$0.9 million, from \$5.4 million to \$6.3 million.
- The following table shows the changes in major revenue sources from fiscal year 2024 to 2025:

Source	2025 2024		Increase (Decrease)		
Intergovernmental shared revenues	\$ 14,876,640	\$ 14,794,829	\$ 81,811		
Property tax revenues	7,056,289	6,868,914	187,375		
Telecommunications taxes	342,099	428,667	(86,568)		
Utility tax revenues	1,466,583	1,373,308	93,275		
Water Fund charges for services	4,019,283	3,901,406	117,877		
Sewer Fund charges for services	4,618,332	4,466,739	151,593		
Charges for services	2,637,684	2,337,520	300,164		
Total	\$ 35,016,910	\$ 34,171,383	\$ 845,527		

All categories of revenues saw increases except for telecommunications taxes which have been decreasing over time. The largest increases were in property tax and in charges for services, which was primarily due to ambulance billing. Property tax increases in general are restricted due to the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law.

Further, all of those resources are committed to the Police and Fire Pension Funds as well as the Library.

- The City has long term capital improvement plans for all funds. In addition, a Mobile Equipment Fund functions as the funding mechanism for the replacement of the City's aging vehicle fleet. The City has continued to upgrade the technology used in operations and for the improvement of utility services.
- Illinois statute restricts municipality general obligation debt to less than 8.625% of equalized property value. As most of the City's debt will be retired from revenue sources other than property taxes, the City is well below the statutory limit.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This section serves as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements which are comprised of three components:

- government-wide statements,
- fund financial statements, and
- notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The two government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to private-sector business entities. The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in the net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 18 of this report.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish those functions of the municipality that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, known as governmental activities, from other functions that are intended to recover all, or a significant portion, of their costs through user fees and services charges, called business-type activities. The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, health and

welfare, culture and recreation, economic development, capital outlay, and other miscellaneous activities. The business-type activities of the City include the water and sewer utility services.

In addition to these various direct operations of the City, or primary government, the financial statements also include financial information related to legally distinct entities for which the City has financial responsibility and accountability, known as component units. The City's component units include the Mattoon Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Account, Library, Mattoon Firefighters' Pension Fund, and Mattoon Police Pension Fund. These entities are described in Note 1 following the financial statements.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other governmental entities, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with various finance-related legal requirements. Some funds are required by law, while others are established internally to maintain control over a particular activity. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near term inflows and outflows of current spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources that can be converted to cash and balances available at the end of the fiscal year for future spending. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Governmental funds include the general, capital projects, and special revenue funds. On the Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet, the General Fund is shown as a separate column and data from all nonmajor governmental funds are combined into a single column for aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. Reconciliations follow the Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet and Governmental Funds - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. The reconciliations show the adjustments that are needed to convert the governmental funds financial statements to the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary funds maintained by the City are of two different types: enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report those functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for activities that provide supplies and services to the general public. Proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements,

but in more detail. The City's fund financial statements present separate enterprise fund information for the water and sewer utilities. The proprietary fund financial statements begin on page 23 of this report.

Internal service funds are used to account for enterprise-like operations that provide services, on a user fee basis, primarily or exclusively to departmental customers within the governmental entity itself, rather than to external customers. The City uses internal service funds to account for its employee and retiree health and life insurance and to account for the City's general liability, casualty, and workers compensation insurance. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The City does not have any fiduciary funds, but it does include the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and the Mattoon Firefighters' Pension Fund, both of which are fiduciary type discretely presented component units. Financial statements showing these component units combined in a single column begin on page 26. Individual financial information for the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and Mattoon Firefighters' Pension Fund can be found in the *Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements* and *Schedules* on pages 119 through 120 of this report.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional detail that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found beginning on page 28 of this report.

#### **Additional Supplementary Information**

Following the basic government-wide and fund financial statements and accompanying notes, combining statements are included for the nonmajor governmental funds and fiduciary component units.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position for the City is summarized in the following table. As noted earlier, the net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$4 million as of April 30, 2025. The total net position was previously negative. In addition, the negative net position for governmental activities has decreased and the positive net position for business-type activities has increased. The negative net position for governmental activities is reflective of the continuing burdens imposed on the City by its public safety pensions and its health plan for employees and retirees.

## City of Mattoon, Illinois Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following table presents a summary of net position as of April 30, 2025 and 2024.

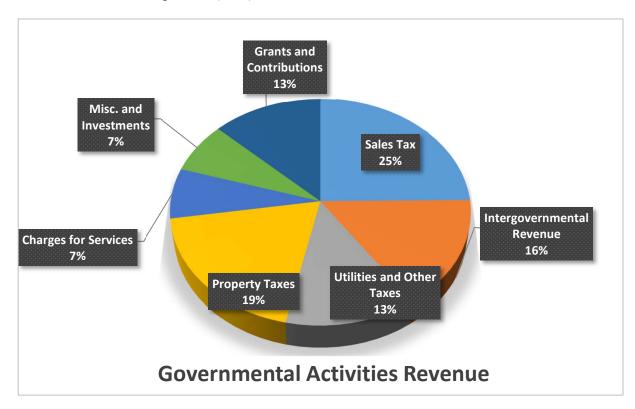
	Governmen	tal Activities	<b>Business-Type Activities</b>		Total			
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024		
Current and other assets	\$ 35,203,381	\$ 33,222,315	\$ 9,004,886	\$ 7,377,777	\$ 44,208,267	\$ 40,600,092		
Deferred outflows of resources	5,381,633	7,602,799	867,054	1,780,289	6,248,687	9,383,088		
Capital assets, net	39,539,415	33,366,982	43,602,418	44,675,001	83,141,833	78,041,983		
Total assets and								
deferred outflows of resources	80,124,429	74,192,096	53,474,358	53,833,067	133,598,787	128,025,163		
Current liabilities	3,476,407	4,137,615	556,938	605,888	4,033,345	4,743,503		
Deferred inflows of resources	23,627,402	25,395,274	1,844,548	2,490,797	25,471,950	27,886,071		
Long-term liabilities	89,351,261	95,384,242	10,840,852	11,725,923	100,192,113	107,110,165		
Total liabilities and								
deferred inflows of resources	116,455,070	124,917,131	13,242,338	14,822,608	129,697,408	139,739,739		
Net position								
Net investment in capital assets	39,538,904	33,368,409	36,013,026	36,594,524	75,551,930	69,962,933		
Restricted	3,862,919	4,160,385	-	-	3,862,919	4,160,385		
Unrestricted	(79,732,464)	(88,253,829)	4,218,994	2,415,935	(75,513,470)	(85,837,894)		
Total net position	\$ (36,330,641)	\$ (50,725,035)	\$ 40,232,020	\$ 39,010,459	\$ 3,901,379	\$ (11,714,576)		
Total net position as a % of total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	(31.2%)	(40.6%)	303.8%	263.2%	(3.0%)	(8.4%)		
Unrestricted net position as a % of total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	(68.5%)	(70.6%)	31.9%	16.3%	(58.2%)	(61.4%)		

As of April 30, 2025, the governmental activities have a negative unrestricted net position of \$79,732,464. This is primarily due to unfunded net pension and health care liabilities for City workers. The business-type activities have a positive unrestricted net position of \$4,218,994.

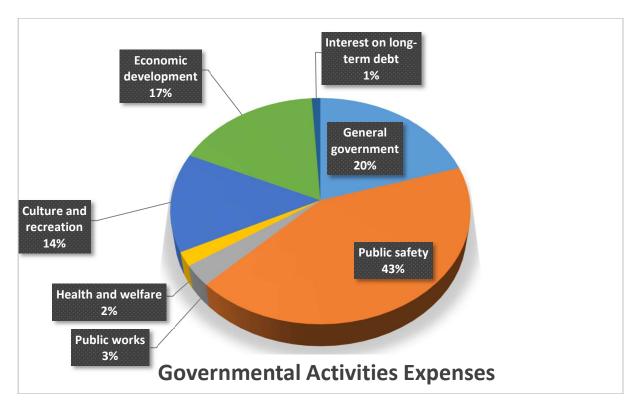
An examination of the *Statement of Activities* provides a concise picture of how the various activities of the City are funded. The following table summarizes the City's governmental and business-type activities and the changes in net position for the years ended April 30, 2025 and 2024.

	Government	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	To	tal
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Revenues						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 2,637,684	\$ 2,337,520	\$ 8,637,615	\$ 8,368,145	\$ 11,275,299	\$ 10,705,665
Operating grants and contributions	1,955,749	988,405	_	-	1,955,749	988,405
Capital grants and contributions	2,824,734	389,843	_	-	2,824,734	389,843
General revenues						
Property taxes	7,056,289	6,868,914	_	-	7,056,289	6,868,914
Sales taxes	9,149,325	8,703,190	-	-	9,149,325	8,703,190
Utility taxes	1,466,583	1,373,308	-	-	1,466,583	1,373,308
Telecommunication taxes	342,099	428,667	-	-	342,099	428,667
Other taxes	2,988,539	3,152,032	-	-	2,988,539	3,152,032
Other intergovernmental revenues	5,727,315	6,091,639	-	-	5,727,315	6,091,639
Investment income	715,349	798,463	58,988	54,677	774,337	853,140
Miscellaneous income	1,958,138	190,507	-	18,652	1,958,138	209,159
Gain on sale of assets, net	40,118	4,844	15,870	-	55,988	4,844
Total revenues	36,861,922	31,327,332	8,712,473	8,441,474	45,574,395	39,768,806
Expenses						
Program expenses						
General government	4,666,400	3,109,684	_	-	4,666,400	3,109,684
Public safety	9,383,284	10,676,233	_	-	9,383,284	10,676,233
Public works	629,047	3,090,509	_	-	629,047	3,090,509
Health and welfare	472,919	179,536	-	-	472,919	179,536
Culture and recreation	3,057,170	2,319,236	_	-	3,057,170	2,319,236
Economic development	3,854,676	2,769,501	-	-	3,854,676	2,769,501
Interest on long-term debt	126,992	129,819	-	-	126,992	129,819
Water	-	-	3,560,206	3,563,185	3,560,206	3,563,185
Sewer	-	-	3,930,706	3,973,929	3,930,706	3,973,929
Total expenses	22,190,488	22,274,518	7,490,912	7,537,114	29,681,400	29,811,632
Changes in net position	14,671,434	9,052,814	1,221,561	904,360	15,892,995	9,957,174
Net position, beginning of year,						
as previously reported	(50,725,035)	(59,808,693)	39,010,459	38,110,198	(11,714,576)	(21,698,495)
Restatement (see Note 18)	(277,040)	30,844	-	(4,099)	(277,040)	26,745
Net position, beginning of year,	( , )			( ////	( , , , , , , ,	
as restated	(51,002,075)	(59,777,849)	39,010,459	38,106,099	(11,991,616)	(21,671,750)
Net position, end of year	\$ (36,330,641)	\$ (50,725,035)	\$ 40,232,020	\$ 39,010,459	\$ 3,901,379	\$ (11,714,576)

The following chart illustrates how governmental activities are funded. Sales taxes provided twenty-five (25%) of the governmental activities revenue. Other intergovernmental revenues (state shared taxes) provided sixteen percent (16%) of the governmental activities revenue. Property taxes provided nineteen percent (19%) of the governmental activities revenue. Utility taxes and other taxes provided thirteen percent (13%) of the governmental activities revenue. Taxes, in one form or another, comprised seventy-three percent (73%) of the governmental activities revenue. The remaining twenty-seven percent (27%) came from charges for services, seven percent (7%), miscellaneous and investment revenue, seven percent (7%), and grants and contributions, thirteen percent (13%).



The following chart illustrates the expenses of the governmental activities. Public safety (fire and police protection) comprised forty-three percent (43%) of the total expenses of the governmental activities. Public works comprised three percent (3%) of the total expenses of the governmental activities. General government comprised twenty percent (20%) of the total expenses of the governmental activities. The remaining thirty-four percent (34%) came from expenses for culture and recreation, fourteen percent (14%), economic development, seventeen percent (17%), interest, one percent (1%), and health and welfare, two percent (2%).



Business-type activities, water and sewer utilities, depend on charges for services as their primary revenue sources. Primarily all revenues are generated from user charges.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S MAJOR FUND

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the City's governmental funds financial statements is to provide information regarding near-term inflows, outflows, and spendable resources. Such information can be useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

As of April 30, 2025, the City's *Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet* reported combined ending fund balances of \$20,908,421, an increase of \$880,019 from April 30, 2024. Of the ending fund balances total, \$182,028 is considered nonspendable, \$4,407,857 is restricted, \$3,108,186 is committed, \$888,004 is assigned, and \$12,322,346 is unassigned.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund used to account for the governmental operations of the City. Its basic operations are public safety and public works. The largest revenue sources for the General Fund are taxes and intergovernmental revenues which account for eighty-seven percent (87%) of revenues. Approximately sixty-four percent (64%) of the General Fund expenditures of \$25.0 million are allocated to the public safety sector. Another eighteen percent (18%) of the General Fund expenditures are derived from the functions of general government. Approximately six percent (6%) of the General Fund's expenditures are derived from the public works operations.

The General Fund has a fund balance of \$13,935,619, an increase of \$593,939 over the balance as of April 30, 2024. The General Fund's unassigned fund balance is available to be applied in a future year's budget, to one-time capital projects, or to reduce outstanding debt.

With regard to the Nonmajor Governmental Funds, the Motor Fuel Tax had a total fund balance of \$934,404, the Midtown TIF District had a fund balance of \$887,220, and the Broadway East TIF District had a fund balance of \$668,842. The Motor Fuel Tax balance primarily reflects the amounts designated to pay for maintenance of existing streets, resurfacing and construction of new streets. The Midtown TIF District is used to account for revenues and expenditures for implementation of the Mattoon Midtown Redevelopment Plan and Project. The Broadway East TIF District's fund balance is generally available to pay for eligible redevelopment costs and expenses related to projects within the district. The Capital Projects has a fund balance of \$2,564,945 and this may be used to fund the City's various infrastructure projects. The Broadway East Business District is used to implement the plan and project for this Business District and has a fund balance of \$860,696. The remaining funds included in the Nonmajor Governmental Funds column in the Combining Balance Sheet are the Hotel and Motel Tax, Home Rehabilitation Grant, I-57 East TIF District, I-57 East Business District, South Route 45 TIF District, South Route 45 Business District, Remington Road and I-57 Business District, and the Remington Road TIF District. These remaining funds have a total fund balance as of April 30, 2025 of \$1,056,695. The total accumulated fund balances of all of the Nonmajor Governmental Funds increased by \$286,080 during the year ended April 30, 2025.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The City's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in greater detail. The detail of the City's proprietary funds can be found from page 23 to page 25. The net position of the enterprise type proprietary funds at April 30, 2025 was \$40,232,020, an increase of \$1,221,561 from the previous year.

For the year ended April 30, 2025, operating revenues in the Water Fund totaled \$4,019,283 (an increase of \$108,603 from fiscal year 2024), operating expenses totaled \$3,559,851 (a decrease of \$2,985 from fiscal year 2024) producing operating income of \$459,432 (an increase of \$111,588 from fiscal year 2024). Non-operating revenues and expenses netted to an increase in net position of \$51,348, leaving an increase to net position in the Water Fund of \$510,780. A water rate increase went into effect on May 1, 2024.

For the year ended April 30, 2025, revenues in the Sewer Fund totaled \$4,618,332 (an increase of \$142,215 from fiscal year 2024), operating expenses totaled \$3,817,565 (a decrease of \$38,413 from fiscal year 2024) producing operating income of \$800,767 (an increase of \$180,628 from fiscal year 2024). Non-operating revenues and expenses netted to a decrease in net position of \$89,986, leaving an increase to net position in the Sewer Fund of \$710,781. Similar to the Water Fund, the Sewer Fund had a rate increase that became effective on May 1, 2024.

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Required Supplementary Information section contains the *Schedule of Revenues*, *Expenditures*, and *Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual* for the General Fund on page 91. The final fiscal year 2025 General Fund budget authorized expenditures and other financing uses of \$26,439,600 funded by anticipated revenues and other financing sources of \$26,019,541 leaving the amount of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses of \$(420,059). The actual amount of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses was \$593,939, a positive budget to actual variance of \$1,013,998.

The largest variances in General Fund revenues were from taxes, intergovernmental revenues and charges for services. Taxes were less than the budgeted amount by \$84,389. Intergovernmental revenues were greater than the budgeted amount by \$963,572. Charges for services were greater than the budgeted amount by \$360,408. Fines and forfeitures and investment income were under budget and licenses and permits and contributions and miscellaneous revenues were over budget. General Fund expenditures had an overall variance of \$987,302, with positive variances in Public Safety, Public Works, and Economic Development, and negative variances in General Government, Health and Welfare, Culture and Recreation, and Debt Service.

The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual for each of the Nonmajor Governmental Funds can be found in the Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules, beginning on page 107.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT**

#### **Capital Assets**

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the City has recorded historical costs and depreciation expense associated with all of its capital assets in the financial statements for the year ended on April 30, 2025. As summarized in the table below, the City's investment in capital assets for governmental and business-type activities as of April 30, 2025 totaled \$205.8 million. Forty-six percent (46%) of this total cost was related to the business-type activities, with the City's sewer collection and treatment system and water distribution system comprising the most significant component. The governmental activities comprised approximately fifty-four percent (54%) of the total, with the most significant portion being the infrastructure (roads, bridges, and sidewalks) of the City.

Total accumulated depreciation was \$122.7 million, or sixty percent (60%) of the historical asset cost. Net of accumulated depreciation, the City's investment in capital assets is \$83.1 million.

### Capital Assets, Net April 30, 2025

	Governmental	<b>Business-type</b>	
Classification	Activities	Activities	Total
Land	\$ 3,556,500	\$ 587,155	\$ 4,143,655
Construction in progress	4,678,583	901,980	5,580,563
Buildings and improvements	13,808,581	13,250,379	27,058,960
Infrastructure	74,222,571	-	74,222,571
Improvements other than buildings	6,619,817	428,198	7,048,015
Treatment, collection, and			
distribution systems	-	73,425,864	73,425,864
Equipment, furniture and vehicles	8,112,651	6,284,575	14,397,226
Subtotal	110,998,703	94,878,151	205,876,854
Less: accumulated depreciation	(71,459,288)	(51,275,733)	(122,735,021)
Total	\$ 39,539,415	\$ 43,602,418	\$ 83,141,833

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangement* (SBITA), during the fiscal year. Additional information on the City's SBITA can be found in Note 9 to the financial statements.

#### **Long-Term Liabilities**

On April 30, 2025, the City had \$100,192,113 of long-term liabilities outstanding, a decrease of \$6,956,112 from April 30, 2024, as summarized in the following table:

### General Obligation Bonds, Notes Outstanding, and Other Long-Term Liabilities April 30, 2025

Classification	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total
General obligation bonds	\$	3,015,000	\$	-	\$ 3,015,000
Notes payable		251,748		7,591,769	7,843,517
Lease payable		11,441		6,363	17,804
Subscription payable		187,333		-	187,333
Compensated absences		1,122,356		246,961	1,369,317
Net pension liability		59,593,516		-	59,593,516
OPEB liability		25,169,867		2,995,759	 28,165,626
Total	\$	89,351,261	\$	10,840,852	\$ 100,192,113

The liability for general obligation bonds and notes payable decreased by \$685,000 and \$535,225, respectively, due to principal payments on the bonds and notes.

The net pension liability and OPEB liability decreased by \$2,617,906, and \$3,417,872, respectively and compensated absences, increased by \$204,941 from prior year. Detailed information regarding specific debt can be found in Notes 10, 11, and 12 beginning on page 57.

#### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. The City's financial statements are available on the website (www.mattoon illinois.gov). Questions about this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department at 208 North 19<sup>th</sup> Street, Mattoon, Illinois, 61938. Finance Department staff can also be reached at (217) 235-5483.



	Primary Government			Con	ponent Unit			
	G	overnmental		usiness-Type				Mattoon
		Activities		Activities		Total		olic Library
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	19,265,943	\$	6,290,072	\$	25,556,015	\$	573,546
Restricted cash and investments		411,215		395,695		806,910		-
Receivables, net		13,548,862		1,199,585		14,748,447		1,982
Due from (to) other funds		(51,244)		51,244		-		-
Due from primary government		-		-		-		2,811
Due from component units		5,075		-		5,075		-
Prepaid items		848,089		6,250		854,339		142
Lease receivable		8,240		2,995		11,235		-
Cemetery development		60,652		-		60,652		-
Loans receivable		55,752		-		55,752		-
Capital assets not depreciated		8,235,083		1,489,135		9,724,218		-
Capital assets depreciated, net		31,304,332		42,113,283		73,417,615		1,377,545
Right-to-use assets, net		13,115		6,915		20,030		18,210
Subscription assets, net		185,148		-		185,148		-
Net pension asset - IMRF		852,534		1,052,130		1,904,664		111,279
Total assets		74,742,796		52,607,304		127,350,100		2,085,515
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred items - IMRF		314,429		388,043		702,472		41,041
Deferred items - Police Pension		1,987,060		-		1,987,060		-
Deferred items - Firefighters' Pension		1,139,421		-		1,139,421		-
Deferred items - OPEB		1,940,723		479,011		2,419,734		54,463
Total deferred outflows of resources		5,381,633		867,054		6,248,687		95,504
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED								
OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	\$	80,124,429	\$	53,474,358	\$	133,598,787	\$	2,181,019
OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	<u> </u>	80,124,429	Φ	33,474,338	<u> </u>	133,396,767	Ф	2,161,019
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	2,532,484	\$	324,835	\$	2,857,319	\$	93,571
Due to primary government		_		_		_		5,075
Due to component units		135,883		_		135,883		_
Unearned revenue		560,497		_		560,497		_
Other payables from restricted assets		247,543		232,103		479,646		_
Long-term liabilities		,e .e				,		
Due within one year		1,082,901		550,728		1,633,629		15,020
Due in more than one year		88,268,360		10,290,124		98,558,484		168,364
Total liabilities		92,827,668		11,397,790		104,225,458		282,030
Total Intellices		72,027,000	-	11,557,750		101,223,130		202,030
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred items - IMRF		31,257		38,574		69,831		4,080
Deferred items - Police Pension		4,939,120		-		4,939,120		-
Deferred items - Firefighters' Pension		1,489,639		-		1,489,639		-
Deferred items - OPEB		8,980,931		1,803,176		10,784,107		87,328
Deferred lease income		7,700		2,798		10,498		-
Current refundings - unamortized bond premiums		17,119		-		17,119		-
Deferred property taxes		8,161,636		-		8,161,636		541,600
Total deferred inflows of resources		23,627,402		1,844,548		25,471,950		633,008
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		39,538,904		36,013,026		75,551,930		1,376,856
Restricted for:								
Public safety		56,156		-		56,156		-
Highways and streets		934,404		-		934,404		-
Culture and recreation		168,594		-		168,594		10,414
Economic development		2,389,966		-		2,389,966		-
Cemetery maintenance		313,799		-		313,799		-
Unrestricted		(79,732,464)		4,218,994		(75,513,470)		(121,289)
Total net position	\$	(36,330,641)	\$	40,232,020	\$	3,901,379	\$	1,265,981

					Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes i			Net Position		
			Program Revenues		P	rimary Governme	nt	Component Unit		
			Operating	Capital						
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type		Mattoon Public		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Library		
Primary government										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 4,666,400	\$ 419,839	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (4,246,561)	\$ -	\$ (4,246,561)			
Public safety	9,383,284		1,691,758	2,703,114	(3,395,655)	φ - -	(3,395,655)			
Public works	629,047		1,071,730	121,620	(451,670)	_	(451,670)			
Health and welfare	472,919		_	121,020	(380,065)	_	(380,065)			
Culture and recreation	3,057,170		263,991	_	(2,316,702)	_	(2,316,702)			
Economic development	3,854,676		203,771	_	(3,854,676)	_	(3,854,676)			
Interest on long-term debt	126,992		_	_	(126,992)	_	(126,992)			
Total governmental activities	22,190,488		1,955,749	2,824,734	(14,772,321)		(14,772,321)			
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-,,,,,,,		(= 1,7,7=,0==)		(= 1,7,7=,===)			
Business-type activities:										
Water Fund	3,560,206	4,019,283	-	-	-	459,077	459,077			
Sewer Fund	3,930,706	4,618,332				687,626	687,626			
Total business-type activities	7,490,912	8,637,615				1,146,703	1,146,703			
Total primary government	29,681,400	11,275,299	1,955,749	2,824,734	(14,772,321)	1,146,703	(13,625,618)			
Component Unit										
Mattoon Public Library	\$ 679,676	\$ 10,659	\$ 113,373	<u>\$</u> -				\$ (555,644)		
	General revenues:									
	Property taxe	S			5,188,114	-	5,188,114	-		
	TIF property	ax increment			1,868,175	-	1,868,175	-		
	Telecommuni	cations taxes			342,099	-	342,099	-		
	Utility taxes				1,466,583	-	1,466,583	-		
	Business distr	ict taxes			2,004,750	-	2,004,750	-		
	Other taxes				983,789	-	983,789	-		
	Payments from	n primary government			-	-	-	575,314		
	Sales taxes				9,149,325	-	9,149,325	-		
	Income and u	se taxes			3,465,439	-	3,465,439	-		
	Other intergo	vernmental revenues			2,261,876	-	2,261,876	-		
	Investment in	come			715,349	58,988	774,337	12,475		
	Miscellaneou	s income			1,958,138	-	1,958,138	-		
	Gain on dispo	sal of capital assets			40,118	15,870	55,988			
	Total general revo	enues			29,443,755	74,858	29,518,613	587,789		
	CHANGE IN NET	POSITION			14,671,434	1,221,561	15,892,995	32,145		
	NET POSITION -	BEGINNING OF YE	AR.							
		(SEE NOTE 18)	,		(51,002,075)	39,010,459	(11,991,616)	1,233,836		
	NET POSITION -	END OF YEAR			\$ (36,330,641)	\$ 40,232,020	\$ 3,901,379	\$ 1,265,981		

	Ge	neral Fund	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Elir	nination	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS							10.170.000
Cash and investments	\$	11,613,469	\$ 7,556,799	\$	-	\$	19,170,268
Restricted cash and investments		404,400	-		-		404,400
Receivables, net		10,010,677	3,496,628		-		13,507,305
Due from other funds		178,978	147,699		(147,314)		179,363
Due from component units		5,075	-		-		5,075
Prepaid items		65,624	-		-		65,624
Loans receivable		55,752	-		-		55,752.00
Cemetery development		60,652	 <u>-</u> _		<u> </u>		60,652
TOTAL ASSETS		22,394,627	 11,201,126		(147,314)		33,448,439
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		933,754	1,538,790		-		2,472,544
Due to other funds		147,314	-		(147,314)		-
Due to component units		133,072	-		-		133,072
Unearned revenue		560,497	-		-		560,497
Total liabilities		1,774,637	1,538,790		(147,314)		3,166,113
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue		6,684,371	 2,689,534				9,373,905
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable		182,028	-		-		182,028
Restricted for:							
Highways and streets		_	934,404		-		934,404
Culture and recreation		_	340,592		-		340,592
Economic development		-	3,132,861		-		3,132,861
Committed		543,241	2,564,945		-		3,108,186
Assigned		888,004	-		_		888,004
Unassigned		12,322,346	-		-		12,322,346
Total fund balances		13,935,619	6,972,802		-		20,908,421
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	22,394,627	\$ 11,201,126	\$	(147,314)	\$	33,448,439

		Exhibit D
Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	20,908,421
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position		
Capital assets, right-to-use assets, and subscription assets		
used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and, therefore, not reported in the funds.		39,737,678
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the		
pensions and OPEB		
not reported in the funds		
Deferred items - IMRF	\$ 283,172	
Deferred items - Police Pension	(2,952,060)	
Deferred items - Firefighters' Pension	(350,218)	
Deferred items - OPEB	 (7,040,208)	(10,059,314)
Receivables not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,		
therefore, not reported in the funds.		1,212,809
Noncurrent assets related to pension benefits are collected but are not		
payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the		
governmental funds.		
Net pension asset - IMRF		852,534
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,		
therefore, are not reported in the funds. Interest on long-term debt is not		
accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an		
expenditure when due. All liabilities - both current and long-term		
are reported in the Statement of Net Position.		
Accrued interest payable	(58,283)	
Deferred loss on refundings	(17,119)	
Net pension liabilities:	(21,020,704)	
Police Pension	(31,038,784)	
Firefighters' Pension	(28,554,732)	
Compensated absences	(1,122,356)	
OPEB liability	(25,169,867)	
Leases payable	(198,774)	
General obligation bonds	(3,015,000)	
Notes payable	 (251,748)	
Total long-term liabilities		(89,426,663)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the		
cost of certain activities, such as insurance, to individual funds.		
The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included		
in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		443,894
Net position of governmental activities	\$	(36,330,641)
	<del></del>	

	General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES	<b>* * * * * * * * * *</b>	•	<b>* * * * * * * * * *</b>	
Property taxes	\$ 5,188,114	\$ -	\$ 5,188,114	
TIF property tax increment	90,932	1,777,243	1,868,175	
Telecommunication taxes	358,053	-	358,053	
Utility taxes	1,466,583	-	1,466,583	
Business district taxes	-	2,068,964	2,068,964	
Licenses and permits	341,124	-	341,124	
Other taxes	459,531	524,258	983,789	
Sales taxes	9,012,659	-	9,012,659	
Income and use taxes	3,504,059	-	3,504,059	
Motor fuel taxes	-	764,868	764,868	
Other intergovernmental revenues	3,489,481	2,520,334	6,009,815	
Charges for services	2,089,724	-	2,089,724	
Fines and forfeitures	111,198	_	111,198	
Investment income	570,914	151,692	722,606	
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues	426,330	1,791,703	2,218,033	
Total revenues	27,108,702	9,599,062	36,707,764	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	4,610,792	-	4,610,792	
Public safety	16,015,595	-	16,015,595	
Public works	1,397,845	1,085,861	2,483,706	
Health and welfare	461,063	-	461,063	
Culture and recreation	2,469,158	544,097	3,013,255	
Economic development	51,860	2,399,842	2,451,702	
Capital outlay	-	6,112,664	6,112,664	
Debt service:				
Principal	91,358	728,240	819,598	
Interest and fiscal charges	9,978	112,547	122,525	
Total expenditures	25,107,649	10,983,251	36,090,900	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	2,001,053	(1,384,189)	616,864	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	40,000	1,710,269	1,750,269	
Transfers out	(1,710,269)	(40,000)	(1,750,269)	
Proceeds from sale of assets	68,437	-	68,437	
Proceeds from lease financing	194,718		194,718	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,407,114)	1,670,269	263,155	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	593,939	286,080	880,019	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	13,341,680	6,686,722	20,028,402	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 13,935,619	\$ 6,972,802	\$ 20,908,421	

et change in fund balances		880,019
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This		
is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current		
period.	0.505.220	
Capital outlays	8,505,228	
Depreciation and amortization  Loss on disposal of capital assets	(2,126,712) (28,319)	6,350,19
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions and OPEB		
not reported in the funds.		
Changes in deferred items - IMRF	(646,311)	
Changes in deferred items - Police Pension		
•	1,733,713	
Changes in deferred items - Firefighters' Pension	(690,831)	10175
Changes in deferred items - OPEB	88,185	484,756
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are		
not reported as revenues in the funds and some amounts reported as revenues in the		
funds were reported as revenues on the Statement of Activities in the prior year.		
This is the net effect of these differences in revenue recognition.		114,040
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to		
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes		
the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has		
any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums,		
discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued; whereas, these amounts are		
deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of		
these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Loan proceeds	194,718	
Principal repayments - G.O. bonds, notes payable, leases payable	630,860	
Change in unamortized premium	4,777	830,355
Change in anamorazed premium	т,///	650,555
Certain expenses in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial		
resources, and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in government funds.		
Changes in net pension liabilities:		
IMRF	581,130	
Police Pension	66,724	
Firefighters' Pension	2,551,182	
Increase in accrued interest payable	(9,244)	
Increase in compensated absences	(188,446)	
Decrease in other postemployment benefit obligation	3,010,721	6,012,067
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	14,671,434
	<u> </u>	, , -

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Governmental Activities Internal Service			
	V	Vater Fund	s	ewer Fund		Total	IIIC	Funds
ASSETS								
Current assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	2,628,679	\$	3,661,393	\$	6,290,072	\$	95,675
Restricted cash and investments		147,760		247,935		395,695		6,815
Accounts receivable, net		553,293		646,292		1,199,585		41,557
Due from other funds		23,952		27,292		51,244		-
Prepaid items		-		6,250		6,250		782,465
Lease receivable - current		2,995				2,995		
Total current assets		3,356,679		4,589,162		7,945,841		926,512
Noncurrent assets:								
Capital assets not depreciated		655,820		833,315		1,489,135		
Capital assets not depreciated Capital assets depreciated, net		13,467,336		28,645,947		42,113,283		-
Right-of-use assets, net		2,992		3,923		6,915		_
Net pension asset - IMRF		540,335		511,795		1,052,130		_
Total noncurrent assets		14,666,483		29,994,980	_	44,661,463		
Total honeurent assets		14,000,403		27,774,700	_	44,001,403		
Total assets		18,023,162		34,584,142		52,607,304		926,512
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred items - IMRF		199,284		188,759		388,043		-
Deferred items - OPEB		212,457		266,554		479,011		
Total deferred outflows of resources		411,741		455,313		867,054		
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	\$	18,434,903	\$	35,039,455	\$	53,474,358	\$	926,512
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	154,412	\$	170,423	\$	324,835	\$	1,657
Due to other funds	•	-		-		-	•	230,607
Due to component units		-		-		-		2,811
Compensated absences - current		25,351		24,041		49,392		-
Notes payable - current		-		499,511		499,511		-
Lease payable - current		803		1,022		1,825		-
Other payables from restricted assets		232,103				232,103		247,543
Total current liabilities		412,669		694,997		1,107,666		482,618
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Notes payable		-		7,092,258		7,092,258		-
Lease payable		2,018		2,520		4,538		-
Compensated absences		101,406		96,163		197,569		-
OPEB liability		1,505,190		1,490,569		2,995,759		
Total noncurrent liabilities		1,608,614		8,681,510		10,290,124		
Total liabilities		2,021,283	_	9,376,507		11,397,790		482,618
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred items - IMRF		19,810		18,764		38,574		-
Deferred items - OPEB		1,015,064		788,112		1,803,176		-
Deferred lease income		2,798				2,798		_
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,037,672		806,876		1,844,548		
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		14,124,130		21,888,896		36,013,026		-
Unrestricted		1,251,818		2,967,176		4,218,994		443,894
Total net position	\$	15,375,948	\$	24,856,072	\$	40,232,020	\$	443,894

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Governmental Activities Internal Service			
	Water Fund		Sewer Fund		Total		Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES			-			1000		
Charges for services	\$	4,019,283	\$	4,618,332	\$	8,637,615	\$	-
Fund charges and employee contributions		-		-		-		5,846,983
Miscellaneous operating revenue		-		-		-		174,405
Total operating revenue		4,019,283		4,618,332		8,637,615		6,021,388
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Reservoirs and sources of supply		22,541		-		22,541		_
Water treatment plant		1,453,188		-		1,453,188		-
Water distribution		927,980		-		927,980		-
Sewer collection system		-		654,919		654,919		-
Sewer lift stations		-		60,127		60,127		-
Wastewater treatment plant		-		1,163,259		1,163,259		-
Accounting and collection		549,226		429,764		978,990		-
Administrative and general		(153,705)		314,862		161,157		92,779
Insurance		-		-		-		1,178,765
Health and welfare		-		-		-		4,749,963
Health claims and uninsured judgments		-		-		-		45
Depreciation and amortization		760,621		1,194,634		1,955,255		
Total operating expenses		3,559,851		3,817,565		7,377,416		6,021,552
Operating income (loss)		459,432		800,767		1,260,199		(164)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Investment income		35,833		23,155		58,988		164
Interest expense		(355)		(113,141)		(113,496)		-
Gain on sale of assets		15,870		=_		15,870		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		51,348		(89,986)		(38,638)		164
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		510,780		710,781		1,221,561		-
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR		14,865,168		24,145,291		39,010,459		443,894
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	15,375,948	\$	24,856,072	\$	40,232,020	\$	443,894

	Busines	s-Type Activities - En	terprise Funds	Governmental Activities	
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Total	Internal Service Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITES	water runu	Sewer Fund	Iotai	- runus	
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 3,984,078	\$ 4,581,380	\$ 8,565,458	\$ -	
Receipts from interfund services provided	-	-	-	4,283,796	
Receipts from component units	-	-	-	53,178	
Receipts from employees and retirees	-	-	-	1,449,429	
Payments to employees	(1,172,572)	(1,086,134)	(2,258,706)	-	
Payments to suppliers	(1,802,031)	(1,277,380)	(3,079,411)	(1,386,484)	
Payments to claimants	-	-	-	(4,750,008)	
Payments for interfund services used	(432,245)	(501,401)	(933,646)	-	
Other payments				144,847	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	577,230	1,716,465	2,293,695	(205,242)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND					
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITES					
Purchase of capital assets	(199,231)		(867,231)	-	
Debt payments	-	(491,985)	(491,985)	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	(355)		(113,498)		
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(199,586)	(1,273,128)	(1,472,714)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITES					
Proceeds from sale of assets	15,870	-	15,870	-	
Investment income, net	34,732	21,940	56,672	164	
Net cash provided by investing activities	50,602	21,940	72,542	164	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND RESTRICTED CASH	428,246	465,277	893,523	(205,078)	
CASH AND RESTRICTED CASH - BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,348,193	3,444,051	5,792,244	307,568	
CASH AND RESTRICTED CASH - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,776,439	\$ 3,909,328	\$ 6,685,767	\$ 102,490	
- ENDOT TEM	\$ 2,776,439	\$ 3,909,328	\$ 6,685,767	5 102,490	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash					
provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$ 459,432	\$ 800,767	\$ 1,260,199	\$ (164)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net					
cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization	760,621	1,194,634	1,955,255	-	
(Increase) decrease in assets:	(40.000)	(0.5.0.50)	(55.005)	(20.550)	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable, net	(40,983)		(77,935)	(29,558)	
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds	15,090	16,938	32,028	(100.224)	
Increase in prepaid items  Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows of resources:	-	-	-	(189,234)	
Decrease in deferred items - IMRF	464.433	437,590	902.023		
Decrease in deferred items - OPEB	35,019	(23,807)	,	-	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	33,019	(23,607)	11,212	-	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable					
and accrued expenses	(27,358)	(40,084)	(67,442)	(17,898)	
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	(27,550)	(10,001)	(07,112)	(59,792)	
Increase in due to component units	_	_	<u>-</u>	(788)	
Decrease in compensated absences	16,547	(52)	16,495	-	
Decrease in net pension liability - IMRF	(356,452)		(694,717)	_	
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability	(450,118)		(407,151)	_	
Increase in other payables from restricted assets	5,778		5,778	92,192	
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources:	- 7. 7 -		- 7	. , . –	
Decrease in deferred items - IMRF	(14,157)	(13,291)	(27,448)	-	
Decrease in deferred items - OPEB	(290,622)		(614,602)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 577,230	\$ 1,716,465	\$ 2,293,695	\$ (205,242)	

City of Mattoon, Illinois Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position April 30, 2025 Exhibit J

	Pensio	<b>Pension Trust Funds</b>	
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	956,483	
Investments, at fair value:			
Insurance contracts		27,089,033	
Annuities		611,823	
Mutual funds		1,211,889	
Pooled investments		23,348,760	
Dividends and interest receivable		4,220	
Prepaid items		6,890	
Due from primary government		133,072	
Total assets		53,362,170	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		300,035	
NET POSITION			
Restricted for pensions	\$	53,062,135	

City of Mattoon, Illinois Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended April 30, 2025 Exhibit K

	<b>Pension Trust Funds</b>	
ADDITIONS		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$	6,106,005
Plan members		543,746
Total contributions		6,649,751
Investment income:		
Interest and dividend income		385,306
Increase in fair value of investments		5,058,413
Net investment gain		5,443,719
Total additions		12,093,470
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefits and refunds of contributions		6,507,274
Administrative expenses		106,869
Total deductions		6,614,143
CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		5,479,327
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR		47,582,808
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	53,062,135

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Mattoon (City), incorporated in 1857, is located in Coles County in east central Illinois on Interstate 57, 183 miles south of Chicago. It lies 27 miles north of Interstate 70, about midway between St. Louis and Indianapolis.

The City operates under an elected Commission form of government. The City Council, which has policymaking and legislative authority, consists of a mayor and four commissioners. The council members are elected on a nonpartisan "at large" basis every four years to a four-year term. The City Council, among other things, is responsible for passing ordinances, resolutions and adopting the annual municipal budget. The council appoints persons to boards, advisory commissions, and departmental directors. The City's major operations include public safety, public works, recreation and parks, and general administrative services. In addition, the City owns and operates two major enterprise activities, a water plant and local sewer system.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following significant accounting policies apply to the City and its component units.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, as well as its component units, which are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as:

- 1. Appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either
  (a) the ability to impose will by the primary government or (b) the
  possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or
  impose a financial burden on the primary government; or
- 2. Fiscal dependency on the primary government and there is a potential to provide specific financial benefits or to impose specific financial burdens.

The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units. The financial data of the component unit is included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the City.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Blended Component Unit

A blended component unit is a legally separate entity from the City but is so intertwined with the City that it is, in substance, the same as the City. The Mattoon Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Account is governed by the 2% Foreign Fire Board and is treated as a blended component unit because its sole purpose is to account for monies received from the Illinois Municipal League to the City's firefighters to purchase equipment and supplies. The entity is reported as part of the General Fund.

#### Discretely Presented Component Unit

A discretely presented component unit is an entity that is legally separate from the City, but for which the City is financially accountable, or whose relationship with the City is such that exclusion would cause the City's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The City's discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

Mattoon Public Library (Library) - The Library is governed by a nine-member Board of Trustees appointed by the City Council. The Library is financially accountable to the City as the City's approval is needed for the levy of property taxes for the Library operations and to issue bonded debt on behalf of the Library.

#### Fiduciary Component Units

Police Pension Trust Fund - The Police Pension Trust Fund is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members are appointed by the City's Mayor, one elected by pension beneficiaries, and two elected police employees constitute the pension board.

Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund - The Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members are appointed by the City's Mayor, one elected by pension beneficiaries, and two elected fire employees constitute the pension board.

The Police and Firefighters' Pension Trust Funds were established to provide retirement, death, and disability payments to the police and firemen of the City or their beneficiaries; each is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. Contribution levels are mandated by Illinois State statutes and may be

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

amended only by the Illinois legislature. Sources of revenue to the funds are primarily through investment earnings, employee contributions, and employer contributions, which are generated via specific property taxes levied by the City Council to meet the employer contribution requirements.

The Police and Firefighters' Pension Trust Funds are reported as fiduciary component units in accordance with GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The data is included in the City's fiduciary fund financial statements because the fund is fiscally dependent on the City and provides services entirely to the City's current and former employees. The Police and Firefighters' Pension Plans do not issue separate component unit reports.

#### B. Joint Venture

The Mattoon Police Department, which is a department within the City, is a participant with the Illinois State Police, Charleston Police Department, Arcola Police Department, Eastern Illinois University Police Department, Coles County Sheriff's Department, and Douglas County Sheriff's Department in a joint venture known as the East Central Illinois Task Force (Task Force). This authority was created to provide citizens of each jurisdiction the most effective drug law enforcement protection against those who engage in actions detrimental to public safety. In the event of dissolution of the Task Force, all Task Force property obtained through grants from the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority (Authority) shall be disposed of consistent with the current property management or disposition guidelines issued by the Authority's Office of Federal Assistance Programs. All non-grant Task Force property, inventory, and all existing or currently pending forfeited assets will be distributed between the current participants.

The Task Force is governed by a Board of Directors which consists of the Sheriff or Chief (as the case may be) of each participating agency and the Zone Commander of the Illinois State Police. Each agency assigns, commissions, or funds a full-time police officer to the Task Force except the Arcola Police Department, which commissions a peace officer for employment by the Task Force. The officers remain employees of the agencies from which they were appointed for payroll purposes with the exception of the personnel from the Arcola Police Department. The City is the fiduciary agent of the Task Force, passing a federal grant through to the Task Force and providing oversight. Complete financial statements for the Task Force can be obtained from the Mattoon Police Department at 1710 Wabash Avenue, Mattoon, Illinois 61938.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. The majority of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. However, transactions among City funds that would be treated as revenues and expenditures or if they involved organizations external to City government are accounted for as revenues and expenditures in the funds involved. Therefore, charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government are included since elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, including capital assets. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital expenditures of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds including its fiduciary funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

#### D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues from exchange transactions are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenues from taxes or assessments on exchange transactions (sales taxes, utility taxes) are recognized when the underlying exchange transaction occurs. Revenues from shared nonexchange transactions (state income taxes, motor fuel taxes, replacement taxes) are also recognized in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, provided the state is required to share the revenues under an act of law. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year in which they are budgeted to be used. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available, including revenues from taxes or assessments on exchange transactions (sales taxes, utility taxes) and shared nonexchange transactions (state income taxes, motor fuel taxes, replacement taxes). Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers revenues to be available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year in which they are levied as long as they meet the measurable and available criteria. Expenditures generally are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, with the exception of principal and interest payments on general long-term debt which are recognized as liabilities when paid, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a

future period and is not recognized as an inflow of resources or revenue until that time.

Unearned revenues included under the liabilities section of the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet arise when resources are received prior to the City having a legal claim to them.

Property taxes are levied no later than the last Tuesday of December. These taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the calendar year that the levy ordinance was enacted. The taxes are payable by property owners in two equal installments. The first installment is due 30 days after the bills are mailed, while the second payment is due around September 1. The Coles County Treasurer distributed the 2023 tax extension to the City on June 28, 2024, August 9, 2024, October 9, 2024, and November 20, 2024. The City Council adopted the 2024 tax levy (receivable in calendar year 2025) on November 30, 2024. The 2024 property tax levy is a deferred inflow of resources in the governmental funds statements and government-wide statements, since the levy is intended to finance fiscal year 2025 expenditures. Property tax revenues recorded in these financial statements are from the 2023 and prior tax levies. TIF property taxes are not levied, but are paid by the County from incremental property tax receipts of all taxing bodies within a TIF District. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water enterprise fund, the Sewer enterprise fund, and the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

# E. Governmental Funds

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

<u>Capital Projects</u> - This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Included among these funds are:

<u>Motor Fuel Tax</u> - This fund is used to account for the revenue and expenditures related to projects financed by the motor fuel tax funds collected and distributed by the State of Illinois.

<u>Hotel and Motel Tax</u> - This fund is used to account for the collection of a 5% room occupancy tax.

<u>Home Rehabilitation Grant</u> - This fund is used to account for housing grants and related expenditures.

<u>Midtown TIF District</u> - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for implementation of the Mattoon Midtown Redevelopment Plan and Project, including all property tax increment revenues received from Coles County allocable to the operation of the Mattoon Midtown Tax Increment District as required by the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11 - 74.4-3 *et seq.*).

<u>I-57 East TIF District</u> - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for implementation of the I-57 East Redevelopment Plan and Project, including all property tax increment revenues received from Coles County allocable to the operation of the I-57 East Tax Increment District as required by the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3 *et. seq.*).

<u>I-57 East Business District</u> - This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for implementation of the I-57 East Business District Plan and Project, including all sales and hotel/motel tax revenues received from the State of Illinois and City

of Mattoon allocable to the operation of the I-57 East Business District Fund as required by the Business District Development and Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/1 74.3-1 et. seq.).

South Rt 45 TIF District - This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for implementation of the South Rt 45 Redevelopment Plan and Project, including all property tax increment revenues received from Coles County allocable to the operation of the South Rt 45 Tax Increment District as required by the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3 et. seq.).

South Rt 45 Business District - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for implementation of the South Rt 45 Business District Plan, including all sales tax and hotel/motel tax revenues received from the State of Illinois and City of Mattoon allocable to the operation of the South Rt 45 Business District as required by the Business District Development and Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/1-74.3-1 et. seq.).

Broadway East TIF District - This fund is used to account for the revenue and expenditures for implementation of the Broadway East Redevelopment Plan and Project, including all property tax increment revenues received from Coles County allocable to the operation of the Broadway East Tax Increment District as required by the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3 et. seq.).

Broadway East Business District - This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for implementation of the Broadway East Business District Plan and Project, including all sales and hotel/motel tax revenues received from the State of Illinois and City of Mattoon allocable to the operation of the Broadway East Business District Fund as required by the Business District Development and Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/1-74.3-1 et. seq.).

Remington Road and I-57 Business District - This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for implementation of the Remington Road and I-57 Business District Plan and Project, including all sales and hotel/motel tax revenues received from the State of Illinois and City of Mattoon allocable to the operation of the

Remington Road and I-57 Business District as required by the Business District Development and Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/1-74.3-1 *et. seq.*).

Remington Road TIF District - This fund is used to account for the revenue and expenditures for implementation of the Remington Road Redevelopment Plan and Project, including all property tax increment revenues received from Coles County allocable to the operation of the Remington Road Tax Increment District as required by the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3 et. seq.).

## F. Proprietary Funds

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

<u>Water Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the activities of the government's water treatment plant and distribution system.

<u>Sewer Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the activities of the government's sewage treatment plant, sewage pumping stations, and collection systems.

The City reports the following nonmajor proprietary funds:

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> - Internal Service Funds are used to account for financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the governmental unit, or other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

<u>Health Insurance</u> - This fund is used to account for employee and retiree health insurance.

<u>Insurance and Tort Judgment</u> - This fund is used to account for the insurance premiums paid by the City.

## G. Other Fund Types

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a custodial capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The City does not have any fiduciary funds, but it does include the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and the Mattoon Firefighters' Pension Fund, both of which are fiduciary type component units.

### H. Deposits and Investments

The City considers cash on hand, checking accounts, savings accounts, money market funds, and investments held with an original maturity date of less than three months to be cash and cash equivalents. The City maintains a cash pool for use by most funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is included in the financial statements as cash and cash equivalents. Investments of the City, as well as its component units, are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Unrealized gains or losses from the appreciation or depreciation in fair value of investments in the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and Mattoon Firefighters' Pension Fund are reported as "net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments."

The City follows GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, which provides a framework for measuring fair value under U.S. GAAP. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date.

This statement requires that valuation techniques maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs and establishes a fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the valuation inputs into three broad levels as described below.

- Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology derived from unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
- Level 2 Other observable inputs including quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active or inactive markets, and inputs that are principally derived from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology which are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurements. These inputs are only used when Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available.

Statutes authorize the City and the Library to invest in obligations of the United States of America and its agencies, direct obligations of any bank or savings and loan association that is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), short-term obligations of corporations subject to certain qualifications, money market mutual funds whose portfolios are limited to governmental securities and obligations, the Illinois Funds Money Market Fund, and bonds of any county, township, city, village, incorporated town, municipal corporation, or school district, subject to certain qualifications.

The Illinois Police Officers' Pension Investment Fund (IPOPIF) and Illinois Firefighters' Pension Investment Fund (IFPIF) are investment trust funds responsible for the consolidation and fiduciary management of the pension assets of Illinois suburban and downstate police and firefighter pension funds. IPOPIF and IFPIF were created by Public Act 101-0610 and codified within the Illinois Pension Code, becoming effective January 1, 2020, to streamline investments and eliminate unnecessary and redundant administrative costs, thereby ensuring assets are available to fund pension benefits for the beneficiaries of the participating pension funds as defined in 40 ILCS 5/22B-105. Participation in IPOPIF and IFPIF by Illinois suburban and downstate police and firefighter pension funds are mandatory.

#### I. Restricted Cash and Investments

The General Fund has restricted cash and investments for mausoleums and cemetery perpetual care, police - driving while under the influence and seizures, and Mattoon Arts Council. The Water Fund has restricted cash for customer meter deposits. The Sewer Fund has restricted cash for debt service requirements. The Health Insurance has restricted cash for the employees' flexible spending account. The Library has restricted contributions and grants.

# J. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" for the current portion of interfund loans or "advances to/from other funds" for the noncurrent portion of interfund loans. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and

business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Property taxes receivable have been adjusted for estimated uncollectible accounts. Ambulance, water and sewer customer receivables are shown net of the allowance for uncollectible accounts. The allowance for uncollectible accounts is based on historical collection experience. If actual defaults are higher than the historical experience, management's estimate of the recoverability of amounts due the City could be adversely affected.

## K. Inventory and Prepaid Items

It has been the policy of the Water and Sewer Funds to charge all materials, chemicals, repair parts, and supplies directly to expense at the time they are purchased. Therefore, no inventory is included in these funds. Inventories of governmental funds are considered immaterial at year-end.

Certain payments reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance in the applicable governmental funds.

## L. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements. Land, buildings, furniture, equipment, and vehicles are included at estimated historical cost on various dates prior to December 7, 1971. Property purchased subsequent to that date is valued at historical cost. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated.

The City has adopted an ordinance establishing capitalization thresholds for different classes of capital assets. The capitalization thresholds are as follows:

Property	Threshold			
Land	\$ 5,000			
Buildings and improvements	50,000			
Infrastructure	50,000			
Equipment and vehicles	10,000			
Software	10,000			

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as the projects are constructed.

Depreciation has been reported using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. Land is not depreciated. The estimated useful lives for each capital asset type are as follows:

Property	Years
Buildings and building improvements	50
Improvements other than buildings	20
Infrastructure:	
Sidewalks and bike paths	15
Streets, curbs and gutters	20
Traffic signals	25
Bridges and storm sewers	50
Equipment and vehicles	5
Software	2

# M. Right-to-Use Assets

The City has recorded right-to-use assets amounting to \$10,000 or more in the government-wide financial statements as a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The right-to-use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. Right-to-use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

# N. Subscription Asset

The City has recorded subscription asset in the government-wide financial statements as a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 96. The subscription amounting to \$10,000 or more is initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related liability plus any payments made to the subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA) vendor prior to the subscription term, less incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the information technology asset into service. The subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the subscription term.

#### O. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits to specified maximums. Upon separation from service, employees are eligible to receive all vacation time and a portion of accumulated sick time. Such amounts are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. For governmental funds and the governmental component unit, the amount of compensated absences payable from available resources is recorded only when due for payment, such as when an employee retires or resigns.

## P. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt, and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns or proprietary fund's statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, if applicable, are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, as the differences between the straight-line method and the effective interest method are considered immaterial. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount, if applicable. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the year incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, bond issuance costs, and refunding charges during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. Charges related to refunding bonds are reported as other financing uses.

## Q. Fund Balances

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is the difference between assets and combined liabilities and deferred inflows of resources in a governmental fund. The following types of fund balances may be presented in the Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet, Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Combining Balance Sheet, and Governmental Component Unit (Library) - Balance Sheet:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - The portion of a governmental fund's fund balance that is not available to be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The General Fund presents nonspendable fund balance because the amounts are not in spendable form.

Restricted Fund Balance - The portion of a governmental fund's fund balance that is subject to constraints either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The following funds present restricted fund balances: Motor Fuel Tax - restricted for public works; Hotel and Motel Tax - restricted for culture and recreation; Home Rehabilitation Grant, Midtown TIF District, I-57 East TIF District, I-57 East Business District, South Rt 45 TIF District, South Rt 45 Business District, Broadway East TIF District, and Broadway East Business District - restricted for economic development.

Committed Fund Balance - The portion of a governmental fund's fund balance with self-imposed constraints or limitations that have been imposed by action of the government's highest level of decision-making. The Mattoon City Council can establish committed fund balances by adopting ordinances for such purposes. The General Fund and Capital Projects present committed fund balances for capital outlay and the demolition of dilapidated structures.

Assigned Fund Balance - The portion of a governmental fund's fund balance denoting a government's intended use of resources. The Mattoon City Council is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose. The General Fund presents an assigned fund balance for culture and recreation and economic development.

*Unassigned Fund Balance* - The portion of a governmental fund's fund balance that is not designated for a specific purpose. The General Fund presents an unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure is incurred for which resources are available from multiple types of fund balance, it is the City's policy to first apply restricted resources, then committed fund balances, followed by assigned fund balances, and finally unassigned fund balances.

## R. Net Position

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, net position represents the difference between combined assets and deferred outflows of resources and combined liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net positions are displayed in three categories:

Net investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets and right-to-use assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position - Consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

*Unrestricted net position* - Consists of the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

The governmental activities column on the statement of net position reports a restricted amount of \$3,862,919 of which \$1,102,998 is restricted by enabling legislation.

It is the City's policy to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

## S. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## T. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a basis in accordance with GAAP. The budget was passed on April 11, 2024 and was amended on March 20, 2025.

## U. New Accounting Pronouncements

In 2025, the City implemented applicable sections of GASB Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022, GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, and GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. The portion of GASB Statement No. 99 enhanced comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improved the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees related to derivative instruments. GASB Statement No. 100 enhanced accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections. GASB Statement No. 101 provided updates on the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences.

As a result of implementing GASB Statements Nos. 100 and 101, there were no changes to the City's reporting, accounting, or presentation of error corrections and compensated absences in the financial statements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have a significant impact on the City's financial statements.

# V. Date of Management's Review

Management has evaluated subsequent events through October 30, 2025, the date when the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

#### **Deposits**

At April 30, 2025, the carrying amount of the primary government's deposits was \$14,163,873 and the bank balance was \$14,914,408. The governmental component unit (Library) had deposits with a carrying amount of \$166,647 and bank balances totaling \$579,451. The fiduciary component units had deposits with a carrying amount of \$956,483 and bank balances totaling \$954,566. The primary government and governmental component unit (Library) had cash on hand of \$1,400 and \$215, respectively.

### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's cash balances are insured by the FDIC

# NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

First Mid Bank & Trust were fully insured or collateralized by the financial institutions. The City's bank balance at Prairie State Bank and Trust and First Mid Bank and Trust totaled \$2,838,843 and \$12,057,818, respectively. Of the total bank balance, \$500,000 was secured by FDIC, and \$14,396,661 uninsured by FDIC, but fully collateralized by securities pledged by the financial institution.

#### Investments

At April 30, 2025, the City's primary government had the following investments:

		Average	Weighted
		Credit	Average Maturity
Investment Type	Fair Value	Rating	(Years)
Illinois Funds Money Market Fund	\$ 12,197,652	AAAmmf	Demand*

<sup>\*</sup> These accounts are subject to immediate withdrawal and are reflected as cash equivalents in the financial statements.

At April 30, 2025, the City's governmental component unit (Library) had the following investments:

			Average Credit	Weighted Average Maturity
Investment Type	Fa	ir Value	Rating	(Years)
Investment pool - Southeastern Illinois		_		
Community Foundation	\$	69,109	N/A	N/A
Certificate of deposit - Washington				
Savings Bank		337,575	N/A	N/A
	\$	406,684		

At April 30, 2025, the City's fiduciary component units had the following investments:

				Weighted
			Average	Average
	Level of		Credit	Maturity
Investment Type	Hierarchy	Fair Value	Rating	(Years)
Annuities	2	\$ 611,823	N/A	N/A
Insurance contracts		27,089,033	A/BBB+	N/A
Mutual Funds	2	1,211,889	AAA	0.159
Pooled investments		23,348,760	N/A	N/A
Total		\$ 52,261,505		

## NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

## The Illinois Funds Money Market Fund

The Illinois Funds Money Market Fund (Illinois Funds) enables custodians of public funds an investment option with a competitive rate of return on fully collateralized investments and immediate access to the funds. Although not subject to direct regulatory oversight, the investment pool is administered by the Illinois State Treasurer in accordance with the provisions of the Illinois Public Funds Investment Act, 30 ILCS 235. The investment policy of the Illinois Funds states that, unless authorized specifically by the Treasurer, a minimum of 75% of its investments shall have less than one-year maturity and no investment shall exceed two years maturity. The policy also limits investment categories to 25% of the portfolio, with the exception of cash equivalents and U.S. Treasury securities, unless specifically authorized by the Treasurer. Further, certificates of deposit cannot exceed 10% of any single financial institution's total deposits. The Illinois Funds received Fitch's highest rating.

#### Southeastern Illinois Community Foundation

The Library holds an account with Southeastern Illinois Community Foundation (SICF). While invested as a pool, individual funds are accounted for by the SICF on an individual fund basis. The investment policy of the SICF is to keep all its assets invested seventy percent (70%) in equities and thirty percent (30%) in fixed assets and cash or cash equivalents.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. To help assess this risk, investments in debt securities are rated on their credit quality by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. Statutes state that any short term obligations of corporations invested in by the City or the Library must be rated at the time of purchase at one of the three highest classifications established by at least two standard rating services. Investments in bonds of local governments must be rated within the four highest classifications established by a rating service nationally recognized for expertise in rating bonds of states and their political subdivisions. Neither the City nor the Library has an investment policy that further limits its investments' exposure to credit risk. In addition to the limitations listed above, the City's fiduciary component units' have investment policies that further limit their investments in contracts and agreements of life insurance companies to those rated at least A by A.M. Best Company and A rated by Moody's and Standard & Poor's rating services.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to

D:1 :

## NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The City and the Library do not have formal investment policies that limit investment maturities as a means of managing their exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The fiduciary component units' investment policies do not limit investment maturities as a means of managing their exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. State statutes limit the investments in short-term obligations of corporations to one-third or less of the government's funds. Neither the City nor the Library has an investment policy that further limits the percentage of investments from a single issuer. There are no investments (other than investments in external investment pools) in any one issuer that represent five percent or more of total investments for the primary government of the City.

State statutes limit the fiduciary component units' investments in separate accounts managed by life insurance companies and mutual funds to a maximum of sixty-five percent of the market value of the pension's net present assets at the time of investment. Further, the market value of stock in any one corporation cannot exceed five percent of the cash and invested assets of the pension fund. The investment policies of the fiduciary component units do not further limit investment concentrations. More than five percent of the City's fiduciary funds' investments are in American International Group, Inc (AIG) Annuity Insurance Company annuities (19.32%), and Venerable Insurance and Annuity Company (VOYA) annuities (24.68%).

	City	Li	brary	Pensions)
Deposits, investments, and cash on hand per notes: Deposits Investments, at fair value Cash on hand	\$ 14,163,873 12,197,652 1,400	\$	166,647 406,684 215	\$ 956,483 52,261,505
Total	\$ 26,362,925	\$	573,546	\$ 53,217,988
	City	Li	brary	Pensions)
Cash and cash equivalents, certificate of deposit and investments per statements:				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments, at fair value	\$ 25,556,015	\$	166,862 406,684	\$ 956,483 52,261,505
Restricted cash and investments  Total	 806,910 26,362,925	•	573,546	 53,217,988

# NOTE 3 RECEIVABLES

Receivables balances as of April 30, 2025, for the primary government were as follows:

ionows.										
		Governmental Activities								
	<u> </u>	Governr	nental Fund	S	Proprieta	ry Funds				
	<u> </u>		N	Nonmajor		Service				
	Ge	neral Fund	Govern	mental Funds	Funds			Total		
Property taxes	\$	5,787,500	\$	299,140	\$	-	\$	6,086,640		
TIF property tax increments		-		2,209,487		-		2,209,487		
Business district taxes		-		496,998		-		496,998		
Utility taxes		125,211		-		-		125,211		
Telecommunications taxes		62,981		-		-		62,981		
Income and use taxes		742,477		-		-		742,477		
Sales taxes		2,418,433		-		-		2,418,433		
Personal property replacement										
taxes		170,521		-		-		170,521		
Motor fuel taxes		-		122,298		-		122,298		
Other taxes		126,842		70,086		-		196,928		
Ambulance		188,220		-		-		188,220		
Other receivables		388,492		298,619		41,557		728,668		
Total	\$	10,010,677	\$	3,496,628	\$	41,557	\$	13,548,862		

	Business-Type Activities					
	Proprietary Funds					
	Water Fund		Sewer Fund			Total
Customer receivables	\$	563,210	\$	652,139	\$	1,215,349
Less: allowance for uncollectible accounts		(9,917)		(5,847)		(15,764)
Total	\$	553,293	\$	646,292	\$	1,199,585

# NOTE 4 INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

# a) Due From (To) Other Funds

Interfund due from/to other fund balances consisted of the following at April 30, 2025:

Fund	2.	Due From Other Funds		oue To er Funds
Governmental Funds:				
General Fund	\$	178,978	\$	147,314
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:				
Capital Projects		147,314		-
Hotel and Motel Tax		385		-
Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		147,699		-
Total Governmental Funds		326,677		147,314
				continued

# NOTE 4 INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Fund	 e From er Funds	_	ue To er Funds
Proprietary Funds:	 		
Enterprise Funds:			
Water Fund	23,952		-
Sewer Fund	27,292		-
Total Enterprise Funds	51,244		
Internal Service Funds:			
Health Insurance	-		199,049
Insurance and Tort Judgment	 		31,558
Total Internal Service Funds	-		230,607
Total Proprietary Funds	 51,244		230,607
Total	\$ 377,921	\$	377,921

The amount receivable to the Capital Projects from the General Fund consists of the transfer of one-half of the sales tax increase earmarked for capital projects, net of amounts owed for other capital improvements. The amounts due General Fund, Hotel and Motel Tax, Water Fund and Sewer Fund are for overpayment/underpayment of charges for services.

# b) Transfers From (To) Other Funds

Interfund transfers represent an assignment of current financial resources to other funds pending their eventual disposition by that fund. Individual fund transfers are as follows:

Fund	Transfers in		Tı	ransfers out
Governmental Funds:				
General Fund	_\$	40,000	\$	1,710,269
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:				
Capital Projects		1,710,269		-
Hotel and Motel Tax				40,000
Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		1, 710,269		40,000
Total Governmental Funds	\$	1,750,269	\$	1,750,269

# NOTE 5 DUE FROM (TO) PRIMARY GOVERNMENT/COMPONENT UNITS

Due from/to primary government and component units consisted of the following at April 30, 2025:

Fund	Gov	rom Primary vernment/ onent Units	Due to Primary Government/ Component Units		
Primary Government:					
Governmental Fund:					
General Fund	\$	5,075	\$	133,072	
Proprietary Funds: Internal Service Funds:					
Health Insurance		_		2,388	
Insurance and Tort Judgment		_		423	
Total Internal Service Funds		_	-	2,811	
Total Primary Government		5,075		135,883	
Component Units: Governmental Component Unit: Mattoon Public Library		2,811		5,075	
Fiduciary Component Units:					
Mattoon Police Pension Fund		66,536		-	
Mattoon Firefighters' Pension Fund		66,536			
Total Fiduciary Component Units		133,072			
Total Component Units		135,883		5,075	
Total	\$	140,958	\$	140,958	

The amount due to the General Fund from the Library is the reimbursement of expenditures of the Library paid by the General Fund, and the reimbursement of debt service payments paid by the General Fund. The amount due to Health Insurance and the Insurance and Tort Judgment from the Library is for overpayment/underpayment of charges for services. The amount due to the Mattoon Police Pension Fund and Mattoon Firefighters' Pension Fund is for the transfer of video gaming taxes from the General Fund.

# NOTE 6 CEMETERY DEVELOPMENT

Cemetery development consists of land held for future expansion and the Dodge Grove Cemetery Mausoleum. The carrying value of the mausoleum is equal to the cost of renovation less cost of crypt spaces sold.

Mausoleum carrying value, April 30, 2024	\$ 60,652
Less: cost of crypts sold	_
Mausoleum carrying value, April 30, 2025	 60,652
Land held for future expansion,	
estimated carrying value, April 30, 2025	 
Total	\$ 60,652

# NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets' activities for the year ended April 30, 2025, were as follows:

	Balance April 30, 2024*		Additions		Deletions		Ap	Balance April 30, 2025	
Primary government:									
Government activities:									
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	3,556,500	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,556,500	
Construction in progress		556,648		4,495,720		(373,785)		4,678,583	
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Building and improvements		13,588,356		220,225		-		13,808,581	
Infrastructure		71,547,129		2,675,442		-		74,222,571	
Improvements other than building		6,177,044		442,773		-		6,619,817	
Equipment, furniture, and vehicles		7,216,912		1,044,853		(149,114)		8,112,651	
Total		102,642,589		8,879,013		(522,899)		110,998,703	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings and improvements		5,369,144		270,291		-		5,639,435	
Infrastructure		55,644,157		1,137,183		-		56,781,340	
Improvements other than building		2,490,630		260,974		-		2,751,604	
Equipment, furniture, and vehicles		6,048,192		359,512		120,795		6,286,909	
Total		69,552,123		2,027,960		120,795		71,459,288	
Total governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$	33,090,466	_\$_	6,851,053	\$	(402,104)	\$	39,539,415	

# NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Balance April 30, 2024* Additions		I	Deletions		Balance oril 30, 2025	
Business-type activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	587,155	\$ -	\$	-	\$	587,155
Construction in progress		518,630	473,172		(89,822)		901,980
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Building and improvements		13,250,379	-		-		13,250,379
Improvements other than building		428,198	-		-		428,198
Treatment, collection, and distribution							
systems		73,336,042	89,822		-		73,425,864
Equipment, furniture, and vehicles		5,904,103	406,776		(26,305)		6,284,574
Total		94,024,507	969,770		(116,127)		94,878,150
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Building and improvements		7,469,657	228,034		-		7,697,691
Improvements other than building		221,346	12,156		-		233,502
Treatment, collection, and distribution							
systems		36,444,523	1,396,956		-		37,841,479
Equipment, furniture, and vehicles		5,213,980	315,385		26,305		5,503,060
Total		49,349,506	1,952,531		26,305		51,275,732
Total business-type activities, capital assets, net	\$	44,675,001	\$ (982,761)	\$	(142,432)	\$	43,602,418
*As restated.							

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 185,689
Public safety	340,272
Public works	1,345,542
Culture and recreation	26,742
Health and welfare	129,715
Total	\$ 2,027,960
Business-type activities:	
Water Fund	\$ 759,259
Sewer Fund	1,193,272
Total	\$ 1,952,531

# Analysis of changes in component unit capital assets:

Component unit (Library):	Balance ril 30, 2024	Addi	tions	Delet	ions	Ap	Balance oril 30, 2025
Governmental activities	 						
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Building and improvements	\$ 3,011,239	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,011,239
Equipment, furniture, and vehicles	151,409		-		-		151,409
Total	3,162,648		-		-		3,162,648
			-				continued

# NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Balance			Balance
	_April 30, 2024	Additions	Deletions	April 30, 2025
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	1,580,073	60,224	-	1,640,297
Equipment, furniture, and vehicles	141,977	2,829	-	144,806
Total	1,722,050	63,053		1,785,103
Component unit, capital assets, net	\$ 1,440,598	\$ (63,053)	\$ -	\$ 1,377,545

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the discretely presented component unit, Library, as follows:

Governmental activities:

Mattoon Public Library

\$ 63,053

#### NOTE 8 LEASES

## Lessee Arrangement

In 2019, the City entered into a lease agreement of a copier for a five-year term from August 26, 2019 to August 26, 2024, for \$711 per month. The lease agreement qualifies as other than a short-term lease under GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of inception.

On August 7, 2024, the City entered into a new non-cancellable operating lease agreement for two copiers at a total monthly payments of \$484 for a five-year term from August 7, 2024 to August 6, 2029.

As a result of the lease, the City has recorded an intangible right-to-use asset as follows:

	Balance April 30, 2024		A	dditions	Deletions		Balance April 30, 2025	
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
Right-to-use asset:								
Office equipment	\$	29,823	\$	-	\$	-	\$	29,823
Less: accumulated amortization		(11,866)		(4,842)				(16,708)
Right-to-use asset, net	\$	17,957	\$	(4,842)	\$		\$	13,115

# NOTE 8 LEASES (Continued)

	Balance April 30, 2024		Additions		Deletions		Balance April 30, 2025	
Business-type activities:		_		_				
Right-to-use asset:								
Office equipment	\$	14,555	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,555
Less: accumulated amortization		(4,916)		(2,724)				(7,640)
Right-to-use asset, net	\$	9,639	\$	(2,724)	\$		\$	6,915
Component Unit:								
Mattoon Public Library								
Right-to-use asset:								
Office equipment	\$	28,015	\$	-	\$	-	\$	28,015
Less: accumulated amortization		(4,202)		(5,603)				(9,805)
Right-to-use asset, net	\$	23,813	\$	(5,603)	\$		\$	18,210

Amortization expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities: General government	\$	4,842
Business-type activities:		
Water Fund	\$	1,362
Sewer Fund		1,362
Total	\$	2,724
~		
Component unit:	•	7.602
Mattoon Public Library	\$	5,603

The City records a liability associated with the lease. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 4.875%, which is the City's incremental borrowing rate. At April 30, 2025, the balance in this account and summary of changes during the year follows:

	Ba	alance					Ba	lance	Cı	ırrent
Lease Payable	April	30, 2024	Addi	tions	_De	letions	April	30, 2025	Po	ortion
Primary government:										
Governmental activities	\$	15,762	\$	-	\$	4,321	\$	11,441	\$	3,245
Business-type activities		8,793		-		2,430		6,363		1,825
Component Unit:										
Mattoon Public Library	\$	24,137	\$	-	\$	5,238	\$	18,899	\$	5,500

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of April 30, 2025, were as follows:

# NOTE 8 LEASES (Continued)

#### Governmental activities:

Years Ending	Pri	Principal Interest				
April 30,	Pay	Payments		nents	Total	
2026	\$	3,245	\$	472	\$	3,717
2027		3,407		310		3,717
2028		3,577		140		3,717
2029		1,212		8_		1,220
Total	\$	11,441	\$	930	\$	12,371

# Business-type activities:

Years Ending	Principal		Interest			
April 30,	Pay	Payments		nents	Total	
2026	\$	1,825	\$	266	\$	2,091
2027		1,916		175		2,091
2028		2,012		79		2,091
2029		610		4		614
Total	\$	6,363	\$	524	\$	6,887

## Mattoon Public Library:

Years Ending	Prin	Principal		Interest			
April 30,	Pay	Payments		ments	Total		
2026	\$	5,500	\$	800	\$	6,300	
2027		5,774		526		6,300	
2028		6,062		238		6,300	
2029		1,563		12		1,575	
Total	\$	18,899	\$	1,576	\$	20,475	

# Lessor Arrangement

The City is the lessor of several parcels of farmland under various separate lease arrangements with remaining lease terms of less than four years. The lease is noncancellable. The City records a lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources associated with the lease measured at a discount rate of 4.875%, which is the City's incremental borrowing rate. At April 30, 2025, the balances in these accounts and summary of changes during the year follows:

	Balance						
Lease Receivable	April 30, 2024		Additions		Deletions	April 30, 2025	
Primary government:							
Governmental activities	\$	20,109	\$	_	\$ 11,869	\$	8,240
Business-type activities		7,309		_	4,314		2,995
Total	\$	27,418	\$	_	\$ 16,183	\$	11,235

# NOTE 8 LEASES (Continued)

Deferred Inflows	Ba	alance				Balance		
of Resources	April 30, 2024		Additions		Deletions	April	30, 2025	
Primary government:								
Governmental activities	\$	19,252	\$	_	\$ 11,552	\$	7,700	
Business-type activities		6,997			4,199		2,798	
Total	\$	26,249	\$	_	\$ 15,751	\$	10,498	

# NOTE 9 SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENT

In 2022, the City entered into a subscription agreement of software for a three-year term from July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2024, for \$2,562 per month. The lease agreement qualifies under GASB Statement No. 96, and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of inception.

On July 1, 2024, the City entered into a new non-cancellable subscription agreement for use of a software at a total monthly payment of \$1,725 for a three-year term from July 1, 2024 to June 30, 2027.

As a result of the lease, the City has recorded an intangible subscription asset as follows:

	Balance April 30, 2024*			dditions	Deletions		Balance _April 30, 2025		
Primary government:									
Governmental activities:									
Subscription assets	\$	139,433	\$	194,718	\$	34,943	\$	299,208	
Less: accumulated amortization		(55,093)		(93,910)		(34,943)		(114,060)	
Subscription assets, net	\$	84,340	\$	100,808	\$_		\$	185,148	

Amortization expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:
General government \$ 93,910

The City records a liability associated with the subscription. The subscription liability is measured at a discount rate of 4.875%, which is the City's incremental borrowing rate. At April 30, 2025, the balance in this account and summary of changes during the year follows:

Subscription Payable	 alance 30, 2024*	A	dditions	D	eletions	_	alance 1 30, 2025	Current Portion
Primary government: Governmental activities * As restated	\$ 85,632	\$	188,738	\$	87,037	\$	187,333	\$ 99,522

# NOTE 9 SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENT (Continued)

The future minimum subscription obligations and the net present value of these minimum payments as of April 30, 2025, were as follows:

Years Ending	P	Principal		nterest	
April 30,	Pa	Payments		yments	Total
2026	\$	99,522	\$	6,924	\$ 106,446
2027		76,469		2,420	78,889
2028		11,342		69	 11,411
Total	\$	187,333	\$	9,413	\$ 196,746

#### NOTE 10 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

## a) General Obligation Bonds

General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and businesstype activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Governmental activities:	Maturity Date	Interest Rates	Amount
Series 2017A	December 2028	2.21%	\$ 1,750,000
Series 2017B (Taxable)	December 2028	3.31%	 1,265,000
Total governmental activities bonds			\$ 3,015,000

The Capital Projects Fund services the Series 2017A general obligation bonds, while the Broadway East Business District Fund services the Series 2017B bonds.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity of four years for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Years Ending	Governmental Activities								
April 30,	Principal	I	nterest						
2026	\$ 710,000	\$	80,547						
2027	740,000		61,611						
2028	770,000		41,847						
2029	 795,000		21,255						
Total	\$ 3,015,000	\$	205,260						

# NOTE 10 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

For governmental activities, deferred inflows of resources consists of current refundings of unamortized bond premiums with an original amount of \$93,555 for the Series 2017A/2017B refundings. As of April 30, 2025, the accumulated amortization on these refundings totaled \$76,436. Amortization of current refunding of unamortized bond premiums for the year ended April 30, 2025, was \$4,777 for governmental activities.

# b) Notes Payable

The City has issued various notes as follows:

	Maturity Date	Interest Rates	Amount
Governmental activities: First Mid Bank & Trust note, serviced by the South Rt 45 TIF Fund, proceeds used to fund			
business development along South Rt 45	November 2029	4.875%	\$ 251,748
Total governmental activities notes			 251,748
Business-type activities: Illinois Environmental Protection Agency note, L174844, serviced by the Sewer Fund, proceeds used for sewer system improvements	August 2036	1.860%	\$ 3,842,274
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency note, L175118 serviced by the Sewer Fund, proceeds used for combined sewer overflow piping project	July 2042	1.010%	3,749,495
Total business-type activities notes	July 2042	1.01070	\$ 7,591,769
* 1			 

Notes payable debt service requirements to maturity of five years are as follows:

		Governmenta	l Activi	ties		Business-type Activities				
Years Ending April 30,	P	rincipal	Iı	Interest		Principal	Interest			
2026	\$	45,663	\$	12,273	\$	499,511	\$	107,440		
2027		47,898		10,038		507,159		99,791		
2028		50,233		7,703		514,923		92,017		
2029		52,682		5,254		522,836		84,115		
2030		55,272		2,664		5,547,340		410,531		
Total	\$	251,748	\$	37,932	\$	7,591,769	\$	793,894		

# NOTE 10 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

# c) Changes in long-term liabilities

The City's long-term liabilities activity for the year ended April 30, 2025, was as follows:

	В	alance						Balance	Dι	ıe Within
	Apri	130, 2024	Ad	lditions	Ι	eletions	Ap	ril 30, 2025	O	ne Year
Primary government:										
Government-wide activities:										
General obligation bonds	\$	3,700,000	\$	-	\$	685,000	\$	3,015,000	\$	710,000
Notes payable		294,988		-		43,240		251,748		45,663
Lease payable		15,762		-		4,321		11,441		3,245
Subscription payable*		85,632		188,738		87,037		187,333		99,522
Compensated absences		933,910		188,446		-		1,122,356		224,471
Net pension liability - police										
pension fund		31,105,508		-		66,724		31,038,784		-
Net pension liability -										
firefighters' pension fund		31,105,914		-		2,551,182		28,554,732		-
OPEB liability		28,180,588		-		3,010,721		25,169,867		-
Governmental activities,		<u>.</u>		_			•	_		_
long-term liabilities	\$	95,422,302	\$	377,184	\$_	7,319,026	\$	89,351,261	\$	1,082,901
Business-type activities:										
Notes payable	\$	8,083,754	\$	_	\$	491,985	\$	7,591,769	\$	499,511
Lease payable		8,793		_		2,430		6,363		1,825
Compensated absences		230,466		16,495				246,961		49,392
OPEB liability		3,402,910		· -		407,151		2,995,759		· -
Business-type activities,										
long-term liabilities	\$	11,725,923	\$	16,495	\$	901,566	\$	10,840,852	\$	550,728
Component unit (Library): Government activities										
Notes payable	\$	15,000	\$	-	\$	5,000	\$	10,000	\$	5,000
Lease payable		24,137		-		5,238		18,899		5,500
Compensated absences		17,894		4,704		· -		22,598		4,520
OPEB liability		82,266		49,621		-		131,887		-
Component unit,	•		•		•	10.220	•		•	15.020
long-term liabilities	\$	139,297	\$_	54,325	\$_	10,238	\$	183,384	\$	15,020

<sup>\*</sup> As restated.

#### NOTE 11 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The City contributes to three defined benefit pension plans, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), a defined benefit agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system, the Police Pension Plan which is a single-employer pension plan, and the Firefighters' Pension Plan which is a single-employer pension plan. While IMRF issues a financial report, no separate reports are issued for both the Police and Firefighters' Pension Plans.

The table below is a summary for all pension plans as of and for the year ended April 30, 2025:

			Police	Firefighters	
_	IMRF		Pension	Pension	Total
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	(2,015,943)	\$ 31,038,784	\$ 28,554,732	\$ 57,577,573
Deferred outflows of resources		743,513	1,987,060	1,139,421	3,869,994
Deferred inflows of resources		73,911	4,939,120	1,489,639	6,502,670
Pension expense		385,787	917,469	1,527,748	2,831,004

The pension expense recognized for all plans was \$2,809,709 for the City and \$21,295 for the Library, for the year ended April 30, 2025.

#### Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

## **Plan Description**

The City's defined benefit pension for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The plan is managed by the IMRF, the administrator of an agent multiple employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this note. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefits provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

Under the employer number within IMRF, both the City and Library contribute to the plan. As a result, IMRF is considered to be the administrator of an agent multiple employer plan through which cost-sharing occurs between the City and Library.

## **Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)**

#### **Benefits Provided**

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired *before* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired *on or after* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

## **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

As of December 31, 2024, the following employee accounts were covered by the benefit terms:

## **Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)**

	City	_Library
Retirees and beneficiaries accounts		
currently receiving benefits	147	8
Inactive plan members entitled to		
but not yet receiving benefits	31	5
Active plan members	59	6
Total	237	19

#### **Contributions**

As set by statute, the City and Library's regular plan members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The City's and Library's annual contribution for calendar year 2024 was 2.96%. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2025, \$135,491 was contributed to the plan (\$128,066 for the City and \$7,425 for the Library). The City and Library also contribute for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The net pension liability for the City and Library was measured as of December 31, 2024. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at December 31, 2024:

- The **Actuarial Cost Method** used was Entry Age Normal.
- The **Asset Valuation Method** used was Market Value of Assets.
- The **Inflation Rate** was assumed to be 2.25%.
- Salary Increases were expected to be 2.85% to 13.75%, including inflation.
- The **Investment Rate of Return** was assumed to be 7.25%.

# **Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)**

- **Projected Retirement Age** was from the Experience-based Table of Rates, specific to the type of eligibility condition, last updated for the 2023 valuation according to an experience study from years 2020 to 2022.
- For **non-disabled retirees**, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 108%) and Female (adjusted 106.4%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021 were used.
- For **Disabled Retirees**, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021.
- For **Active Members**, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021.
- The **long-term expected rate of return** on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table as of December 31, 2024:

	Portfolio	Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Percentage	Rate of Return
Domestic equity	33.5%	4.35%
International equity	18.0%	5.40%
Fixed income	24.5%	5.20%
Real estate	10.5%	6.40%
Alternatives	12.5%	
Private equity		6.25%
Hedge funds		N/A
Commodities		4.85%
Cash equivalents	1.0%	3.60%
Total	100%	

# **Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)**

# **Single Discount Rate**

A Single Discount Rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flows used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.25%, the municipal bond rate is 4.08%, and the resulting single discount rate is 7.25%.

# **Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)**

Total Pension Liability (A)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)		Net Pension Liability (Asset) (A) - (B)		
<u>City:</u>						
Balances at December 31, 2023	\$	40,891,238	\$	41,520,055	\$	(628,817)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		346,933		-		346,933
Interest on the total pension liability		2,865,832		-		2,865,832
Differences between expected and actual						
experience of the total pension liability		846,630		-		846,630
Changes of assumptions		(125,799)		-		(125,799)
Contributions - employer		-		117,453		(117,453)
Contributions - employees		-		256,025		(256,025)
Net investment income		-		5,030,475		(5,030,475)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(2,889,510)		(2,889,510)		-
Other (net transfer)		<u> </u>		(194,510)		194,510
Net changes		1,044,086		2,319,933		(1,275,847)
Balances at December 31, 2024	\$	41,935,324	\$	43,839,988	\$	(1,904,664)
Library:						
Balances at December 31, 2023	\$	2,255,916	\$	2,290,607	\$	(34,691)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		20,270		-		20,270
Interest on the total pension liability		167,436		-		167,436
Differences between expected and actual						
experience of the total pension liability		49,464		-		49,464
Changes of assumptions		125,799		-		125,799
Contributions - employer		-		6,862		(6,862)
Contributions - employees		-		14,958		(14,958)
Net investment income		-		293,905		(293,905)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(168,819)		(168,819)		-
Other (net transfer)				123,832		(123,832)
Net changes		194,150		270,738		(76,588)
Balances at December 31, 2024	\$	2,450,066	\$	2,561,345	\$	(111,279)

## **Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)**

	Total Pension Liability (A)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)		Net Pension Liability (Asset) (A) - (B)	
<u>Total:</u>						
Balances at December 31, 2023	\$	43,147,154	\$	43,810,662	\$	(663,508)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		367,203		-		367,203
Interest on the total pension liability		3,033,268		-		3,033,268
Differences between expected and actual						
experience of the total pension liability		896,094		-		896,094
Changes of assumptions		-		-		_
Contributions - employer		-		124,315		(124,315)
Contributions - employees		-		270,983		(270,983)
Net investment income		-		5,324,380		(5,324,380)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(3,058,329)		(3,058,329)		-
Other (net transfer)		-		(70,678)		70,678
Net changes		1,238,236		2,590,671		(1,352,435)
Balances at December 31, 2024	\$	44,385,390	\$	46,401,333	\$	(2,015,943)

## Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's and Library's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.25%, as well as what the City's and Library's net pension liability would be if it was calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

	1% Lower (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Higher (8.25%)
<u>City:</u> Net pension liability (asset)	\$ 2,536,292	\$ (1,904,664)	\$ (5,492,535)
<u>Library:</u> Net pension liability (asset)	148,182	(111,279)	(320,901)
Total: Net pension liability (asset)	\$ 2,684,474	\$ (2,015,943)	\$ (5,813,436)

# Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2025, the City and Library recognized pension expense of \$364,492 and \$21,295, respectively, for a total pension expense of \$385,787.

# **Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund** (Continued)

At April 30, 2025, the City and Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
<u>City:</u> Deferred amounts to be recognized in pension Expense in future periods:				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	489,417	\$	_
Changes in assumptions	Ψ	160,825	Ψ	6,268
Net difference between projected and actual		, -		-,
earnings on pension plan investments				63,563
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in				
pension expense in future periods		650,242		69,831
Pension contributions made subsequent to the		52.220		
measurement date  Total deferred amounts related to pensions		52,230 702,472		69,831
Total deferred amounts related to pensions		702,472	<b>D</b>	09,031
<u>Library:</u> Deferred amounts to be recognized in pension Expense in future periods:				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	28,594	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		9,395		366
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments				3,714
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in		25.000		4.000
pension expense in future periods		37,989		4,080
Pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date		3,052		_
Total deferred amounts related to pensions	\$	41,041		4,080
Total deferred uniounts related to pensions		11,011	<u>Ψ</u>	1,000
Total: Deferred amounts to be recognized in pension Expense in future periods:				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	518,011	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		170,220		6,634
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments				67,277
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in		(00.221		72 011
pension expense in future periods Pension contributions made subsequent to the		688,231		73,911
measurement date		55,282		_
Total deferred amounts related to pensions		743,513		73,911
r		)		/* = =

## **Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)**

\$55,282 (\$52,230 for City and \$3,052 for Library) reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ending April 30, 2025.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods for City and Library as follows:

	City		Library		Total	
	Net Deferred		Net Deferred		Net Deferred	
Years Ending	Outflows (Inflows)		Outflows (Inflows)		Outflows (Inflows)	
December 31,	of I	Resources	of R	esources	of	Resources
2025	\$	760,009	\$	44,403	\$	804,412
2026		1,212,412		70,835		1,283,247
2027		(964,649)		(56,359)		(1,021,008)
2028		(427,361)		(24,970)		(452,331)
Total	\$	580,411	\$	33,909	\$	614,320

## **Police Pension Plan**

#### **Plan Administration**

The Police Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all sworn police personnel. The defined benefits and employee and minimum employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS5/3-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the Police Pension Fund as a pension trust fund.

## Plan Membership

As of May 1, 2024, the Actuarial Valuation Date, membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries	52
currently receiving benefits	
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet	8
receiving benefits	
Active plan members	39
Total	99

68

## **Police Pension Plan** (Continued)

#### **Benefits Provided**

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Tier 1 employees (those hired prior to January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to one-half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977, shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter.

Tier 2 employees (those hired on or after January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 55 or older with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive a monthly retirement benefit equal to the final average salary. The final average salary is 2.5% for each year of service multiplied by the greater of: the average monthly salary obtained by dividing 48 consecutive months of service within the last 60 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period; or the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the police officer during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of services in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. The maximum benefit shall be 75% of the final average salary. Employees with at least 10 years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e., ½% for each month under 55). Police officers' salary for pension purposes was capped at \$138,093.50 in 2024, increased by the lesser of 3% or the annual change in the Consumer Price Index. The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 police officer shall be increased annually, on January 1 after attainment of age 60, or after the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Non-compounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3% or the change in the Consumer Price Index for the preceding 12 months ended in September.

## **Police Pension Plan** (Continued)

#### **Contributions**

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan and the administrative costs as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. However, effective January 1, 2011, ILCS requires the City to contribute a minimum amount annually calculated using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method that will result in the funding of 90% of the past service cost by the year 2040. However, the City is funding using the entry age normal actuarial cost method to fund 100% of the past service cost by the year 2033. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2025, the City's contribution was 82.74% of covered payroll.

#### **Investments**

The long-term expected rate of return on the Police Pension Funds' investments was determined using an asset allocation study conducted by the Fund's investment management consultant in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (net pension plan investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major assets class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The best estimates of future real rates of return and arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are listed in the table below.

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00%	1.40%
Emerging markets	6.00%	4.50%
U.S. TIPS	3.00%	1.60%
Private equity (direct)	7.00%	5.50%
Private credit	5.00%	5.70%
U.S. large	23.00%	3.20%
U.S. small	5.00%	4.10%
International developed	19.00%	4.20%
International developed small	5.00%	5.10%
Bank loans	3.00%	4.80%
High yield corp. credit	3.00%	4.30%
		. 7

continued

## **Police Pension Plan** (Continued)

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Emerging market debt	3.00%	4.55%
Real estate	5.00%	4.40%
Infrastructure	3.00%	5.60%
Short-term government/credit	3.00%	1.80%
U.S. treasury	3.00%	1.60%
Core fixed income	3.00%	2.40%

For the year ended April 30, 2025, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense was 6.07%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts invested.

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The actuarial valuation date for reporting in the fiscal 2025 financial statements under GASB Statement No. 67 and 68 is April 30, 2024 (May 1, 2024). The measurement date used for the same reporting is April 30, 2025. The total pension liability has been rolled forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date using standard actuarial procedures. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were made.

Actuarial valuation date	May 1, 2024
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Amortization	Straight-line
Actuarial assumptions (economic):	
Discount rate used for the total pension liability	6.75%
Long term expected rate of return on plan assets	6.75%
High quality 20-year tax-exempt G.O. bond rate	5.24%
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	2.50% - 22.43%

## Actuarial Assumptions (Demographic):

Mortality rates	PubS-2010(A) Adjusted for Plan Status, Demographics, and
	Illinois Public Pension Data
Retirement rates	100% of L&A 2020 Illinois Police Retirement Rates Capped
	at age 60

## **Police Pension Plan** (Continued)

Disability rates 100% of L&A 2020 Illinois Police Disability Rates Termination rates 100% of L&A 2020 Illinois Police Termination Rates

All rates shown in the economic assumptions are assumed to be annual rates compounded on an annual basis. Some assumptions were changed from the prior year. The assumed rate on High Quality 20-year Tax-Exempt G.O. Bonds was changed from 4.07% to 5.24%.

#### **Discount Rate**

The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability remained constant at 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine these single discount rates assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The single discount rate reflects:

- 1. The expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate is based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average credit rating roughly equivalent to Moody's Investors Service Aa2 rating and Standard & Poor's Corp's AA.

For the purpose of the most recent valuations, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 6.75%, the municipal bond rate is 5.24%, and the resulting single discount rate is 6.75%.

### **Discount Rate Sensitivity**

The following is a sensitive analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the net pension liability of the Police Pension fund calculated using the discount rate of 6.75% as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Lower	Discount Rate	1% Higher	
	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%	
Net pension liability	\$ 39,032,490	\$ 31,038,784	\$ 24,512,347	

## **Police Pension Plan** (Continued)

The sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the discount rate is based primarily on two factors:

- 1. The duration of the plan's projected benefit payments. Younger plans with benefit payments further in the future will be more sensitive to changes in the discount rate.
- 2. The percent funded of the plan (ratio of the net position to the total pension liability). The higher the funded percentage, the higher the sensitivity to the discount rate.

## **Changes in the Net Pension Liability**

	<b>Total Pension</b>		Plan Fiduciary		Net Pension	
	Liability		Net Position		Lia	bility (Asset)
		(a)	(b)			(a) - (b)
Balances at April 30, 2024	\$	56,881,668	\$	25,776,160	\$	31,105,508
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		662,139		-		662,139
Interest		3,770,139		-		3,770,139
Actual experience		482,249		-		482,249
Benefit terms changes		(509,307)		-		(509,307)
Contributions - employer		-		2,717,906		(2,717,906)
Contributions - members		-		325,543		(325,543)
Contributions - other		-		-		-
Net investment income		-		1,489,920		(1,489,920)
Benefit payments,						
including refunds		(3,027,786)		(3,027,786)		-
Administrative expense				(61,425)		61,425
Net changes		1,377,434		1,444,158		(66,724)
Balances at April 30, 2025	\$	58,259,102	\$	27,220,318	\$	31,038,784

# Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2025, the City recognized pension expense of \$917,469. At April 30, 2025, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

## **Police Pension Plan** (Continued)

	Deferred	Deferred	
	Outflows of	Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$ 689,626	\$ 564,609	
Changes of assumptions	342,883	4,374,511	
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments	954,551		
Total	\$ 1,987,060	\$ 4,939,120	

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date may be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability. However, as presented above, there were no contributions subsequent to the measurement date. Subsequent to the measurement date, the following amounts will be recognized in pension expense in the upcoming years:

Years Ending	Net De:	Net Deferred Outflows		
April 30,	_(Inflow	(Inflows) of Resources		
2026	\$	(1,458,346)		
2027		(987,201)		
2028		(517,187)		
2029		12,997		
2030		(2,323)		
	\$	(2,952,060)		

## Firefighters' Pension Plan

#### **Plan Administration**

The Firefighters' Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all firefighting personnel. The defined benefits and employee and minimum employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS5/4-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the Firefighters' Pension Fund as a pension trust fund.

## Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

### Plan Membership

As of May 1, 2024, the Actuarial Valuation Date, membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries	57
currently receiving benefits	
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet	10
receiving benefits	
Active plan members	31
Total	98

#### **Benefits Provided**

The Firefighters' Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Tier 1 employees (those hired prior to January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to one-half of the salary attached to the rank held at the date of retirement. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least 10 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a covered employee who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977, shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter.

Tier 2 employees (those hired on or after January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 55 or older with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive a monthly retirement benefit equal to 2.5% for each year of service multiplied by of the final average salary. The final average salary is the greater of: the average monthly salary obtained by dividing 48 consecutive months of service within the last 60 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period; or the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the firefighter during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of services in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. The maximum monthly benefit shall be 75% of the final average. Employees with at least 10 years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e., ½% for each month under 55). Firefighters' annual

## Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

salary for pension purposes was capped at \$138,093.50 in 2024, increased by the lesser of annual change in the consumer price index or 3% compounded. The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 firefighter shall be increased annually, on January 1 after attainment of age 60, or after the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Non-compounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3% or the change in the Consumer Price Index for the preceding 12 months ended in September.

#### **Contributions**

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.455% of their base salary to the Firefighters' Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan and the administrative costs as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. However, effective January 1, 2011, ILCS requires the City to contribute a minimum amount annually calculated using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method that will result in the funding of 90% of the past service cost by the year 2040. However, the City is funding using the entry age normal actuarial cost method to fund 100% of the past service cost by the year 2033. For the year ended April 30, 2025, the City's contribution was 146.81% of covered payroll.

#### **Investments**

The long-term expected rate of return on the Firefighters' Pension Funds' investments was determined using an asset allocation study conducted by the Fund's investment management consultant in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (net pension plan investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major assets class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The best estimates of future real rates of return and arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are listed in the table below.

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Emerging market equity	7.00%	5.90%
Developed market equity (non-U.S.)	13.00%	5.20%
		continued

## Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Private credit	7.00%	7.10%
Private equity	10.00%	9.00%
U.S. equity	25.00%	5.10%
Public credit	3.00%	2.90%
Core plus fixed income	9.00%	3.00%
Core fixed income	9.00%	2.50%
Short-term treasuries	3.00%	1.00%
Real estate	10.00%	3.90%
Infrastructure	4.00%	4.40%

For the year ended April 30, 2025, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 17.06%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts invested.

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The actuarial valuation date for reporting in the fiscal 2025 financial statements under GASB Statement No. 67 and 68 is April 30, 2024 (May 1, 2024). The measurement date used for the same reporting is April 30, 2025. The total pension liability has been rolled forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date using standard actuarial procedures. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were made.

Actuarial valuation date	May 1, 2024
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Amortization	Straight-line
Actuarial assumptions (economic):	
Discount rate used for the total pension liability	6.75%
Long term expected rate of return on plan assets	6.75%
High quality 20-year tax-exempt G.O. bond rate	5.24%
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	2.50% - 12.19%

## Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Demographic):

Mortality rates PubS-2010(A) Adjusted for Plan Status, Demographics, and

Illinois Public Pension Data

Retirement rates 100% of L&A 2020 Illinois Firefighters Retirement Rates

Capped at age 65

Disability rates 100% of L&A 2020 Illinois Firefighters Disability Rates Termination rates 100% of L&A 2020 Illinois Firefighters Termination Rates

All rates shown in the economic assumptions are assumed to be annual rates compounded on an annual basis. Some assumptions were changed from the prior year. The assumed rate on High Quality 20-year Tax-Exempt G.O. Bonds was changed from 4.07% to 5.24%.

#### **Discount Rate**

The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75% in the current year. In the prior year, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The single discount rate reflects:

- 1. The expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate is based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average credit rating roughly equivalent to Moody's Investors Service Aa2 rating and Standard & Poor's Corp's AA.

Cash flow projections were used to determine the extent to which the plan's projected fiduciary net position will be able to cover projected benefit payments. To the extent that projected benefit payments are covered by the plan's projected fiduciary net position, the expected rate of return on plan investments is used to determine the portion of the net pension liability associated with those payments. To the extent that projected benefit payments are not covered by the plan's projected fiduciary net position, the municipal bond rate is used to determine the portion of the net pension liability associated with those payments.

For the purpose of the most recent valuations, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 6.75%, the municipal bond rate is 5.24%, and the resulting single discount rate is 6.75%.

## **Firefighters' Pension Plan** (Continued)

## **Discount Rate Sensitivity**

The following is a sensitive analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75% as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

			CultClit			
	1% Lower	Di	scount Rate	1	l% Higher	
	5.75%		6.75%		7.75%	
Net pension liability	\$ 35,063,533	\$	28,554,732	\$	23,149,728	

The sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the discount rate is based primarily on two factors:

- 1. The duration of the plan's projected benefit payments. Younger plans with benefit payments further in the future will be more sensitive to changes in the discount rate.
- 2. The percent funded of the plan (ratio of the net position to the total pension liability). The higher the funded percentage, the higher the sensitivity to the discount rate.

## **Changes in the Net Pension Liability**

	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension	
	Liability	Net Position	Liability (Asset)	
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	
Balances at April 30, 2024	\$ 52,912,562	\$ 21,806,648	\$ 31,105,914	
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	575,174	-	575,174	
Interest	3,461,574	-	3,461,574	
Actual experience	165,279	-	165,279	
Assumption changes	761,448	-	761,448	
Contributions - employer	-	3,388,099	(3,388,099)	
Contributions - members	_	218,203	(218,203)	
Net investment income	_	3,947,999	(3,947,999)	
Benefit payments, including				
refunds	(3,479,488)	(3,479,488)	-	
Administrative expense	-	(39,644)	39,644	
Net changes	1,483,987	4,035,169	(2,551,182)	
Balances at April 30, 2025	\$ 54,396,549	\$ 25,841,817	\$ 28,554,732	

## Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

# Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2025, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,527,748. At April 30, 2025, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Ou	tflows of	I	nflows of
	R	esources	F	Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	543,866	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		595,555		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		-		1,489,639
Total	\$	1,139,421	\$	1,489,639

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date may be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability. However, there were no contributions subsequent to the measurement date. Subsequent to the measurement date, the following amounts will be recognized in pension expense in the upcoming years:

Years Ending	Net De	eferred Outflows	
April 30,	(Inflows) of Resources		
2026	\$	576,075	
2027		(86,608)	
2028		(464,184)	
2029		(375,501)	
	\$	(350,218)	

#### NOTE 12 OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City provides other post-employment benefits (OPEB) to former employees and retirees. Former employees, who are not retirees, are provided COBRA healthcare benefits mandated by the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act. Former employees, who are retirees and qualified under the Act, may apply for coverage by the City's health plan. For those hired after April 30, 2007, the cost is 100% funded on a monthly pay-as-you-go basis by the former employee based upon actual cost of the health plan. For those hired prior to May 1, 2007, the plan is partially subsidized by the employer. Both the City and Library contribute to the plan. As a result, OPEB is considered to be a single-employer plan through which cost-sharing occurs between the City and Library. The cost-sharing allocation is actuarially determined. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Illinois statutes mandate that a municipality must offer its retirees a health insurance plan equivalent to that offered to active employees at a blended employer rate. This benefit creates an implicit subsidy of retiree health insurance. Illinois statutes enable a municipality to make the health plan benefits supplemental to Medicare and to offer these supplemental benefits at a different retiree contribution rate than regular benefits provided by the group plan. State statutes do not presently require the municipality to pay any portion of the cost of the plan for retired employees.

Separate financial statements are not issued for the post-employment healthcare benefits program.

#### **Benefits Provided**

The City and Library retirees and their dependents may continue coverage under the City's group health program by contributing a monthly premium and immediately receiving an eligible pension. Retirees contribute a percentage (based on date of hire and monthly pension amount) of the blended average employee group cost. The City and Library pay the difference between the actual cost of the health coverage for retirees and the blended average employee group cost. Employees hired prior to May 1, 2007 contribute 25% of the cost if pension is less than \$1,625 and 55% of the cost if pension is greater than \$1,625. Employees hired after April 30, 2007 contribute 100% of the blended average cost of coverage. The City pays 100% of the cost of premiums for eligible duty disabled Police and Fire officers. The municipality bears all cost above the amount contributed by retirees on a pay-as-you-go basis. Retirees may elect to retain life insurance coverage by contributing \$19.64/month (before age 70) and \$9.82 thereafter.

Employees are eligible to retire from the City of Mattoon and continue their health coverage after meeting the following age and service requirements.

## Police and Fire

Tier 1: Age 50 and 20 years of service or age 60 and 8 years of service

Tier 2: Normal Retirement: Age 55 and 10 years of service

Early Retirement: Age 50 and 10 years of service

Full-time Police and Fire officers that become disabled in the line of duty are eligible for PSEBA disability benefits after 1 year of service.

#### IMRF Tier 1

Normal Retirement Age 55 and 35 years of service or

Age 60 and 8 years of service

Early Retirement Age 55 and 8 years of service

## IMRF Tier 2

Normal Retirement Age 62 and 35 years of service or

Age 67 and 10 years of service

Early Retirement Age 62 and 10 years of service

## **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

As of April 30, 2025, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	City	Library
Active participants	117	4
Disabled participants	10	-
Retired participants	120	3
_	247	7

## **Total OPEB Liability**

The City's total OPEB liability of \$28,297,513 (\$28,165,626 for the City and \$131,887 for the Library) was measured as of April 30, 2025, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

# **Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs**

The total OPEB liability in the April 30, 2025 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Methods	Post-Emplo	yment Health C	are Benefits
Funding method	Entry Age Nor	rmal Actuarial C	Cost
Discount rate			
Beginning of year		4.12%	
Ending of year		5.24%	
Salary progression		3.50%	
Claim costs:			Medicare
	Traditional	HDHP	Advantage
Employee only coverage	\$ 1,199.17	\$ 826.69	\$ 730.46
Employee and spouse coverage	2,317.99	1,598.00	1,460.91
Employee and children coverage	2,224.47	1,533.53	N/A
Family coverage	3,441.60	2,372.62	N/A
Retiree contributions:	,	,	
Hired prior to May 1, 2007			
Pension amount less than	25% of cost		
\$1,625/month			
Pension amount more than	65% of cost		
\$1,625/month			
Hired after April 30, 2007	100% of cost		
Mortality rate	PubS-2010 ba	se rates projecte	d fully
•	generational u	sing scale MP20	)21
Retirement, withdrawal, and	Age-related ta	bles with varyin	g rates to
disability rates	reflect recent s	studies by the ID	OOI and IMRF
Participation	90% of empl	oyees hired pri	or to May 1,
-	2007, that are	currently enrolle	ed
	50% of employ	yees hired after A	April 30, 2007,
	that are curren	tly enrolled	_
Spouse information	50% employee	es assumed to ha	ive
-	participating s	pouses	
	Females assun	ned to be three y	ears younger
	than males	_	_
			(Continued)

Health care cost inflation rates	Period	Rate
	2025	6.75%
	2026	6.50%
	2027	6.25%
	2028	6.00%
	2029	5.75%
	2030	5.50%
	2031	5.25%
	2032 and after	5.00%

## **Discount Rate**

The City does not have a dedicated Trust to pay the benefits of the Plan. In this case, the discount rate used for valuing OPEB liabilities for unfunded plans as of the Measurement Date is based on a yield or index rate for 20-year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds. This discount rate was 5.24% as of April 30, 2025. Similarly, a discount rate of 4.12% was used as of May 1, 2024.

## **Changes in Total OPEB Liability**

	Total OPEB Liability	
<u>City:</u>		
Balance at April 30, 2024	\$	31,583,498
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		618,033
Interest		1,275,247
Benefit changes		(838,027)
Differences between expected and		
actual experience		1,090,614
Changes in assumptions		(4,301,962)
Benefit payments		(1,261,777)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(3,417,872)
Balance at April 30, 2025	\$	28,165,626

<u>Library:</u>	
Balance at April 30, 2024	\$ 82,266
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	502
Interest	3,305
Benefit changes	(704)
Differences between expected and	
actual experience	62,523
Changes in assumptions	(11,895)
Benefit payments	 (4,110)
Net change in total OPEB liability	 49,621
Balance at April 30, 2025	\$ 131,887
Total:	
Balance at April 30, 2024	\$ 31,665,764
Changes for the year:	 
Service cost	618,535
Interest	1,278,552
Benefit changes	(838,731)
Differences between expected and	
actual experience	1,153,137
Changes in assumptions	(4,313,857)
Benefit payments	 (1,265,887)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(3,368,251)
Balance at April 30, 2025	\$ 28,297,513

# Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City and the Library, as well as what the City's and Library's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower and 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Lower (4.24%)	Current Discount (5.24%)	1% Higher (6.24%)
<u>City:</u> Total OPEB liability	\$ 32,314,007	\$ 28,165,626	\$ 24,799,991
<u>Library:</u> Total OPEB liability	151,312	131,887	116,127
<u>Total:</u> Total OPEB liability	\$ 32,465,319	\$ 28,297,513	\$ 24,916,118

# Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City and Library, as well as what the City's and Library's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower and 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease 5.75% Decreasing to 4.00%	Current Trend Rates 6.75% Decreasing to 5.00%	1% Increase 7.75% Decreasing to 6.00%
<u>City:</u> Total OPEB liability	\$ 24,625,852	\$ 28,165,626	\$ 32,552,369
<u>Library:</u> Total OPEB liability	115,312	131,887	152,428
Total: Total OPEB liability	\$ 24,741,164	\$ 28,297,513	\$ 32,704,797

# **OPEB Benefit, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB**

For the year ended April 30, 2025, the City recognized OPEB benefit of \$2,847,670 and the Library recognized OPEB benefit of \$112,043 for a total OPEB benefit of \$2,959,713. At April 30, 2025, the City and Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
City:		
Differences between expected		
and actual experience	\$ 2,415,015	\$ 2,299,295
Changes in assumptions	4,719	8,484,812
Total	2,419,734	10,784,107
Librory		
<u>Library:</u> Differences between expected		
and actual experience	54,357	18,619
Changes in assumptions	106	68,709
Total	54,463	87,328
Total		
Total:		
Differences between expected		
and actual experience	2,469,372	2,317,914
Changes in assumptions	4,825	8,553,521
Total	\$ 2,474,197	\$ 10,871,435

Amounts reported as net deferred outflows of resources and net deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years Ending April 30	City	Lit	orary	Total
2026	\$ (3,962,658)	\$	(27,346)	\$ (3,990,004)
2027	(2,140,434)		(16,119)	(2,156,553)
2028	(1,255,230)		(3,190)	(1,258,420)
2029	(628,928)		7,842	(621,086)
2030	(377,123)		5,948	(371,175)
Total	\$ (8,364,373)	\$	(32,865)	\$ (8,397,238)

#### NOTE 13 DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

In January 1977, the City entered into a deferred compensation plan agreement with participating employees, funded with a group variable annuity contract in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Additional plans, available to all City employees, permit them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or an unforeseeable emergency. The City has little administrative involvement and performs no investing function for this plan. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to these amounts, property or rights are solely the property and rights of the participants and are not subject to claims of the City's creditors. Accordingly, these plan assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

#### NOTE 14 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The City has active construction projects in progress as of April 30, 2025. The projects include roadways, sanitary sewer, drainage, water treatment plant (WTP) lime system design, raw water pumping station (RWPS) and various wastewater treatment plant (WWTP) improvements. At April 30, 2025, the City's construction in progress is as follows:

Project	Spen	t-to-Date		maining mitment
Primary government:				
Governmental activities:				
Sports Complex Sanitary Sewer	\$	584,954	\$	-
West Side Drainage		44,031		-
Loop Road		22,320		-
Police Department Roof		4,000		-
Police Department Chiller		96,867		135,133
Sports Complex Roadways		3,731,797		350,000
Drainage Project		151,008		608,992
Bike Trail and Hotel Connect		33,016		7,000
Coles Centre Detention		10,590		9,410
Total governmental activities	\$	4,678,583	\$	1,110,535
Business-type activities:				
WTP Lime System Design and Funding	\$	139,181	\$	109,690
Lake Mattoon RWPS Design and Construction	-	137,915	*	161,159
WWTP Digester Rehab Design and Funding		52,622		26,028
WWTP Primary Pumps Design and Construction		229,907		358,278
Sports Complex San (City Portion) Design and		,		,
Construction		207,708		22,500
WWTP Primary Clarifier Design and Construction		47,635		17,822
Riley Pump Rehab		87,012		- ,022
Total business-type activities	\$	901,980	\$	695,477
1 can capitable type went thes	Ψ	701,700	Ψ	0,0,1,1

#### NOTE 15 RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City accounts for its risk financing activities in the Insurance and Tort Judgment (internal service fund). The Insurance and Tort Judgment pays all general liability, unemployment and workers' compensation, and auto and collision claims for which the City is held liable. The City has a \$1 million retention limit for general, auto liability, and workers' compensation. In addition, the City carries a policy for excess coverage for general and auto liability of \$10 million.

#### NOTE 16 TAX ABATEMENT

The City enters into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses within the Coles County Enterprise Zone under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act of 1982. Under the Act, taxing districts may order the county clerk to abate any portion of its taxes on real property, or on any particular class thereof, located within a zone and upon which new improvements have been constructed or upon which existing improvements have been renovated or rehabilitated. The abatement applies only to taxes on the increase in assessed value attributable to the new construction, renovation or rehabilitation. Taxes based on the assessed value of the land and existing improvements continue to be extended and collected. Abatements are obtained through application, and equal 100 percent of the increase in tax above the property base value for ten years for industrial projects. This abatement period shall not extend beyond the "life" of the Enterprise Zone, which currently expires in 2035.

For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2025, the City abated property taxes totaling \$46,035.

#### NOTE 17 PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

The City restated its net position balances as of May 1, 2024 due to the following:

- A. To correct the balances of construction in progress. The adjustments decreased net position of the governmental activities by \$276,516.
- B. To correct the balances of subscription assets, subscription assets accumulated amortization, and subscription payable. The adjustments decreased net position of the governmental activities by \$524.

# NOTE 17 PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS (Continued)

A reconciliation of net position reported in prior period financial statements and as restated follows:

	overnmental Activities
Net position, beginning of year, as previously reported	\$ (50,725,035)
Adjustment to construction in progress	(276,516)
Adjustment to subscription assets	46,596
Adjustment to subscription assets - accumulated amortization	(9,060)
Adjustment to subscription payable	 (38,060)
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	\$ (51,002,075)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

	Dudgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Amounts Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES	Original	FIIIAI	Amounts	(Ulliavorable)
Property taxes	\$ 5,323,179	\$ 5,323,179	\$ 5,188,114	\$ (135,065)
TIF property tax increment	106,642	106,642	90,932	(15,710)
Telecommunication taxes	400,000	400,000	358,053	(41,947)
Utility taxes	1,300,000	1,300,000	1,466,583	166,583
Other taxes	517,781	517,781	459,531	(58,250)
Licenses and permits	311,500	311,500	341,124	29,624
Sales taxes	8,600,000	8,600,000	9,012,659	412,659
Income and use taxes	3,596,347	3,596,347	3,504,059	(92,288)
Other intergovernmental revenues	2,846,280	2,846,280	3,489,481	643,201
Intergovernmental revenues	2,010,200	2,010,200	5,105,101	013,201
Charges for services	1,729,316	1,729,316	2,089,724	360,408
Fines and forfeitures	120,100	120,100	111,198	(8,902)
Investment income	505,603	705,603	570,914	(134,689)
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues	412,793	412,793	426,330	13,537
Total revenues	25,769,541	25,969,541	27,108,702	1,139,161
Total Tovellacs	23,707,311		27,100,702	1,137,101
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General government	2,988,415	2,988,415	4,610,792	(1,622,377)
Public safety	16,813,167	17,013,167	16,015,595	997,572
Public works	1,660,832	1,660,832	1,397,845	262,987
Health and welfare	-	-	461,063	(461,063)
Culture and recreation	2,322,530	2,322,530	2,469,158	(146,628)
Economic development	135,403	135,403	51,860	83,543
Debt service	,	,	,,,,,,,	/
Principal	_	_	91,358	(91,358)
Interest and fiscal charges	_	_	9,978	(9,978)
Total expenditures	23,920,347	24,120,347	25,107,649	(987,302)
1			, ,	
EXCESS OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	1,849,194	1,849,194	2,001,053	151,859
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	40,000	40,000	40,000	-
Transfers out	(1,619,253)	(2,319,253)	(1,710,269)	608,984
Proceeds from sale of assets	10,000	10,000	68,437	58,437
Proceeds from lease financing			194,718	194,718
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,569,253)	(2,269,253)	(1,407,114)	862,139
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 279,941	\$ (420,059)	593,939	\$ 1,013,998
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING			13,341,680	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING			\$ 13,935,619	

			Primary Govern	ment				
Calendar Year Ended December 31,	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total Pension Liability	\$ 346.933	6 241.542	e 226.205	£ 247.002	£ 400.704	\$ 394,829	¢ 375.020	e 201 120
Service cost Interest on the total pension liability	\$ 346,933 2,865,832	\$ 341,542 2,793,213	\$ 336,395 2,808,886	\$ 347,092 2,685,223	\$ 400,784 2,670,956	2,548,247	\$ 375,029 2,496,740	\$ 391,138 2,516,171
Differences between expected and actual	2,005,052	2,775,215	2,000,000	2,003,223	2,070,730	2,510,217	2,170,710	2,510,171
experience of the total pension liability	846,630	728,852	(497,056)	1,083,693	(276,506)	602,900	226,101	(20,831)
Assumption changes	(125,799)	(403,221)	-	-	(288,517)	-	961,681	(1,056,495)
Benefit payments, including refunds of	(2.880.510)	(2.5(1.(10)	(2.442.025)	(2.200.0(0)	(2.242.660)	(1.075.251)	(1.050.805)	(1.870.002)
employee contributions Net Change in Total Pension Liability	(2,889,510) 1,044,086	(2,561,619)	<u>(2,443,925)</u> 204,300	<u>(2,388,960)</u> 1,727,048	<u>(2,243,660)</u> <u>263,057</u>	(1,975,251) 1,570,725	<u>(1,959,805)</u> 2,099,746	(1,879,002)
Net Change in Total Tension Elability	1,044,000	676,707	204,300	1,727,046	203,037	1,570,725	2,077,740	(42,012)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning,								
as previously reported	40,891,238	39,992,471	39,707,115	37,980,067	37,717,010	36,146,285	34,046,539	34,095,558
Correction of error			81,056					
Total Pension Liability - Beginning, as restated	40,891,238	39,992,471	39,788,171	37,980,067	37,717,010	36,146,285	34,046,539	34,095,558
as restated	40,071,230	37,772,471	37,766,171	37,760,007	37,717,010			
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	\$ 41,935,324	\$ 40,891,238	\$ 39,992,471	\$ 39,707,115	\$ 37,980,067	\$ 37,717,010	\$ 36,146,285	\$ 34,046,539
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions - employer	\$ 117,453	\$ 123,423	\$ 223,890	\$ 389,265	\$ 385,188	\$ 267,213	\$ 409,202	\$ 408,510
Contributions - employees	256,025	253,033	227,629	163,097	162,451	181,085	162,956	169,030
Net investment income	5,030,475	5,410,361	(7,028,925)	7,585,114	5,482,244	6,277,660	(2,102,209)	5,810,421
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,889,510)	(2,561,619)	(2,443,925)	(2,388,960)	(2,243,660)	(1,975,251)	(1,959,805)	(1,879,002)
Other (net transfer)	(194,510)	(391,330)	(22,405)	102,533	268,322	141,807	706,777	(670,287)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	2,319,933	2,833,868	(9,043,736)	5,851,049	4,054,545	4,892,514	(2,783,079)	3,838,672
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning,								
as previously reported	41,520,055	38,686,187	47,461,228	41,610,179	37,555,634	32,663,120	35,446,199	31,607,527
Correction of error Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning,			268,695					
as restated	41,520,055	38,686,187	47,729,923	41,610,179	37,555,634	32,663,120	35,446,199	31,607,527
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	\$ 43,839,988	\$ 41,520,055	\$ 38,686,187	\$ 47,461,228	\$ 41,610,179	\$ 37,555,634	\$ 32,663,120	\$ 35,446,199
Employer Net Pension Liability (Asset) -	© (1.004.664)	e ((20.017)	e 1206204	0 (7.754.112)	e (2 (20 112)	e 161 276	e 2.402.165	e (1.200.cco)
Ending (A) - (B)	\$ (1,904,664)	\$ (628,817)	\$ 1,306,284	\$ (7,754,113)	\$ (3,630,112)	\$ 161,376	\$ 3,483,165	\$ (1,399,660)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage								
of the Total Pension Liability	104.54%	101.54%	96.73%	119.53%	109.56%	99.57%	90.36%	104.11%
Covered Payroll	\$ 3,828,268	\$ 3,807,703	\$ 3,628,702	\$ 3,602,007	\$ 3,610,008	\$ 3,711,744	\$ 3,621,279	\$ 3,615,171
•								
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage	40.750	16.5101	26,0004	(215.252)	(100.5600)	4.250/	06.1007	(20 500.0
of Covered Valuation Payroll	-49.75%	-16.51%	36.00%	(215.27%)	(100.56%)	4.35%	96.19%	(38.72%)

Mattoon Public Library													
Calendar Year Ended December 31,	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017					
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest on the total pension liability	\$ 20,270 167,436	\$ 18,842 154,098	\$ 15,232 127,185	\$ 15,488 119,816	\$ 17,285 115,191	\$ 19,359 124,949	\$ 18,001 104,626	\$ 14,523 93,423					
Differences between expected and actual experience of the total pension liability Assumption changes	49,464 125,799	40,210 373,250	(22,506)	46,232	(11,926)	29,562	10,852 46,159	(773) (39,227)					
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(168,819) 194,150	(141,321)	(110,660)	(33,328)	(11,928)	(96,852)	(94,067)	(69,766)					
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	194,150	445,079	9,251	148,208	108,622	77,018	85,571	(1,820)					
Total Pension Liability - Beginning, as previously reported Correction of error	2,255,916	1,810,837	417,599 1,383,987	269,391	160,769	83,751	(1,820)						
Total Pension Liability - Beginning, as restated	2,255,916	1,810,837	1,801,586	269,391	160,769	83,751	(1,820)						
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	\$ 2,450,066	\$ 2,255,916	\$ 1,810,837	\$ 417,599	\$ 269,391	\$ 160,769	\$ 83,751	\$ (1,820)					
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Contributions - employees	\$ 6,862 14,958	\$ 6,809 13,959	\$ 10,138 10,307	\$ 17,906 7,557	\$ 17,739 7,481	\$ 14,548 8,811	\$ 19,641 7,822	\$ 15,168 6,276					
Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Other (net transfer)	293,905 (168,819) 123,832	298,483 (141,321) 360,988	(318,266) (110,660)	262,437 (33,328) 3,723	187,369 (11,928)	307,814 (96,852)	(100,903) (94,067) 33,924	215,736 (69,766) (24,887)					
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	270,738	538,918	(11,771) (420,252)	258,295	9,171 209,832	5,575 239,896	(133,583)	142,527					
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported Correction of error	2,290,607	1,751,689	716,967 1,454,974	458,672	248,840	8,944	142,527	<u>-</u>					
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning, as restated	2,290,607	1,751,689	2,171,941	458,672	248,840	8,944	142,527						
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	\$ 2,561,345	\$ 2,290,607	\$ 1,751,689	\$ 716,967	\$ 458,672	\$ 248,840	\$ 8,944	\$ 142,527					
Employer Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending (A) - (B)	\$ (111,279)	\$ (34,691)	\$ 59,148	\$ (299,368)	\$ (189,281)	\$ (88,071)	\$ 74,807	\$ (144,347)					
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	104.54%	101.54%	96.73%	171.69%	170.26%	154.78%	10.68%	-7831.15%					
Covered Payroll	\$ 231,825	\$ 210,055	\$ 164,306	\$ 167,936	\$ 166,248	\$ 195,802	\$ 173,792	\$ 134,201					
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Valuation Payroll	-48.00%	-16.52%	36.00%	(178.26%)	(113.85%)	-44.98%	43.04%	(107.56%)					

			Total Governn	nent				
Calendar Year Ended December 31,	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest on the total pension liability	\$ 367,203 3,033,268	\$ 360,384 2,947,311	\$ 351,627 2,936,071	\$ 362,580 2,805,039	\$ 418,069 2,786,147	\$ 414,188 2,673,196	\$ 393,030 2,601,366	\$ 405,661 2,609,594
Differences between expected and actual experience of the total pension liability Assumption changes	896,094	769,062 (29,971)	(519,562)	1,129,925	(288,432) (288,517)	632,462	236,953 1,007,840	(21,604) (1,095,722)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net Change in Total Pension Liability	(3,058,329) 1,238,236	(2,702,940) 1,343,846	(2,554,585) 213,551	(2,422,288) 1,875,256	(2,255,588) 371,679	(2,072,103) 1,647,743	(2,053,872) 2,185,317	(1,948,768) (50,839)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning, as previously reported Correction of error	43,147,154	41,803,308	40,124,714 1,465,043	4,153,900	3,782,221	2,134,478	(50,839)	
Total Pension Liability - Beginning, as restated	43,147,154	41,803,308	41,589,757	4,153,900	3,782,221	2,134,478	(50,839)	
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	\$ 44,385,390	\$ 43,147,154	\$ 41,803,308	\$ 6,029,156	\$ 4,153,900	\$ 3,782,221	\$ 2,134,478	\$ (50,839)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Contributions - employees Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of	\$ 124,315 270,983 5,324,380	\$ 130,232 266,992 5,708,844	\$ 234,028 237,936 (7,347,191) (2,554,585)	\$ 407,171 170,654 7,847,551 (2,422,288)	\$ 402,927 169,932 5,669,613	\$ 281,761 189,896 6,585,474	\$ 428,843 170,778 (2,203,112)	\$ 423,678 175,306 6,026,157 (1,948,768)
employee contributions Other (net transfer) Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(3,058,329) (70,678) 2,590,671	(2,702,940) (30,342) 3,372,786	(34,176) (9,463,988)	106,256	(2,255,588) 277,493 4,264,377	(2,072,103) 147,382 5,132,410	(2,053,872) <u>740,701</u> (2,916,662)	(695,174) 3,981,199
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported Correction of error Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning,	43,810,662	40,437,876	48,178,195 1,723,669	10,461,324	6,196,947	1,064,537	3,981,199	-
as restated	43,810,662	40,437,876	49,901,864	10,461,324	6,196,947	1,064,537	3,981,199	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	\$ 46,401,333	\$ 43,810,662	\$ 40,437,876	\$ 16,570,668	\$ 10,461,324	\$ 6,196,947	\$ 1,064,537	\$ 3,981,199
Employer Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending (A) - (B)	\$ (2,015,943)	\$ (663,508)	\$ 1,365,432	\$ (10,541,512)	\$ (6,307,424)	\$ (2,414,726)	\$ 1,069,941	\$ (4,032,038)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	104.54%	101.54%	96.73%	274.84%	251.84%	163.84%	49.87%	-7830.99%
Covered Payroll	\$ 4,060,093	\$ 4,017,758	\$ 3,793,008	\$ 3,769,943	\$ 3,776,256	\$ 3,907,546	\$ 3,795,071	\$ 3,749,372
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Valuation Payroll	-49.65%	-16.51%	36.00%	(279.62%)	(167.03%)	-61.80%	28.19%	(107.54%)

				For the Year	Ended April 30, 2025
		Prima	ry Government		
				a 1	Actual Contribution
Fiscal Year	Actuarially	A . 1	Contribution	Covered	as a Percentage of
Ended	Determined	Actual	Deficiency	Valuation	Covered Valuation
April 30	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
2025	\$ 128,066	\$ 128,066	\$ -	\$ 3,687,916	3.47%
2024	117,790	117,790	-	3,854,237	3.06%
2023	188,002	188,002	(5.122)	3,711,858	5.06%
2022	330,126	335,249	(5,123)	3,619,208	9.26%
2021	394,281	394,281	-	3,696,377	10.67%
2020	326,249	317,679	8,570	3,780,045	8.40%
2019	364,054	364,054	-	3,599,169	10.11%
2018	412,792	412,791	1	3,653,010	11.30%
		Mattoo	n Public Library		
					Actual Contribution
Fiscal Year	Actuarially		Contribution	Covered	as a Percentage of
Ended	Determined	Actual	Deficiency	Valuation	Covered Valuation
April 30	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
2025	\$ 7,425	\$ 7,425	\$ -	\$ 222,012	3.34%
2023	7,012	7,012	Ψ -	231,531	3.03%
2024	8,284	8,284	_	167,374	4.95%
2023	14,498	14,498	_	162,433	8.93%
2022	19,066	19,066	-	178,750	10.67%
2021	15,601	15,601	-	185,625	8.40%
2020	18,227		-	183,902	9.91%
2019	17,291	18,227 17,291	_	153,902	11.30%
2016	17,291	17,291	-	155,021	11.3070
		Total	Government		
					Actual Contribution
Fiscal Year	Actuarially		Contribution	Covered	as a Percentage of
Ended	Determined	Actual	Deficiency	Valuation	Covered Valuation
April 30	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll Payroll
2025	\$ 135,491	\$ 135,491	\$ -	\$ 3,909,928	3.47%
2024	124,802	124,802	-	4,085,768	3.05%
2023	2023 196,286 196,286		-	3,879,232	5.06%
2022	022 344,624 349,747		(5,123)	3,781,641	9.25%
2021	413,347	413,347	-	3,875,127	10.67%
2020	341,850	333,280	8,570	3,965,670	8.40%
2019	382,281	382,281	-	3,783,071	10.11%
2010	420,002	420,002	4	2,007,021	11 200/

1

430,082

2018

430,083

3,806,031

11.30%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year,

which is 12 months prior to the beginning of the year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2024 Contribution Rates:

Actual Cost Method Aggregate Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period Non-Taxing bodies: 10-year rolling period.

Taxing bodies (Regular, SLEP and ECO groups): 19-year closed period. Early Retirement Incentive Plan liabilities: a period up to 10 years selected by the Employer upon adoption of ERI. SLEP supplemental liabilities attributable to Public Act 94-712 were financed over 14 years for most employers (five employers were financed over 15 years; one employer was financed over 16 years; two employers were financed over 17 years; one employer was financed over 20 years; three employers were financed over 23 years; four employers were financed over 24 years and one employer was financed over

25 years).

Asset Valuation Method 5-Year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage growth 2.75%

Price Inflation 2.25%

Salary Increases 2.75% to 13.75% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last

updated for the 2020 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2017-2019.

Mortality For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income,

General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality

improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

There were no benefit changes during the year. There were no changes in the discount rate used to calculate the Total Pension Liability (TPL), since the December 31, 2023 valuation. A detailed description of the actuarial assumptions and methods can be found in the December 31, 2024 IMRF annual actuarial valuation report.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

City of Mattoon, Illinois Police Pension Fund Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended April 30, 2025

	2025	2024		2023	2022	2021		2020	2019		2018	 2017		2016
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest Actuarial experience Assumption changes Changes of benefit terms Benefit payments, including refunds	\$ 662,139 3,770,139 482,249 (509,307) -	1,407,771		772,591 3,447,087 598,611 (4,324,872) (40,864) (2,831,099)	\$ 934,661 3,214,603 (1,829,474) (8,820,130) - (2,852,471)	\$ 1,022,089 3,224,676 1,748,552 (820,539) - (2,487,172)	\$	955,630 2,974,331 336,305 7,200,583 119,577 (2,386,466)	\$ 947,802 2,819,376 1,249,126 (373,142) - (2,279,516)	\$	1,003,042 2,709,658 12,122 (1,843,857) - (2,124,673)	\$ 952,466 2,696,963 154,740 (1,474,935) - (2,055,641)	\$	819,041 1,966,213 726,953 11,558,737 - (1,984,166)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	1,377,434	2,513,850		(2,378,546)	(9,352,811)	 2,687,606		9,199,960	 2,363,646		(243,708)	273,593		13,086,778
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	56,881,668	54,367,818		56,746,364	 66,099,175	 63,411,569	_	54,211,609	 51,847,963	_	52,091,671	 51,818,078	_	38,731,300
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	\$ 58,259,102	\$ 56,881,668	\$ :	54,367,818	\$ 56,746,364	\$ 66,099,175	\$	63,411,569	\$ 54,211,609	\$	51,847,963	\$ 52,091,671		51,818,078
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Contributions - members Contributions - other Net investment income (loss) Benefit payments and refunds Administrative expense	\$ 2,717,906 325,543 - 1,489,920 (3,027,786) (61,425)	\$ 2,765,095 306,519 20,375 2,635,232 (2,899,440) (58,368)	\$	2,959,550 297,425 26,805 149,242 (2,831,099) (62,695)	\$ 2,681,474 284,388 203,628 (2,569,806) (2,852,471) (65,968)	\$ 2,046,794 270,775 94,960 6,585,104 (2,487,172) (60,209)	\$	2,004,489 259,922 - (699,913) (2,386,466) (57,587)	\$ 1,813,641 264,633 - 951,830 (2,279,516) (69,948)	\$	1,639,440 253,608 - 1,545,172 (2,124,673) (64,129)	\$ 1,437,453 249,841 - 1,656,958 (2,055,641) (53,591)	\$	1,403,051 253,098 - (715,510) (1,984,166) (51,834)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	1,444,158	2,769,413		539,228	(2,318,755)	6,450,252		(879,555)	680,640		1,249,418	1,235,020		(1,095,361)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	25,776,160	23,006,747		22,467,519	 24,786,274	 18,336,022		19,215,577	 18,534,937		17,285,519	 16,050,499	_	17,145,860
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	\$ 27,220,318	\$ 25,776,160	\$ 2	23,006,747	\$ 22,467,519	\$ 24,786,274	\$	18,336,022	\$ 19,215,577	\$	18,534,937	\$ 17,285,519	\$	16,050,499
Employer Net Pension Liability - Ending (A) - (B)	\$ 31,038,784	\$ 31,105,508	\$ .	31,361,071	\$ 34,278,845	\$ 41,312,901	\$	45,075,547	\$ 34,996,032	\$	33,313,026	\$ 34,806,152	\$	35,767,579
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	46.72%	45.32%		42.32%	39.59%	37.50%		28.92%	35.45%		35.75%	33.18%		30.97%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 3,284,995	\$ 3,093,026	\$	3,001,262	\$ 2,869,720	\$ 2,731,827	\$	2,622,836	\$ 2,670,368	\$	2,545,391	\$ 2,763,389	\$	2,481,680
Employer Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	944.87%	1005.67%		1044.93%	1194.50%	1512.28%		1718.58%	1310.53%		1308.76%	1259.55%		1441.26%
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	6.07%	12.51%		0.69%	(8.62%)	35.99%		(2.25%)	5.53%		9.99%	10.99%		(4.66%)

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional year's information will be displayed as it becomes available.

	2025	2024	 2023	2022		2021		2021		2021		2020	2019	2018		2017		2016
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the	\$ 2,491,316	\$ 2,350,907	\$ 2,417,854	\$ 2,330,467	\$	2,146,354	\$	2,048,935	\$ 1,909,835	\$	1,761,222	\$	1,619,160	\$ 1,641,766				
Actuarially Determined Contribution	 2,717,906	2,765,095	2,959,550	 2,681,474		2,046,794		1,968,202	1,813,641		1,639,440		1,437,453	1,403,051				
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ (226,590)	\$ (414,188)	\$ (541,696)	\$ (351,007)	\$	99,560	\$	80,733	\$ 96,194	\$	121,782	\$	181,707	\$ 238,715				
Covered-Employee Payroll Contributions as Percentage of	\$ 3,284,995	\$ 3,093,026	\$ 3,001,262	\$ 2,869,720	\$	2,731,827	\$	2,622,836	\$ 2,670,368	\$	2,545,391	\$	2,763,389	\$ 2,481,680				
Covered-Employee Payroll	82.74%	89.40%	98.61%	93.44%		74.92%		75.04%	67.92%		64.41%		52.02%	56.54%				

NOTE: The Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) shown is the Statutory Minimum Contribution from the May 1, 2023 Actuarial Valuation completed. For the December 2023 tax levy, if applicable.

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarial valuation date May 1, 2024
Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal
Amortization method Level % of Pay (Closed)
Remaining amortization period 100% Funded over 21 years

Investment rate of return,

net of investment plan expenses,

including inflation 6.75% Inflation rate 2.25% Salary increases 2.25% - 22.18%

Asset valuation 5-Year Smoothed Fair Value

Demographic actuarial assumptions:

Mortality rates Pub-2010 Adjusted for Plan Status, Demographics, and Illinois Public Pension Data, as Described Retirement rates 100% of Lauterback & Amen, LLP 2020 Illinois Police Retirement Rates Capped at age 60

Disability rates 100% of Lauterback & Amen, LLP 2020 Illinois Police Disability Rates
Termination rates 100% of Lauterback & Amen, LLP 2020 Illinois Police Termination Rates

City of Mattoon, Illinois Firefighters' Pension Fund Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended April 30, 2025

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest Actuarial experience Assumption changes Changes of benefit terms	\$ 575,174 3,461,574 165,279 761,448	\$ 481,572 3,419,486 569,051	\$ 523,873 3,342,658 626,944 - (35,584)	3,220,408 (3,018,580 (1,825,725	3,116,033 1,579,409	2,959,959 576,907	\$ 667,678 2,868,521 1,115,180 479,619	\$ 753,373 2,820,446 79,060 399,338	\$ 712,881 2,806,228 634,737 (1,442,384)	\$ 672,938 2,455,405 741,876 3,111,763
Benefit payments, including refunds Net Change in Total Pension Liability	(3,479,488		(3,211,765)			(2,891,069)	(2,788,313) 2,342,685	(2,545,025) 1,507,192	(2,377,256)	(2,225,941) 4,756,041
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	52,912,562	51,752,363	50,506,237	54,676,863	65,614,692	54,778,135	52,435,450	50,928,258	50,594,052	45,838,011
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	\$ 54,396,549	\$ 52,912,562	\$ 51,752,363	\$ 50,506,237	\$ 54,676,863	\$ 65,614,692	\$ 54,778,135	\$ 52,435,450	\$ 50,928,258	\$ 50,594,052
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Contributions - members Net investment income (loss) Benefit payments and refunds Administrative expense	3,388,099 218,203 3,947,999 (3,479,488 (39,644)	( , , ,	3,239,473 172,336 (77,931) (3,211,765) (22,401)	(3,093,581	(2,973,186)	2,173,792 156,657 (622,537) (2,891,069) (11,342)	2,029,881 170,122 1,309,076 (2,788,313) (12,048)	1,829,282 200,317 1,210,206 (2,545,025) (17,837)	1,533,379 204,327 1,544,569 (2,377,256) (18,475)	1,367,692 202,743 (735,261) (2,225,941) (28,896)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	4,035,169	2,527,526	99,712	(866,207	4,344,298	(1,194,499)	708,718	676,943	886,544	(1,419,663)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	21,806,648	19,279,122	19,179,410	20,045,617	15,701,319	16,895,818	16,187,100	15,510,157	14,623,613	16,043,276
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	\$ 25,841,817	\$ 21,806,648	\$ 19,279,122	\$ 19,179,410	\$ 20,045,617	\$ 15,701,319	\$ 16,895,818	\$ 16,187,100	\$ 15,510,157	\$ 14,623,613
Employer Net Pension Liability - Ending (A) - (B)	\$ 28,554,732	\$ 31,105,914	\$ 32,473,241	\$ 31,326,827	\$ 34,631,246	\$ 49,913,373	\$ 37,882,317	\$ 36,248,350	\$ 35,418,101	\$ 35,970,439
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	47.51%	41.21%	37.25%	37.97%	36.66%	23.93%	30.84%	30.87%	30.45%	28.90%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 2,307,799	\$ 2,180,744	\$ 1,887,660	\$ 2,184,505	\$ 1,667,126	\$ 1,654,901	\$ 1,763,848	\$ 2,019,165	\$ 2,450,182	\$ 2,119,559
Employer Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	1237.31%	1426.39%	1720.29%	1434.05%	2077.30%	3016.09%	2147.71%	1795.21%	1445.53%	1697.07%
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	17.06%	11.54%	(2.21%)	(3.44%	30.84%	(2.81%)	7.55%	8.00%	11.68%	(5.13%)

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional year's information will be displayed as it becomes available.

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	_	2017	_	2016
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 3,146,924	\$ 3,043,578	\$ 2,543,589	\$ 2,431,581	\$ 2,180,729	\$ 2,035,235	\$ 1,937,284	\$ 1,750,841	\$	1,399,744	\$	1,267,174
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	 3,388,099	 3,469,112	 3,239,473	 2,941,797	 2,317,049	 2,173,792	 2,029,881	 1,829,282		1,533,379		1,367,692
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ (241,175)	\$ (425,534)	\$ (695,884)	\$ (510,216)	\$ (136,320)	\$ (138,557)	\$ (92,597)	\$ (78,441)	\$	(133,635)	\$	(100,518)
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 2,307,799	\$ 2,180,744	\$ 1,887,660	\$ 2,184,505	\$ 1,667,126	\$ 1,654,901	\$ 1,763,848	\$ 2,019,165	\$	2,450,182	\$	2,119,559
Contributions as Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	146.81%	159.08%	171.61%	134.67%	138.98%	131.35%	115.08%	90.60%		62.58%		64.53%

NOTE: The Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) shown is the Statutory Minimum Contribution from the May 1, 2023 Actuarial Valuation completed. For the December 2023 tax levy, if applicable.

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarial valuation date May 1, 2024 Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Amortization method Level % of Pay (Closed)

Remaining amortization period 100% Funded over 15 years (Layered)

Investment rate of return,

net of investment plan expenses,

6.75% including inflation Inflation rate 2.25% Salary increases 2.25% - 11.94%

Asset valuation 5-Year Smoothed Fair Value

Demographic actuarial assumptions:

Mortality rates Pub-2010 Adjusted for Plan Status, Demographics, and Illinois Public Pension Data, as Described Retirement rates 100% of Lauterback & Amen, LLP 2020 Illinois Police Retirement Rates Capped at age 65

Disability rates 100% of Lauterback & Amen, LLP 2020 Illinois Police Disability Rates

100% of Lauterback & Amen, LLP 2020 Illinois Police Termination Rates Termination rates

		Primary	Gov	ernment							
		2025 2024 2023 2022								2021	
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY	_										
Service cost	\$	618,033	\$	474,264	\$	697,221	\$	523,659	\$	460,352	
Interest		1,275,247		1,364,232		1,066,937		1,578,317		1,748,342	
Benefit changes		(838,027)		(2,277,192)		(1,889,041)		(5,204,416)		-	
Differences between expected											
and actual experience		1,090,614		(1,890,523)		2,668,340		1,646,737		-	
Changes in assumptions		(4,301,962)		(1,613,485)		(11,143,710)		(1,035,526)		7,560,556	
Benefit payments		(1,261,777)		(1,320,654)		(1,086,288)		(1,752,248)		(1,571,593)	
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		(3,417,872)		(5,263,358)		(9,686,541)		(4,243,477)		8,197,657	
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning,											
as previously reported		31,583,498		37,027,963		50,870,387		55,113,864		46,916,207	
Correction of error		-		(181,107)		-		-		-	
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning, as restated	-	31,583,498		36,846,856	_	50,870,387		55,113,864		46,916,207	
Town of 22 Zidomi, 2 Symming, as resulted		21,000,.50		20,010,020		20,070,207		55,115,00		.0,510,207	
Total OPEB Liability - Ending		28,165,626	\$	31,583,498		41,183,846	\$	50,870,387	\$	55,113,864	
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	8,171,892	\$	7,789,281	\$	7,311,706	\$	6,898,916	\$	7,536,660	
Employer Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		344.66%		405.47%		563.26%		737.37%		731.28%	
		Mattoon l	Publi	ic Library							
		2025		2024		2023		2022		2021	
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY											
Service cost	\$	502	\$	8,005	\$	8,538	\$	5,037	\$	3,637	
Interest		3,305		4,617		6,369		4,747		32,092	
Benefit changes		(704)		9,828		-		-		-	
Differences between expected											
and actual experience		62,523		4,902		(45,077)		(6,141)		(548,752)	
Changes in assumptions		(11,895)		(66,626)		(30,574)		(36,156)		(349,540)	
Benefit payments		(4,110)		(1,856)	_	(4,148)		(6,259)		(26,380)	
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		49,621		(41,130)		(64,892)		(38,772)		(888,943)	
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning,											
as previously reported		82,266		123,396		188,288		227,060		1,116,003	
Correction of error		-		-		-		-		_	
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning, as restated		82,266		123,396		188,288		227,060		1,116,003	
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	131,887	\$	82,266	\$	123,396	\$	188,288	\$	227,060	
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	179,722	\$	232,408	\$	212,200	\$	185,324	\$	286,962	
Employer Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		73.38%		35.40%		58.15%		101.60%		79.13%	
Covered Employee Layton		13.3070		33.4070		30.1370		101.0070		17.13/0	

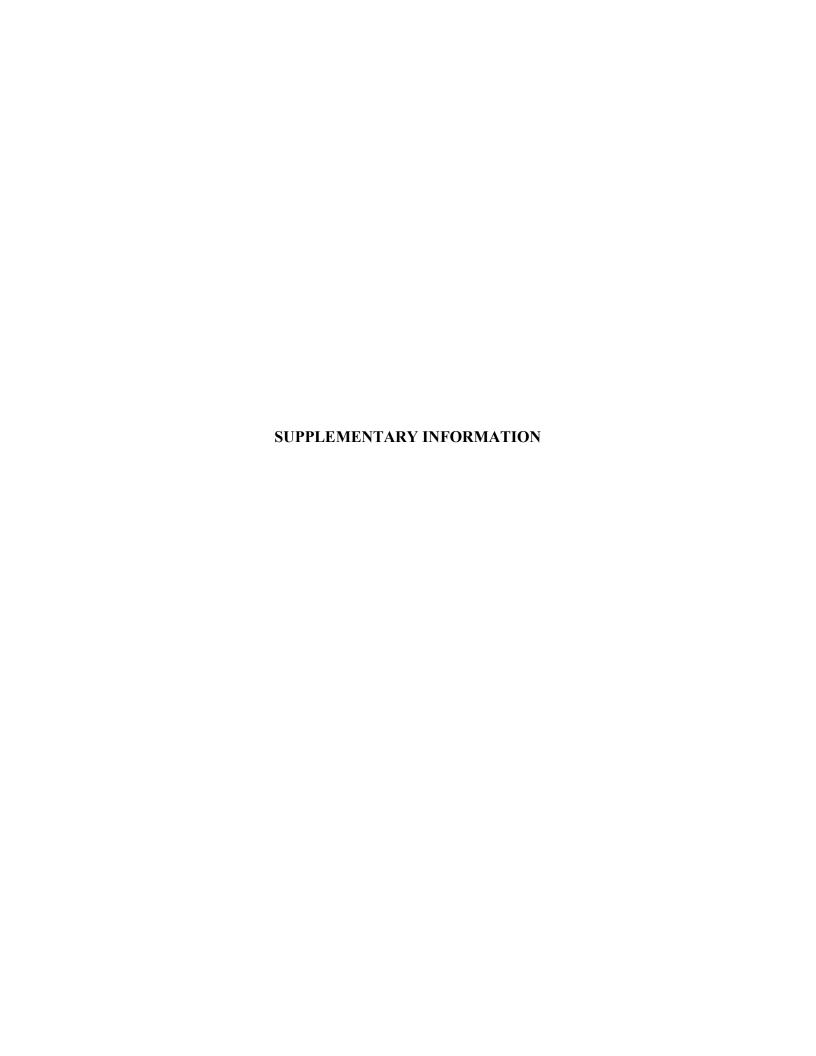
Total Government												
		2025		2024		2023		2022		2021		
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY												
Service cost		618,535	\$	482,269	\$	415,552	\$	702,258	\$	527,296		
Interest		1,278,552		1,368,849		1,394,162		1,071,684		1,610,409		
Benefit changes		(838,731)		(2,267,364)		-		(1,889,041)		(5,204,416)		
Differences between expected												
and actual experience		1,153,137		(1,885,621)		(502,244)		2,662,199		1,097,985		
Changes in assumptions		(4,313,857)		(1,680,111)		(4,313,899)		(11,179,866)		(1,385,066)		
Benefit payments		(1,265,887)		(1,322,510)		(1,214,346)		(1,092,547)		(1,778,628)		
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	-	(3,368,251)		(5,304,488)		(4,220,775)		(9,725,313)		(5,132,420)		
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning,												
as previously reported		31,665,764		37,151,359		41,372,134		51,097,447		56,229,867		
Correction of error		-		(181,107)		-		-		-		
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning, as restated		31,665,764		36,970,252		41,372,134		51,097,447		56,229,867		
Total OPEB Liability - Ending		28,297,513	\$	31,665,764	\$	37,151,359	\$	41,372,134	\$	51,097,447		
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	8,351,614	\$	8,021,689	\$	7,806,199	\$	7,497,030	\$	7,185,878		
Employer Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		338.83%		394.75%		475.92%		551.85%		711.08%		

#### Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional year's information will be displayed as it becomes available.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB No. 75.

A decrease in liability from assumption changes were primarily due to an increase in the assumed discount rate from 4.12% to 5.24%. Decreases were partially offset by a reset of the Trend Rates to the prior year's schedules and healthcare premiums increasing greater than expected.



	Capital Projects	N	Aotor Fuel Tax	 otel and otel Tax	Re	Home chabilitation Grant	M	idtown TIF District	 57 East TIF District	]	-57 East Business District
ASSETS	 							_			_
Current assets											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,395,748	\$	1,166,367	\$ 532,140	\$	37	\$	894,480	\$ 634,118	\$	129,692
Receivables	286,405		122,298	70,086		-		1,201,569	591,974		8,698
Due from other funds	147,314			385							
Total assets	 2,829,467		1,288,665	 602,611		37		2,096,049	 1,226,092		138,390
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES											
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	264,522		354,261	262,019		-		7,260	186,061		100,975
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b> Unavailable revenue	 			-		<u>-</u>		1,201,569	 591,974		772
FUND BALANCES											
Restricted	-		934,404	340,592		37		887,220	448,057		36,643
Committed	2,564,945		-	-		-		-	-		-
Total fund balances	2,564,945		934,404	340,592		37		887,220	448,057		36,643
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 2,829,467	\$	1,288,665	\$ 602,611	\$	37	\$	2,096,049	\$ 1,226,092	\$	138,390

City of Mattoon, Illinois Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet April 30, 2025 Schedule 1 (Continued)

		South Rt 45 TIF District		uth Rt 45 Business District	E	roadway Cast TIF District	Eas	roadway st Business District	Roa E	emington d and I-57 Business District	Remington Road TIF District		Total
ASSETS													
Current assets	¢	20.222	\$	204.126	\$	((0.042	\$	705 152	ď	115 072	\$ -	¢	7.556.700
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$	20,233 93,530	Ф	204,126 11,169	Э	668,842 322,414	Э	795,153 113,266	\$	115,863 376,079	299,140	Э	7,556,799 3,496,628
Due from other funds		-		-		J22, <del>1</del> 17		113,200		370,077	277,140		147,699
Total assets		113,763		215,295		991,256		908,419		491,942	299,140		11,201,126
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				<del></del>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES													
LIABILITIES													
Accounts payable and accrued expenses								9,012		354,680			1,538,790
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES													
Unavailable revenue		93,530		4,162		322,414		38,711		137,262	299,140		2,689,534
FUND BALANCES													
Restricted		20,233		211,133		668,842		860,696		-	-		4,407,857
Committed													2,564,945
Total fund balances		20,233		211,133		668,842		860,696					6,972,802
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	113,763	\$	215,295	\$	991,256	\$	908,419	\$	491,942	\$ 299,140	\$	11,201,126

	Ca	pital Projects	N	Aotor Fuel Tax	tel and tel Tax	Rel	Home nabilitation Grant	idtown TIF District	57 East TIF District	E	-57 East Business District
REVENUES								 			
TIF property tax increment	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,059,119	\$ 405,141	\$	-
Business district taxes		-		-	-		-	-	-		48,171
Other taxes		-		-	524,258		-	-	-		-
Motor fuel taxes		-		764,868	-		-	-	-		-
Other intergovernmental revenues		1,871,164		121,620	2,550		-	525,000	=		-
Investment income		86,673		53,269	-		-	7,357	1,616		-
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues		1,791,163		-	540		-	-	-		-
Total revenues		3,749,000		939,757	527,348			1,591,476	406,757		48,171
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
Public works		114,972		970,889	-		-	-	=		_
Culture and recreation		-			544,097		-	-	=		_
Economic development		2,794		-	· -		-	396,920	296,450		44,855
Capital outlay		4,584,350		24,473	_		-	1,503,841	-		· -
Debt service:				ŕ							
Principal		400,000		-	_		-	-	-		_
Interest and fiscal charges		47,042		_	_		_	_	_		_
Total expenditures		5,149,158		995,362	544,097			1,900,761	296,450		44,855
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES											
OVER EXPENDITURES		(1,400,158)		(55,605)	 (16,749)			 (309,285)	110,307		3,316
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in		1,710,269		_	_		_	_	_		_
Transfers out		-		_	(40,000)		_	_	_		_
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,710,269			(40,000)			-			-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		310,111		(55,605)	(56,749)		-	(309,285)	110,307		3,316
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		2,254,834		990,009	397,341		37	1,196,505	337,750		33,327
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	2,564,945	\$	934,404	\$ 340,592	\$	37	\$ 887,220	\$ 448,057	\$	36,643

City of Mattoon, Illinois
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
For the Year Ended April 30, 2025
Schedule 2 (Continued)

	South Rt 45 TIF District	outh Rt 45 Business District	E	roadway Cast TIF District	Eas	Broadway st Business District	Remington Road and I-57 Business District	Remington Road TIF District	Total
REVENUES									
TIF property tax increment	\$ 80,592	\$ -	\$	232,391	\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,777,243
Business district taxes	-	38,361		-		504,443	1,477,989	-	2,068,964
Other taxes	-	-		-		-	-	-	524,258
Motor fuel taxes	-	-		-		-	-	-	764,868
Other intergovernmental revenues		-		-		<del>-</del>	-	-	2,520,334
Investment income	322	-		927		1,528	-	-	151,692
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues		 <del>-</del>		<del>-</del>		<del></del>			1,791,703
Total revenues	80,914	 38,361		233,318		505,971	1,477,989		9,599,062
EXPENDITURES Current:									
Public works	-	-		-		-	_	-	1,085,861
Culture and recreation	-	-		-		-	-	-	544,097
Economic development	18,446	1,861		124,327		36,200	1,477,989	-	2,399,842
Capital outlay	-	-		-		-	-	=	6,112,664
Debt service:									
Principal	43,240	-		-		285,000	-	=	728,240
Interest and fiscal charges	14,696	 -		-		50,809			112,547
Total expenditures	76,382	1,861		124,327		372,009	1,477,989		10,983,251
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	4,532	36,500		108,991		133,962			(1,384,189)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	-	-		-		-	-	-	1,710,269
Transfers out		 -		-					(40,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		 							1,670,269
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	4,532	36,500		108,991		133,962	-	-	286,080
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	15,701	 174,633		559,851		726,734			6,686,722
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 20,233	\$ 211,133	\$	668,842	\$	860,696	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,972,802

		Capital	Projects			Motor I	Fuel Tax	
		l Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable		d Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Unfavorable)	Original	Final	Amounts	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES								
TIF property tax increment	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Business district taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Motor fuel taxes	-	-	-	-	735,532	735,532	764,868	29,336
Other intergovernmental revenues	100,000	100,000	1,871,164	1,771,164	-	-	121,620	121,620
Other taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment income	25,000	25,000	86,673	61,673	25,000	25,000	53,269	28,269
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues	182,000	182,000	1,791,163	1,609,163	12,500	12,500		(12,500)
Total revenues	307,000	307,000	3,749,000	3,442,000	773,032	773,032	939,757	166,725
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	2,925	2,925	-	2,925	-	_	_	-
Public safety	292,000	292,000	-	292,000	-	_	-	-
Public works	1,981,100	1,981,100	114,972	1,866,128	1,273,750	1,273,750	970,889	302,861
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	· -	-
Economic development	-	_	2,794	(2,794)	-	_	_	-
Capital outlay	-	_	4,584,350	(4,584,350)	-	_	24,473	(24,473)
Debt service:								
Principal	400,000	400,000	400,000	-	-	_	_	-
Interest and fiscal charges	47,515	47,515	47,042	473	-	_	_	-
Total expenditures	2,723,540	2,723,540	5,149,158	(2,425,618)	1,273,750	1,273,750	995,362	278,388
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES	(2,416,540)	(2,416,540)	(1,400,158)	1,016,382	(500,718)	(500,718)	(55,605)	445,113
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	994,366	994,366	1,710,269	715,903	_	_	_	_
Transfers out	-	-	1,710,209	,15,705	_	_	_	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	994,366	994,366	1,710,269	715,903				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (1,422,174)	\$ (1,422,174)	310,111	\$ 1,732,285	\$ (500,718)	\$ (500,718)	(55,605)	\$ 445,113
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR			2,254,834				990,009	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$ 2,564,945				\$ 934,404	

		Hotel and	Motel Tax			Home Rehab	oilitation Grant	
		l Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable		d Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable
DEVENIEG	Original	Final	Amounts	(Unfavorable)	Original	Final	Amounts	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES	di .	¢.	¢.	¢.	¢.	ф	Ф	e e
TIF property tax increment Business district taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Motor fuel taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other intergovernmental revenues	-	-	2,550	2,550	-	-	-	-
Other taxes	220,000	220,000			-	-	-	-
Investment income	330,000	330,000	524,258	194,258	-	-	-	-
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues	15 500	15,500	540	(14.060)	-	-	-	-
	15,500			(14,960)	·	·	·	- <del>-</del>
Total revenues	345,500	345,500	527,348	181,848		·	·	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Public safety	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Public works	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Culture and recreation	492,512	492,512	544,097	(51,585)	_	_	_	_
Economic development	472,312	472,312	544,077	(31,303)	_	_	_	_
Capital outlay	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Debt service:								
Principal	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Interest and fiscal charges	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total expenditures	492,512	492,512	544,097	(51,585)		·		
Total expenditures	192,312	172,512	311,007	(31,303)				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES	(147,012)	(147,012)	(16,749)	130,263	_	_	-	_
	(= 17, ==)	(***,**=)	(-0,1.12)		· ·			-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	_	_	-	_	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(40,000)	(40,000)	(40,000)	_	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(40,000)	(40,000)	(40,000)		-	-	-	
<u> </u>								
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (187,012)	\$ (187,012)	(56,749)	\$ 130,263	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR			397,341				37	_
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$ 340,592				\$ 37	=

				Midtown T	TIF D	District					I-57 East T	CIF D	istrict		
	Original Final A		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)		Budgeted Original	l Amo	ounts Final		Actual Amounts	Fina Fa	iance with al Budget avorable favorable)			
REVENUES			_					_		_		_		_	
TIF property tax increment	\$	1,020,320	\$	1,020,320	\$	1,059,119	\$ 38,799	\$	432,046	\$	432,046	\$	405,141	\$	(26,905)
Business district taxes		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Motor fuel taxes Other intergovernmental revenues		525,000		525,000		525,000	-		-		-		-		-
Other taxes		323,000		323,000		323,000	-		-		-		-		-
Investment income		3,350		3,350		7,357	4,007		200		200		1,616		1,416
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues		3,330		3,330		7,337	4,007		200		200		1,010		1,410
Total revenues		1,548,670		1,548,670		1,591,476	42,806		432,246		432,246		406,757		(25,489)
Total revenues		1,5 10,070		1,5 10,070		1,571,170	12,000		132,210		132,210		100,737		(23,10)
EXPENDITURES															
Current:															
General government		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Public works		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Economic development		2,185,445		2,185,445		396,920	1,788,525		499,170		499,170		296,450		202,720
Capital outlay		-		-		1,503,841	(1,503,841)		-		-		-		-
Debt service:															
Principal		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges									-		- 100 170		-		
Total expenditures		2,185,445		2,185,445		1,900,761	284,684		499,170		499,170		296,450		202,720
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES															
OVER EXPENDITURES		(636,775)		(636,775)		(309,285)	327,490		(66,924)		(66,924)		110,307		177,231
OVER EXIENDITURES		(030,773)		(030,773)		(309,283)	327,490		(00,924)		(00,924)		110,307		1//,231
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)															
Transfers in		_		_		_	_		_		_		_		_
Transfers out		-		-		-	-		_		-		-		_
Total other financing sources (uses)		_		_		_	_		_				_		
-															
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	(636,775)	\$	(636,775)		(309,285)	\$ 327,490	\$	(66,924)	\$	(66,924)		110,307	\$	177,231
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR						1,196,505							337,750		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR					\$	887,220						\$	448,057		

	I-57 East Business District										South Rt 45	TIF	District	
	Or	Budgeted iginal				Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	_	Budgeted Original	l Amo			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES			_		_		_	_		_		_		
TIF property tax increment	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	\$ 77,872	\$	77,872	\$	80,592	\$ 2,720
Business district taxes		49,500		49,500		48,171	(1,32	<del>)</del> )	-		-		-	-
Motor fuel taxes Other intergovernmental revenues		-		-		-		-	-		-		-	-
Other taxes		-		-		-		-	-		-		-	-
Investment income		-		-		-		-	100		100		322	222
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues		_		-		_			100		100		322	-
Total revenues		49,500		49,500		48,171	(1,32	<u> </u>	77,972		77,972		80,914	2,942
		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		.,,		,.,.								
EXPENDITURES														
Current:														
General government		-		-		-		-	-		-		-	-
Public safety		-		-		-		-	-		-		-	-
Public works		-		-		-		-	-		-		-	-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-	-		-		-	-
Economic development		48,700		48,700		44,855	3,84	5	75,948		75,948		18,446	57,502
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-	-		-		-	-
Debt service:													12.210	(42.240)
Principal		-		-		-		-	-		-		43,240	(43,240)
Interest and fiscal charges		40.700		- 40.700		- 44.055	2.04		75.040		75.040		14,696	(14,696)
Total expenditures		48,700		48,700		44,855	3,84	<u> </u>	75,948		75,948		76,382	(434)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES														
OVER EXPENDITURES		800		800		3,316	(5,17-	1)	2,024		2,024		4,532	2,508
OVERENTENDITURES		000		000		3,310	(3,17	·/	2,024		2,027		4,332	2,300
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)														
Transfers in		_		-		_		_	_		_		_	_
Transfers out		-		-		-		-	-		_		-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		_		_			-		-			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	800	\$	800		3,316	\$ (5,174	1) \$	\$ 2,024	\$	2,024		4,532	\$ 2,508
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR						33,327							15,701	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR						33,327						_	13,/01	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR					\$	36,643						\$	20,233	

	South Rt 45 Business District										I	Broadway Ea	st TII	F District		
		Budgeted	l Amou			Actual	Final Favo	Budget orable		Budgeted	l Amo			Actual	Fina Fa	ance with al Budget vorable
REVENUES		)riginal		Final		Amounts	(Unia	vorable)		Original		Final		Amounts	(Uni	avorable)
TIF property tax increment	\$		\$	_	\$		\$		\$	241,259	\$	241,259	\$	232,391	\$	(8,868)
Business district taxes	φ	41,100	φ	41,100	Φ	38,361	φ	(2,739)	Ф	241,239	Φ	241,239	Φ	232,391	Φ	(0,000)
Motor fuel taxes		41,100		41,100		36,301		(2,/39)		-		-		-		-
Other intergovernmental revenues		_		_		_		-		_		_		-		-
Other taxes		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Investment income		-		-		-		-		250		250		927		677
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues		-		-		-		-		230		230		921		077
Total revenues		41,100		41,100		38,361		(2,739)	_	241,509		241,509		233,318		(8,191)
I otal revenues		41,100		41,100		38,301		(2,/39)		241,309		241,309		233,318		(8,191)
EXPENDITURES																
Current:																
General government		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Public safety		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Public works		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Culture and recreation		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Economic development		17,708		17,708		1,861		15,847		153,690		153,690		124,327		29,363
Capital outlay								-		-		-				-
Debt service:																
Principal		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Interest and fiscal charges		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Total expenditures		17,708		17,708		1,861		15,847		153,690		153,690		124,327		29,363
				,,,,,,				,								
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES																
OVER EXPENDITURES		23,392		23,392		36,500		13,108		87,819		87,819		108,991		21,172
		- /		- /											-	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)																
Transfers in		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		-
Transfers out		_		_		_		-		_		_		_		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		-		-		-		_		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	23,392	\$	23,392		36,500	\$	13,108	\$	87,819	\$	87,819		108,991	\$	21,172
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR						174,633								559,851		
END DALANCE END OF VEAD					ф.	211 122							ф.	((0.042		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR						211,133							\$	668,842		

	Broadway East Business District									R	eming	ton Road and	I-57 Business Dis	trict	
		Budgeted	l Amou			Actual	Final Favo	ce with Budget rable		Budgetee	l Amo		Actual	I	ariance with Final Budget Favorable
		Original		Final		Amounts	(Unfav	orable)		Original		Final	Amounts	(I	J <b>nfavorable)</b>
REVENUES	_				_		_				_		_		
TIF property tax increment	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	<del>.</del>	\$	<del>-</del>	\$	. \$	
Business district taxes		475,600		475,600		504,443		28,843		1,449,000		1,449,000	1,477,989		28,989
Motor fuel taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-	•		-
Other intergovernmental revenues		-		-		-		-		-		-	•		-
Other taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-			-
Investment income		1,100		1,100		1,528		428		-		-			-
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues										_		-		<u> </u>	-
Total revenues		476,700		476,700		505,971		29,271		1,449,000		1,449,000	1,477,989	<u> </u>	28,989
EXPENDITURES															
Current:															
General government		_		_		-		_		-		-			_
Public safety		_		_		-		_		-		-			_
Public works		_		_		-		_		-		-			_
Culture and recreation		_		_		-		_		-		-			-
Economic development		30,950		30,950		36,200		(5,250)		1,449,000		1,449,000	1,477,989		(28,989)
Capital outlay		· -		· -		_		-		-		· · · · -			-
Debt service:															
Principal		285,000		285,000		285,000		_		-		-			_
Interest and fiscal charges		51,305		51,305		50,809		496		_		_			_
Total expenditures		367,255		367,255		372,009		(4,754)		1,449,000		1,449,000	1,477,989		(28,989)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES															
OVER EXPENDITURES		109,445		109,445		133,962		24,517		-		_			-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)															
Transfers in		-		-		-		-		-		-			-
Transfers out										-		-			-
Total other financing sources (uses)						-			_	-		-		<u> </u>	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	109,445	\$	109,445		133,962	\$	24,517	\$		\$	-		\$	-
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR						726,734								<u>.                                    </u>	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR					\$	860,696							\$		

			Remington R	oad TIF District	
	Orig	Budgeted A		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES				Ф	Φ.
TIF property tax increment	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Business district taxes  Motor fuel taxes		-	-	-	-
		-	-	-	-
Other intergovernmental revenues Other taxes		-	-	-	-
Investment income		-	-	-	-
Contributions and miscellaneous revenues		-	-	-	-
					·
Total revenues					·
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government		_	_	_	-
Public safety		_	_	-	-
Public works		_	_	_	-
Culture and recreation		_	_	-	-
Economic development		_	_	_	-
Capital outlay		_	-	-	-
Debt service:					
Principal		_	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges		-	-	_	-
Total expenditures		-	-	-	-
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES					
OTHER EINANGING COURCES (LICES)					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in					
Transfers out		-	-	-	-
			<u>-</u>	<del></del>	· —— <u> </u>
Total other financing sources (uses)		<del>-</del>			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	<u> </u>	\$ -	-	\$ -
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR					
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR				\$ -	

City of Mattoon, Illinois Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Position April 30, 2025 Schedule 4

	Health Insurance			rance and Judgment	Total
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash	\$	-	\$	95,675	\$ 95,675
Restricted cash		6,815		-	6,815
Accounts receivable		-		41,557	41,557
Prepaid items		442,461		340,004	 782,465
Total current assets		449,276		477,236	926,512
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and					
accrued expenses		296		1,361	1,657
Due to other funds		199,049		31,558	230,607
Due to component units		2,388		423	2,811
Other payables		247,543			 247,543
Total current liabilities		449,276		33,342	482,618
NET POSITION					
Unrestricted	\$		\$	443,894	\$ 443,894

City of Mattoon, Illinois
Internal Service Funds
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
For the Year Ended April 30, 2025
Schedule 5

ODED ATING DEVENIUES	Heal	th Insurance		urance and t Judgment	Total	
OPERATING REVENUES Fund charges and employee contributions	\$	4,867,198	\$	979,785	\$	5,846,983
Miscellaneous operating revenue	·	-	·	174,405	·	174,405
Total operating revenue		4,867,198		1,154,190		6,021,388
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Administrative and general		87,241		5,538		92,779
Insurance		30,113		1,148,652		1,178,765
Health and welfare		4,749,963		-		4,749,963
Health claims and uninsured judgments		45		_		45
Total operating expenses		4,867,362		1,154,190		6,021,552
Operating loss		(164)				(164)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES						
Investment income		164				164
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		-		-		-
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR				443,894		443,894
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$		\$	443,894	\$	443,894

City of Mattoon, Illinois Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended April 30, 2025 Schedule 6

	Heal	th Insurance		surance and rt Judgment		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITES	Φ.	2 2 5 0 4 0 2	Φ.	025.204	Φ	4.000.506
Receipts from interfund services provided	\$	3,358,492	\$	925,304	\$	4,283,796
Receipts from component units		40,769		12,409		53,178
Receipts from employees and retirees		1,449,429		-		1,449,429
Payments to suppliers		(107,549)		(1,278,935)		(1,386,484)
Payments to claimants		(4,750,008)		-		(4,750,008)
Other receipts		6,467		138,380		144,847
Net cash used in operating activities		(2,400)		(202,842)		(205,242)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITES						
Investment income		164				164
Net cash provided by investing activities		164				164
NET DECREASE IN CASH						
AND RESTRICTED CASH		(2,236)		(202,842)		(205,078)
CASH AND RESTRICTED CASH						
- BEGINNING OF YEAR		9,051		298,517		307,568
CASH AND RESTRICTED CASH						
- END OF YEAR	\$	6,815		95,675		102,490
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash						
used in operating activities:						
Operating loss	\$	(164)	\$	-	\$	(164)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:						
(Increase) decrease in receivables		6,467		(36,025)		(29,558)
Increase in prepaid items		(63,710)		(125,524)		(189,234)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(,,)		( -,)		( )
and accrued expenses		(18,677)		779		(17,898)
Decrease in due to other funds		(18,271)		(41,521)		(59,792)
Decrease in due to component units		(237)		(551)		(788)
Increase in other payables		92,192		-		92,192
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(2,400)	\$	(202,842)	\$	(205,242)

## City of Mattoon, Illinois

## **Governmental Component Unit (Mattoon Public Library)**

Balance Sheet April 30, 2025

	1
	Schedule 7
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 166,862
Investments, at fair value	406,684
Receivables	1,982
Due from primary government	2,811
Prepaid items	142
Total assets	 578,481
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	93,571
Due to primary government	5,075
Total liabilities	 98,646
FUND BALANCE	
Restricted	10,414
Unassigned	469,421
Total fund balance	479,835
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 578,481

## City of Mattoon, Illinois Governmental Component Unit (Mattoon Public Library) Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended April 30, 2025 Schedule 8

DEVENIUE	
REVENUES	
Payments from primary government	\$ 575,314
Charges for services	9,890
Fines and forfeitures	769
Interest income	6,523
Investment income	5,952
Operating contributions	113,373
Total revenues	711,821
EXPENDITURES	
Current:	
Culture and recreation	697,633
Debt service:	
Principal	10,238
Interest	1,478
Total expenditures	 709,349
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	2,472
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 477,363
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 479,835

City of Mattoon, Illinois Fiduciary Component Units Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position April 30, 2025 Schedule 9

		Pension Tr					
		Police Pension		irefighters' Pension	Total		
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	29,658	\$	926,825	\$	956,483	
Investments, at fair value:							
Insurance contracts		17,898,510		9,190,523		27,089,033	
Annuities		-		611,823		611,823	
Mutual funds		627,947	583,942			1,211,889	
Pooled investments		8,594,457		14,754,303		23,348,760	
Dividends and interest receivable		2,187		2,033		4,220	
Prepaid items		2,578		4,312		6,890	
Due from primary government		66,536		66,536		133,072	
Total assets		27,221,873		26,140,297		53,362,170	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		1,555		298,480		300,035	
NET POSITION							
Restricted for pensions	\$	27,220,318	\$	25,841,817	\$	53,062,135	

City of Mattoon, Illinois
Fiduciary Component Units
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
For the Year Ended April 30, 2025
Schedule 10

	<b>Pension Trust Funds</b>					
	Police Firefighters'		irefighters'			
		Pension		Pension		Total
ADDITIONS						
Contributions:						
Employer	\$	2,717,906	\$	3,388,099	\$	6,106,005
Plan members		325,543		218,203		543,746
Total contributions		3,043,449		3,606,302		6,649,751
Investment income:						
Interest and dividend income		74,280		311,026		385,306
Net increase in fair value of investments		1,421,440		3,636,973		5,058,413
Net investment gain		1,495,720		3,947,999		5,443,719
Total additions		4,539,169		7,554,301		12,093,470
DEDUCTIONS						
Benefits and refunds of contributions		3,027,786		3,479,488		6,507,274
Administrative expenses		67,225		39,644		106,869
Total deductions		3,095,011		3,519,132		6,614,143
CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		1,444,158		4,035,169		5,479,327
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR		25,776,160		21,806,648		47,582,808
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	27,220,318	\$	25,841,817	\$	53,062,135

OTHER INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

## City of Mattoon, Illinois Legal Debt Margin April 30, 2025

Assessed valuation, 2024 levy		\$	259,324,033
Statutory debt limitation (8.625% assessed valuation)		\$	22,366,698
Total debt:			
General obligation bonds Notes payable	\$ (3,015,000) (7,843,517)	-	
Total debt			(10,858,517)
Less debt exempt from statutory debt limitation			
General obligation bonds Notes payable - IEPA loans	3,015,000 7,591,769	-	
Total debt exempt from statutory debt limitation			10,606,769
Legal debt margin		\$	22,114,950

			For	Tax Levy Year			
		2024		2023		2022	
Assessed valuation	\$	259,324,033	\$	235,338,173	\$	228,931,813	
Rate per \$100, excluding road and bridge rate		2.19094		2.25458		2.21100	
Taxes extended, excluding road and bridge taxes		5,681,634		5,305,887		5,061,682	
Add: City's share of road and bridge taxes extended		189,193		193,340		194,762	
Total taxes extended		5,870,827		5,499,227		5,256,444	
Taxes available to City after abatements							
and losses in collection (2024 estimated)	\$	5,787,500	\$	5,463,000	\$	5,217,000	
Percentage of extension available to City							
(2024 estimated)	98.58%			99.34%		99.25%	
			For	Tax Levy Year			
		2024		2023		2022	
Distribution of taxes available (2024 estimated):							
General Fund:							
General government	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Fire protection		-		-		-	
Police protection		-		-		-	
Street, including road & bridge		186,500		192,000		183,900	
Park		-		-		-	
Mattoon Public Library		541,600		523,500		494,800	
Firefighters Pension Fund		2,763,200		2,689,800		2,607,400	
Police Pension Fund		2,104,100		2,026,400		1,901,300	
Revenue Recapture		192,100		31,300		29,600	
Total	\$	5,787,500	\$	5,463,000	\$	5,217,000	

The City Council has abated the 2022, 2023, and 2024 property tax levies applicable to all outstanding general obligation bonds since alternative revenue sources are expected to be sufficient to pay debt service obligations.